```
1 /**
 2
      @file custom lab 3.ino
 3
      @author Christian Prather
 4
      @brief A basic feedback controlled system for an Arduino based robot
 5
      @version 0.1
 6
      @date 2020-10-21
 7
 8
  */
 9
10 /*! \mainpage Lab 3 Code Documentation
11
   */
12
13
14
15 /// Libraries for interrupts and PID
16 #include <PinChangeInt.h>
17 #include <PID v1.h>
18
19 /// Global Defines
20
21 /// Motor driver connections
22 #define IN1 9
23 #define IN2 10
24 #define IN3 5
25 #define IN4 6
26
27 /// Motor control
28 #define A 0
29 #define B 1
30 #define pwmA 3
31 #define dirA 12
32 #define pwmB 11
33 #define dirB 13
34
35 /// Start stop button
36 #define pushButton 2
37
38 /// Drive constants - dependent on robot configuration
39 #define EncoderCountsPerRev 12.0
40 #define DistancePerRev 51.0
41 #define DegreesPerRev 27.0
42
43 #define EncoderMotorLeft 7
44 #define EncoderMotorRight 8
45
46 /// Lab specific variables
47 double leftEncoderCount = 0;
48 double rightEncoderCount = 0;
49
50 /// Enum defines
51 #define FORWARD 0
52 #define LEFT 1
53 #define RIGHT -1
54
55 /// Default motor pwm values
56 int motorLeft PWM = 180;
57 int motorRight PWM = 200;
58
59 /// Time it takes to move 90 degrees
60 int milliSecondsPer90Deg = 900;
```

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```
98 {
99
        rightEncoderCount++;
100
        //Serial.println("Right Encoder ++");
101 }
102
103 /**
       @brief Calculate how many encoder counts we expect given the distance
104
    provided
105
       based on the bot intrinsics
106
107
       @param distance
108 */
109 void calculateDesiredCount(int distance)
110 {
        double revolutionsRequired = distance / DistancePerRev;
111
112
113
        desiredCount = revolutionsRequired * EncoderCountsPerRev;
114
        // Reset encoder counts
115
        leftEncoderCount = 0;
116
        rightEncoderCount = 0;
```

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117
         Serial.print("Desired Count: ");
118
         Serial.println(desiredCount);
119 }
120
121 /**
 122
     * @brief Calculate how many encoder counts we expect given the degrees
    provided
123
124
     * @param degrees
 125
     */
126 void calculateDesiredCountTurn(int degrees)
 127 {
128
         double revolutionsRequired = degrees / DegreesPerRev;
129
         desiredCount = revolutionsRequired * EncoderCountsPerRev;
130
         leftEncoderCount = 0;
131
         rightEncoderCount = 0;
132
         Serial.print("Desired Count: ");
133
         Serial.println(desiredCount);
134 }
135
136 /**
137
        @brief Turn bot to given degrees
138
139
        @param degrees
 140 */
141 void turnRight(int degrees)
142 | {
143
         resetPWM(); // Reset pwm
144
         calculateDesiredCountTurn(degrees);
         // While the encoders are not correct adjust PWM with PID loop
145
146
         // Loop unitl the encoders read correct
147
148
        while ((desiredCount - rightEncoderCount) > 3)
149
150
             adjustPWM();
151
             //To drive forward, motors go in the same direction
152
153
             if ((desiredCount - leftEncoderCount) > 3)
154
             {
155
                 run motor(A, -motorLeft PWM); //change PWM to your calibrations
156
             }
157
             if ((desiredCount - rightEncoderCount) > 3)
 158
159
                 run motor(B, motorRight PWM); //change PWM to your calibrations
160
             }
         }
161
162
163
         // motors stop
164
         run motor(A, 0);
         run_motor(B, 0);
165
166
         Serial.println("Done driving Right");
167
         Serial.print("L: ");
168
         Serial.println(leftEncoderCount);
169
         Serial.print("R: ");
170
         Serial.println(rightEncoderCount);
171 }
172
173 /**
174
        @brief Turn bot right to given degrees
175
```

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176
       @param degrees
177 */
 178 void turnLeft(int degrees)
179 {
 180
         resetPWM();
181
         calculateDesiredCountTurn(degrees);
 182
183
         // Loop unitl the encoders read correct
184
         while ((desiredCount - leftEncoderCount) > 3)
 185
186
         {
 187
             adjustPWM();
188
             //To drive forward, motors go in the same direction
189
             if ((desiredCount - leftEncoderCount) > 3)
190
191
             {
                 run motor(A, motorLeft PWM); //change PWM to your calibrations
 192
193
             }
194
             if ((desiredCount - rightEncoderCount) > 3)
 195
196
                 run_motor(B, -motorRight_PWM); //change PWM to your calibrations
197
             }
198
         }
199
200
         // motors stop
201
         run motor(A, \Theta);
202
         run motor(B, 0);
203
         Serial.println("Done driving Left");
         Serial.print("L: ");
204
205
         Serial.println(leftEncoderCount);
206
         Serial.print("R: ");
207
         Serial.println(rightEncoderCount);
 208 }
209
210 /**
        @brief Function to drive bot forward until encoders are within range
211
212
213
        @param distance
214 */
215 void driveForward(int distance)
216 {
217
         Serial.println("Driving Forward...");
218
         resetPWM():
         calculateDesiredCount(distance);
219
220
221
         // Loop unitl the encoders read correct
222
223
         while ((desiredCount - leftEncoderCount) > 3 || (desiredCount -
     rightEncoderCount) > 3)
224
         {
225
             adjustPWM();
226
             //To drive forward, motors go in the same direction
227
             if ((desiredCount - leftEncoderCount) > 3)
228
229
             {
230
                 run motor(A, -motorLeft PWM); //change PWM to your calibrations
231
232
             if ((desiredCount - rightEncoderCount) > 3)
233
234
                 run motor(B, -motorRight PWM); //change PWM to your calibrations
```

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235
             }
         }
236
237
238
         // motors stop
239
         run motor(A, 0);
240
         run motor(B, 0);
241
         Serial.println("Done driving forward");
242
         Serial.print("L: ");
243
         Serial.println(leftEncoderCount);
         Serial.print("R: ");
244
245
         Serial.println(rightEncoderCount);
246 }
247
248 /**
249
        @brief Drive the bot backwards
250
 251
        @param distance
252 */
253 void driveBackward(int distance)
254 {
255
         resetPWM();
256
         calculateDesiredCount(distance);
257
         // Loop unitl the encoders read correct
258
259
260
         while ((desiredCount - leftEncoderCount) > 3 || (desiredCount -
     rightEncoderCount) > 3)
261
         {
262
             adjustPWM();
             //To drive backward, motors go in the same direction
263
264
265
             if ((desiredCount - leftEncoderCount) > 3)
266
267
                 run motor(A, motorLeft PWM); //change PWM to your calibrations
268
             if ((desiredCount - rightEncoderCount) > 3)
269
270
             {
271
                 run motor(B, motorRight PWM); //change PWM to your calibrations
272
             }
         }
 273
274
275
         // motors stop
 276
         run motor(A, 0);
277
         run motor(B, 0);
278
         Serial.println("Done driving backwards");
         Serial.print("L: ");
279
280
         Serial.println(leftEncoderCount);
281
         Serial.print("R: ");
282
         Serial.println(rightEncoderCount);
283 }
284
285 /**
        @brief Function for configuration of pin states and interrupts
286
287 */
288 void configure()
289 {
290
         // set up the motor drive ports
291
         pinMode(pwmA, OUTPUT);
292
         pinMode(dirA, OUTPUT);
         pinMode(pwmB, OUTPUT);
293
```

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294
         pinMode(dirB, OUTPUT);
295
296
         pinMode(pushButton, INPUT_PULLUP);
297
298
         pinMode(EncoderMotorLeft, INPUT PULLUP); //set the pin to input
         PCintPort::attachInterrupt(EncoderMotorLeft, indexLeftEncoderCount,
299
     CHANGE);
300
301
         pinMode(EncoderMotorRight, INPUT PULLUP); //set the pin to input
302
         PCintPort::attachInterrupt(EncoderMotorRight, indexRightEncoderCount,
     CHANGE);
303 }
304
305 /**
306
        @brief Default behavior when not driving, waits for the pushButton to
307
        be pressed so it can execute next command
308
        Blocking function
309 */
310 void idle()
311 {
312
         Serial.println("Idle..");
313
         while (digitalRead(pushButton) == 1)
314
             ; // wait for button push
315
         while (digitalRead(pushButton) == 0)
316
             ; // wait for button release
317
         delay(2000); // Give time to move hand
318 }
319
320 /**
 321
        @brief Run the PID loop calculation and set out put to motors output in
    PWM
322
 323 */
324 void adjustPWM()
325 | {
326
         // Compute the pid values
327
         leftPID.Compute();
328
         rightPID.Compute();
329
330
         // Set the pid values within range
331
         motorLeft PWM = constrain(leftOutput, 150, 250);
332
         motorRight PWM = constrain(rightOutput, 150, 235);
333
         Serial.print("Left PWM: ");
334
         Serial.print(motorLeft PWM);
         Serial.print(" ");
335
         Serial.println(leftEncoderCount);
336
337
         Serial.print("Right PWM: ");
338
         Serial.print(motorRight PWM);
339
         Serial.print(" ");
340
         Serial.println(rightEncoderCount);
341 }
342
 343 /**
344
        @brief Entry point of program handles serial setup and PID config
345 */
 346 void setup()
347 {
348
         Serial.begin(9600);
349
         Serial.println("Setting up.....");
350
         configure();
```

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```
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351
         leftPID.SetMode(AUTOMATIC);
352
         rightPID.SetMode(AUTOMATIC);
353 }
354
355 /**
        @brief This is the logic to execute if we hit a push button
356
357
        ideally this is never executed as we shoudl never actually hit the walls
358 */
359 void react left()
 360 {
         // TODO: Check which button was hit
361
362
363
         driveBackward(20);
364
         turnRight(30);
365 }
366 void react_right()
367 {
         // TODO: Check which button was hit
368
369
370
         driveBackward(20);
371
         turnLeft(30);
372 }
 373 void react forward()
374 {
375
         // TODO: Check which button was hit
376
         driveBackward(50);
377 }
378
379 /**
        @brief Main drive execution of program, iterates through moves list
380
     executing
381
        next move with corresponding distance or degrees
 382 */
383 void drive()
384 {
385
         // Iterate over the list jumping by two each time
         for (int i = 0; i < sizeof(moveList); i += 2)
386
387
         {
388
             idle();
 389
             switch (moveList[i])
390
391
             case LEFT:
 392
                 turnLeft(moveList[i + 1]);
393
                 break:
394
             case RIGHT:
395
                 turnRight(moveList[i + 1]);
396
                 break:
397
             case FORWARD:
                 driveForward(moveList[i + 1]);
398
399
                 break;
             default:
400
401
                 break;
402
             }
403
         }
404 }
405
406 /**
407
        @brief Loop execution of the program
408 */
409 void loop()
```

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