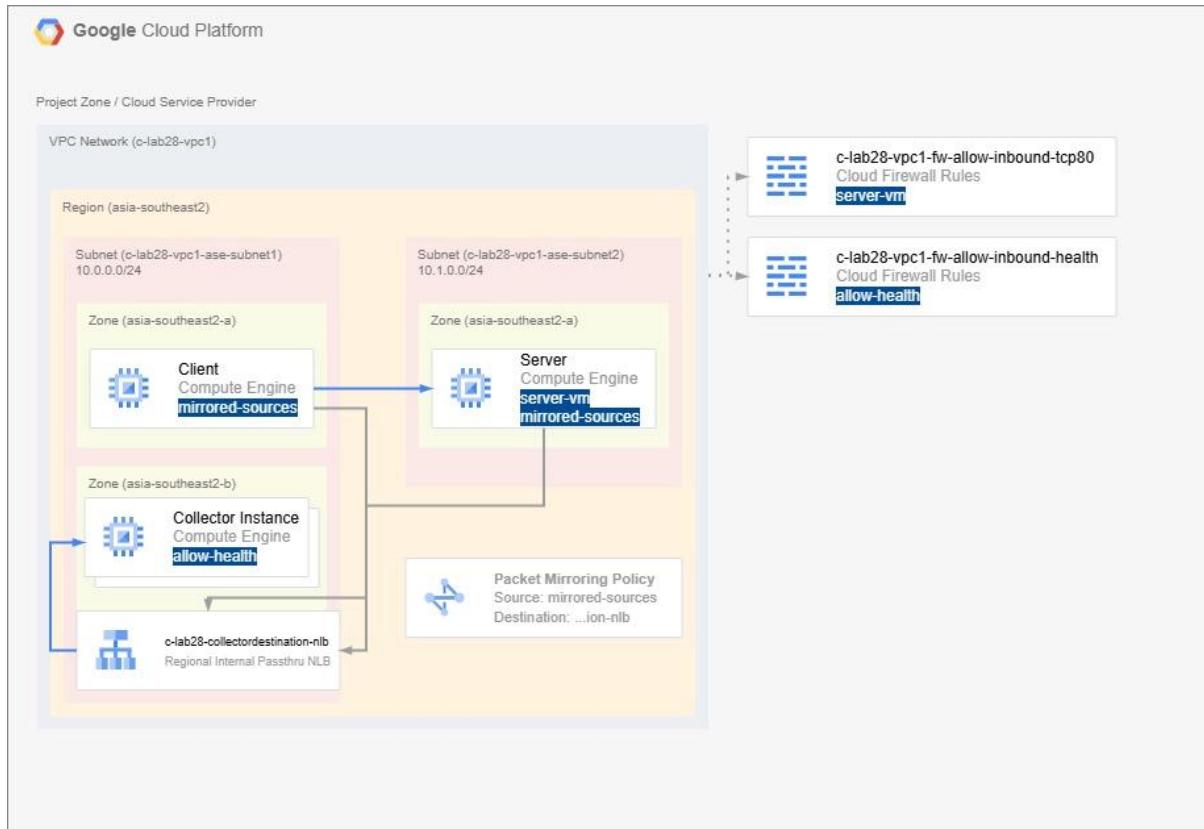


PT Christian Implementation 1

Documentation

Goal

Monitor Traffic between Client and Server VMs



Step 0: Provision Environment

Created VPC Network

VPC Network name	c-lab28-vpc1
MTU	1460
Subnet creation mode	Custom
Subnetworks	c-lab28-vpc1-ase2-subnet1 Region: asia-southeast2 IPv4 Range: 10.0.0.0/24 VPC Flow Logs: Disabled Hybrid Subnets: Disabled Private Google Access: Disabled

	c-lab28-vpc1-ase2-subnet2 Region: asia-southeast2 IPv4 Range: 10.1.0.0/24 VPC Flow Logs: Disabled Hybrid Subnets: Disabled Private Google Access: Disabled
VPC Firewall Rules	c-lab28-vpc1-allow-custom c-lab28-vpc1-allow-ssh
Dynamic Routing mode	Regional

VPC Network / VPC networks / Network: c-lab28-vpc1

VPC network details Delete VPC network

c-lab28-vpc1

Overview Subnets Static internal IP addresses Firewalls Endpoint groups Firewall endpoints Routes VPC network peering Private services acc...

Subnets Add subnet Manage flow logs

Filter Enter property name or value

Name	Region	Stack Type	Primary IPv4 range	Reserved internal ranges	Private Google Access
c-lab28-vpc1-ase2-subnet1	asia-southeast2	IPv4 (single-stack)	10.0.0.0/24	None	Off
c-lab28-vpc1-ase2-subnet2	asia-southeast2	IPv4 (single-stack)	10.1.0.0/24	None	Off

Reserved proxy-only subnets for load balancing

Name	Region	IP address ranges	Gateway	Role	Purpose
No rows to display					

Equivalent REST

Created VPC Firewall Rule

VPC Firewall Rule name	c-lab28-vpc1-fw-allow-inbound-tcp80
VPC Network	c-lab28-vpc1
Logs	On
Priority	300
Direction	Ingress
Action	Allow
Targets	Specified Target Tags
Target Tags	server-vm
Source Filter	IPv4 Ranges
Source IPv4 Ranges	0.0.0.0/0
Protocols and Ports	TCP:80

[◀](#) Firewall rule details [Edit](#) [Delete](#)

c-lab28-vpc1-fw-allow-inbound-tcp80

Logs [?](#)

On

[view in Logs Explorer](#)

[▼ Show logs details](#)

Network

c-lab28-vpc1

Priority

300

Direction

Ingress

Action on match

Allow

Tags



Targets

Target tags

server-vm

Created Virtual Machine (Client)

Virtual Machine name	c-lab28-client
Zone	asia-southeast2-a
Machine type	e2-micro
Boot Disk OS	Debian GNU/Linux 12 (bookworm)
Boot Disk type	Balancer persistent disk
Boot Disk size	10 GB
Network Tags	client-vm
VPC Network	c-lab28-vpc1
Subnetwork	c-lab28-vpc1-ase2-subnet1
Primary Internal IPv4 Address	Ephemeral
External IPv4 Address	Ephemeral

[◀](#) c-lab28-client [Edit](#) [Reset](#) [Create machine image](#) [Create](#)

Details Observability OS Info Screenshot

Reserved state [?](#) Automatically choose

Reservation affinity [?](#) —

Consumed reservation [?](#) —

Machine configuration

Machine type	e2-micro (2 vCPUs, 1 GB Memory)
CPU platform	AMD Rome
Minimum CPU platform	None
Architecture	x86_64
vCPUs to core ratio ?	—
Custom visible cores ?	—
All-core turbo-only mode ?	—
Display device	Disabled Enable to use screen capturing and recording tools
GPUs	None
Resource policies	

Created Virtual Machine (Server)

Virtual Machine name	c-lab28-server
Zone	asia-southeast2-a

Machine type	e2-micro
Boot Disk OS	Debian GNU/Linux 12 (bookworm)
Boot Disk type	Balancer persistent disk
Boot Disk size	10 GB
Network Tags	server-vm
VPC Network	c-lab28-vpc1
Subnetwork	c-lab28-vpc1-ase2-subnet2
Primary Internal IPv4 Address	Ephemeral
External IPv4 Address	Ephemeral

[← c-lab28-server](#) [Edit](#) [Reset](#) [Create machine image](#) [Create](#)

[Details](#) [Observability](#) [OS Info](#) [Screenshot](#)

Reservation affinity [?](#) Automatically choose
Consumed reservation [?](#) —

Machine configuration

Machine type	e2-micro (2 vCPUs, 1 GB Memory)
CPU platform	AMD Rome
Minimum CPU platform	None
Architecture	x86/64
vCPUs to core ratio ?	—
Custom visible cores ?	—
All-core turbo-only mode ?	—
Display device	Disabled Enable to use screen capturing and recording tools
GPUs	None
Resource policies	—

... · · ·

Configured Server VM

```
apt update
apt install apache2
echo "<h1>Welcome from $(hostname)</h1>" > /var/www/html/index.html
```

[←](#) [Not secure](#) 34.101.175.200

[Shared Study Notes](#) [Cloud Project - One...](#) [ChatGPT](#) [YouTube](#)

Welcome from c-lab28-server

Test #1 – Test Connectivity between Client and Server

```
curl -X GET http://10.1.0.2
```

<https://ssh.cloud.google.com/v2/ssh/projects/c-gcp-project/zones/asia-southeast2-a/instances/c-lab28-client>

 SSH-in-browser

```
christian_setiawan@c-lab28-client:~$ sudo su
root@c-lab28-client:/home/christian_setiawan# curl -X GET http://10.1.0.2
<h1>Welcome from c-lab28-server</h1>
```

Connectivity established **successfully!**

Step 1: Create the Collector Destination

Theory

Packet Mirroring requires an instance group of **Collector Instances**.

Source: https://docs.cloud.google.com/vpc/docs/using-packet-mirroring#collector_instances

To enable Packet Mirroring, you must have an **internal passthrough Network Load Balancer** that can serve as a packet mirroring collector.

The **internal passthrough Network Load Balancer** must meet the following requirements:

- The internal passthrough Network Load Balancer's forwarding rule must have **Packet Mirroring** enabled when the rule is created. This status cannot be changed after the rule is created. You can use this forwarding rule to collect both IPv4 and IPv6 traffic.
- The internal passthrough Network Load Balancer is in the same region as the instances that you're mirroring.
- The internal passthrough Network Load Balancer's backend service must use a **session affinity** of NONE (5-tuple hash).
- The internal passthrough Network Load Balancer's backend service must have **backend subsetting** disabled.

If your **collector instances** are not set up to respond to the health check that you've configured with your backend service, the health check can fail. Packets can still be mirrored in this case.

Source: https://docs.cloud.google.com/vpc/docs/using-packet-mirroring#collector_instances

To prepare your VPC network for Packet Mirroring traffic, do the following:

- Ensure that **collector instances** in the load balancer's instance group can receive traffic from **mirrored instances** or from the IPv4 and IPv6 address ranges of mirrored instances.

For example, to let collector instances receive IPv4 traffic from any VM, create a firewall rule with a source IPv4 address range of 0.0.0.0/0. To let collector instances receive IPv6 traffic from any VM, create a firewall rule

with a source IPv6 address range of ::/0. To prevent internet traffic from reaching the collector instances, assign only internal IPv4 and IPv6 addresses to them.

- Ensure that **collector instances** can receive traffic from the Google Cloud health checking systems.

For example, for IPv4 traffic, create a firewall rule that allows traffic to the collector instances from the IPv4 address ranges of 130.211.0.0/22 and 35.191.0.0/16. For IPv6 traffic, create a firewall rule that allows traffic to the collector instances from the IPv6 address range of 2600:2d00:1:b029::/64.

- If you want to test Packet Mirroring by manually sending egress traffic from one or more **mirrored instances**, create a firewall rule that allows SSH traffic to those instances.

For example, to allow SSH connections to your mirrored instances from all IPv4 and IPv6 addresses, allow ingress TCP traffic to port 22 from any source IPv4 and IPv6 address. If you want to only allow SSH connections that are initiated from a certain IPv4 or IPv6 address range, specify that IPv4 or IPv6 address range as a source range for the firewall rule. For more information about testing your internal passthrough Network Load Balancer, see [Test load balancing](#).

Source: https://docs.cloud.google.com/vpc/docs/using-packet-mirroring#firewall_rules

Implementation

Created Instance Template

Instance Template name	c-lab28-collectorinstance-template
Location	Regional
Region	asia-southeast2
Machine Type	e2-micro
Boot Disk OS	Debian GNU/Linux 12 (bookworm)
Boot Disk type	Balanced persistent disk
Boot Disk size	10 GB
Network Tags	allow-health
VPC Network	c-lab28-vpc1
Subnetwork	c-lab28-vpc1-ase2-subnet1
External IPv4 Address	None

Basic information

Name	c-lab28-collectorinstance-template
Type	Instance Template
Creation time	Dec 16, 2025, 3:21:35 PM UTC+07:00
In use by	None
Location	asia-southeast2
Reservations	Automatically choose
Labels	None
Tags ?	—
Placement policy	No policy ?
Confidential VM service ?	Disabled

Machine configuration

Machine type	e2-micro
Minimum CPU platform	None
Architecture	—
vCPUs to core ratio	—
Custom visible cores ?	—
All-core turbo-only mode ?	—
Display device	Disabled
GPUs	None

Created Virtual Machine (from the Instance Template)

Instance Template name	c-lab28-collectorinstance-template
Zone	asia-southeast2-a
Machine Type	e2-micro
Boot Disk OS	Debian GNU/Linux 12 (bookworm)
Boot Disk type	Balanced persistent disk
Boot Disk size	10 GB
Network Tags	allow-health
VPC Network	c-lab28-vpc1
Subnetwork	c-lab28-vpc1-ase2-subnet1
External IPv4 Address	None

[←](#) c-lab28-colle... [Edit](#) [Reset](#) [Create machine image](#) [Create similar](#)

c-lab28-collectorinstance1

[Details](#) [Observability](#) [OS Info](#) [Screenshot](#)

Machine configuration

Machine type	e2-micro (2 vCPUs, 1 GB Memory)
CPU platform	AMD Rome
Minimum CPU platform	None
Architecture	x86/64
vCPUs to core ratio ?	—
Custom visible cores ?	—
All-core turbo-only mode ?	—
Display device	Disabled Enable to use screen capturing and recording tools
GPUs	None
Resource policies	

Networking

Public DNS PTR Record	None
Total egress bandwidth tier	—

[→ View in Network Topology](#)

Created Unmanaged Instance Group

Unmanaged Instance Group name	c-lab28-collectorinstance-uig1
Zone	asia-southeast2-a
Instances	c-lab28-collectorinstance1

Created Internal Regional Passthrough Network Load Balancer

Load Balancer name	c-lab28-collectordestination-nlb
Region	asia-southeast2
VPC Network	c-lab28-vpc1
Backend Type	Instance Group
Protocol	TCP
Health Check	c-lab28-collectordestination-nlb Protocol: TCP Port: 80 Check Interval: 5 seconds Timeout: 5 seconds Healthy Threshold: 2 Unhealthy Threshold: 2
Backends	Instance Group: c-lab28-collectorinstance-uig1
Session Affinity	None
Frontend IP and Port	c-lab28-collectordestination-nlb-fe1 Protocol: TCP IP Version: IPv4 Subnetwork: c-lab28-vpc1-ase2-subnet1 Internal IP Purpose: Non-shared

	IP Address: Ephemeral (Automatic) Ports: All Global Access: Disable Enable for Packet Mirroring: Enabled

Created VPC Firewall Rule

VPC Firewall Rule name	c-lab28-vpc1-fw-allow-inbound-health
VPC Network	c-lab28-vpc1
Logs	On
Priority	200
Direction	Ingress
Action	Allow
Targets	Specified Target Tags
Target Tags	allow-health
Source Filter	IPv4 Ranges
Source IPv4 Ranges	130.211.0.0/22 35.191.0.0/16 35.235.240.0/20
Protocols and Ports	TCP:80

[← Firewall rule details](#) [Edit](#) [Delete](#)

c-lab28-vpc1-fw-allow-inbound-health

Logs [?](#)

On

[view in Logs Explorer](#)

[▼ Show logs details](#)

Network

c-lab28-vpc1

Priority

200

Configured Collector Instance to reply to Health Check

Created Cloud NAT Gateway

Cloud NAT Gateway name	c-lab28-cloudnat-gw1
Cloud Router name	c-lab28-cloudrouter1
NAT Type	Public

[← Cloud NAT gateway details](#) [Edit](#) [Delete](#)

c-lab28-cloudnat-gw1

Status	Running
Logs	View in Logs Explorer

[Details](#) [Monitoring](#)

NAT type

Type	Public
------	--------

Cloud Router

Region	asia-southeast2
VPC network	c-lab28-vpc1
Cloud Router	c-lab28-cloudrouter1

Run a Web Server that listens at Port 80

```
apt update  
apt install apache2
```

Step 2: Create the Packet Mirroring Policy

Created Packet Mirroring Policy

Packet Mirroring Policy name	c-lab28-packetmirroring-policy1
Region	asia-southeast2
Priority	1000
Enabled	Enabled
Source and Destination	On the same VPC Network
Mirrored Sources	Network Tag: mirrored-sources
Internal Passthrough NLB	c-lab28-collectordestination-nlb-fe1
Traffic to Mirror	Mirror all IPv4 traffic

Updated VMs

Added **Network Tag “mirrored-sources”** to Client VM and Server VM

c-lab28-client

c-lab28-server

Network tags

client-vm mirrored-sources

server-vm mirrored-sources

Step 3: Verify the Packet Mirroring Policy is working

Theory

To verify that your collector instances are correctly receiving mirrored traffic, you can use **tcpdump**.

1. [Connect to a collector instance.](#)
2. If the **tcpdump** command is not available, install it.
3. Identify your network interface:

```
ip address
```

In the list of network interfaces, **find the name that is associated with your collector instance's primary internal IPv4 address**—for example, ens4.

4. Start analyzing packets:

```
sudo tcpdump -i /INTERFACE_NAME -f "host IP_ADDRESS"
```

Replace the following:

- *INTERFACE_NAME*: the interface name that you identified in step 3.
 - *IP_ADDRESS*: the IPv4 address of a mirrored source VM.
5. To run the test, send traffic from the mirrored source VM—for example, by sending an ICMP ping. In the output of tcpdump, verify that you can see the expected traffic.

Source: <https://docs.cloud.google.com/vpc/docs/using-packet-mirroring#verify>

Implementation

Log In to Mirrored Source Instance

```
root@c-lab28-collectorinstance1:/home/christian_setiawan# hostnamectl
  Static hostname: c-lab28-collectorinstance1
    Icon name: computer-vm
    Chassis: vm
  Machine ID: 9614fca8ede94c158b1580d601fb0638
    Boot ID: fab30167e0164a8a9db03fdd7a6dfe1e
  Virtualization: google
Operating System: Debian GNU/Linux 12.0 (bookworm)
  Kernel: Linux 6.1.0-41-cloud-amd64
  Architecture: x86-64
  Hardware Vendor: Google
  Hardware Model: Google Compute Engine
Firmware Version: Google
root@c-lab28-collectorinstance1:/home/christian_setiawan# whoami
root
root@c-lab28-collectorinstance1:/home/christian_setiawan# █
```

Executed the following command

Identify the Network Interface:

```
ip address
```

```
root@c-lab28-collectorinstance1:/home/christian_setiawan# ip address
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000
  link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
      valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 ::1/128 scope host noprefixroute
      valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
2: ens4: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1460 qdisc mq state UP group default qlen 1000
  link/ether 42:01:0a:00:00:03 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
  altname enp0s4
  inet 10.0.0.3/32 metric 100 scope global dynamic ens4
    valid_lft 3072sec preferred_lft 3072sec
  inet6 fe80::4001:aff:fe00:3/64 scope link
    valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
```

In our case, its **ens4**

```
tcpdump -i ens4 -f "host 10.0.0.2"
```

```
root@c-lab28-collectorinstance1:/home/christian_setiawan# tcpdump -i ens4 -f "host 10.0.0.2"
tcpdump: verbose output suppressed, use -v[v]... for full protocol decode
listening on ens4, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet), snapshot length 262144 bytes
09:25:23.736526 IP 217.154.69.208.45590 > 10.0.0.2.ssh: Flags [S], seq 1672077
774, win 64240, options [mss 1460,sackOK,TS val 3351532215 ecr 0,nop,wscale 7]
, length 0
09:25:23.736723 IP 10.0.0.2.ssh > 217.154.69.208.45590: Flags [S.], seq 280231
9663, ack 1672077775, win 64768, options [mss 1420,sackOK,TS val 2479995077 ec
r 3351532215,nop,wscale 7], length 0
09:25:23.921855 IP 217.154.69.208.45590 > 10.0.0.2.ssh: Flags [.], ack 1, win
```

Example of Traffic Captured from Client to Server by Client VM

```
09:23:49.883130 IP 10.0.0.2.35322 > 10.1.0.2.http: Flags [.], ack 266, win 509, options
[nop,nop,TS val 3218440765 ecr 950978835], length 0
```

Packet Mirroring works!

Example of Traffic Captured from Client to Server by Server VM

```
09:26:35.579655 IP 10.0.0.2.40086 > 10.1.0.2.http: Flags [.], ack 265, win 509, options
[nop,nop,TS val 3218606462 ecr 951144531], length 0
```

Packet Mirroring works!

How to read:

- 09:26:35.579655
Time the Packet was captured
- 10.0.0.2.40086 > 10.1.0.2.http
Source: 10.0.0.2:40086
Destination: 10.1.0.2:http
- Flags [.]
ACK only (no SYN, no FIN, no data)
- ack 265
The Client acknowledges it receives 265 bytes from the Server
- win 509
The Client's TCP receive window is 509 bytes at the moment
- [nop,nop,TS val 3218606462 ecr 951144531]
This shows the TCP Timestamps:
 - o TS val : sender's timestamp

- TS ecr : echoed timestamp from the peer
 - User for RTT measurement and PAWS protection
- length 0
 - This shows the Payload Length (in this case it's 0 because its just a TCP ACK)

Summary:

“This packet is a regular TCP ACK from a client at acknowledging data from a server at on port 80. It contains no HTTP data, just TCP-level housekeeping.”

Source: Copilot

DONE