class06

Ziyuan Han

10/15/2021

quick R Markdown intro

We can write text of course just like any file, we can **style the text to be bold** or *italic*

Do: -this -that -and another thing

this is new text (two whitespaces to create a new line) and this is a new line

— we can include some code:

```
# this is a comment
student1 <- c(100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 90)
student2 <- c(100, NA, 90, 90, 90, 90, 97, 80)
student3 <- c(90, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA)
```

short cut for adding code chunck option + command + I (for R code)

Q1. Write a function grade() to determine an overall grade from a vector of student homework assignment scores dropping the lowest single score. If a student misses a homework (i.e. has an NA value) this can be used as a score to be potentially dropped. Your final function should be adquately explained with code comments and be able to work on an example class gradebook such as this one in CSV format: "https://tinyurl.com/gradeinput" [3pts] First, find the lowest score using min(), and the which.min() function to find where it is (ie. the position in the vector)

```
which.min(student1)
```

[1] 8

```
student1[-which.min(student1)]
```

```
## [1] 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
```

Now I can call the **mean()** function to get the average.

```
mean(student1[-which.min(student1)])
```

[1] 100

```
student2
## [1] 100 NA 90 90 90 97 80
mean(student2)
## [1] NA
mean(student2,na.rm=TRUE)
## [1] 91
which(is.na(student2))
## [1] 2
!is.na(student2) #try to reverse the TRUE and FALSE
## [1] TRUE FALSE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE
student2[which(is.na(student2))] = 0
student3[which(is.na(student3))] = 0
mean(student3[-which.min(student3)])
## [1] 12.85714
student4 <-c(100, NA, 90, "90", 90, 90, 97, 80)
student4 <-as.numeric(student4)</pre>
student4[is.na(student4)]=0
mean(student4[-which.min(student4)])
## [1] 91
#write a function
grade <-function(x){</pre>
  x<-as.numeric(x)</pre>
  x[is.na(x)] = 0
  mean(x[-which.min(x)])
}
grade(student1)
```

[1] 100

```
gradebook<-"https://tinyurl.com/gradeinput"</pre>
scores<-read.csv(gradebook,row.names = 1)</pre>
scores
##
              hw1 hw2 hw3 hw4 hw5
## student-1 100 73 100
                          88
                              79
## student-2
              85
                  64
                      78
                          89
                              78
## student-3
                      77 100
                               77
              83
                  69
## student-4
              88 NA
                      73 100
                              76
## student-5
              88 100 75
                          86
                              79
## student-6
              89 78 100
                           89 77
## student-7
              89 100 74
                          87 100
## student-8
              89 100 76
                          86 100
## student-9
              86 100
                      77
                           88 77
## student-10 89 72 79
                          NA 76
## student-11 82
                  66
                      78
                          84 100
## student-12 100 70 75 92 100
## student-13 89 100 76 100
                              80
## student-14 85 100 77
                          89 76
## student-15 85 65
                      76
                          89 NA
## student-16 92 100 74
                          89 77
## student-17 88
                  63 100
                           86 78
## student-18 91
                  NA 100
                           87 100
## student-19 91
                  68 75
                          86 79
## student-20 91 68 76
                          88 76
avg_perstudent <- apply(scores,1,grade)</pre>
\#\# Q2\#\# who is the toppest student: student 18
avg_perstudent[which.max(avg_perstudent)]
## student-18
##
         94.5
##From your analysis of the gradebook, which homework was toughest on students (i.e. obtained the lowest
scores overall?##: Homework 2
mask <- scores
mask[is.na(mask)] = 0
avg_perhw <- apply(mask,2,mean)</pre>
avg_perhw[which.min(avg_perhw)]
## hw2
## 72.8
```

##Optional Extension: From your analysis of the gradebook, which homework was most predictive of overall score (i.e. highest correlation with average grade score)? ## Homework5

```
ans <- apply(scores,1,grade)</pre>
cor(mask$hw1,ans)
## [1] 0.4250204
cor(mask$hw2,ans)
## [1] 0.176778
cor(mask$hw3,ans)
## [1] 0.3042561
cor(mask$hw4,ans)
## [1] 0.3810884
cor(mask$hw5,ans)
## [1] 0.6325982
apply(mask,2,cor,ans)
         hw1
                   hw2
                              hw3
                                        hw4
                                                  hw5
## 0.4250204 0.1767780 0.3042561 0.3810884 0.6325982
boxplot(scores)
```

