Homework 1

Group 1

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1 Introduction

The ability to analyize and predict performance of a team using many dimensions is critical to competitive success in the professional Baseball industry. Therefore, we analyized the records of numerous professional baseball team from the years 1871 to 2006. Our hope is that the following report and the resulting predictive models will better inform the organization and assist in making data driven decisions moving forward.

"The goal of a baseball team is to win more games than any other team. Since one team has very little control over the number of games other teams win, the goal is essentially to win as many games as possible. Therefore, it is of interest to measure the player's contribution to the team's wins." Grabiner, B. D. 1

2 Statement of the Problem

The purpose of this report is to determine the batting, baserun, pitching, and fielding effects on a baseball team's ability to win.

3 Data Exploration

Please note that each record has the performance of the team for the given year, with all of the statistics adjusted to match the performance of a 162 game season.

The following table provides the descriptive statistics regarding our the available data set. You will find that

¹(Grabiner, B. D. (n.d.). The Sabermetric Manifesto. Retrieved September 10, 2016 from http://seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/sabermetrics/sabermetric-manifesto/)

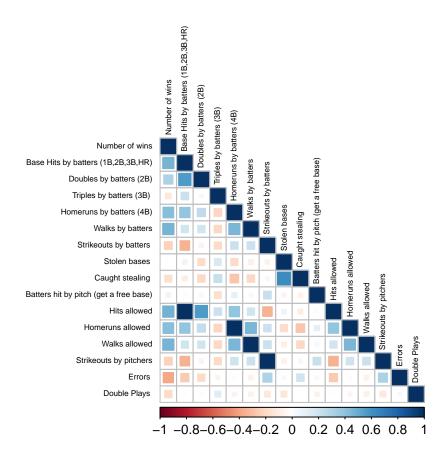
Describe the size and the variables in the moneyball training data set. Consider that too much detail will cause a manager to lose interest while too little detail will make the manager consider that you aren't doing your job. Some suggestions are given below. Please do NOT treat this as a check list of things to do to complete the assignment. You should have your own thoughts on what to tell the boss. These are just ideas.

Descriptive Statistics 16 Variables 2276 Observations

				10	variab	103 2	2/0 003	ei valiulis		
Numbe	er of wins									
n 2276	missing 0	unique 108	Mean 81	median 82	sd 15.8	.05 freq 54	.95 freq 104	skewness -0.4	kurtosis 1	
lowest	: 0 12	14 17	21, hig	ghest: 128	129 134	1 135 146				
Base H	lits by bat	ters (1B	,2B,3B,F	łR)						
n 2276	missing 0	unique 569	Mean 1469	median 1454	sd 144.6	.05 freq 1282	.95 freq 1695	skewness 1.6	kurtosis 7.3	
lowest	: 891 99	92 1009 1	1116 1122	2, highest	: 2333 2	2343 2372	2496 2554	<u> </u>		
Double	es by batte	ers (2B)								
n 2276	missing 0	unique 240	Mean 241	median 238	sd 46.8	.05 freq 167	.95 freq 320	skewness 0.2	kurtosis 0	
lowest	: 69 112	113 118	123, hig	ghest: 382	392 393	3 403 458				
Triples	s by batter	s (3B)								ntdbbbbbbbbbbbbb
n 2276	missing 0	unique 144	Mean 55	median 47	sd 27.9	.05 freq 23	.95 freq 108	skewness 1.1	kurtosis 1.5	
lowest	: 0 8	9 11	12, hig	ghest: 166	190 197	7 200 223				
Home	runs by ba	tters (4	3)							adddddiaaaaaaadioliiddiddidddaaaaaaaaaaa
2276	missing 0	unique 243	Mean 100	median 102	sd 60.5	.05 freq 14	.95 freq 199	skewness 0.2	kurtosis -1	
lowest			6, hig	ghest: 247	249 257	7 260 264				r dha ca
Walks	by batters									
n 2276	missing 0	unique 533	Mean 502	median 512	sd 122.7	.05 freq 248	.95 freq 670	skewness -1	kurtosis 2.2	
lowest			45, hig	ghest: 815	819 824	1 860 878				
Striked	outs by ba	tters								1
n 2174	missing 102	unique 822	Mean 736	median 750	sd 248.5	.05 freq 359	.95 freq 1103	skewness -0.3	kurtosis -0.3	
lowest		66 67	72 74	1, highest	: 1303 1	1320 1326	1335 1399)		
	bases					0.5.6	0.5.6			111111111111111111111111111111111111
2145	missing 131	unique 348	Mean 125	median 101	sd 87.8	.05 freq 35	.95 freq 302	skewness 2	kurtosis 5.5	
lowest		18 19	20, hig	ghest: 562	567 632	2 654 697				daddi
Caugh	t stealing									
n 1504	missing 772	unique 128	Mean 53	median 49	23	24	91	skewness 2	kurtosis 7.6	
lowest				ghest: 171	186 193	3 200 201				and the second
Batters	s hit by pit	tch (get	a free ba	ase)						a - r .aantiddddddddddaalaa.a
n 191	missing 2085	unique 55	Mean 59	median 58	sd .0! 13	5 freq .9 40	95 freq s 82	kewness ki 0.3	urtosis -0.1	
	: 29 30 35	5 38 39,	highest	: 87 88 89	90 95					
Hits al										l
n 2276	missing 0	unique 843	Mean 1779	median 1518	sd 1406.8					
	: 1137 t: 16038 16									

Homeruns allowed						aalihtilihinnatidudlidliliinduaraaaaa		
n missing unique 2276 0 256	Mean median 106 107	sd .05 freq 61.3 18	.95 freq 209	skewness 0.3	kurtosis -0.6			
lowest: 0 3 4 5	6, highest: 291	297 301 320 343						
Walks allowed								
n missing unique 2276 0 535	Mean median 553 536.5	sd .05 freq 166.4 377	.95 freq 757	skewness 6.7	kurtosis 97			
lowest: 0 119 124	131 140, highest:	2169 2396 2840	2876 3645					
Strikeouts by pitchers								
n missing unique 2174 102 823	Mean median 818 813.5	sd .05 freq 553.1 421	.95 freq 1173	skewness 22.2	kurtosis 671.2			
lowest: 0 181 20 highest: 3450 4224 548	05 208 252 56 12758 19278							
Errors								
n missing unique 2276 0 549	Mean median 246 159	sd .05 freq 227.8 100	.95 freq 716	skewness 3	kurtosis 11			
lowest: 65 66 68	72 74, highest:	1567 1728 1740	1890 1898					
Double Plays								
n missing unique 1990 286 144	Mean median 146 149	sd .05 freq 26.2 98	.95 freq 186	skewness -0.4	kurtosis 0.2			
lowest : 52 64 68 71	72, highest: 215	218 219 225 228						

c. Is the data correlated to the target variable (or to other variables?) Correlation Matrix



4 Data Preparation

Describe how you have transformed the data by changing the original variables or creating new variables. If you did transform the data or create new variables, discuss why you did this. Here are some possible transformations. a. Fix missing values (maybe with a Mean or Median value) b. Create flags to suggest if a variable was missing c. Transform data by putting it into buckets d. Mathematical transforms such as log or square root (or use Box-Cox) e. Combine variables (such as ratios or adding or multiplying) to create new variables

5 Build Models

Using the training data set, build at least three different multiple linear regression models, using different variables (or the same variables with different transformations). Since we have not yet covered automated variable selection methods, you should select the variables manually (unless you previously learned Forward or Stepwise selection, etc.). Since you manually selected a variable for inclusion into the model or exclusion into the model, indicate why this was done. Discuss the coefficients in the models, do they make sense? For example, if a team hits a lot of Home Runs, it would be reasonably expected that such a team would win more games. However, if the coefficient is negative (suggesting that the team would lose more games), then that needs to be discussed. Are you keeping the model even though it is counter intuitive? Why? The boss needs to know.

6 Select Models

Decide on the criteria for selecting the best multiple linear regression model. Will you select a model with slightly worse performance if it makes more sense or is more parsimonious? Discuss why you selected your model. For the multiple linear regression model, will you use a metric such as Adjusted R2 , RMSE, etc.? Be sure to explain how you can make inferences from the model, discuss multi-collinearity issues (if any), and discuss other relevant model output. Using the training data set, evaluate the multiple linear regression model based on (a) mean squared error, (b) R2 , (c) F-statistic, and (d) residual plots. Make predictions using the evaluation data set.

7 Appendix A

7.1 Data Dictionary

VARIABLE.NAME	DEFINITION	THEORETICAL.EFFECT
INDEX	Identification Variable (do not use)	None
TARGET_WINS	Number of wins	NA
TEAM_BATTING_H	Base Hits by batters (1B,2B,3B,HR)	Positive Impact on Wins
TEAM_BATTING_2B	Doubles by batters (2B)	Positive Impact on Wins
TEAM_BATTING_3B	Triples by batters (3B)	Positive Impact on Wins
TEAM_BATTING_HR	Homeruns by batters (4B)	Positive Impact on Wins
TEAM_BATTING_BB	Walks by batters	Positive Impact on Wins
TEAM_BATTING_HBP	Batters hit by pitch (get a free base)	Positive Impact on Wins
TEAM_BATTING_SO	Strikeouts by batters	Negative Impact on Wins
TEAM_BASERUN_SB	Stolen bases	Positive Impact on Wins
TEAM_BASERUN_CS	Caught stealing	Negative Impact on Wins
TEAM_FIELDING_E	Errors	Negative Impact on Wins
TEAM_FIELDING_DP	Double Plays	Positive Impact on Wins
TEAM_PITCHING_BB	Walks allowed	Negative Impact on Wins
TEAM_PITCHING_H	Hits allowed	Negative Impact on Wins
TEAM_PITCHING_HR	Homeruns allowed	Negative Impact on Wins
TEAM_PITCHING_SO	Strikeouts by pitchers	Positive Impact on Wins

7.2 R code used in document