# **Performance**

```
>mongoimport -d school -c students < students.json
connected to: 127.0.0.1
2014-05-13T07:12:09.293+0200 check 9 200
2014-05-13T07:12:09.294+0200 imported 200 objects
> use school
switched to db school
> db.students.findOne()
    " id":0,
    "name": "aimee Zank",
    "scores" : [
            "type": "exam",
            "score" : 1.463179736705023
        },
            "type": "quiz",
            "score": 11.78273309957772
            "type": "homework",
            "score": 6.676176060654615
        },
            "type": "homework",
            "score" : 35.8740349954354
        }
   ]
db.students.find({name:"aimee Zank"}): parcours l'intégralité de la collection
```

Tester avec

db.students.find({name:"aimee Zank"}).explain("executionStats")

```
"executionStats": {
    "executionSuccess": true
    'nReturned": 2,
    'executionTimeMillis": 0,
    'totalKeysExamined": 0,
    'totalDocsExamined": 200,
```

"COLLSCAN",

#### Création d'index

> db.students.ensureIndex({name:1})

```
"createdCollectionAutomatically" : false,
    "numIndexesBefore" : 1,
    "numIndexesAfter" : 2,
    "ok" : 1
}
>db.students.find({name:"aimee Zank"}) : plus rapide
Tester avec :
```

db.students.find({name:"aimee Zank"}).explain("executionStats")

```
"executionStats" : {
    "executionSuccess" : true,
    'nReturned" : 2,
    'executionTimeMillis" : 0,
    'totalKeysExamined" : 2,
    'totalDocsExamined" : 2,
```

•••

### Lister les index d'une collection

```
"name": "name_1",
        "ns": "school.students"
    }
1
Supprimer un index
> db.students.dropIndex({name:1})
{ "nIndexesWas" : 2, "ok" : 1 }
MultyKey index
mongoimport -d school -c foo < foo.json
> db.foo.insert({a:1,b:1})
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
> db.foo.ensureIndex({a:1,b:1})
{
    "createdCollectionAutomatically": false,
    "numIndexesBefore": 1,
    "numIndexesAfter": 2,
    "ok":1
}
> db.foo.find({a:1})
{ "_id" : ObjectId("5372490be54ca6f43c383250"), "a" : 1, "b" : 1 }
> db.foo.find({a:1}).explain("executionStats")
> db.foo.insert({a:[1,2,3],b:5})
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
> db.foo.find({a:1})
{ "_id" : ObjectId("5372490be54ca6f43c383250"), "a" : 1, "b" : 1 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("53724b1de54ca6f43c383251"), "a" : [ 1, 2, 3 ], "b" : 5 }
```

db.foo.find({a:1}).explain("executionStats")

```
"isMultiKey" : true
   indexBounds
> db.foo.insert({a:[1,2,3],b:[3,4,5]})
WriteResult({
    "nInserted": 0,
    "writeError": {
        "code": 10088,
        "errmsg": "insertDocument:: caused by:: 10088 cannot index parallel arrays [b] [a]" }
})
Option sur la création d'index : unique
> db.stuff.insert({thing:"pear"})
WriteResult({ "nInserted": 1 })
> db.stuff.ensureIndex({thing:1})
    "created Collection Automatically": false,\\
    "numIndexesBefore": 1,
    "numIndexesAfter": 2,
    "ok":1
}
> db.stuff.insert({thing:"pear"})
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
> db.stuff.insert({thing:"apple"})
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
> db.stuff.getIndexes()
    {
        "v":1,
        "key" : {
            "_id" : 1
        "name" : "_id_",
        "ns": "test.stuff"
    },
        "v":1,
        "key" : {
            "thing" : 1
        "name": "thing_1",
        "ns": "test.stuff"
    }
]
```

```
> db.stuff.dropIndex({thing:1})
{ "nIndexesWas" : 2, "ok" : 1 }
> db.stuff.ensureIndex({thing:1},{unique:1})
    "createdCollectionAutomatically": false,
    "numIndexesBefore": 1,
    "ok": 0,
    "errmsg": "E11000 duplicate key error index: test.stuff.$thing 1 dup key: {: \"pear\"}",
    "code": 11000
}
> db.stuff.find()
{ "_id" : ObjectId("53724e24e54ca6f43c383254"), "thing" : "pear" }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("53724e71e54ca6f43c383255"), "thing" : "pear" }
{ " id" : ObjectId("53724e86e54ca6f43c383256"), "thing" : "apple" }
Enlever une collection contenant le mot "pear"
> db.stuff.ensureIndex({thing:1},{unique:1})
    "createdCollectionAutomatically": false,
    "numIndexesBefore": 1,
    "numIndexesAfter": 2,
    "ok":1
}
> db.stuff.getIndexes()
[
    {
        "v":1,
        "key" : {
             "_id":1
        "name" : "_id_",
        "ns": "test.stuff"
    },
        "v" : 1,
        "unique": true,
        "key" : {
             "thing" : 1
        "name": "thing_1",
        "ns": "test.stuff"
    }
]
> db.stuff.insert({thing:"apple"})
WriteResult({
    "nInserted": 0,
```

## Option sur la création d'index : sparse

```
> db.produits.insert({item:"polo shirt",size:"medium"})
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
> db.produits.insert({item:"jeans",size:"32x32"})
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
> db.produits.insert({item:"iphone"})
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
> db.produits.insert({item:"DVI-to-VGA cable"})
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
> db.produits.find()
{ "_id" : ObjectId("53733414a6d5dcf0dfba69a3"), "item" : "polo shirt", "size" : "medium" }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("5373343aa6d5dcf0dfba69a4"), "item" : "jeans", "size" : "32x32" }
{ " id" : ObjectId("53733461a6d5dcf0dfba69a5"), "item" : "iphone" }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("5373348fa6d5dcf0dfba69a6"), "item" : "DVI-to-VGA cable" }
Problème si on veut poser un index unique sur « size »
> db.produits.ensureIndex({size:1},{unique:true})
    "createdCollectionAutomatically": false,
    "numIndexesBefore": 1,
    "errmsg": "E11000 duplicate key error index: test.produits.$size 1 dup key: { : null }",
    "code": 11000
}
null car mongo considére que les deux derniers documents ont le champs « size » égal à null.
Solution: sparse
> db.produits.ensureIndex({size:1},{unique:true, sparse:true})
    "createdCollectionAutomatically": false,
    "numIndexesBefore": 1,
    "numIndexesAfter": 2,
    "ok" : 1
}
> db.produits.find({size:"medium"}).explain("executionStats")
> db.produits.find().sort({size:1}).explain("executionStats")
```

```
"inputStage" : {
    "stage" : "COLLSCAN",
    "filter" : {
```

Pb: car il existe des documents qui n'ont pas le champ « size »

#### La commande : explain

>mongoimport -d test -c foo < foo.json

```
connected to: 127.0.0.1
2014-05-14T10:31:28.506+0200 check 9 10000
2014-05-14T10:31:28.507+0200 imported 10000 objects
> db.foo.find()
{ " id": ObjectId("5373294e620bff2007825235"), "a": 0, "b": 0, "c": 0 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("5373294e620bff2007825236"), "a" : 1, "b" : 1, "c" : 1 }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("5373294e620bff2007825237"), "a" : 2, "b" : 2, "c" : 2 }
> db.foo.ensureIndex({a:1,b:1,c:1})
    "createdCollectionAutomatically": false,
    "numIndexesBefore": 1,
    "numIndexesAfter": 2,
    "ok" : 1
}
Effectuons une requête qui n'utilise pas d'index
> db.foo.find({c:1})
{ "_id" : ObjectId("5373294e620bff2007825236"), "a" : 1, "b" : 1, "c" : 1 }
> db.foo.find({c:1}).explain("executionStats")
  "éxecutionStats" : {
             "executionSuccess"
"nReturned" · 1
               executionTimeMillis"
               totalDocsExamined
               execut
                         "stage"
                                                "$eq"
                           nReturned" :
                          executionTimeMillisEstimate": 0, works": 10002,
```

"advanced"

Effectuons une requête qui utilise l'index

> db.foo.find({a:1}).explain("executionStats")

```
"nReturned" : 1,

"executionTimeMillis" : 0,

"totalKeysExamined" : 1,

"totalDocsExamined" : 1,

arreadyHasobj : 0,

"inputStage" : {

"stage" : "IXSCAN",

"nReturned" : 1,

"executionTimeMillisEstimate" : 0,

"works" : 2
```

```
> db.foo.find({a:500},{a:1,b:1,_id:0})
{ "a" : 500, "b" : 500 }
```

> db.foo.find({a:500},{a:1,b:1,\_id:0}).explain("executionStats")

```
"executionSuccess": true,
"nReturned": 1,
"executionTimeMillis": 0,
"totalKeysExamined": 1,
"totalDocsExamined": 0,
"executionStages": {
```

Maintenant montrons que mongoDB peut utiliser l'index pour la partie tri et pas sur la partie de recherche

> db.foo.find({\$and:[{c:{\$gt:250}},{c:{\$lte:500}}]}).sort({a:1}).explain("executionStats")

```
"restoreState" : 78,
"isEOF" : 1,
"invalidates" : 0,
"docsExamined" : 10000,
"alreadyHasObj" : 0,
"inputStage" : {
    "stage" : "IXSCAN",
    "nReturned" : 10000,
    "executionTimeMillisEstimate" : 30,
    "works" : 10000,
    "advanced" : 10000,
    "needTime" : 0,
    "needFetch" : 0,
```