## AllLabs.R

#### daigle chris

Sun Dec 9 16:53:09 2018

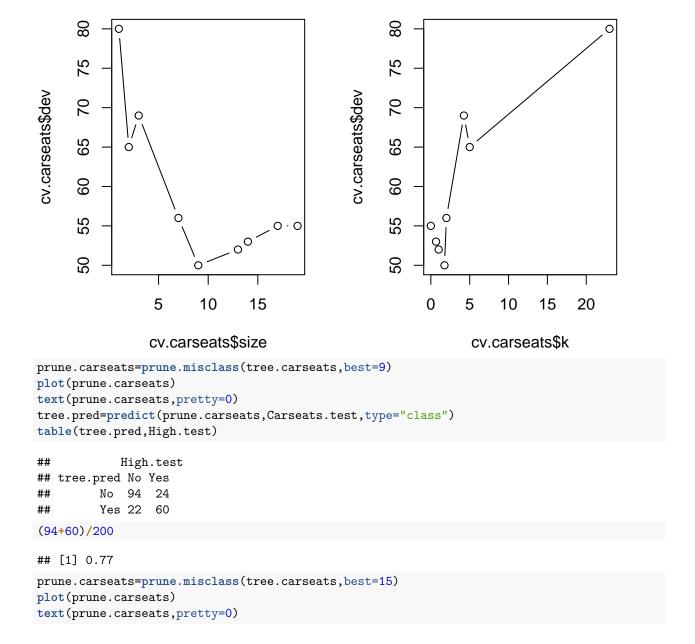
```
# Chapter 8 Lab: Decision Trees
# Fitting Classification Trees
library(tree)
library(ISLR)
attach(Carseats)
High=ifelse(Sales<=8,"No","Yes")</pre>
Carseats=data.frame(Carseats, High)
tree.carseats=tree(High~.-Sales,Carseats)
summary(tree.carseats)
##
## Classification tree:
## tree(formula = High ~ . - Sales, data = Carseats)
## Variables actually used in tree construction:
                                                                                                                                                                 "CompPrice"
## [1] "ShelveLoc"
                                                                  "Price"
                                                                                                                  "Income"
                                                                                                                                                                                                              "Population"
## [6] "Advertising" "Age"
                                                                                                                   "US"
## Number of terminal nodes: 27
## Residual mean deviance: 0.4575 = 170.7 / 373
## Misclassification error rate: 0.09 = 36 / 400
plot(tree.carseats)
text(tree.carseats,pretty=0)
                                                                                                                          ShelveLoc: Bad, Medium
                                                                       Price \ 92.5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       Price < 135
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     USIntomle < 46
                                                                                                                Advertising < 13.5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      ∣ ∣<sub>Ye</sub>sNoYes
                                                                                                                                                                                       ≰54.5 YesNo
                                                                    CompPride < 124.5
                                                                                                                                                                       Age
                        No/es/es/es
                                                          Price < 106.5 rice < 122.5 ncome < 106.5 rice < 122.5 ncome < 106.5 rice < 125.5 ncome < 125.5 n
                                          Population < 177
Income < @halvel ocomePrice < 14
                                                                                                                                                                  7o%esYe$No
                                                                                                                                                                                                YesNo
                                                         NoYes No
                                                                                                                                    YesNo<sup>No</sup>
```

```
tree.carseats
```

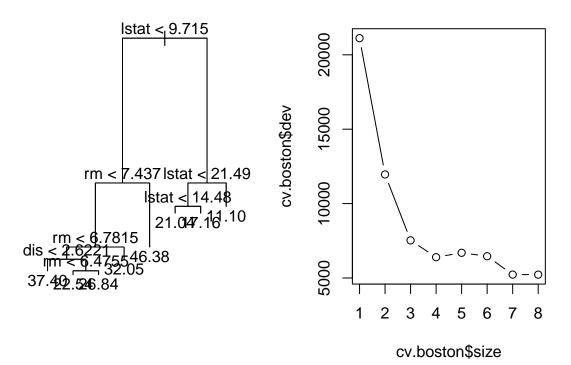
```
## node), split, n, deviance, yval, (yprob)
## * denotes terminal node
##
##
1) root 400 541.500 No ( 0.59000 0.41000 )
```

```
##
       2) ShelveLoc: Bad, Medium 315 390.600 No (0.68889 0.31111)
##
         4) Price < 92.5 46 56.530 Yes ( 0.30435 0.69565 )
##
           8) Income < 57 10 12.220 No ( 0.70000 0.30000 )
##
            16) CompPrice < 110.5 5
                                     0.000 No ( 1.00000 0.00000 ) *
##
            17) CompPrice > 110.5 5
                                     6.730 Yes ( 0.40000 0.60000 ) *
          9) Income > 57 36 35.470 Yes (0.19444 0.80556)
##
##
            18) Population < 207.5 16 21.170 Yes (0.37500 0.62500) *
                                       7.941 Yes ( 0.05000 0.95000 ) *
##
            19) Population > 207.5 20
##
         5) Price > 92.5 269 299.800 No ( 0.75465 0.24535 )
##
          10) Advertising < 13.5 224 213.200 No ( 0.81696 0.18304 )
##
            20) CompPrice < 124.5 96 44.890 No ( 0.93750 0.06250 )
              40) Price < 106.5 38 33.150 No ( 0.84211 0.15789 )
##
##
                80) Population < 177 12 16.300 No (0.58333 0.41667)
                 160) Income < 60.5 6 0.000 No ( 1.00000 0.00000 ) *
##
##
                 161) Income > 60.5 6
                                       5.407 Yes ( 0.16667 0.83333 ) *
##
                81) Population > 177 26 8.477 No ( 0.96154 0.03846 ) *
##
                                    0.000 No ( 1.00000 0.00000 ) *
              41) Price > 106.5 58
##
            21) CompPrice > 124.5 128 150.200 No ( 0.72656 0.27344 )
##
              42) Price < 122.5 51 70.680 Yes ( 0.49020 0.50980 )
##
                84) ShelveLoc: Bad 11
                                       6.702 No ( 0.90909 0.09091 ) *
##
                85) ShelveLoc: Medium 40 52.930 Yes (0.37500 0.62500)
##
                 170) Price < 109.5 16
                                       7.481 Yes ( 0.06250 0.93750 ) *
##
                 171) Price > 109.5 24 32.600 No ( 0.58333 0.41667 )
                   342) Age < 49.5 13 16.050 Yes ( 0.30769 0.69231 ) *
##
##
                   343) Age > 49.5 11
                                       6.702 No ( 0.90909 0.09091 ) *
##
              43) Price > 122.5 77 55.540 No ( 0.88312 0.11688 )
##
                86) CompPrice < 147.5 58 17.400 No ( 0.96552 0.03448 ) *
##
                87) CompPrice > 147.5 19 25.010 No ( 0.63158 0.36842 )
##
                 174) Price < 147 12 16.300 Yes ( 0.41667 0.58333 )
##
                   348) CompPrice < 152.5 7
                                              5.742 Yes ( 0.14286 0.85714 ) *
##
                   349) CompPrice > 152.5 5
                                              5.004 No ( 0.80000 0.20000 ) *
##
                 175) Price > 147 7
                                      0.000 No ( 1.00000 0.00000 ) *
##
          11) Advertising > 13.5 45 61.830 Yes ( 0.44444 0.55556 )
            22) Age < 54.5 25 25.020 Yes ( 0.20000 0.80000 )
##
##
              44) CompPrice < 130.5 14 18.250 Yes (0.35714 0.64286)
##
                88) Income < 100 9 12.370 No ( 0.55556 0.44444 ) *
##
                89) Income > 100 5
                                   0.000 Yes ( 0.00000 1.00000 ) *
##
              45) CompPrice > 130.5 11
                                        0.000 Yes ( 0.00000 1.00000 ) *
##
            23) Age > 54.5 20 22.490 No (0.75000 0.25000)
##
              46) CompPrice < 122.5 10
                                       0.000 No ( 1.00000 0.00000 ) *
              47) CompPrice > 122.5 10 13.860 No ( 0.50000 0.50000 )
##
##
                94) Price < 125 5
                                    0.000 Yes ( 0.00000 1.00000 ) *
                                    0.000 No ( 1.00000 0.00000 ) *
##
                95) Price > 125 5
##
       3) ShelveLoc: Good 85 90.330 Yes (0.22353 0.77647)
         6) Price < 135 68 49.260 Yes ( 0.11765 0.88235 )
##
##
          12) US: No 17 22.070 Yes (0.35294 0.64706)
##
            24) Price < 109 8 0.000 Yes (0.00000 1.00000) *
            25) Price > 109 9 11.460 No ( 0.66667 0.33333 ) *
##
##
          13) US: Yes 51 16.880 Yes ( 0.03922 0.96078 ) *
##
         7) Price > 135 17 22.070 No ( 0.64706 0.35294 )
##
          14) Income < 46 6
                            0.000 No ( 1.00000 0.00000 ) *
          15) Income > 46 11  15.160 Yes ( 0.45455 0.54545 ) *
##
```

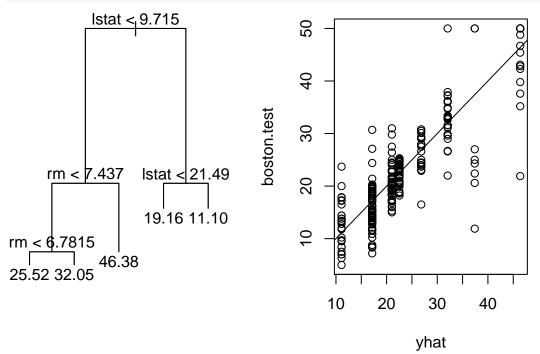
```
set.seed(2)
train=sample(1:nrow(Carseats), 200)
Carseats.test=Carseats[-train,]
High.test=High[-train]
tree.carseats=tree(High~.-Sales,Carseats,subset=train)
tree.pred=predict(tree.carseats, Carseats.test, type="class")
table(tree.pred,High.test)
##
            High.test
## tree.pred No Yes
##
        No 86 27
##
        Yes 30 57
(86+57)/200
## [1] 0.715
set.seed(3)
cv.carseats=cv.tree(tree.carseats,FUN=prune.misclass)
names(cv.carseats)
## [1] "size"
                "dev"
                                  "method"
cv.carseats
## $size
## [1] 19 17 14 13 9 7 3 2 1
## $dev
## [1] 55 55 53 52 50 56 69 65 80
##
## $k
            -Inf 0.0000000 0.6666667 1.0000000 1.7500000 2.0000000
## [1]
## [7] 4.2500000 5.0000000 23.0000000
##
## $method
## [1] "misclass"
## attr(,"class")
## [1] "prune"
                       "tree.sequence"
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
plot(cv.carseats$size,cv.carseats$dev,type="b")
plot(cv.carseats$k,cv.carseats$dev,type="b")
```



```
ShelveLoc: Bad, Medium
                                                       ShelveLoc: Bad, Medium
                                                        Price < 142Price < 142.5
          Price < 142 Price < 142.5
ShelveLoc: Bad
                                            IncomePrice € 86.5
                      No<sup>YesNo</sup>
                                                                        1 Yes
                                                       dvertising < 6.5 eso
     Price k 86.5
     Advertising < 6.5
                                                     Age द 313 6513 Yours
                                                     Pni⊚e < 108.5
tree.pred=predict(prune.carseats, Carseats.test, type="class")
table(tree.pred,High.test)
##
            High.test
  tree.pred No Yes
##
         No 86 22
         Yes 30
                 62
(86+62)/200
## [1] 0.74
# Fitting Regression Trees
library(MASS)
set.seed(1)
train = sample(1:nrow(Boston), nrow(Boston)/2)
tree.boston=tree(medv~.,Boston,subset=train)
summary(tree.boston)
##
## Regression tree:
## tree(formula = medv ~ ., data = Boston, subset = train)
## Variables actually used in tree construction:
## [1] "lstat" "rm"
                       "dis"
## Number of terminal nodes: 8
## Residual mean deviance: 12.65 = 3099 / 245
## Distribution of residuals:
        Min.
               1st Qu.
                          Median
                                      Mean
                                              3rd Qu.
## -14.10000 -2.04200 -0.05357
                                   0.00000
                                              1.96000 12.60000
plot(tree.boston)
text(tree.boston,pretty=0)
cv.boston=cv.tree(tree.boston)
plot(cv.boston$size,cv.boston$dev,type='b')
```



```
prune.boston=prune.tree(tree.boston,best=5)
plot(prune.boston)
text(prune.boston,pretty=0)
yhat=predict(tree.boston,newdata=Boston[-train,])
boston.test=Boston[-train,"medv"]
plot(yhat,boston.test)
abline(0,1)
```

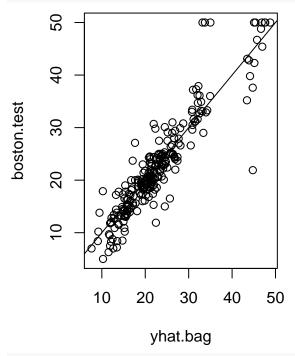


```
mean((yhat-boston.test)^2)
```

## [1] 25.04559

```
# Bagging and Random Forests
library(randomForest)
## randomForest 4.6-14
## Type rfNews() to see new features/changes/bug fixes.
set.seed(1)
bag.boston=randomForest(medv~.,data=Boston,subset=train,mtry=13,importance=TRUE)
bag.boston
##
## Call:
##
   randomForest(formula = medv ~ ., data = Boston, mtry = 13, importance = TRUE,
                                                                                        subset = train)
                  Type of random forest: regression
                        Number of trees: 500
##
## No. of variables tried at each split: 13
##
##
             Mean of squared residuals: 11.15723
##
                       % Var explained: 86.49
yhat.bag = predict(bag.boston,newdata=Boston[-train,])
plot(yhat.bag, boston.test)
abline(0,1)
mean((yhat.bag-boston.test)^2)
## [1] 13.50808
bag.boston=randomForest(medv~.,data=Boston,subset=train,mtry=13,ntree=25)
yhat.bag = predict(bag.boston,newdata=Boston[-train,])
mean((yhat.bag-boston.test)^2)
## [1] 13.94835
set.seed(1)
rf.boston=randomForest(medv~.,data=Boston,subset=train,mtry=6,importance=TRUE)
yhat.rf = predict(rf.boston,newdata=Boston[-train,])
mean((yhat.rf-boston.test)^2)
## [1] 11.66454
importance(rf.boston)
             %IncMSE IncNodePurity
##
## crim
           12.132320
                         986.50338
            1.955579
                          57.96945
## zn
                         882.78261
## indus
           9.069302
           2.210835
                          45.22941
## chas
           11.104823
                        1044.33776
## nox
## rm
           31.784033
                        6359.31971
## age
           10.962684
                        516.82969
## dis
           15.015236
                       1224.11605
## rad
           4.118011
                         95.94586
## tax
           8.587932
                         502.96719
## ptratio 12.503896
                         830.77523
## black
           6.702609
                         341.30361
## lstat
           30.695224
                        7505.73936
```

#### varImpPlot(rf.boston)

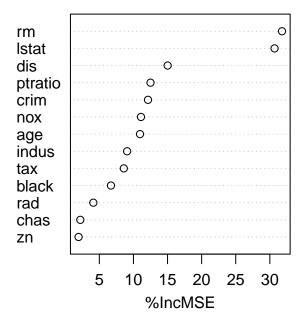


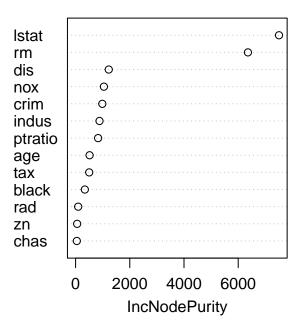
#### # Boosting

#### library(gbm)

## Loaded gbm 2.1.4

### rf.boston

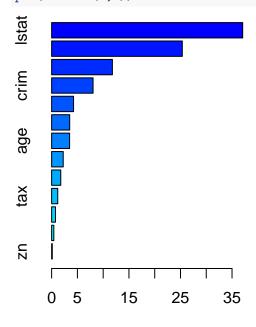




# set.seed(1) boost.boston=gbm(medv~.,data=Boston[train,],distribution="gaussian",n.trees=5000,interaction.depth=4) summary(boost.boston)

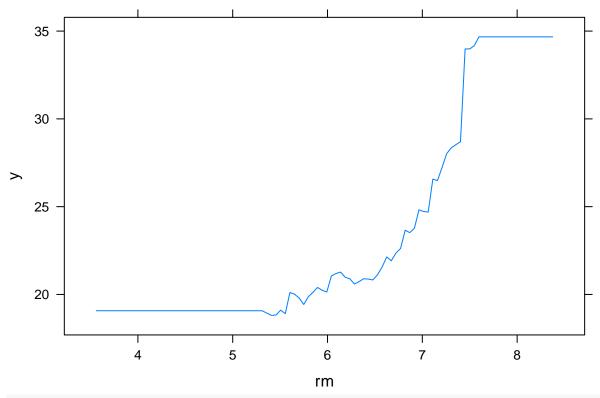
```
var
                     rel.inf
## lstat
            1stat 37.0661275
## rm
               rm 25.3533123
## dis
              dis 11.7903016
             crim 8.0388750
## crim
            black 4.2531659
## black
## nox
              nox 3.5058570
## age
              age 3.4868724
## ptratio ptratio 2.2500385
## indus
            indus 1.7725070
## tax
              tax 1.1836592
## chas
             chas 0.7441319
## rad
              rad 0.4274311
## zn
               zn 0.1277206
```

#### par(mfrow=c(1,2))

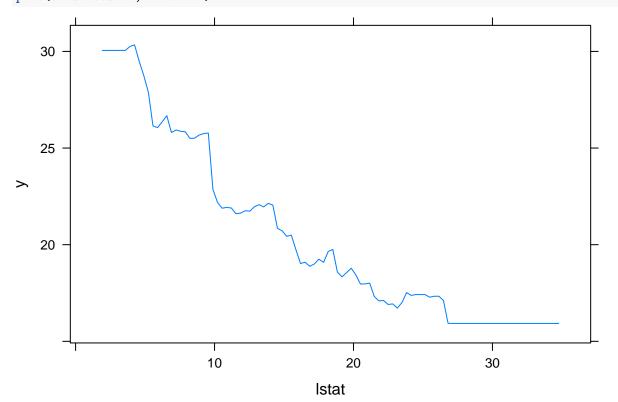


Relative influence

plot(boost.boston,i="rm")







yhat.boost=predict(boost.boston,newdata=Boston[-train,],n.trees=5000)
mean((yhat.boost-boston.test)^2)

## [1] 10.81479

```
boost.boston=gbm(medv~.,data=Boston[train,],distribution="gaussian",n.trees=5000,interaction.depth=4,sh yhat.boost=predict(boost.boston,newdata=Boston[-train,],n.trees=5000)
mean((yhat.boost-boston.test)^2)
```

## [1] 11.51109