Home » Exercícios de múltipla escolha (em Inglês) » Capitulo 19

## **Capitulo 19**

This activity contains 29 questions.

1.	Section 19.1 Introduction	
	19.1 Q1: The Web server and the client communicate with each other:	
	Through IP.	
	Through C++ source code.	
	Through HTTP.	
	Through URLs.	
2.	Section 19.2 HTTP Requests	
	19.2 Q1: Which of the following represents a get request?	
	www.somesite.com/userInput.	
	www.somesite.com/search=userInput.	
	www.somesite.com/search&query=userInput.	
	www.somesite.com/search?query=userInput.	
3.	19.2 Q2: In the context of Web browsing, cache means:	
	○ To communicate using HTTP.	
	To save on a local disk.	
	To send to a Web server.	
	To communicate using TCP/IP.	
	To communicate using relyli.	
4.	Section 19.3 Multitier Architecture	
	19.3 Q1: applications divide functionality into seperate logical groupings of functionality.	
	None of the above.	
	O C++.	
	O Logical.	
	O Multitier.	

5.	19.3 Q2: The maintains data for an application.	
	Business logic tier.	
	Information tier.	
	O Processing tier.	
	O Client tier.	
4		
6.	9.3 Q3: The ensures that data is reliable before updating the database or sending data to a user.	
	Processing tier.	
	Information tier.	
	Business logic tier.	
	Client tier.	
	19.3 Q4: The is the application's user interface.	
1.		
	Information tier.	
	O Processing tier.	
	Business logic tier.	
	O Client tier.	
4		
8.	Section 19.4 Accessing Web Servers	
	19.4 Q1: Which of the following is not present in a fully qualified	
	domain name?	
	A host name.  A top lovel demain	
	All of the above are present in a fully qualified demain name.	
	<ul><li>All of the above are present in a fully qualified domain name.</li><li>A domain name.</li></ul>	
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9.	19.4 Q2: Which of the following TLDs would a nonprofit organization located in the United States have?	
	○ cn.	
	et.	
	o com.	

0	org

10.	19.4	Q3:	Which	ΙP	address	is	the	loopback	address	?
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- 192.168.0.1.
- 63.110.43.82.
- 0.0.0.0.
- O 127.0.0.1.

## 11. Section 19.5 Apache HTTP Server

19.5 Q1: Apache HTTP Server is popular because of its:

- All of the above.
- Stability.
- Efficiency.
- Portability.

## 12. Section 19.6 Requesting XHTML Documents

19.6 Q1: In the Apache HTTP server directory structure, XHTML documents must be saved in the default directory, which is:

- root.
- httpd.
- htdocs.
- Apache2.

## 13.) Section 19.7 Introduction to CGI

19.7 Q1: CGI is often used to generate:

- Static Web content.
- Video Web content.
- O Dynamic Web content.
- Audio Web content.

19.7 Q2: Which programming language must be used to write CGI

	scripts?	
	O Visual Basic.	
	○ C++.	
	O Perl.	
	Any language can be used to write CGI scripts.	
15.	Section 19.8 Simple HTTP Transactions	
	19.8 Q1: A(n) is an address indicating the location of a	
	resource on the Web.	
	None of the above.	
	○ НТТР.	
	O URL.	
	O DNS.	
(10)	19.8 Q2: is an Internet standard that specifies the way	
16.	in which certain data must be formatted so that the correct	
	program can be used to interpret the data properly.	
	O URL.	
	MIME.	
	O DNS.	
	None of the above.	
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17.	Section 19.9 Simple CGI Scripts	
	19.9 Q1: If a programmer wants to create a dynamic Web page, the	
	programmer should:	
	Continually update the Web page manually.	
	Use a CGI script to generate content programmatically.	
	Understand that there is no way to create dynamic Web pages.	
	Provide C++ code in the XHTML document to perform the desired actions.	
10	19.9 Q2: When a user requests a CGI script:	
10.		
	The CGI script is downloaded onto the user's hard drive, where it executes and returns the results to the browser.	
	The client-browser executes the script and displays the results.	
	S.	

	The server executes the script and sends the script's output to the client.	
	The CGI script is converted into XHTML and run in the browser.	
10	Section 19.10 Sending Input to a CGI Script	
19.	19.10 Q1: Which of the following CGI environment variables can a CGI script use to access user input?  QUERY_STRING.  HTTP_ACCEPT.	
	<ul><li>SCRIPT_NAME.</li><li>REQUEST_METHOD.</li></ul>	
20.	19.10 Q2: When a question mark is included in a URL it:	
	<ul> <li>Delimits name-value pairs in a query string.</li> <li>Is considered part of the query string.</li> <li>Separates the query string from the requested resource.</li> <li>Is considered part of the resource requested by the user.</li> </ul>	
	Is considered part of the resource requested by the user.	
21.	Section 19.11 Using XHTML Forms to Send Input	
	19.11 Q1: XHTML forms:	
	<ul> <li>Provide an intuitive way for users to input information to be sent to a CGI script.</li> <li>Can contain checkboxes and radio buttons.</li> <li>All of the above.</li> </ul>	
	Each contain an action attribute and a method attribute.	
22.	19.11 Q2: When using the post method, a CGI script gets form data from the browser by using:  None of the above.	
	Environment variable CONTENT.	
	<ul><li>Environment variable QUERY_STRING.</li><li>The standard input stream.</li></ul>	
	The Standard Input Stream.	

23.	Section 19.12 Other Headers
	<pre>19.12 Q1: is an HTTP header that redirects the client to a new location after a specified amount of time has elapsed.</pre>
24.	19.12 Q2: CGI allows scripts to interact with servers in which of the following ways?
	<ul> <li>By the Web server setting environment variables whose values are available to the script.</li> </ul>
	Through the output of headers to the server via the standard input stream.
	Through POSTed, URL-encoded data sent by the server to the script's standard output stream.
	All of the above.
25.	Section 19.13 Case Study: An Interactive Web Page
	19.13 Q1: The string library function find:
	Returns true if the desired string was found, and false if it was not found.
	Returns the desired string if it was found.
	Returns the position number of the first occurrence of the desired string if it is found.
	None of the above.
26.	Section 19.14 Other Headers
	19.14 Q1: Cookies are considered a privacy and security concern because:
	They store information about the user on the Web server.
	Browsers require that users accept cookies.
	They can be used to identify users and keep track of users' actions at a particular site.
	They break into computers and erase hard drive data.

27.	19.14 Q2: Which of the following is not true about cookies?
	Each cookie is accessible only from the CGI script that created it.
	The Set-Cookie: line must be output before the header is written to the client.
	The browser deletes cookies when they expire.
	Stored cookie data can be accessed by using the HTTP_COOKIE environment variable.
28.	Section 19.15 Server-Side Files
	<ul> <li>19.15 Q1: Server-side files:</li> <li>Are inaccessible if they are placed in the cgi-bin directory.</li> <li>Are less secure than using cookies to store user data.</li> <li>Provide a reasonably secure method of maintaining information.</li> <li>Can be altered by anyone with access to a Web browser.</li> </ul>
29.	Section 19.16 Case Study: Shopping Cart  19.16 Q1: In a Web-based shopping-cart application, the cookie that
	stores the shopping cart's contents should be initialized at the end of which CGI script?
	checkout.cgi.
	oviewcart.cgi.
	ogin.cgi.
	○ shop.cgi.
	Clear Answers / Start Over  Submit Answers for Grading

Answer choices in this exercise appear in a different order each time the page is loaded.

