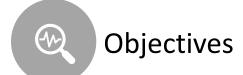
Data analysis Retail Project: Sales Performance Analysis using Excel, SQL and Power BI.

Presented by: Christelle Kalonga

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ABOUT ME

- From Congo, DRC
- BSc in Business Computing wit IT
- Driven and self motivated
- Time management is one of my greatest skills
- I love technology
- I am passionate about data analytics to help companies make prediction and drive informed decision







OBJECTIVES

This retail project aims to answer the following questions:

1. Which products to market to customers?

2. Is the company revenue growing?

3. Customers preferred means of purchase

4. Average revenue by product unit

5. Customers transactions over the years

EXCEL FINDINGS









EXCEL FINDINGS

Using SUMIF function to find the total amount of sales by product category and add Max function to find the top selling product

EXCEL ANALYSIS USING SUMIF

$\times \sqrt{f_x}$ = SUMIF(C:C, C4, A:A)	
D	Е
Using SUMIF function to find the total sales of product category and the MIN function to find the product with least sales	
Product Category	Total sales
Books	12822694.04
Electronics	10722463.64
Clothing	6251137.49
Home and Kitchen	8438993.29
Footwear	6219774.275
EXCEL ANALYSIS USING MAX	
Finding the product category with maximum sales using MAX function	
MAX amount of sales	12822694.04
Product Category	Books







EXCEL FINDINGS

Using VLOOKUP function to find the total amount of sales by product category and add Min function to find the least selling product

EXCEL ANALYSIS USING VLOOKUP AND MIN

	× × .	f_x =VLO	OKUP(VLOOKUP!A11, data,9,FA	LSE) $\times \sqrt{f_x}$ =MIN(A2•E					
Α	В	С	D	Е					
Total amount of sales by prod category using VLOOKUP									
transaction_id	cust_id	Store_type	prod_category	total_amt using vlookup					
22643667930	271489	TeleShop	Home and kitchen	-8110.7					
29258453508	270384	e-Shop	Electronics	-8160.425					
29258453508	270384	e-Shop	Electronics	-8132.8					
45649838090	273667	e-Shop	Home and kitchen	-8154.9					
50076728598	269014	e-Shop	Electronics	-8143.85					
51750724947	273420	TeleShop	Books	-8160.425					
51750724947	273420	TeleShop	Books	-8110.7					
79792372943	275108	MBR	Clothing	-8270.925					
80712190438	270351	e-Shop	Clothing	-8121.75					
93274880719	271509	e-Shop	Home and kitchen	-8132.8					
97439039119	272357	TeleShop	Electronics	-8154.9					
			Min sales by product category	-8270.925					
			Product Category	Clothing					
	transaction_id 22643667930 29258453508 29258453508 45649838090 50076728598 51750724947 51750724947 79792372943 80712190438 93274880719	Total a transaction_id cust_id 22643667930 271489 29258453508 270384 29258453508 270384 45649838090 273667 50076728598 269014 51750724947 273420 51750724947 273420 79792372943 275108 80712190438 270351 93274880719 271509	Total amount of stransaction_id cust_id Store_type 22643667930 271489 TeleShop 29258453508 270384 e-Shop 29258453508 270384 e-Shop 45649838090 273667 e-Shop 50076728598 269014 e-Shop 51750724947 273420 TeleShop 51750724947 273420 TeleShop 79792372943 275108 MBR 80712190438 270351 e-Shop 93274880719 271509 e-Shop	Total amount of sales by prod category using VL transaction_id					

SQL FINDINGS







Bags



4124445.649999994

SQL FINDINGS

Products in high demand across Male and Female

```
-- I want to find the product category in high demand accross Gender based on the total amount of product sales
 14
       SELECT c.Gender, t.prod_category, SUM(total_amt) 'SUM of total amount'
       FROM project retail.retail customers c
 16
       INNER JOIN project_retail.retail_transactions t
 17
       ON c.customer_ID = t.cust_id
 18
       GROUP BY 2
 19
 20
       ORDER BY 3 desc;
 21
                               Export: Wrap Cell Content: IA
SUM of total
  Gender prod_category
                          amount
  M
         Books
                          12821754.790000048
         Electronics
                          10711921.934999987
         Home and kitchen
                          8435869.455000011
         Clothing
                          6251137.490000002
         Footwear
                          6219774.275000004
```







SQL FINDINGS

The most returned or sold product to determine profit loss or gain

```
-- I want to find which product category has been sold or returned by looking at the quantity and the total amount of sales
      SELECT prod_category, prod_subcategory, qty, tran_date, SUM(total_amt) 'Total amount',

    CASE

68
      WHEN qty IN (1,2,3) THEN 'Product sold'
69
      WHEN qty IN (4,5) THEN 'Product sold'
70
      ELSE 'Product returned'
71
     END AS 'Returned/Sold'
72
      FROM project retail.retail transactions
73
      GROUP BY 3;
74
75
```

Result Grid							
	prod_category	prod_subcategory	qty	tran_date	Total amount	Returned/Sold	
•	Clothing	Women	-5	28-02-2014	-2034956.9500000007	Product returned	
	Books	DIY	-2	24-02-2014	-761968.2200000008	Product returned	
	Home and kitchen	Children	-3	24-02-2014	-1071984.810000001	Product returned	
	Home and kitchen	Children	-1	22-02-2014	-363407.9800000001	Product returned	
	Electronics	Personal Appliances	-4	21-02-2014	-1641795.7399999993	Product returned	
	Electronics	Computers	5	20-02-2014	18530617.949999977	Product sold	

POWER BI FINDINGS



Retail Sales Analysis Dashboard

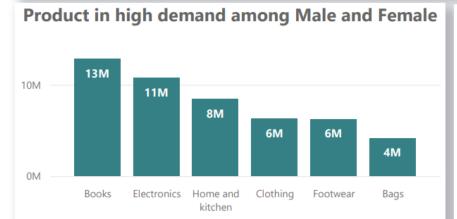
Male 51% 2892

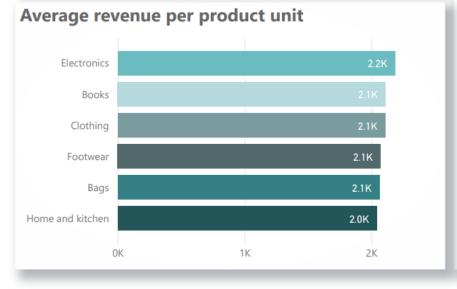
49% 2753 **Total Sales**

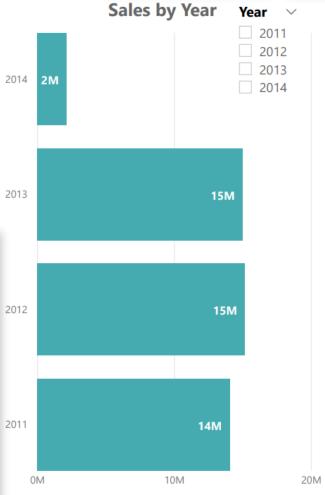
48.58M

Average Age

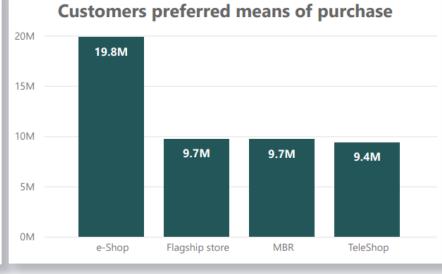
41

















Recommendations/Insights

According to the data analysis that we have done, we can conclude that :

- Revenues clearly started to grow from 2011 to 2013 but then started to decline from 2013, dropping 84.82% in 2014 resulting in a loss of profit of 12,495,973.17. Customer orders fell significantly in 2014, from 7,456 in 2013 to 1,065.
- This massive drop in 2014 can be explained by two major factors, including the drop in customer orders and the increase in product returns. Clothing is the most returned product and therefore the least sold, generating a loss of 2,034,956.95.
- The company must understand why people return their products especially clothing, to identify the area for improvement and avoid future losses.
- The company must develop new consistent marketing strategies to retain existing customers, focus on why customers buy and how to attract new customers. Furthermore, discounts, seasonal offers and promotions should be added to win more customers.







Recommendations/Insights

- Looking at the top-selling product by gender, the data shows that books are in high demand and are the product to market to customers, followed by electronics and home and kitchen which are indeed the products with the highest and lowest average revenue. The company is expected to invest in more clothing, shoes and bags to increase sales and revenue.
- Data shows that the company attracts more men than women, indicating that it needs to invest more in introducing diverse products line and designs that will target female customers.
- The online shop was the preferred shopping channel for customers, indicating that the business needs to invest more in its online platform to provide customers with the best shopping experience and increase sales.







Challenges

date data type (tran_date) was giving a NULL value

```
-- we need to find the top 5 dates with the highest profit
132
       SELECT tran_date, Year(tran_date), sum(total_amt)
133 •
       FROM project_retail.retail_transactions
134
135
       GROUP BY 1
       ORDER BY 3 desc
136
137
       limit 5;
                                Export: Wrap Cell Content: 🔀 Fetch rows:
tran_date
             Year(tran_date)
                            sum(total_amt)
  23-07-2012
                            87033.11499999999
  10/4/2013
                            82848.47999999998
  12/4/2012
                            82755.66
  25-09-2011
                            82722.50999999997
  17-11-2012 NULL
                            81921.38500000001
```







Conclusion

- In conclusion, this project has answered all the objectives questions.
- Using data analysis tools including Power BI, SQL and Excel allowed me to analyse the data and make sense of a meaningless retail data set.



THANK YOU!