```
# Define the function and its derivative
  f := x \rightarrow \sin(2 * x) - x^2 + 1.3;
  fp := x \rightarrow 2 * cos(2 * x) - 2 * x;
  # Initial guess
  x0 := 3.1;
  # Newton's method parameters
  maxIter := 6;
  # Loop
  for n from 1 to maxIter do
    x1 := evalf(x0 - f(x0)/fp(x0));
    printf("x[%d] = %.12f, f(x[%d]) = %.12f, f'(x[%d]) = %.12f\n",
        n, x1, n, f(x1), n, fp(x1));
    x0 := x1;
  end do;
                                f \coloneqq x \mapsto \sin(2 \cdot x) - x^2 + 1.3
                                fp := x \mapsto 2 \cdot \cos(2 \cdot x) - 2 \cdot x
                                         x0 := 3.1
                                        maxIter := 6
                                     x1 := 1.104930503
x[1] = 1.104930503000, f(x[1]) = 0.881782560300, f'(x[1]) =
-3.402750933000
                                     x0 := 1.104930503
                                     x1 := 1.364068647
x[2] = 1.364068647000, f(x[2]) = -0.158907350000, f'(x[2]) =
-4.559613318000
                                     x0 := 1.364068647
                                    x1 := 1.329217589
x[3] = 1.329217589000, f(x[3]) = -0.002241865000, f'(x[3]) =
-4.429500072000
                                     x0 := 1.329217589
                                     x1 := 1.328711468
```

```
x[4] = 1.328711468000, f(x[4]) = -0.000000496000, f'(x[4]) = -4.427546393000
x0 := 1.328711468
xI := 1.328711356
x[5] = 1.328711356000, f(x[5]) = -0.000000001000, f'(x[5]) = -4.427545961000
x0 := 1.328711356
xI := 1.328711356
x[6] = 1.328711356000, f(x[6]) = -0.000000001000, f'(x[6]) = -4.427545961000
x0 := 1.328711356
(1)
x = 1.328711356
```