## **AIT ASSIGNMENT 7**

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# This script analyzes text for common words, sentiment, and generates a word cloud.
# Initial setup: importing libraries and downloading resources.
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from nltk import download as nltk download
from nltk import word tokenize, sent tokenize
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.sentiment.vader import SentimentIntensityAnalyzer
from collections import defaultdict
from wordcloud import WordCloud
# Ensuring that necessary data packages are available.
nltk download('punkt')
nltk download('stopwords')
nltk download('vader lexicon')
# Define the path to the text file.
# Reading the review text from the specified file.
with open("C:/Users/ASUS/Downloads/review.txt", 'r', encoding='utf-8') as text file:
 review text = text file.read()
except FileNotFoundError:
  print(f"The file {review text} was not found.")
  review text = ""
# bar plot for the most occuring words
# Sample data
# Manually inputting the data from the image
words = ['tv', 'found', 'people', 'india', 'ni', 'nepali', 'reviewed', 'quality', 'good', 'average']
counts = [350, 300, 150, 105, 105, 105, 95, 75, 50, 50]
# Create a bar plot using the data
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
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plt.bar(words, counts, color='skyblue')
plt.xlabel('Words')
plt.ylabel('Counts')
plt.title('Frequency of Top Words in Reviews')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight_layout()
# Process the text: cleaning, tokenizing, and filtering.
def clean and tokenize(text):
 tokens = word tokenize(text.lower())
 stop words set = set(stopwords.words('english'))
 return [token for token in tokens if token.isalpha() and token not in stop words set]
clean words = clean and tokenize(review text)
# Counting word frequency.
word frequency = defaultdict(int)
for word in clean words:
 word frequency[word] += 1
# Identifying and plotting the 10 most frequent words.
def plot most frequent(frequency dict, number=10):
 top words = sorted(frequency_dict.items(), key=lambda item: item[1],
reverse=True)[:number]
 plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
 plt.plot([word for word, count in top words], [count for word, count in top words], 'go-',
linewidth=2)
 plt.title('Frequency of Top Words in Reviews')
 plt.xlabel('Words')
 plt.ylabel('Counts')
 plt.grid(alpha=0.5)
 plt.xticks(rotation=45)
 plt.tight layout()
 plt.show()
plot_most_frequent(word frequency)
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# Function to find sentences with a particular word.
def sentences with keyword(text, keyword):
sentences = sent_tokenize(text)
return [sentence for sentence in sentences if keyword in sentence.lower()]
# Display sentences containing the word 'quality'.
quality sentences = sentences with keyword(review text, 'quality')
print(f"Sentences with the word 'quality':")
for sentence in quality sentences:
 print(f"- {sentence}")
# Generate a visual representation of word frequency: a word cloud.
def generate wordcloud(text):
cloud = WordCloud(background color='black', width=800, height=400).generate(text)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.imshow(cloud, interpolation='bilinear')
plt.axis('off')
plt.show()
generate wordcloud(''.join(clean words))
# Evaluate sentiment of sentences containing a specific word.
def sentiment of sentences(text, word of interest):
 analyzer = SentimentIntensityAnalyzer()
 sentences = sentences with keyword(text, word of interest)
 sentiments = {sentence: analyzer.polarity scores(sentence) for sentence in sentences}
 return sentiments
handle sentiments = sentiment of sentences(review text, 'handle')
print("Sentiment of sentences with 'handle':")
for sentence, sentiment in handle sentiments.items():
 print(f"- {sentence}: {sentiment}")
# Finally, we can provide the most frequent words and their counts for additional use.
print("Top words and their frequencies:")
print(sorted(word frequency.items(), key=lambda item: item[1], reverse=True)[:10])
```





