

# STATISTICAL MACHINE LEARNING ASSIGNMENT 4

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*The entire code listing is included in the zip-file. The listings shown here are merely code snippets.*

## 1 Neural networks

1. Since all the weights have the same update function, if all the weights are 0, after the updates they will still remain the same as the other weights. This way you don't break the symmetry when backpropagating.
2. First, we take the weighted sum of the input  $x$ :

$$a_j = \sum_i w_{ji} x_i + b_j^{(1)} x_0$$

$$a_1 = w_{11} \cdot x_1 + b_{31} \cdot x_0 = 0.5 + 1 = 1.5$$

$$a_2 = w_{21} \cdot x_1 + b_{32} \cdot x_0 = 0.05 + 0 = 0.05$$

$$a_3 = w_{31} \cdot x_1 + b_{33} \cdot x_0 = -0.5 + 1 = 0.5$$

Where the input  $x_i$  given in the assignment  $\in \{x_1, t_1\} = \{0.5, 0.25\}$ , and  $w_{ji}$  is also given  $\in w^{(1)} = [1, 0.1, -1]$ .

Now we calculate the activation  $z_j$  of unit  $j$ :

$$z_j = h(a_j) = \tanh(a_j) = \frac{e^{a_j} - e^{-a_j}}{e^{a_j} + e^{-a_j}}$$

$$z_1 = \tanh(1.5) = 0.90515$$

$$z_2 = \tanh(0.05) = 0.04996$$

$$z_3 = \tanh(0.5) = 0.46212$$

Then, we calculate the output using the linear activation function given in the assignment:

$$\begin{aligned} y &= \sum_j w_j^{(2)} z_j + b_1^{(2)} \\ &= w_1^{(2)} z_1 + w_2^{(2)} z_2 + w_3^{(2)} z_3 + b_1^{(2)} \\ &= -1 \cdot 0.90515 + 0.1 \cdot 0.04996 + -1 \cdot 0.46212 + 2 \\ &= -0.90515 + 0.004996 - 0.46212 + 2 \\ &= 0.63773 \end{aligned}$$

Second, we backpropagate the error  $\delta = (y - t)$

3.

4.

## **2 Neural network regression**

1.

## **3 EM and doping**

1.

## **4 Handwritten digit recognition**

1.