The analysis was done in a Jupyter Notebook. All CSV-files were merged with pandas, which was also used for filtering and creating dataframes to visualize. Matplotlib provides the graphs. The first scatterplot shows the distribution word typing times by trails. Y-axes were adjusted for easier visual comparisons.

```
In [147]: import pandas as pd
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          from matplotlib import rcParams
          from scipy.stats import ttest_rel
          # Read the data
          # https://stackoverflow.com/questions/20906474/import-multiple-csv-
          files-into-pandas-and-concatenate-into-one-dataframe
          li = []
          for part in range(1,5):
              df com = pd.read csv("p" + str(part) + " com final.csv", index
          col=None, header=0)
              li.append(df com)
              df Nocom = pd.read csv("p" + str(part) + " Nocom final.csv", in
          dex col=None, header=0)
              li.append(df Nocom)
          frame = pd.concat(li, axis=0, ignore index=True)
```

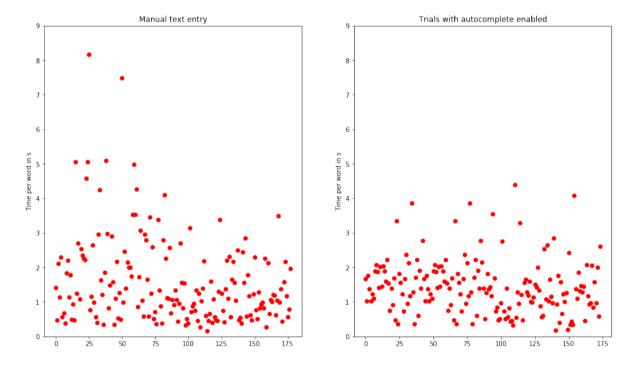
Displaying average typing speeds for autocompletion and manual typing

```
In [148]: data_manual = frame[(frame["autocompletion"] == False) & (frame["ev ent_type"] == "word typed")]
    data_auto = frame[(frame["autocompletion"] == True) & (frame["even t_type"] == "word typed")]
    data_words = frame[(frame["event_type"] == "word typed")]

In [149]: ## Visualization
# plot configurations
%matplotlib inline
rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (16,9)
```

Scatter

Out[150]: (0, 9)



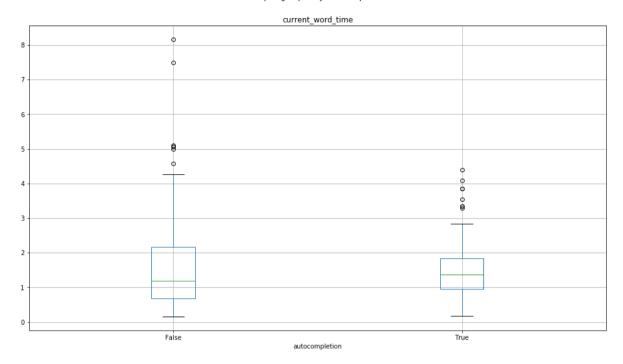
As can be seen from the Scatterplot, both stimuli look similar but manual text typing produces heavy outliers. The more detailed analysis using boxplots reassures this. The average time of entering a word is around 1.3 seconds

Boxplot

```
In [151]: data_words.boxplot(column="current_word_time", by="autocompletion")
```

Out[151]: <matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x114ae6198>

Boxplot grouped by autocompletion

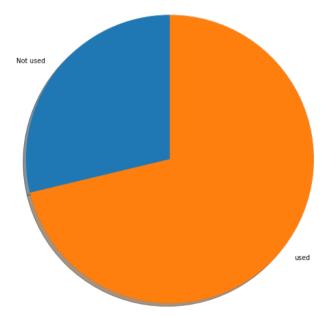


Out of 174 word, only 50 weren't typed without the auto complete feature, indicating a good user reception of the feature

Piechart

[50, 124]

```
Out[152]: (-1.1102786402036586,
1.1156174992513634,
-1.1178367860926188,
1.1008493707663152)
```



```
In [153]:
          # t-test
          t statistic 1, p value 1 = ttest rel(data auto["current word time"]
          , data_manual["current_word time"])
          print("p-value: %2.30f" %(p_value_1))
          ValueError
                                                     Traceback (most recent c
          all last)
          <ipython-input-153-8c69d90b7004> in <module>
                1 # t-test
          ---> 2 t statistic 1, p value 1 = ttest rel(data auto["current wo
          rd time"], data manual["current word time"])
                3 print("p-value: %2.30f" %(p value 1))
          /Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.6/lib/python3.6/si
          te-packages/scipy/stats/stats.py in ttest_rel(a, b, axis, nan_poli
          cy)
             4171
                      if a.shape[axis] != b.shape[axis]:
             4172
          -> 4173
                          raise ValueError('unequal length arrays')
             4174
                      if a.size == 0 or b.size == 0:
             4175
          ValueError: unequal length arrays
```

A final students t-test could not be conducted. As no errors are logged, corrections can trigger the word finished event multiple times (174 words for auto complete, 178 words for manual).

Written by Christoph Tögel

```
In [ ]:
```