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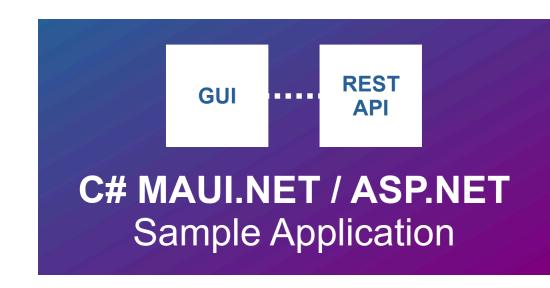
- https://github.com/ghackenberg
- https://linkedin.com/in/georghackenberg
- https://youtube.com/@georghackenberg

Also check out https://mentawise.com and https://caddrive.org



Deck overview

- Section 1 Basics you should know before diving deeper
- Section 2 The CustomLib project containing common classes
- Section 3 The CustomApi project implementing the backend
- Section 4 The CustomApp project implementing the frontend



Section 1 - Basics

Domain model and package structure

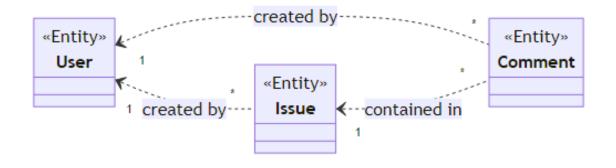
Domain model

Domain model overview

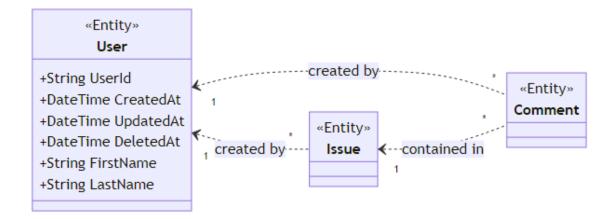
The diagram on the right shows the domain model implemented by the application.

The data model consists of **three entities**, namely User, Issue, and
Comment.

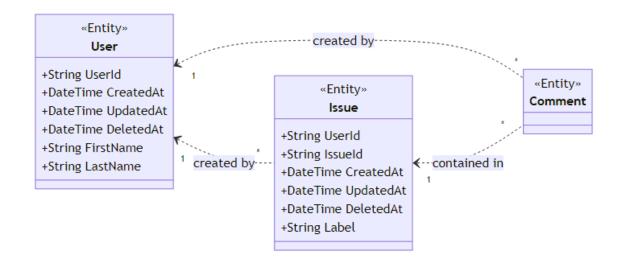
Issues and comments are created by users, comments are contained in issues.



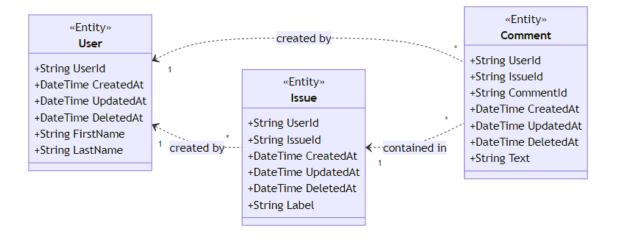
The User entity



The Issue entity



The Comment entity



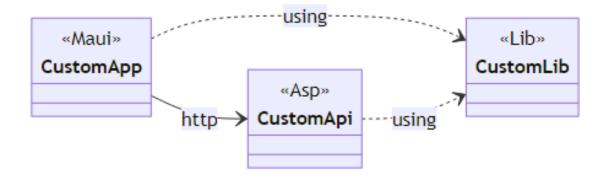
Project structure

The project structure

The sample application comprises three code projects: CustomLib, CustomApi, and CustomApp.

The CustomLib provides a common class library used by the other two projects.

The CustomApi implements the backend, the CustomApp the frontend.



Section 2 - The CustomLib project

Messages, exceptions, and interfaces

Messages

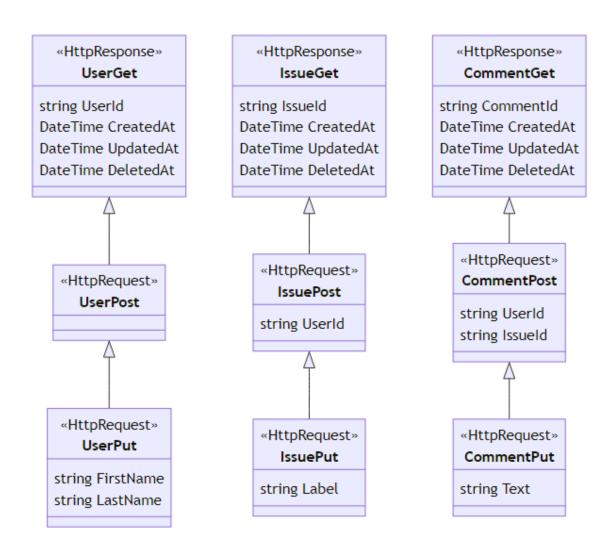
Data exchange between frontend and backend

Message overview

The REST API uses request and response **messages** for working with these entities.

For **each resource** (i.e. user, issue, comment) we distinguish Get, Post, and Put messages.

In the following, we describe each **type of message** in more detail including their data fields.



Put messages

The Put structures contain the fields that you can **override later** after creating an instance.

More coming soon

«HttpRequest» **UserPut**

string FirstName string LastName «HttpRequest»

IssuePut

string Label

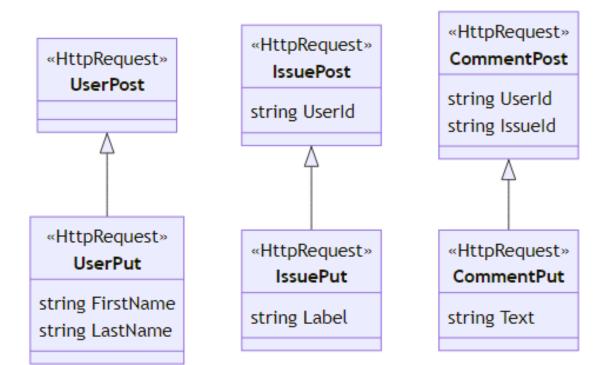
«HttpRequest»
CommentPut

string Text

Post messages

The Post structures derive from the Put structures and add the fields that you can **set only initially** when creating an instance such as entity references.

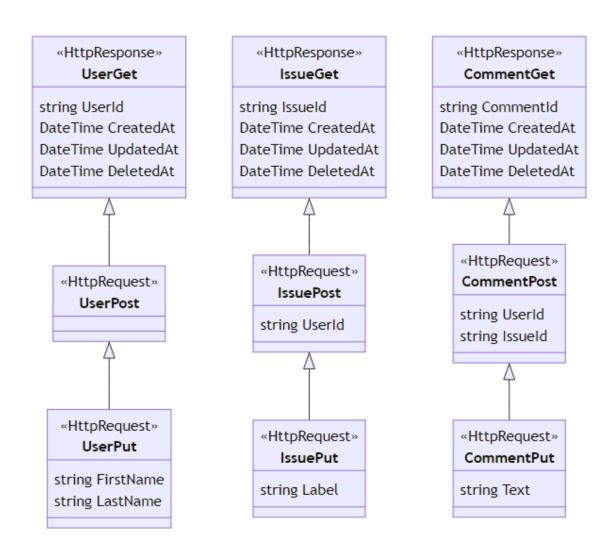
More coming soon



Get messages

Finally, the Get structures derive from the Post structures and add the fields that are **read only** such as instance identifiers and timestamps.

More coming soon



Exceptions

Problems during service execution

Exception overview

Interfaces

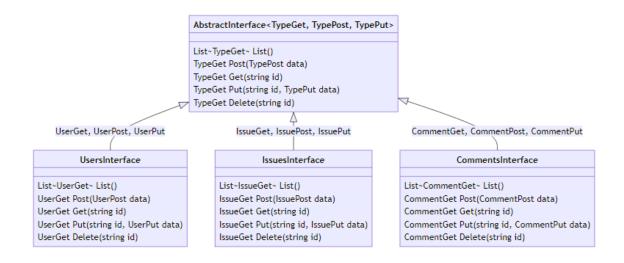
Methods provided by backend and required by frontend

Interface overview

Based on the message data structures we **define the methods** of the REST API.

We use a **generic interface** model including List, Post, Get, Put, and Delete methods.

In the following, we explain each method in more detail including inputs and outputs.

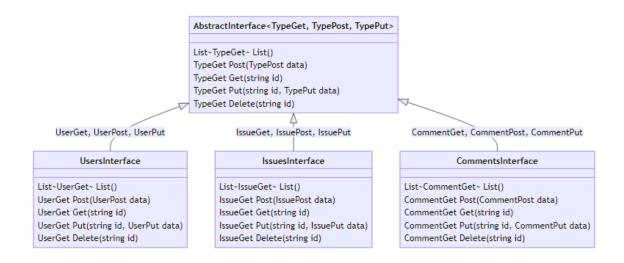


The List method

The List method returns a **collection** of created (and *not* deleted) instances.

Note that in our case the method does not require any input parameters.

Usually the input parameters are used for **filtering and paging** the instances.

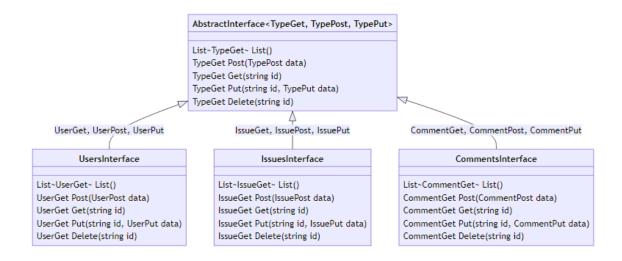


The Post method

The Post method creates and returns new instances of a given entity type.

The **input parameters** use the corresponding Post message defined previously.

The **return type** corresponds to the respective Get message from before.

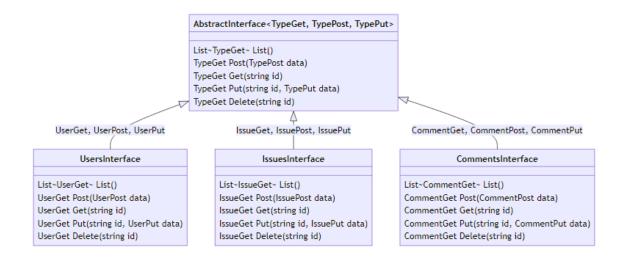


The Get method

The Get method returns an existing instance with a given identifier.

The single input parameter represents the identifier of the desired instance.

The **return type** corresponds to the respective Get message from before.

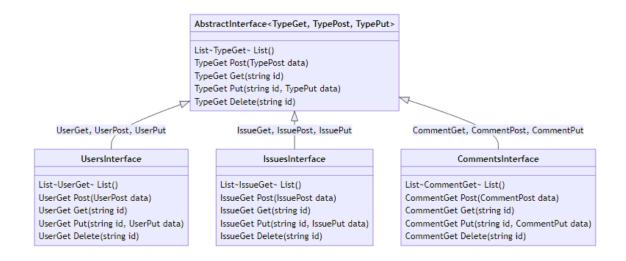


The Put method

The Put method overrides and returns an existing instance with a given identifier.

The **two input parameters** are the identifier of the instance and the respective Put message.

The **return type** corresponds to the respective Get type as introduced before.

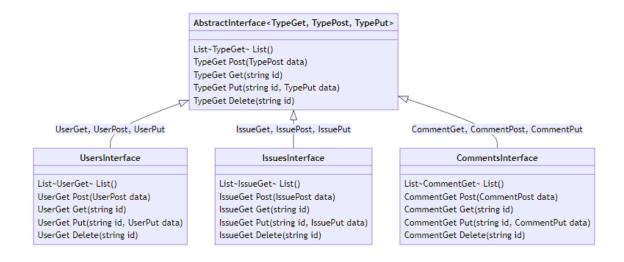


The Delete method

Finally, the Delete method deletes and returns an existing instance with a given identifier.

Note that deleting an instance **does not remove** the dataset from the database.

Instead, the DeletedAt timestamp of the instance is **set to the current timestamp**.



Section 3 - The CustomApi project

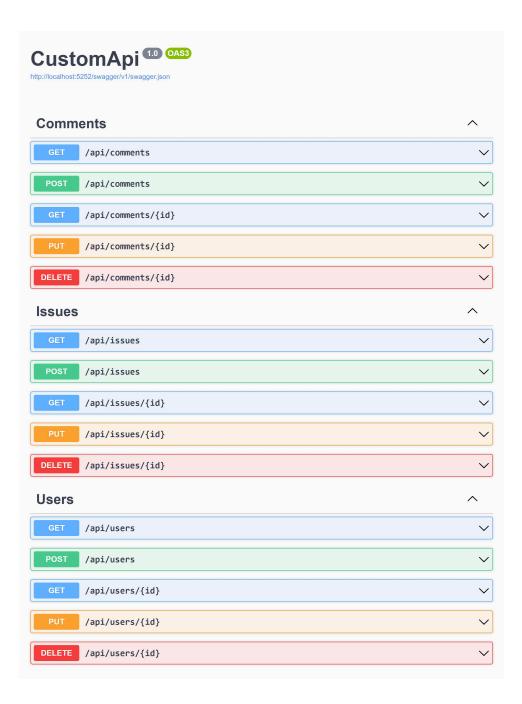
ASP.NET backend and controllers

ASP.NET backend

The data itself is managed by an **ASP.NET backend** service with standard REST API.

The screenshot on the right provides an **overview** of the API services exposed.

For each **resource** (i.e. user, issue, comment), the same set of functions is defined.



Controllers

Controller overview

Section 4 - The CustomApp project

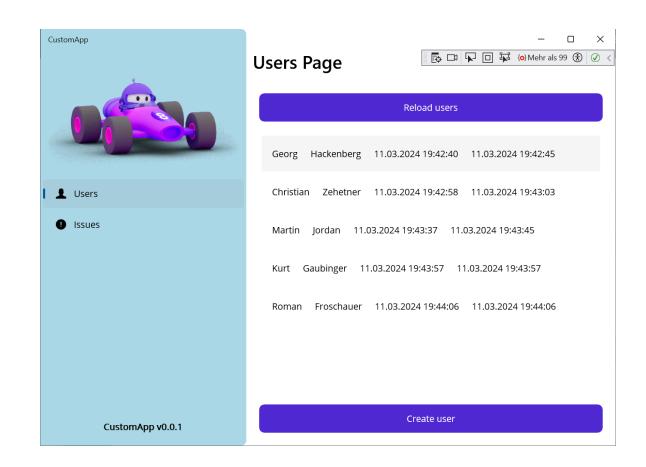
MAUI.NET frontend, view models, and pages

MAUI.NET frontend

The C# MAUI.NET / ASP.NET Sample Application features a **basic** graphical user interface (GUI).

With the GUI you can manage the users and the issues stored in the underlying database.

The screenshot on the right shows the **users page** listing all created user entities.

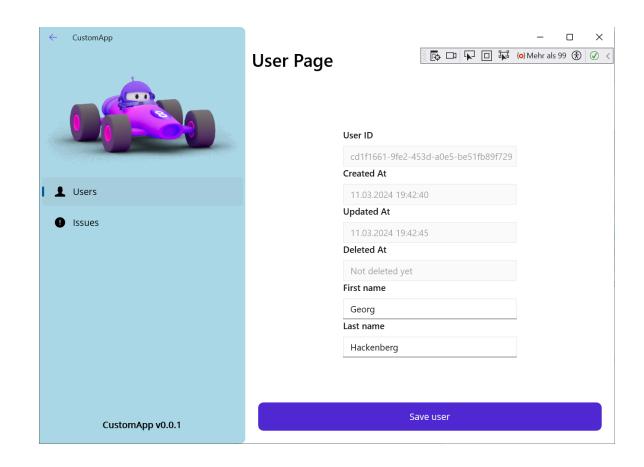


MAUI.NET frontend (cont'd)

When clicking an existing user or creating a new user, you enter the user detail page.

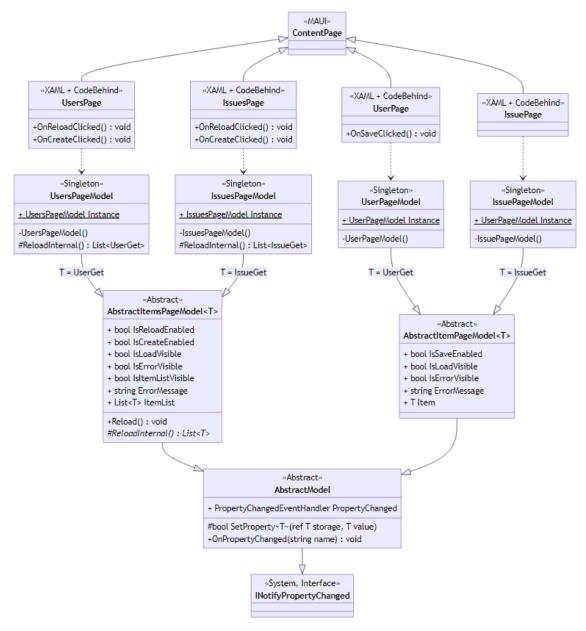
The user detail page shows all the data associated with a user entity in the database.

You can change the **first and last name**, the other fields are set automatically.



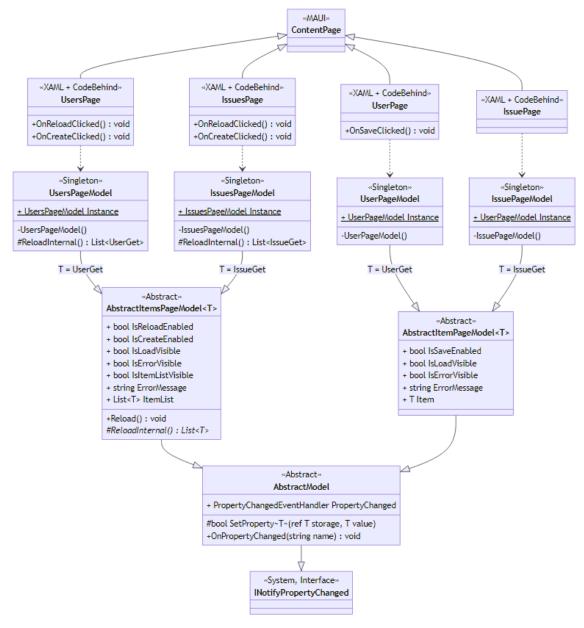
View models

View model overview



Pages

Page overview



You are ready to code 🥷

Well done!