Answers to Simple Questions

- 1. What is leverage in forex trading?
 - → Leverage allows traders to control a larger position in the market with a small amount of capital (margin).
- 2. What does 1:100 leverage mean?
 - → It means that for every \$1 in your account, you can control \$100 in the market.
- 3. If you deposit \$200 with a 1:100 leverage, how much can you control in the market? \rightarrow \$200 × 100 = \$20,000
- 4. What is the formula to calculate leverage?
 - → Leverage = Total Trade Size ÷ Margin Required
- 5. True or False: Leverage allows traders to control a larger position with a smaller amount of capital.
 - \rightarrow True
- 6. What is margin in forex trading?
 - → Margin is the amount of money required to open and maintain a leveraged position.
- 7. If you have \$500 in your account and use 1:100 leverage, how much is your total trade size? \rightarrow \$500 × 100 = \$50,000
- 8. How much margin is required to trade 1 lot (100,000 units) with 1:100 leverage? $\rightarrow 100,000 \div 100 = \$1,000$
- 9. Does leverage increase both profit and risk?
 - → Yes
- 10. What happens if the price moves against you when using high leverage?
 - → You can lose your capital quickly because losses are also magnified.

Answers to Hard Questions

- 1. If a trader has \$750 in their account and uses 1:100 leverage, what is the maximum position size they can control?
 - \rightarrow \$750 × 100 = \$**75,000**
- 2. If you want to trade 2 lots (200,000 units) of EUR/USD with 1:100 leverage, how much margin do you need?
 - \rightarrow 200,000 ÷ 100 = **\$2,000**
- 3. A trader deposits \$1,200 and uses 1:100 leverage. He makes a 5% profit on the total trade size. How much profit does he make?
 - \rightarrow Total trade size = \$1,200 × 100 = \$120,000
 - \rightarrow **Profit** = 5% of \$120.000 = **\$6.000**
- 4. A trader deposits \$2,000, and after using 1:100 leverage, the price moves against him by 2%. How much does he lose?
 - \rightarrow Total trade size = \$2,000 × 100 = \$200,000
 - \rightarrow **Loss** = 2% of \$200,000 = **\$4,000** (meaning he loses more than his deposit and could face a margin call).
- 5. If a broker offers 1:500 leverage instead of 1:100, how much margin is required to control \$100.000 in the market?
 - $\rightarrow 100.000 \div 500 = \200
- 6. A trader has \$5,000 in their account and takes a leveraged position of \$500,000. What leverage ratio is the trader using?
 - → Leverage = Total Trade Size ÷ Margin Required
 - \rightarrow 500,000 \div 5,000 = **1:100**
- 7. Why do brokers require margin even when offering high leverage?
 - → To ensure traders have enough funds to cover potential losses and to protect themselves from negative balances.

- 8. What are the risks of using too much leverage in forex trading?
 - \rightarrow Higher risk of margin calls, quick capital loss, increased emotional trading, and potential account wipeout.
- 9. If leverage increases both profit and risk, how can a trader manage risk effectively?
 - \rightarrow By using stop-loss orders, proper position sizing, risk-reward ratios, and trading with a disciplined strategy.
- 10. Explain why professional traders use lower leverage despite having access to high leverage.
 - \rightarrow Because they focus on **risk management**, **capital protection**, and **consistent profits**, rather than gambling with high risk.