

Runtime

5th High Performance Container Workshop - ISC19

Scope and Introduction

This segment focuses on **RUNTIME** aspects

We do not talk about build and everything related to distribution.

The scope is a single nodes runtime.

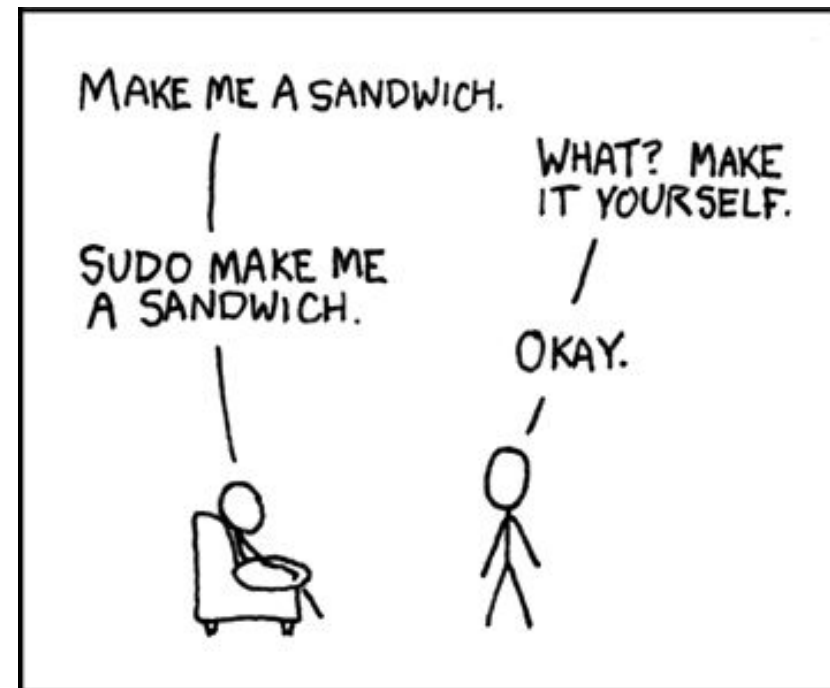


Current state of rootless dockerd

Akihiro Suda (@_AkihiroSuda_)
NTT Software Innovation Center

What is rootless dockerd?

- Run Docker daemon (and also containers of course) as a non-root user
- Don't confuse with:
 - `sudo`
 - `usermod -aG docker penguin`
 - `docker run --user`
 - `dockerd --userns-remap`
- Experimentally supported since Docker v19.03
<https://get.docker.com/rootless>



Why?



- **For Cloud-Native envs:**

- To mitigate potential vulnerability of container runtimes and orchestrator

- **For HPC envs:**

- To run containers without the risk of breaking other users environments

How it works: User Namespaces

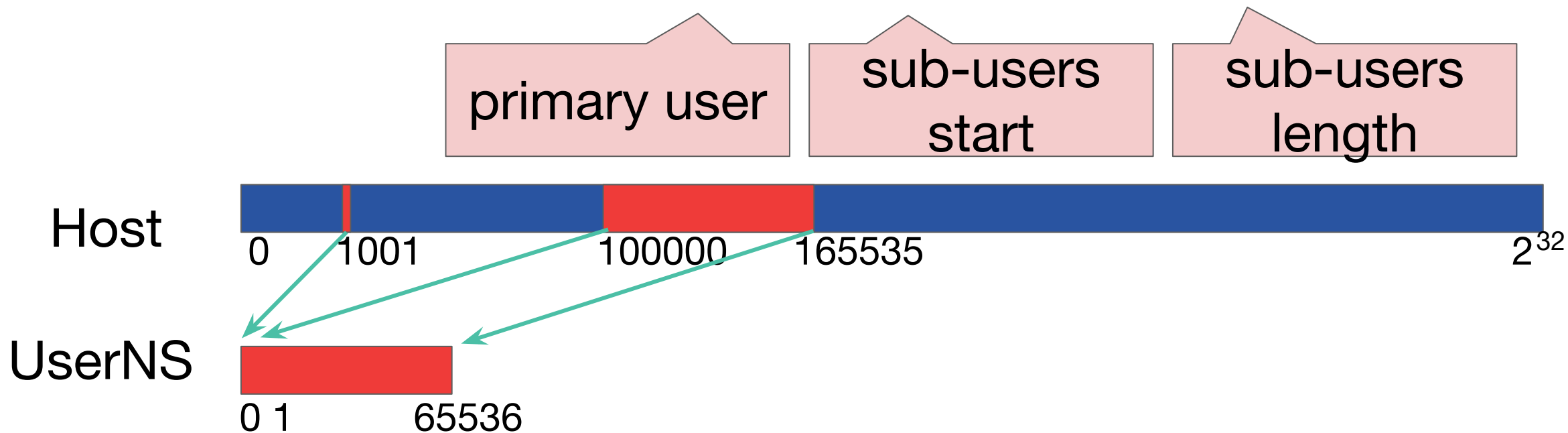


- **User namespaces allow non-root users to pretend to be the root**
- **Root-in-UserNS can have “fake” UID 0 and also create other namespaces (MountNS, NetNS..)**
- **Unlike Singularity, NetNS can be unshared**
 - By using either usermode TCP/IP stack (VPNKit, slirp4netns) or SETUID binary (lxc-user-nic)

System requirements: /etc/{subuid,subgid}



- If /etc/subuid contains “1001:100000:65536”



- Having 65536 sub-users should be enough for most containers

Unresolved issues (Contribution wanted!)



- **Hard to maintain subuid & subgid in LDAP/AD envs**

- NSS module is being under discussion

<https://github.com/shadow-maint/shadow/issues/154>

- Single-mapping mode w/o subuid & subgid is also under discussion

- uses ptrace and xattrs (slow!)
- seccomp could be used for acceleration

<https://github.com/rootless-containers/runrootless>

AkihiroSuda commented on 11 Jan 2018 • edited ▾ Member + 😊 ...

command	regular runc (root) (config)	runrootless	runrootless+seccomp
emerge --sync	52s	1m43s	2m54s
emerge zsh (after emerge --sync)	2m1s	9m3s	(crashed quickly)
apk add gcc	1.4s	2.2s	2.0s
apk add openjdk8	3.1s	4.4s	3.14s
git clone https://github.com/torvalds/linux.git	6m38s	10m43s	(crashed quickly)

Unresolved issues (Contribution wanted!)



- **Lacks cgroup**
 - cgroup2 (unified-mode) supports unprivileged mode but migration may take a few years... or even more
 - For cgroup1, `pam_cgfs` could be used instead, but not available in Fedora / RHEL due to a security concern
- **Kernel / VM / HW may have vulns**
 - Not suitable for real multi-tenancy
 - gVisor might be able to mitigate some of them



podman

Valentin Rothberg <rothberg@redhat.com>
@vlntnrthbrg

What is Podman?

- Podman is a tool for managing pods and containers
- The CLI is based on Docker
 - Defacto standard CLI for managing containers
 - Allows for an easier transition of users and tools
- Developed at *github.com/containers/libpod*
 - *github.com/containers/image* for image management
 - *github.com/containers/storage* for local storage (overlay, btrfs, vfs, etc.)
 - *github.com/containers/buildah* for building images (O)



podman

Podman - optimized image pulling



```
$ podman pull nginx:latest
Trying to pull docker.io/library/nginx:latest...Getting image source signatures
Copying blob 780053e98559 done
Copying blob c4277fc40ec2 [==>-----] 1.7MiB / 21.2MiB
Copying blob fc7181108d40 [==>-----] 1.7MiB / 21.4MiB
```



podman

Podman - CLI compatibility



```
$ podman run fedora:latest ls -l
total 52
lrwxrwxrwx.  1 root    root      7 Feb 11 13:47 bin -> usr/bin
dr-xr-xr-x.  2 root    root    4096 Feb 11 13:47 boot
drwxr-xr-x.  5 root    root     340 Jun 15 16:43 dev
drwxr-xr-x.  3 root    root    4096 Jun  9 07:48 etc
drwxr-xr-x.  2 root    root    4096 Feb 11 13:47 home
lrwxrwxrwx.  1 root    root      7 Feb 11 13:47 lib -> usr/lib
...
```



podman

Easy transition with **alias docker=podman**

- Some commands are docker-only (e.g., swarm, container-update)
- Some commands are podman-only
 - Podman supports health checks (running containers != healthy container)
 - Podman supports pods on the CLI (e.g., podman-pod-create)
 - Podman supports K8s yaml via podman-play-kube
 - Local K8s development without a cluster
 - Easy transition from and to K8s
 - Podman supports mounting the container rootfs via podman-mount
 - podman-image-tree for printing layer hierarchy, and more



podman

Podman ABC

- Supports rootless containers since day 1
- It is not running as a daemon
 - Traditional fork-exec model
 - Improved security (reduced attack vector, adheres to security model, audit logging)
 - Covers additional use cases
- Remote client for Linux, Windows and Mac OS
 - Implemented via VARLINK.org
 - Varlink API can also be used for third-party applications (C, Go, Python, Java, Rust, bash)
 - Used in COCKPIT-PROJECT.org to manage containers in the browser
- Focus on OCI standards and open development
- Shares components with sibling projects (CRI-O, Buildah, Skopeo)



podman

Podman Resources

- Upstream development and community
 - github.com/containers/libpod
 - #podman of Freenode
 - podman@lists.podman.io
 - podman.io
- Demos
 - github.com/containers/demos
- Available on *most* Linux distributions
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux, Fedora
 - openSUSE, Manjaro, Gentoo
 - Archlinux, Ubuntu, Debian (soon)



podman



Singularity Runtime - 5 min

20 June 2019

Michael Bauer - HPC Container Workshop ISC19



Singularity is the open source container runtime of choice for

Artificial Intelligence, Compute Driven Analytics, Data Science...

- Millions of container runs per day
- With more than 40,000 users
- On millions of cores
- Across x86, ARM and POWER architectures

- Singularity voluntary registry, March 2019

HPC Wire Editors Choice Awards:

- 2016: Top products to watch
- 2017: Top products to watch
- 2017: Best HPC Programming Tool/Tech
- 2018: Best HPC Programming Tool/Tech
- 2018: Top Product to Watch

SINGULARITY USERS



BLOCKING ESCALATION

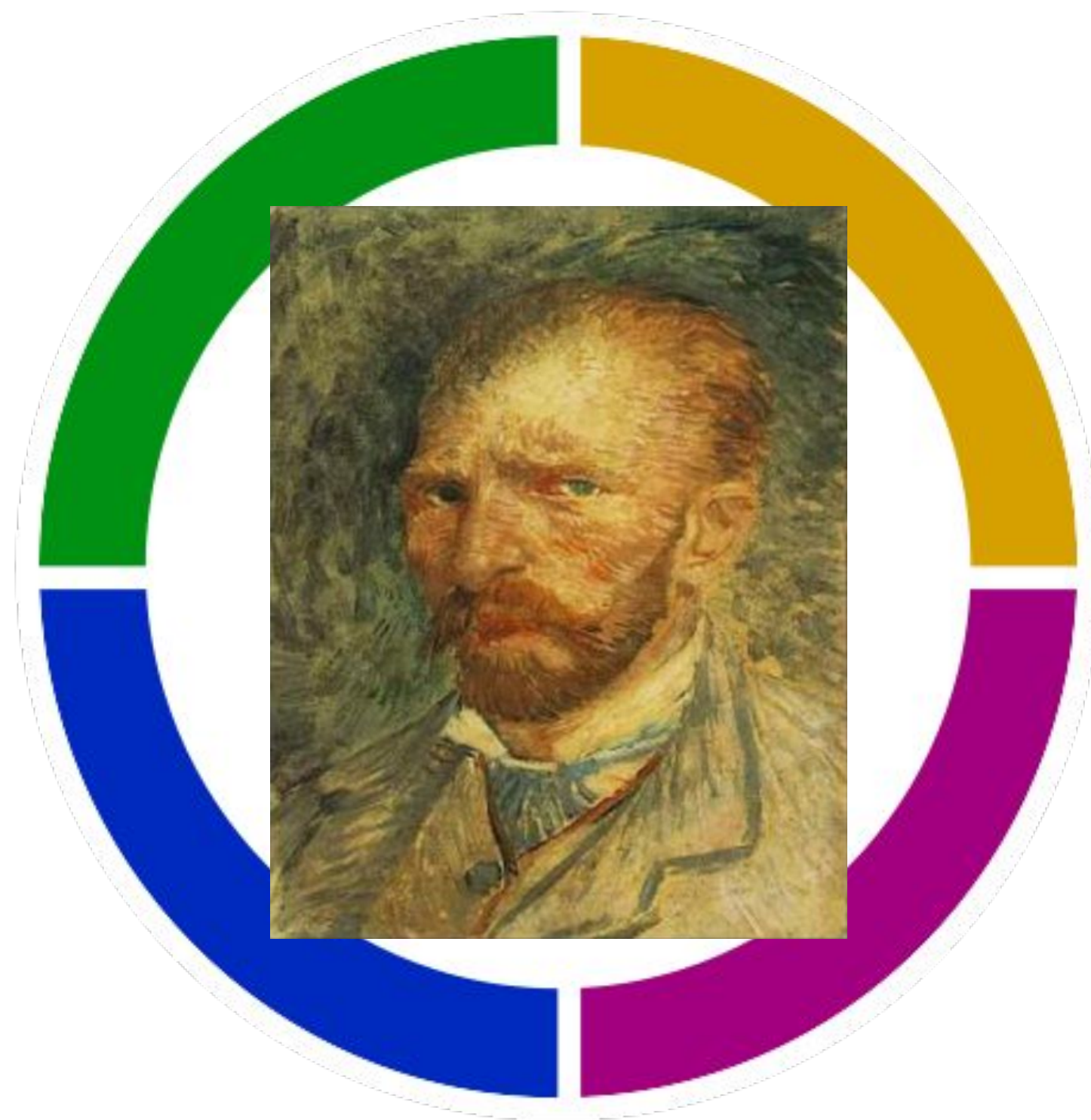
```
$ singularity exec ubuntu.sif whoami  
gmk
```

```
$ singularity exec ubuntu.sif su -c whoami  
Password:  
su: Authentication failure
```

```
$ singularity exec ubuntu.sif sudo whoami  
sudo: effective uid is not 0, is /usr/bin/sudo on a file system with the  
'nosuid' option set or an NFS file system without root privileges?
```

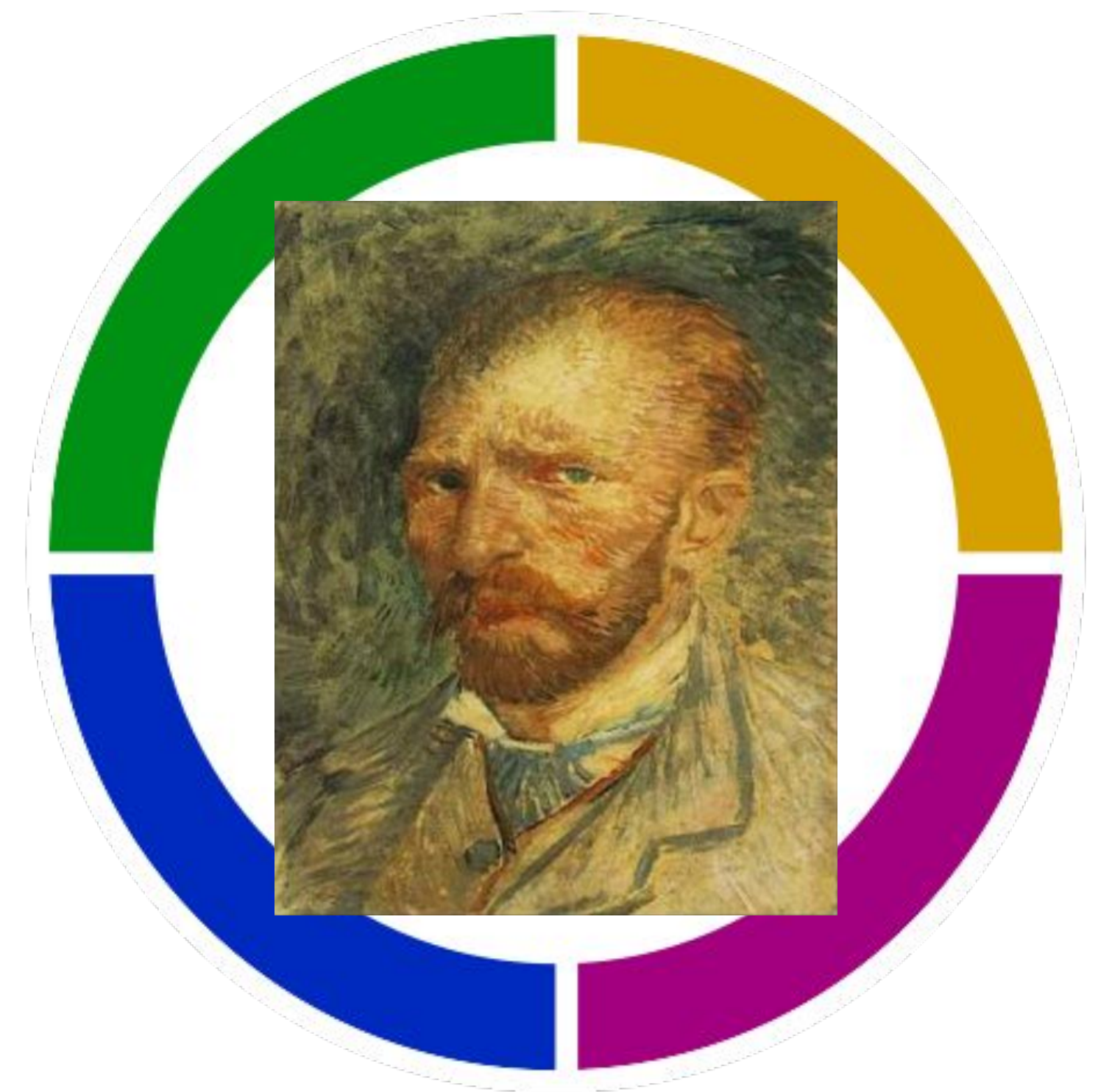
Singularity blocks privilege escalation; once inside the container the user is always themselves

With Singularity, you get verifiable reproducibility



SHA:
5f09a35a642a68c467bf230f5e5ea3218e4177a0

=



SHA:
5f09a35a642a68c467bf230f5e5ea3218e4177a0

```
$ singularity exec --gpu=$(platform) docker://tensorflow/tensorflow python
Python 2.7.12 (default, Dec 4 2017, 14:50:18)
[GCC 5.4.0 20160609] on linux2
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> import tensorflow as tf
>>> x1 = tf.constant([1,2,3,4])
>>> x2 = tf.constant([5,6,7,8])
>>> result = tf.multiply(x1, x2)
>>> print(result)
Tensor("Mul:0", shape=(4,), dtype=int32)
>>> exit()
$
```

Singularity Desktop

Singularity on MacOS

Singularity Desktop
Alpha released at #SUG19

```
gmk — xhyve • singularity shell ubuntu_latest.sif — 80x24
[Gregorys-MBP:~ gmk$ singularity shell ubuntu_latest.sif
WARNING: Could not set container working directory /Users/gmk: chdir /Users/gmk:
no such file or directory
[Singularity sda:~> pwd
/Users/gmk
[Singularity sda:~> ls
Applications  Documents  Library  Pictures          ubuntu_latest.sif
Code          Downloads  Movies   Public
Desktop       Dropbox   Music    busybox_1.28.sif
[Singularity sda:~> cat /etc/os-release
NAME="Ubuntu"
VERSION="18.04.1 LTS (Bionic Beaver)"
ID=ubuntu
ID_LIKE=debian
PRETTY_NAME="Ubuntu 18.04.1 LTS"
VERSION_ID="18.04"
HOME_URL="https://www.ubuntu.com/"
SUPPORT_URL="https://help.ubuntu.com/"
BUG_REPORT_URL="https://bugs.launchpad.net/ubuntu/"
PRIVACY_POLICY_URL="https://www.ubuntu.com/legal/terms-and-policies/privacy-policy"
VERSION_CODENAME=bionic
UBUNTU_CODENAME=bionic
Singularity sda:~>
```

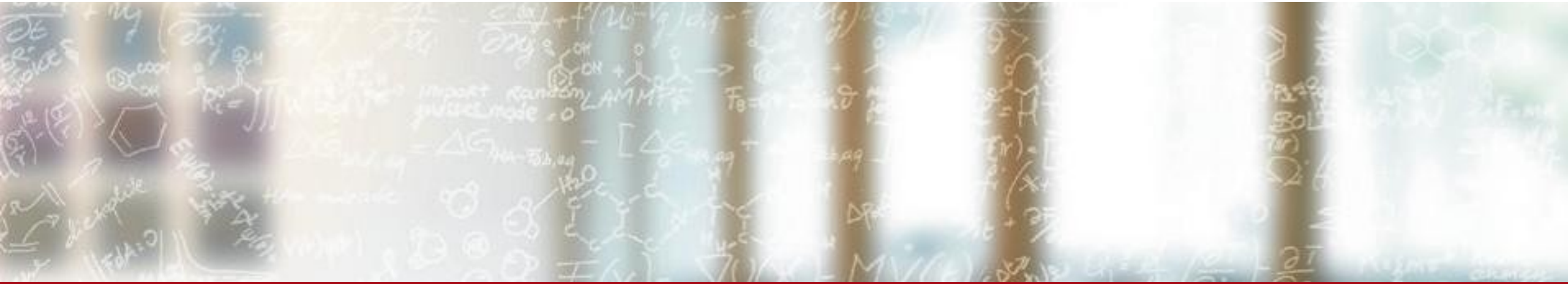




CSCS

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Swiss National Supercomputing Centre

ETH zürich



Sarus - An OCI-compliant container engine for HPC

HPCW 2019: 5th High Performance Containers Workshop

Lucas Benedicic, CSCS

June 20th, 2019

Comparison with existing solutions

	Suitable for HPC	Pluggable vendor support (standard OCI hooks)	User experience	Admin experience	Maintenance effort
Docker					+
Singula				+	+
Charlie				+	+
Shifter				-	-
LXC				-	+
runc		+++	--	+++	+
Sarus	+				

■ **Suitable for HPC**

- Single squashfs image (parallel filesystem friendly)
- Image loop mount + RAM filesystem (fast image accesses)
- WLM compatible
- Native MPI support
- Native GPU support

Comparison with existing solutions

	Suitable for HPC	Pluggable vendor support (standard OCI hooks)	User experience	Admin experience	Maintenance effort
Docker	--	<div> <div></div> Pluggable vendor support <ul style="list-style-type: none"> OCI hooks support (runc) NVIDIA Container Runtime Hook </div>			+
Singularity	+				+
Charliecloud	+				+
Shifter	+				-
LXC	-				+
runc			--	+++	+
Sarus	+	++			

Comparison with existing solutions

	Suitable for HPC	Pluggable vendor support (standard OCI hooks)	User experience	Admin experience	Maintenance effort
Docker	--	--			
Singularity	+	-			
Charliecloud	+	--			
Shifter	+	-			
LXC	-	-			
runc		++		++	+
Sarus	+	++	++		

User Experience

- Docker-like CLI
- Docker Hub integration
- OverlayFS (writable container filesystem)
- Preserve identity and file permissions

Comparison with existing solutions

	Suitable for HPC	Pluggable vendor support (standard OCI hooks)	User experience	Admin experience	Maintenance effort
Docker	--	-			+
Singularity	+				+
Charliecloud	+	-			+
Shifter	+				-
LXC	-				+
runc		++	--		+
Sarus	+	++	++	+	

Admin experience

- Single executable binary (easy deployability)
- Customize OCI hooks per system
- Container isolation through **PID** and **runc**

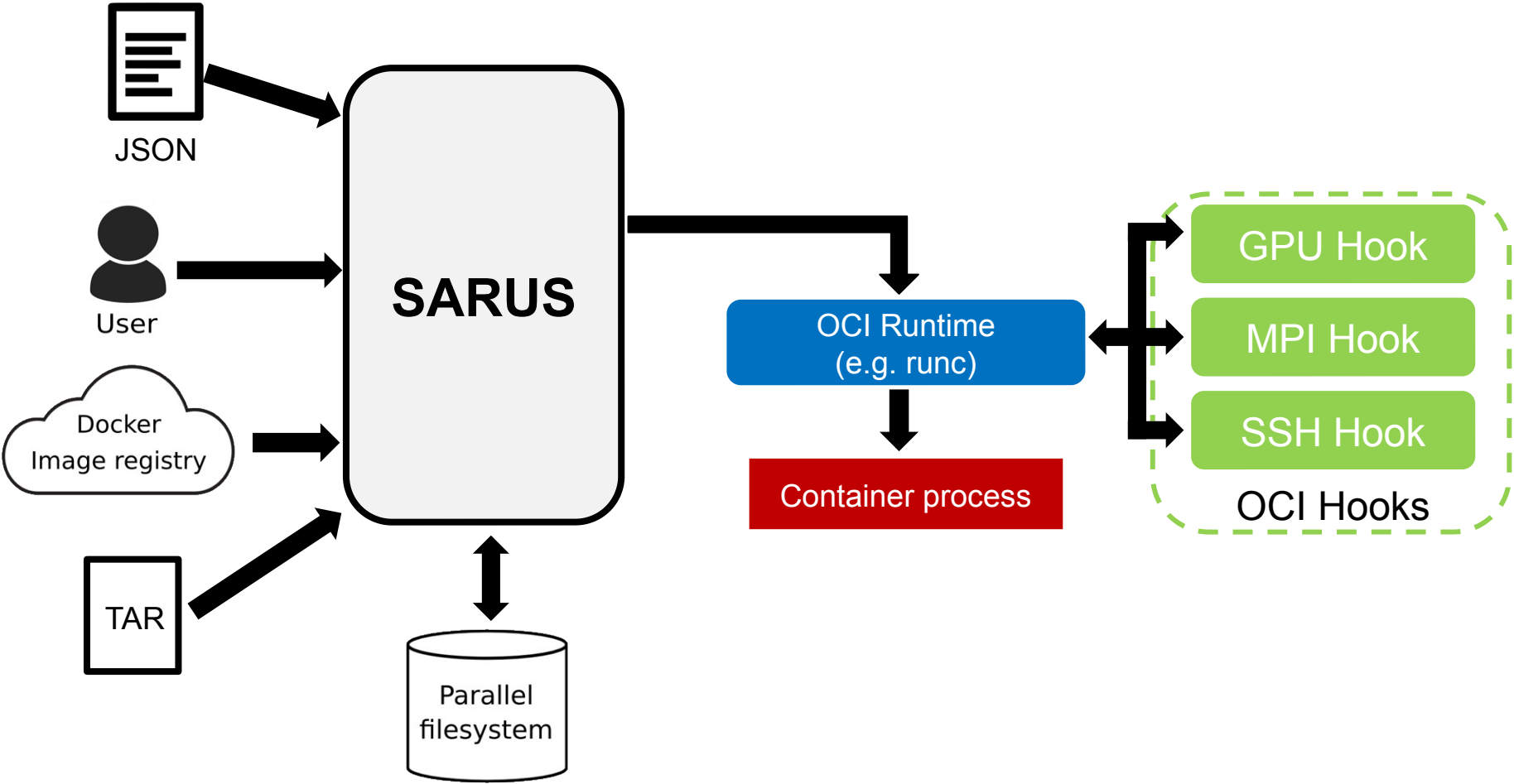
Comparison with existing solutions

	Suitable for HPC	Pluggable vendor support (standard OCI hooks)	User experience	Admin experience	Maintenance effort
Docker	--	--	+		
Singularity	+	-			
Charliecloud	+	--			
Shifter	+	-			
LXC	-	-			
runc		++	--	++	
Sarus	+	++	++	+	+

■ **Maintenance effort**

- Reuse **runc** as the core runtime
- Reuse other OCI-compliant software
- Well tested (unit test coverage 84%)

Architecture overview



Conclusion

Sarus is a container engine for HPC, compliant with open standards, featuring:

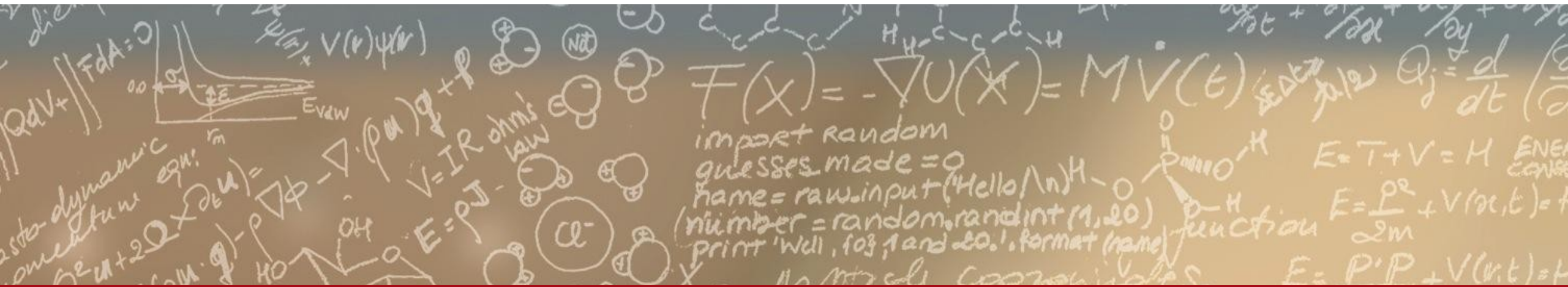
- Transparent native performance through OCI hooks
- Consistent UX with Docker: small learning curve
- Enables use of standard, open, upstream components on HPC systems
- Extensible architecture encourages vendor engagement and improves maintainability



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Thank you for your attention.