```
Digits := 20:
# Your fixed-point function g
g := x \rightarrow (x^3 - 0.5 * x - 1.7) / \operatorname{sqrt}(x^2 + 24):
# Steffensen update S for g
S := x \to x - ((g(x) - x)^2) / (g(g(x)) - 2 * g(x) + x):
# Initial value and how many g-iterations per row
x0 := -1.3:
m := 3:
           # number of g-iterations to show per seed
Smax := 2:
             # we want rows for 0, 1, and 2 Steffensen updates
# Compute the row seeds:
\# Base[0] = x0
\# Base[1] = S(x0)
\# Base[2] = S(S(x0))
Base := Array(0..Smax) :
Base[0] := evalf(x\theta):
for s from 1 to Smax do
  Base[s] := evalf(S(Base[s-1])):
od:
# Fill the results table X[#Steffensen updates, #g-iterations]
# Column 0 is the seed; columns 1..m are successive g-iterates
X := Array(0..Smax, 0..m):
for s from 0 to Smax do
  X[s, 0] := Base[s]:
  x := Base[s]:
  for k from 1 to m do
     x := evalf(g(x)):
     X[s,k] := x:
  od:
od:
# Pretty print
printf("X[#Steffensen_updates, #g-iterations]\n") :
for s from 0 to Smax do
  printf("Row s=\%d:\n", s):
  for k from 0 to m do
     printf(" X[\%d,\%d] = \%.12f \ ", s, k, X[s,k]):
```

```
od:
  od;
X[#Steffensen updates, #g-iterations]
Row s=0:
 X[0,0] = -1.300000000000
 X[0,1] = -0.640619621473
 X[0,2] = -0.332463103524
  X[0,3] = -0.319844595634
Row s=1:
 X[1,0] = -0.062092977194
 X[1,1] = -0.340695211837
 X[1,2] = -0.319539422045
 X[1,3] = -0.320377309057
Row s=2:
 X[2,0] = -0.321032517826
 X[2,1] = -0.320312484540
 X[2,2] = -0.320343640053
 X[2,3] = -0.320342287893
```