# Reading and Research - Lists

These tasks are designed to introduce you to the programming topic we will be studying in class next lesson. You **must** complete these activities prior to the lesson.

#### Task 1

Create a program that will:

- Store the names of eight students and then display them on the screen as a menu.
- Select a student from the menu and edit their name.
- Redisplay the menu so that it is possible to see the changes you have made

You can see an example of the running program below. Try and use **iteration** where possible.

```
Python 3.3.0 (v3.3.0:bd8afb90ebf2, Sep 29 2012, 01:25:11)
>>>
Please enter the name of the first student: James Please enter the name of the second student: Alice
Please enter the name of the third student: Sarah
Please enter the name of the fourth student: Ahmed
Please enter the name of the fifth student: Richard
Please enter the name of the sixth student: Hoi
Please enter the name of the seventh student: Fraser
Please enter the name of the eighth student: Claire

    James

2. Alice
3. Sarah
4. Ahmed
5. Richard
6. Hoi
7. Fraser
8. Claire
0. Exit program
Please select a student to edit: 2
Please enter their new name: Sally
                                                                               Ln: 25 Col: 34
```

### Task 2

Having created the program in Task One, use the space below to describe its shortcomings: 8 names where assigned to different variables, then the varibles where printed one by one. then the user needed to enter the the student to edit

the programm would then got through each if/elif statement to find the student that has been edited. then the new data is assigned to the variable.

## Task 3 - Arrays

Rather than creating individual variables for each student it is possible to create a single data structure called an **array** to store all of the students names.

Research array data structure on the internet (e.g. wikipedia) and then in the space below explain how an array could be used to improve the program from Task 1.

### Task 4 - Lists

Most programming languages have the concept of an array data structure but Python does not. Instead, Python has **Lists**, which are similar to arrays but with important differences.

Array	List
Initial size must be declared e.g. this array has 100 items	No initial size is required
Once declared the size can not be changed	Size can expand or contract as required
Contains only data of a single type e.g. strings	Can contain different data types

There are various concepts and operations you need to be familiar with before you can use

Lists in Python. Read about Lists in Python on the Python School website:

- 1. Lists in Python
- 2. Lists and FOR Loops
- 3. List Operations

#### Task 5

Using your knowledge of Python Lists, Functions and Iteration improve the program from Task 1.

**Paste** the code for your original Task 1 in the space provided below:

```
#original code for task 1
name_1 = input("Enter the name of the first student: ")
name 2 = input("Enter the name of the second student: ")
name_3 = input("Enter the name of the third student: ")
name 4 = input("Enter the name of the fourth student: ")
name_5 = input("Enter the name of the fifth student: ")
name_6 = input("Enter the name of the sixth student: ")
name_7 = input("Enter the name of the seventh student: ")
name_8 = input("Enter the name of the eight student: ")
print("1. {0}".format(name_1))
print("2. {0}".format(name_2))
print("3. {0}".format(name_3))
print("4. {0}".format(name_4))
print("5. {0}".format(name_5))
print("6. {0}".format(name_6))
print("7. {0}".format(name_7))
print("8. {0}".format(name_8))
studentId = input("Please select a student to edit: ")
if studentId == "1":
    name_1 = input("Please enter their new name: ")
elif studentId == "2":
    name 2 = input("Please enter their new name: ")
elif studentId == "3":
```

```
name_3 = input("Please enter their new name: ")
elif studentId == "4":
    name 4 = input("Please enter their new name: ")
elif studentId == "5":
    name 5 = input("Please enter their new name: ")
elif studentId == "6":
    name 6 = input("Please enter their new name: ")
elif studentId == "7":
    name_7 = input("Please enter their new name: ")
elif studentId == "8":
    name_8 = input("Please enter their new name: ")
print("1. {0}".format(name_1))
print("2. {0}".format(name_2))
print("3. {0}".format(name_3))
print("4. {0}".format(name_4))
print("5. {0}".format(name_5))
print("6. {0}".format(name_6))
print("7. {0}".format(name_7))
print("8. {0}".format(name_8))
```

**Paste** the code for your improved Task 1 in the space provided below:

```
#improved code for task 1
count = 1
namelist = []

for count in range(8):
    namelist.append(input("Please enter a name: "))

for each_value in namelist:
    print("{0}. {1}".format(count, each_value))
    count = count + 1

count = 1

name_number = int(input("Please enter the number of the name you wish to change: "))

real_name_number = name_number - 1

namelist.pop(real_name_number)
namelist.insert(real_name_number, input("please enter the new name: "))
```

```
for each in namelist:
    print("{0}. {1}".format(count, each))
    count = count + 1
```

### Summary

In this R&R you have investigated Lists. You have see how Lists are used to simplify your code when you need to work with lots of similar data. You have read about the differences between Lists in Python and Arrays in other programming languages.

Please make sure you have completed this R&R fully before your next programming lesson as it will form the basis of the initial classroom discussion and starter tasks.