```
In [67]: ▶ import numpy as np
             import pandas as pd
             import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
             %matplotlib inline
             from sklearn.model selection import KFold
             from sklearn.model selection import cross val score
             from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
             from sklearn.datasets import make blobs
             from sklearn import metrics
             from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
             import seaborn as sns; sns.set()
             from scipy import stats
             from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap
             from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler, StandardScaler
             from sklearn.datasets import load breast cancer
             from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
             from sklearn.svm import SVC, SVR
```

Problem 1

```
In [68]:
          canc feats = pd.DataFrame(load breast cancer().data)
             canc labels = np.reshape(load breast cancer().target, (np.size(load breast cancer())
             canc_scaled = StandardScaler().fit_transform(canc_feats)
             canc data = np.concatenate([canc scaled, canc labels], axis=1)
In [69]:
          ▶ linear_model = SVC(kernel = "linear", C = 1000)
             poly_model = SVC(kernel = "poly", C = 1000)
             rbf model = SVC(kernel = "rbf", C = 1000)
             sigmoid_model = SVC(kernel = "sigmoid", C = 1000)
             canc train, canc test = train test split(canc data, train size = 0.8, test si
             canc_train_results = canc_train[:,-1]
             canc_train = np.delete(canc_train, canc_train.shape[1] - 1, -1)
             canc test results = canc test[:,-1]
             canc_test = np.delete(canc_test, canc_test.shape[1] - 1, -1)
          ▶ | pca_data = []
In [70]:
             pca val = []
             for n in range(0, canc_train.shape[1]+1):
                 pca = PCA(n_components=n)
                 pca data.append(pca.fit transform(canc train))
                 pca val.append(pca.fit transform(canc test))
```

```
In [71]:
          M max test acc linear = 0
             n max test linear = 0
             linear acc = []
             max test acc poly = 0
             n_max_test_poly = 0
             poly acc = []
             max test acc rbf = 0
             n_max_test_rbf = 0
             rbf acc = []
             max_test_acc_sigmoid = 0
             n max test sigmoid = 0
             sigmoid acc = []
             for n in range(1, canc train.shape[1]+1):
                 linear_model.fit(pca_data[n], canc_train_results)
                 linear acc.append(linear model.score(pca val[n], canc test results))
                 poly_model.fit(pca_data[n], canc_train_results)
                 poly acc.append(poly model.score(pca val[n], canc test results))
                 rbf_model.fit(pca_data[n], canc_train_results)
                 rbf acc.append(rbf model.score(pca val[n], canc test results))
                 sigmoid_model.fit(pca_data[n], canc_train_results)
                 sigmoid acc.append(sigmoid model.score(pca val[n], canc test results))
                 if linear_model.score(pca_val[n], canc_test_results) > max_test_acc_linea
                     max test acc linear = linear model.score(pca val[n], canc test result
                     n_max_test_linear = n
                 if poly model.score(pca val[n], canc test results) > max test acc poly:
                     max test acc poly = poly model.score(pca val[n], canc test results)
                     n_{max_{test_poly}} = n
                 if rbf_model.score(pca_val[n], canc_test_results) > max_test_acc_rbf:
                     max_test_acc_rbf = rbf_model.score(pca_val[n], canc_test_results)
                     n_{max_{test_rbf}} = n
                 if sigmoid model.score(pca val[n], canc test results) > max test acc sigm
                     max test acc sigmoid = sigmoid model.score(pca val[n], canc test resu
                     n max test sigmoid = n
                 print(f"""
             Linear Model:
             N = \{n\}
             Training Accuracy: {linear model.score(pca data[n], canc train results)}
             Test Accuracy: {linear model.score(pca val[n], canc test results)}
                 print(f"""
             Poly Model:
             N = \{n\}
```

```
Training Accuracy: {poly_model.score(pca_data[n], canc_train_results)}
Test Accuracy: {poly_model.score(pca_val[n], canc_test_results)}
    print(f"""
RBF Model:
N = \{n\}
Training Accuracy: {rbf model.score(pca data[n], canc train results)}
Test Accuracy: {rbf_model.score(pca_val[n], canc_test_results)}
""")
    print(f"""
Sigmoid Model:
N = \{n\}
Training Accuracy: {sigmoid model.score(pca data[n], canc train results)}
Test Accuracy: {sigmoid_model.score(pca_val[n], canc_test_results)}
""")
print(f"""
Max Test Accuracy for Linear Model: {max_test_acc_linear}
N: {n max test linear}
Max Test Accuracy for Linear Model: {max_test_acc_poly}
N: {n max test poly}
Max Test Accuracy for Linear Model: {max_test_acc_rbf}
N: {n_max_test_rbf}
Max Test Accuracy for Linear Model: {max test acc sigmoid}
N: {n_max_test_sigmoid}
""")
```

Test Accuracy: 0.83333333333333333

```
Linear Model:
```

N = 2

Training Accuracy: 0.9582417582417583 Test Accuracy: 0.9122807017543859

Poly Model:

N = 2

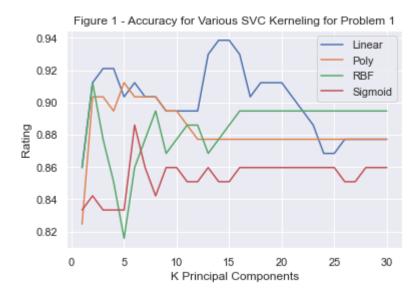
Training Accuracy: 0.9362637362637363 Test Accuracy: 0.9035087719298246

RBF Model:

N = 2

Training Accuracy: 0.9582417582417583 Test Accuracy: 0.9122807017543859

Out[72]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Figure 1 - Accuracy for Various SVC Kerneling for Problem
1')



Problem 2

```
▶ | feat list = ['area', 'bedrooms', 'bathrooms', 'stories', 'mainroad', 'guestro
In [73]:
             house = pd.DataFrame(pd.read csv(r'C:\Users\ccm51\Documents\ECGR 4105\Housing
             house.replace("yes", 1, inplace=True)
             house.replace("no", 0, inplace=True)
             house scaled = StandardScaler().fit transform(house)
             house scaled.shape
   Out[73]: (545, 12)
In [74]:
          ▶ house results = house scaled[:,-1]
             house results
             house scaled = np.delete(house scaled, house scaled.shape[1]-1, -1)
             print(house results.shape, house scaled.shape)
             (545,) (545, 11)
In [75]:
          ▶ | house_train, house_test = train_test_split(house_scaled, train_size = 0.8, te
             house train results = house train[:,-1]
             house_train = np.delete(house_train, house_train.shape[1] - 1, -1)
             house_test_results = house_test[:,-1]
             house test = np.delete(house test, house test.shape[1] - 1, -1)
In [76]:
             model_rbf = SVR(kernel = "rbf", gamma = 1, C = 100)
             model_lin = SVR(kernel = "linear", C = 100)
             model poly = SVR(kernel = "poly", C = 100, degree = 2)
             results_rbf = model_rbf.fit(house_train, house_train_results).predict(house_t
             results lin = model lin.fit(house train, house train results).predict(house t
             results poly = model poly.fit(house train, house train results).predict(house
In [80]:
          pca data = []
             pca_val = []
             for n in range(1, house train.shape[1]+1):
                 pca = PCA(n components=n)
                 pca_data.append(pca.fit_transform(house_train))
                 pca val.append(pca.fit transform(house test))
```

```
In [78]:
          M max test acc linear = 0
             n_max_test_linear = 0
             linear_acc = []
             max test acc poly = 0
             n_max_test_poly = 0
             poly acc = []
             max test acc rbf = 0
             n_max_test_rbf = 0
             rbf acc = []
             for n in range(0, house_train.shape[1]):
                 model lin.fit(pca data[n], house train results)
                 linear_acc.append(model_lin.score(pca_val[n], house_test_results))
                 model_poly.fit(pca_data[n], house_train_results)
                 poly_acc.append(model_poly.score(pca_val[n], house_test_results))
                 model rbf.fit(pca data[n], house train results)
                 rbf_acc.append(model_rbf.score(pca_val[n], house_test_results))
                 if model_lin.score(pca_val[n], house_test_results) > max_test_acc_linear:
                     max_test_acc_linear = model_lin.score(pca_val[n], house_test_results)
                     n max test linear = n
                 if model_poly.score(pca_val[n], house_test_results) > max_test_acc_poly:
                     max test acc poly = model poly.score(pca val[n], house test results)
                     n max test poly = n
                 if model_rbf.score(pca_val[n], house_test_results) > max_test_acc_rbf:
                     max test acc rbf = model rbf.score(pca val[n], house test results)
                     n \max test rbf = n
                 print(f"""
             Linear Model:
             N = \{n+1\}
             Training Accuracy: {model lin.score(pca data[n], house train results)}
             Test Accuracy: {model lin.score(pca val[n], house test results)}
             """)
                 print(f"""
             Poly Model:
             N = \{n+1\}
             Training Accuracy: {model poly.score(pca data[n], house train results)}
             Test Accuracy: {model_poly.score(pca_val[n], house_test_results)}
             """)
                 print(f"""
             RBF Model:
             N = \{n+1\}
             Training Accuracy: {model rbf.score(pca data[n], house train results)}
             Test Accuracy: {model rbf.score(pca val[n], house test results)}
             11 aining necalacy. 0.1002 12/2122000
             Test Accuracy: -0.24414973846607269
```

```
RBF Model:
N = 6
Training Accuracy: 0.7901233275645467
Test Accuracy: -0.08904963198070681

Linear Model:
N = 7
Training Accuracy: -0.19768799121326763
Test Accuracy: -0.24086842321479862

Poly Model:
N = 7
Training Accuracy: -0.19034776101664796
Test Accuracy: -0.24553891145104356

In [84]: ▶ xx = range(1, house_train.shape[1]+1)
```

```
In [84]: N xx = range(1, house_train.shape[1]+1)
    plot1 = plt.figure(2)
    plt.plot(xx, linear_acc)
    plt.plot(xx, poly_acc)
    plt.plot(xx, rbf_acc)
    plt.legend(['Linear', 'Poly', 'RBF'], loc='lower right')
    plt.xlabel('K Principal Components')
    plt.ylabel('Rating')
    plt.title("Figure 2 - Accuracy for Various SVR Kerneling for Problem 2")
```

Out[84]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Figure 2 - Accuracy for Various SVR Kerneling for Problem 2')

