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Capítulo 1

This activity contains 19 questions.

1.	Section 1.2 What Is a Computer?	
	 1.2 Q1: Which of the following is not part of a computer's hardware? The screen. The keyboard. The hard disk. The operating system. 	
2.	Section 1.3 Computer Organization	
	1.3 Q1: Which of the following is not one of the six logical units of a computer?	
	O Printer.	
	Central processing unit.	
	O Input unit.	
	Output unit.	
3.	Section 1.4 Early Operating Systems	
	The scheduling procedure that increases throughput by minimizing idle time is:	
	Operating system.	
	Single user batch processing.	
	Compiling.	
	Multiprogramming.	
4.	Section 1.5 Personal, Distributed and Client/Server Computing	
	Which of the following is not a computer?	
	○ LAN.	
	O File server.	
	Workstation.	

Personal computer.

5.	Section 1.6 The Internet and the World Wide Web
	The development of the Internet was originally funded by which U.S. agency?
	Federal Communications Commission.
	Federal Trade Commission.
	Department of Defense.
	National Security Agency.
6.	Section 1.7 Machine Languages, Assembly Languages and High-Level Languages
	1.7 Q1: Which of the following is not one of the three general types of computer languages?
	Machine languages.
	High-level languages.
	Spoken languages.
	Assembly languages.
7.	1.7 Q2: Which of the following statements is true?
	Interpreter programs run faster than compiler programs.
	Compilers translate high-level language into machine language.
	d. Interpreter programs use assembly language as input.
	Interpreted programs run faster than compiled programs.
8.	Section 1.8 History of C and C++
	1.8 Q1: Today, virtually all new major operating systems are written in:
	○ B or BCPL.
	○ C or C++.
	○ Smalltalk.
	O UNIX.

9.	1.8 Q2: C++ is a:
	Subset of the C Language.
	Typeless language.
	Hybrid object-oriented language.
	Pure object-oriented language.
10.	Section 1.9 C++ Standard Library
	1.9 Q1: Which of the following statements about the $C++$ Standard Library is false:
	☐ The C++ Standard Library is an important part of the C++ "world."
	The C++ Standard Library consists of classes and functions that perform tasks.
	The C++ Standard Library functions and classes are not included in every C++ implementation.
	 An advantage of using classes and functions from the C++ Standard Library is saving the effort of designing, developing and testing new classes.
11.	Section 1.10 History of Java
	1.10 Q1: Java was originally developed for:
	Intelligent consumer devices.
	Operating systems development.
	Distributed computing.
	Personal computers.
12.	Section 1.11 FORTRAN, COBOL, Pascal and Ada
	1.11 Q1: Which of the following languages is used primarily for scientific and engineering applications?
	O FORTRAN.
	O Pascal.
	O Basic.
	COBOL.

1.11 Q2: Pascal lacks which feature found in both Ada and Java?

	Ease of use as an instructional language.	
	Ability to perform only one activity at a time.	
	Ability to specify simultaneous activities.	
	Structured programming.	
14.	Section 1.12 BASIC, Visual Basic, Visual C++, C# and .NET	
	1.12 Q1: Which language was developed expressly for the .NET platform?	
	○ C#.	
	O Basic.	
	O Visual Basic.	
	○ Visual C++.	
15.	Section 1.13 Key Software Trend: Object Technology	
	1.13 Q1: Which of the following is not one of the benefits of object-oriented programming?	
	Fewer source code files.	
	Enables code reuse.	
	More understandable code.	
	More easily-maintained code.	
16.	Section 1.14 Typical C++ Development Environment	
	1.14 Q1: Preprocessor directives are processed before the	
	C++program is:	
	C Linked.	
	Compiled.	
	Loaded	
	Executed	
17.	1.14 Q2: In phase 4 of a C++ program, the linker links:	
	The object code with the external libraries	
	The primary memory with the CPU	
	The executable code with primary memory	
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	The source code with the object code
18.	Section 1.17 Software Engineering Case Study: Introduction to Object Technology and the UML
	1.17 Q1: The other classes or functions that use a certain class are referred to as its:
	Clients.
	Member functions.
	Methods.
	O Data members.
19.	1.17 Q2: Which of the following is not true of object-oriented design?
	OOD encapsulates attributes and operations into objects.
	OOD takes advantage of inheritance relationships.
	Each class can be used to create multiple objects.
	OOD focuses on actions (verbs).
	OOD TOCUSES OIT ACTIONS (VELDS).
	Clear Answers / Start Over Submit Answers for Grading

Answer choices in this exercise appear in a different order each time the page is loaded.

