## Memory Instructions

• **Load** into \$rd the value that is stored at the address that is obtained by adding the immediate offset to the content of \$rs1.

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The <u>addressing mode</u> used for those instructions is called

register-relative addressing.

Store the content of \$rs2 at the address that is obtained by

| ld | \$rd  | offset(\$rs1) |
|----|-------|---------------|
| sd | \$rs2 | offset(\$rs1) |

## Control-Flow Instructions

- Control flow, at machine code level, is the order in which instructions are executed.
- All previous instructions feature implicit trivial control flow, that is, they simply set the program counter to the next instruction. Their main purpose is data manipulation.
- The following instructions have a more sophisticated effect on control flow.

## Memory Instructions

| ld | \$rd  | offset(\$rs1) |
|----|-------|---------------|
| sd | \$rs2 | offset(\$rs1) |

- **Load** into \$rd the value that is stored at the address that is obtained by adding the immediate offset to the content of \$rs1.
- **Store** the content of \$rs2 at the address that is obtained by adding the immediate offset to the content of \$rs1.
- The <u>addressing mode</u> used for those instructions is called register-relative addressing.