

# Agenda

What is Git?

Clone repository

Add/Modify files

View Diff

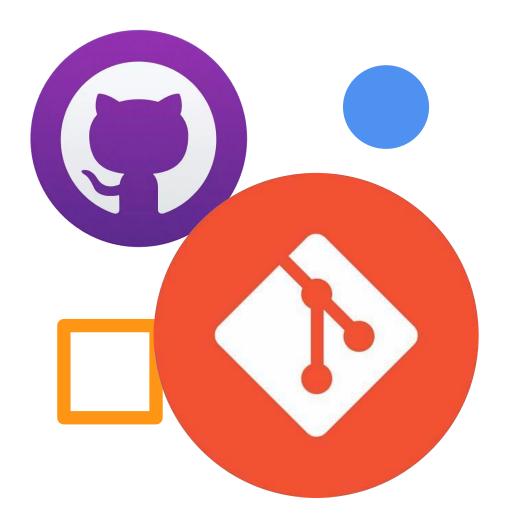
Commit/Push/Pull

Create branch

Pull request & merge

# What is Git

Git is an open-source version control system, that allows us to make collaboration easier. It keeps history of code changes, and lets multiple people work on the same codebase more seamlessly



# Cloning Repositories

# Set-up

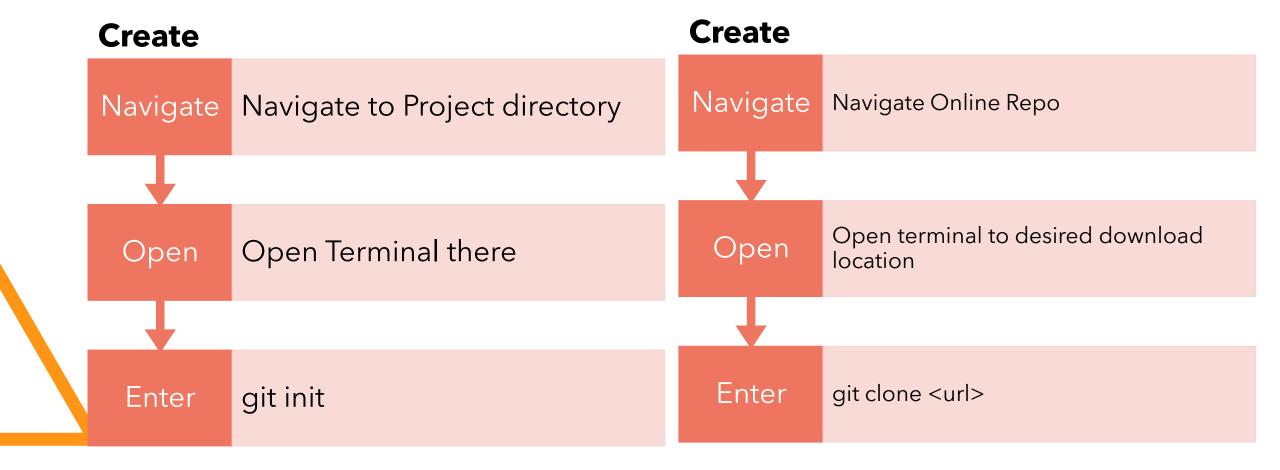
## **Configure user**

- On your computer, open the Git Shell application.
- Enter these lines (with appropriate changes):
  - git config --global user.name "John Smith"
  - git config -global user.email jsmith@example.com

### **Notes**

- Only needs to be done once
- Password will be asked on commits/pushes and similar operations

# Create/Clone Directory



# Saving Changes

# git add

- Stages an edited file
  - Saying I want to upload this on next commit
- Allows for directories or files
- git add <file or dir>
- git status
  - Shows changes waiting to be comitted

# git diff

- Shows what has changed between an edited file
- git diff <file>

```
PS D:\Documents\Github\NN> git diff .\main.py
diff --git a/main.py b/main.py
index 24ac085..73e0ce1 100644
-- a/main.py
+++ b/main.py
@@ -1,3 +1,7 @@
+import numpy as np
+import gzip
+from tqdm import tqdm
class Error(Exception):
        """Base class for exceptions in this module."""
        pass
@@ -181,10 +185,10 @@ class nn():
                print("-Timeline")
                print(timeline)
                print("----")
                for i, inputs in enumerate(timeline):
                for i, inputs in tqdm(enumerate(timeline)):
                        inputs=dict(zip(self.input_mapping,inputs))
                        outputs=self.forwardstep(inputs)
                        print(i, inputs, outputs)
                        #print(i, inputs, outputs)
                        #self.print()
```

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# Commit & Syncing

### **Commit**

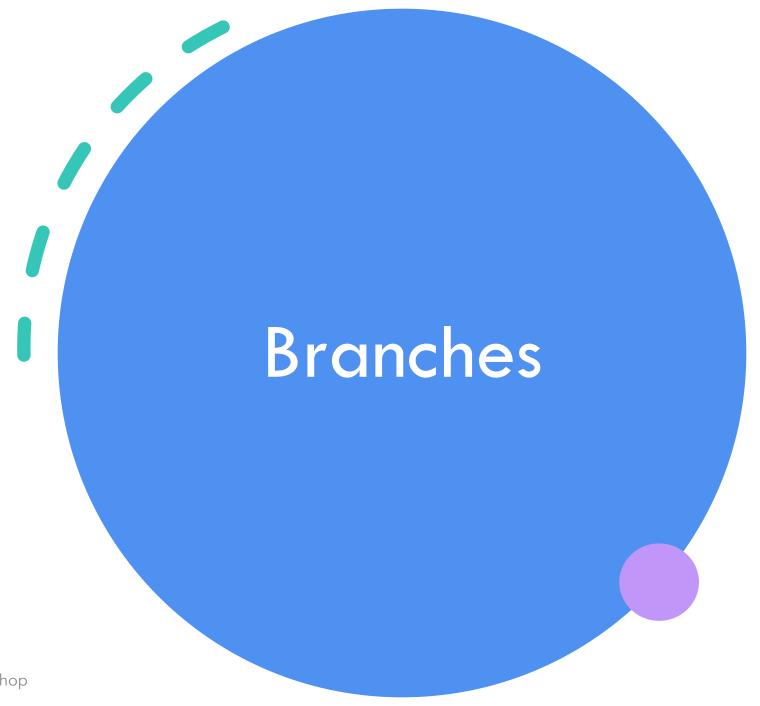
- Saves a snapshot of project
- Adds it to the local repository
- Usage:
  - git commit
  - git commit -m "commit message"

### Push

- Upload local repo to GitHub
- Usage
  - git push

### **Pull**

- Download content from GitHub and update local repo
- Usage
  - git pull



# Branching



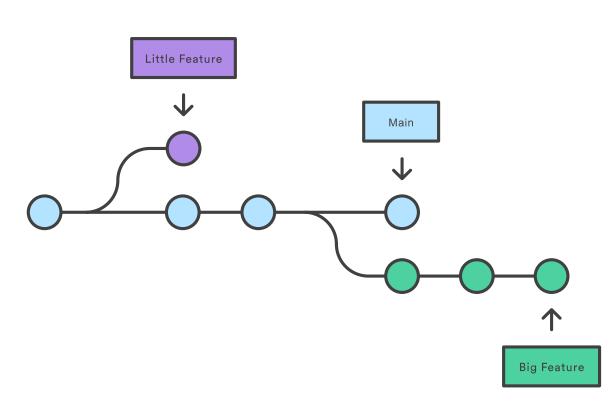
Used when we want to add a new feature or fix bugs



Helps keep main branch clean



Can clean up code in branch before merging to main.



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# Commands

# git branch

• lists all branches in repo

# git branch <br/> branch>

• create a new branch with name <branch>

# git branch -d <branch>

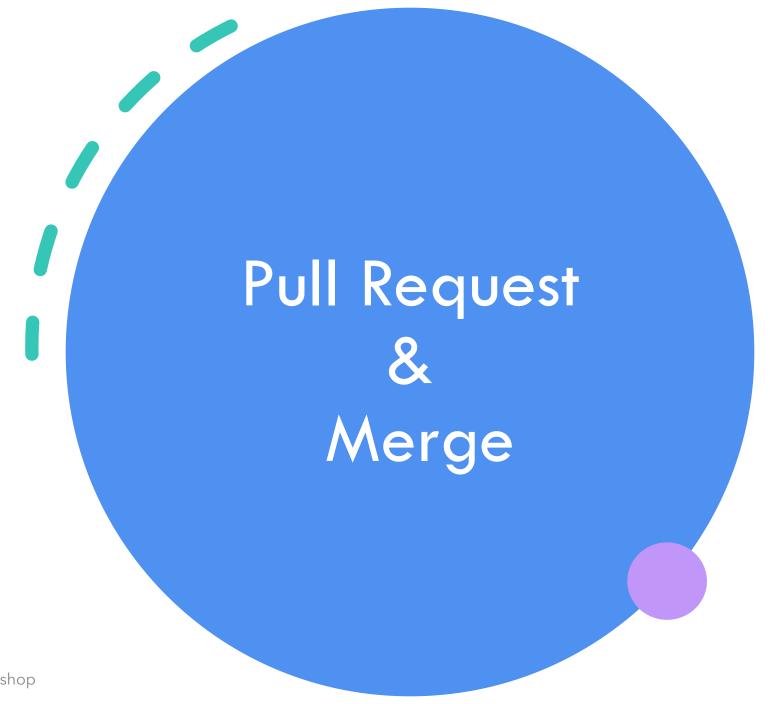
• delete branch after merge

# git checkout <branch>

• swich local repo to commit to <br/>branch>

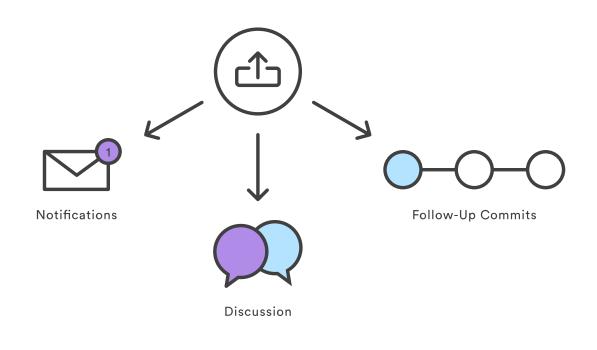
## git checkout -b < new-branch>

combines checkout and create branch



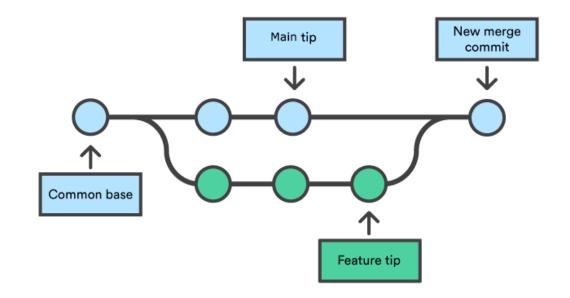
# Pull Request

- Used to discuss changes before moving them into main branch
- Request a branch or fork to get merged into another



# Merge

- Combine multiple commits
- commonly used to combine branches together
- Steps



# Merge Steps

Make sure the receiving branch is checked out.

• git status

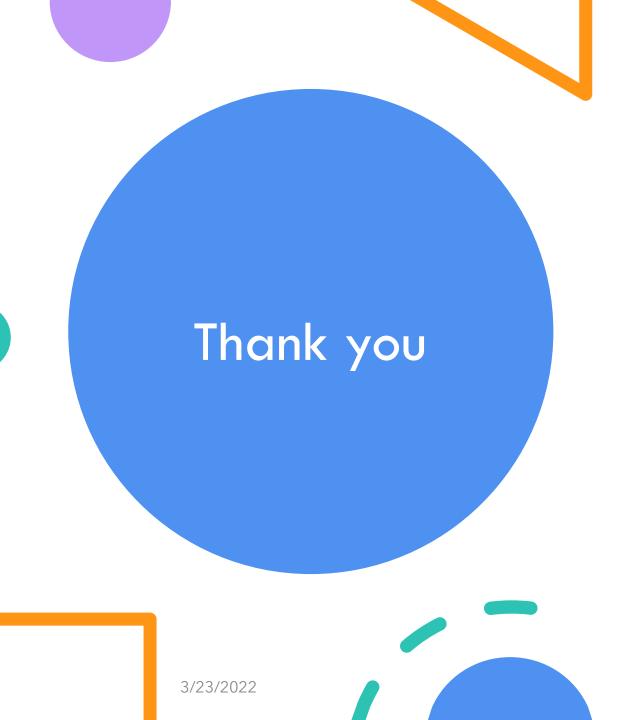
If not on right branch

• git checkout <br/>branch> Fetch latest remote commits

- git fetch
- git pull

Run the merge command

git merge<branch>



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