



Data Handling: Import, Cleaning and Visualisation

Wrap up, Q&A, Exam info, Feedback

Prof. Dr. Ulrich Matter

17/12/2020

Updates

Decentral exam

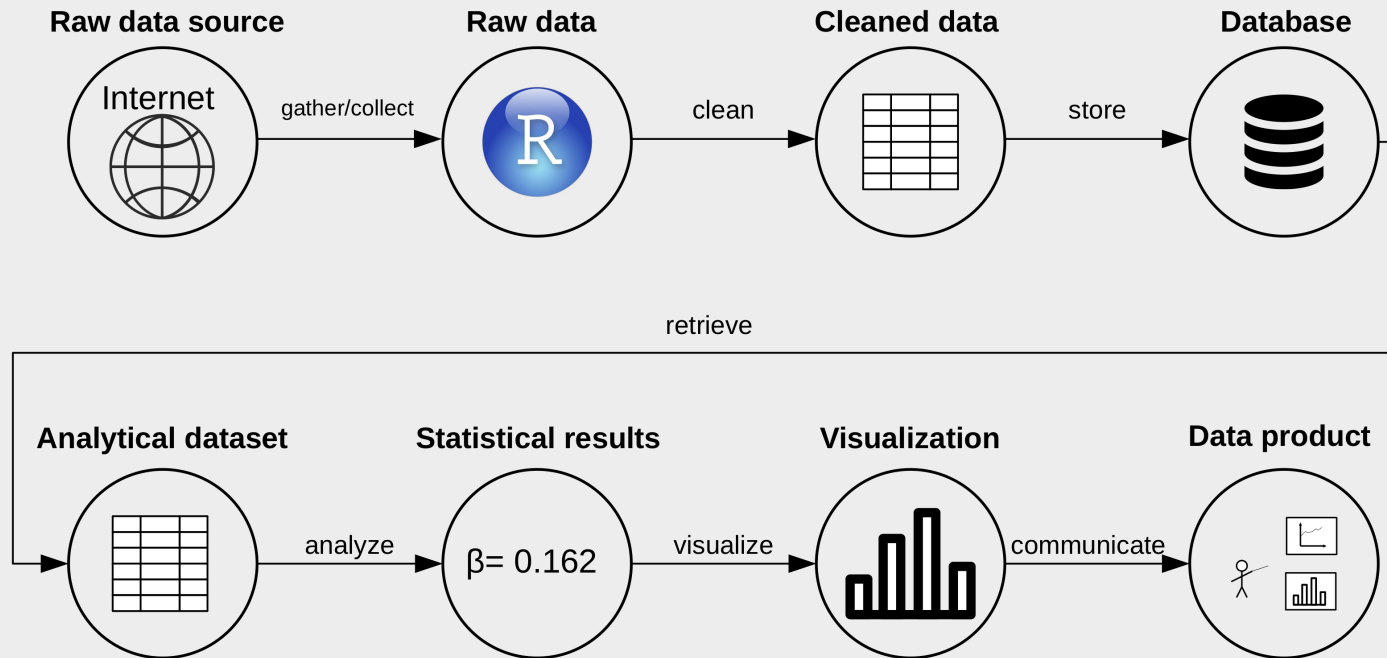
- Friday, 18 December
 - Decentral exam for **exchange students!**
 - See Canvas for details on **place/time!**
 - Bring your **student ID!**

Plan for today

1. Wrap up
2. Mock Exam/Exam Info
3. Q&A: Review of binary/hexadecimal system
4. Course Evaluation
5. Suggested Improvements
6. Final Remarks
7. Happy Holidays! 🎄

Wrap up

Data (science) pipeline



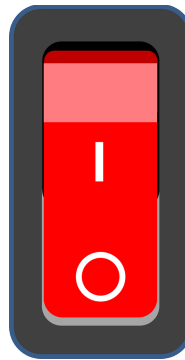
Mock Exam

Q&A

Review of binary/hexadecimal system

Microprocessors can only represent two signs (states):

- 'Off' = 0
- 'On' = 1



The binary counting frame

- Only two signs: 0, 1.
- Base 2.
- Columns: $2^0 = 1$, $2^1 = 2$, $2^2 = 4$, and so forth.

Conversion between binary/decimal

- Draw a binary counting frame/table
- Columns from right to left: $2^0 = 1$, $2^1 = 2$, $2^2 = 4$, and so forth.
- Fill in the respective binary values (0 or 1) in each column.
 - Binary to decimal: simply fill in the values starting with the right-most column/digit.
 - Decimal to binary: select largest column value that is smaller than (or equal to) the decimal number. Then fill up the remaining columns.
- (Same approach for hexadecimal/decimal etc.)

Example: Conversion from binary to decimal

- What is 1101 in decimal?

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 2^n | ... | 2^7 | 2^6 | 2^5 | 2^4 | 2^3 | 2^2 | 2^1 | 2^0 |
|-------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-----|-----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|
| 2^n | ... | 128 | 64 | 32 | 16 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
|-------|-----|-----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|

Example: Conversion from binary to decimal

- What is 1101 in decimal?

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-----|-----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|
| 2^n | ... | 128 | 64 | 32 | 16 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
|-------|-----|-----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|

Example: Conversion from binary to decimal

- What is 1101 in decimal?

| 2^n | ... | 128 | 64 | 32 | 16 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
|-------|-----|-----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |

Example: Conversion from binary to decimal

- What is 1101 in decimal?

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-----|-----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|
| 2^n | ... | 128 | 64 | 32 | 16 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| | | | | | | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |

-
- Solution:

$$(1 \times 8) + (1 \times 4) + (0 \times 2) + (1 \times 1) = 13.$$

Example: Conversion from decimal to binary

What is the decimal number 139 in binary?

Example: Conversion from decimal to binary

What is the decimal number 139 in binary?

- Solution:

$$(1 \times 2^7) + (1 \times 2^3) + (1 \times 2^1) + (1 \times 2^0) = 139.$$

Example: Conversion from decimal to binary

What is the decimal number 139 in binary?

- Solution:

$$(1 \times 2^7) + (1 \times 2^3) + (1 \times 2^1) + (1 \times 2^0) = 139.$$

- More precisely:

$$(1 \times 2^7) + (0 \times 2^6) + (0 \times 2^5) + (0 \times 2^4) + (1 \times 2^3) \\ + (0 \times 2^2) + (1 \times 2^1) + (1 \times 2^0) = 139.$$

- That is, the number 139 in the decimal system corresponds to 10001011 in the binary system.

The hexadecimal system

- **16 symbols:**
 - 0-9 (used like in the decimal system)...
 - and A-F (for the numbers 10 to 15).
- **16 symbols >>> base 16:** each digit represents an increasing power of 16 (16^0 , 16^1 , etc.).

The hexadecimal system

What is the decimal number 139 expressed in the hexadecimal system?

- Solution:

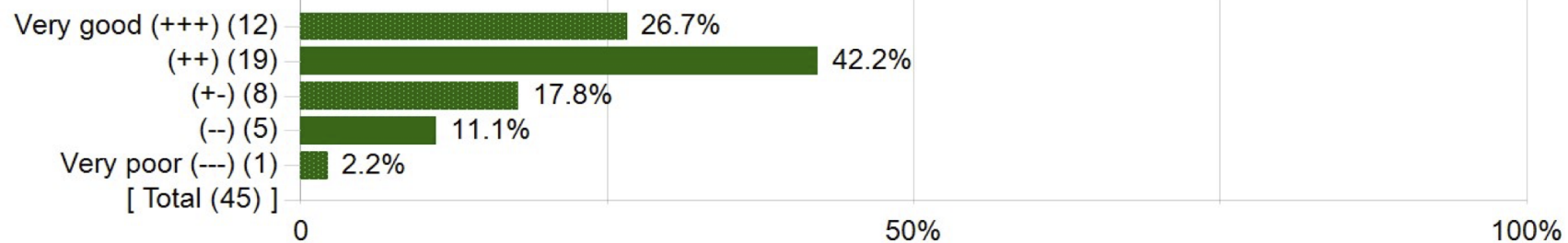
$$(8 \times 16^1) + (11 \times 16^0) = 139.$$

Course Evaluation

Course Evaluation: Summary

Overall Evaluation

How would you evaluate this course overall?



| Statistics | Value |
|--------------------|-------|
| Mean | 2.20 |
| Standard Deviation | 1.04 |

Course Evaluation: Open Feedback

Thanks a lot!

Positive Points

- Lecture notes/lecture materials
- Practical examples during lectures/exercises

Negative Points/Room for Improvement

- Why multiple choice examination and not students project?
- Exercises format (more, smaller groups, rooms)
- Lecture slides

Course Evaluation: Open Feedback

“Which aspects of this course should be changed so that future students can profit more from it?”

- Tutorial sessions 👍
- More ex(smaller) ercise sessions 👍
- Still ‘elective course format’ (not ‘mandatory course format’) 👍
- Assignments that count towards the grade 👍

Course Evaluation: Open Feedback

“Which aspects of this course should be changed so that future students can profit more from it?”

- Tutorial sessions 👍
- More (smaller) exercise sessions 👍
- Still ‘elective course format’ (not ‘mandatory course format’) 👍
- Assignments that count towards the grade 👍
- Challenge: Resources! 🍊

Course Evaluation: Open Feedback

“Which aspects of this course should be changed so that future students can profit more from it?”

- More basics, less topics
- More topics
- Challenge: Very heterogenous group (mandatory course) 🍷

Course Evaluation: Food for thought

- Expectations regarding specific evaluation criteria.
- Goals of the lecture
- Exam preparation
- Exercises vs exercises that are graded
- Responsibilities of lecturers and students

Course Evaluation: Food for thought

- Expectations regarding specific evaluation criteria.
- Goals of the lecture
- Exam preparation
- Exercises vs exercises that are graded
- Responsibilities of lecturers and students
- Problematic incentives for the lecturer (at least if (s)he is an economist...).



Course Evaluation: Food for thought

- Ask yourself early on what **you** can do to improve the situation!
- Do not forget to think for yourself!

My Feedback to You

- By and large attentive, focused (still room for improvement)
- Good questions

My Feedback to You

- Exploit learning by doing!
- Engage more in class!
- Think about what YOU can do to deal with the fact that this is a large lecture!

Improvements

Improvements

- **Course structure**
 - Each slide set/lecture note will at the beginning explicitly mention the learning goals.
 - Online tutorials
 - Split exercises/exercise sessions into 'more comfortable'/'less comfortable'

Improvements

- **Infrastructure**
 - (Cloud solution for exercises)
- **Examination**
 - (Examination: Written Exam (80%), Group project (20%))

Final Remarks

Final Remarks

- Materials will be updated on GitHub:
<https://github.com/umatter/datahandling>.

Final Remarks

- Materials will be updated on GitHub:
<https://github.com/umatter/datahandling>.
- Keep in touch (easiest way: **LinkedIn**).
 - Connect by pointing to this course.

Final Remarks

- Materials will be updated on GitHub:
<https://github.com/umatter/datahandling>.
- Keep in touch (easiest way: **LinkedIn**).
 - Connect by pointing to this course.
- All the best for your exams! 👍

Final Remarks

- Materials will be updated on GitHub:
<https://github.com/umatter/datahandling>.
- Keep in touch (easiest way: **LinkedIn**).
 - Connect by pointing to this course.
- All the best for your exams! 👍
- All the best for your studies and careers

Final Remarks

- Materials will be updated on GitHub:
<https://github.com/umatter/datahandling>.
- Keep in touch (easiest way: **LinkedIn**).
 - Connect by pointing to this course.
- All the best for your exams! 👍
- All the best for your studies and careers, **and finally, of course, ...**

```

      .      .      *** **
      !      .      ._*
      -_*- -      .-!-      ! !
      *      .-!-      ! !
      ***      .-!-      ! !
      *      ***.-!-      !-      !-
      *      ***$*.-!-      !-      !-      *
*      ***      * ***      !-..!-      *      *      *      *
*      ***      **$** *      !__!__!__!__!      !      !      ***      ***      .      *      ***
***      ***      *      ***      !__!__!__!__!      !      .***-.-*** *      *** * #
*****      *      ***$ *      !__!__!__!__!      !-..--'*****      #      '*-..--#      ***
*****      *      $**      .      !      *****      ***      ***
*****      *****      ***-..-!-      !      *****      ***      *****
*****      .-#.-'      '-.-'!-..!      *****      ****...      #
#      '-.-'      '-...--#.-'*****      '-.-'

```

Merry Christmas

#

(\ | _ \ | \ | (\ | _ \ | _ \ | |
\ , _ | | \ , _ | \ , _ | _ | \ , _ . _ / . _ / \ , _
| | |
\ | \ \ / \ \ / _ \ | _ |
| \ | _ ^ \ \ \ / | _ / (| | _ |
_ | \ _ | \ _ | \ _ / \ _ | \ _ , _ | _)