Hacking in C Assignment 4, Thursday, March 8, 2018

Handing in your answers: Submission via Blackboard (http://blackboard.ru.nl)

Deadline: Thursday, March 15, 23:59 (midnight)

- 1. There are two variants of this homework exercise: the "normal" variant and the "hard" variant. Only choose the hard variant if you want some extra challenge, otherwise pick the normal one. Download either the program https://cryptojedi.org/peter/teaching/hic2018/pwd-normal (normal) or the program https://cryptojedi.org/peter/teaching/hic2018/pwd-hard (hard).
 - (a) Use gdb to find out what the program does. Describe in detail (for example, equivalent C code) what the program does; write your answer to a file called exercise1a.
 - (b) Find an input (password) that makes the program print "You're root!". Explain why this input gives you "root access". Write your answer (both, input and explanation) to a file called exercise1b.

 Note: Choose the input such that the program does not crash after printing "You're root!".
- 2. Consider the following code snippet:

```
void heap_attack(void)
{
    //...
}
int main(void)
{
    char *s1 = malloc(8);
    if(s1 == NULL) return -1;
    char *s2 = malloc(8);
    if(s2 == NULL) return -1;

    //...
    heap_attack();
    printf("student 1: %s\n", s1);
    printf("student 2: %s\n", s2);
    return 0;
}
```

- (a) Copy this snippet to a file called exercise2.c.
- (b) Replace the //... in the main function to set s1 and s2 to your student numbers.
- (c) Why does the program allocate 8 bytes of heap space for the 7-character strings s1 and s2? Write your answer to a file called exercise2c.
- (d) Replace the //... in the function heap_attack such that one of the two printf function calls in main prints both s1 and s2 (separated by one or several spaces). The output of the other printf call should be unchanged.

Note: You may not change anything in the main function!

- **Hint 1:** Note that no address is passed to heap_attack, so you will have to search the heap for the two strings. If you allocate memory on the heap, it is most likely going to be close to s1 and s2.
- Hint 2: If you access memory that is too far outside the allocated area for your program, it will crash with a *segmentation fault*. If this happens, you are probably searching in the wrong direction (or at the wrong place).
- (e) We intentionally did not free the memory that is allocated for s1 and s2. What happens if you free this memory after calling your implementation of heap_attack? Explain why. Write your answer to a file called exercise2e.

3. Consider the following C code:

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
int main(void)
  int i,j;
  unsigned long long **m;
  unsigned long long **mt;
  while(1)
    // allocate matrix m
   m = malloc(1000*sizeof(unsigned long long*));
    if(m == NULL) return -1;
    for(i=0;i<1000;i++)
      m[i] = malloc(1000*sizeof(unsigned long long));
      if(m[i] == NULL) return -1;
    // allocate matrix mt
    mt = malloc(1000*sizeof(unsigned long long*));
    if(mt == NULL) return -1;
    for(i=0;i<1000;i++)
      mt[i] = malloc(1000*sizeof(unsigned long long));
      if(mt[i] == NULL) return -1;
    }
    for(i=0;i<1000;i++)
      for(j=0;j<1000;j++)
        m[i][j] = 1000*i+j;
    // transpose matrix m, write to mt
    for(i=0;i<1000;i++)
      for(j=0;j<1000;j++)
        mt[i][j] = m[j][i];
    // free matrices m and mt
    free(m);
    free(mt);
  }
  return 0;
}
```

- (a) Write the code to a file called exercise3.c.
- (b) Compile and run the code; describe what happens and explain why. Write your answer to a file called exercise3b.
- (c) Fix the problem in this code.

4. Place the files

- exercise1a,
- exercise1b,
- exercise2.c,
- exercise2c,
- exercise2e,
- exercise3.c (with the fix from exercise 3c)), and
- exercise3b

in a directory called hackingc-assignment4-STUDENTNUMBER1-STUDENTNUMBER2 (again, replace STUDENTNUMBER1 and STUDENTNUMBER2 by your respective student numbers). Make a tar.gz archive of the whole hackingc-assignment4-STUDENTNUMBER1-STUDENTNUMBER2 directory and submit this archive in Blackboard.