

# DaigleHomework8.R

*daiglechris*

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Chris Daigle

Homework 8

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```
#  
  
# Exercise: We want to predict the number of applications using the other  
# variables in the College data set. You can find this data set in ISLR library.  
# Try subset selection, shrinkage methods, and dimension reduction methods and  
# examine which method is working best based on training set and test set split.  
rm(list = ls())  
library(ISLR)  
df <- College  
  
set.seed(1)  
train <- sample(1:nrow(df), round(nrow(df)) / 2)  
dfTrain <- df[train, ]  
dfTest <- df[-train, ]  
xTest <- dfTest[, -2]  
yTest <- dfTest[, 2]  
xTrain <- dfTrain[, -2]  
yTrain <- dfTrain[, 2]  
  
### Subset Selection  
library(leaps)  
regFitFull <- regsubsets(Apps ~ ., data = df)  
summary(regFitFull)  
  
## Subset selection object  
## Call: regsubsets.formula(Apps ~ ., data = df)  
## 17 Variables (and intercept)  
##           Forced in Forced out  
## PrivateYes      FALSE      FALSE  
## Accept          FALSE      FALSE  
## Enroll          FALSE      FALSE  
## Top10perc       FALSE      FALSE  
## Top25perc       FALSE      FALSE  
## F.Undergrad     FALSE      FALSE  
## P.Undergrad     FALSE      FALSE  
## Outstate        FALSE      FALSE  
## Room.Board      FALSE      FALSE  
## Books           FALSE      FALSE  
## Personal        FALSE      FALSE  
## PhD             FALSE      FALSE  
## Terminal        FALSE      FALSE  
## S.F.Ratio       FALSE      FALSE
```

```

## perc.alumni      FALSE      FALSE
## Expend           FALSE      FALSE
## Grad.Rate        FALSE      FALSE
## 1 subsets of each size up to 8
## Selection Algorithm: exhaustive
##      PrivateYes Accept Enroll Top10perc Top25perc F.Undergrad
## 1 ( 1 ) " "      "*"      " "      " "      " "      " "
## 2 ( 1 ) " "      "*"      " "      "*"      " "      " "
## 3 ( 1 ) " "      "*"      " "      "*"      " "      " "
## 4 ( 1 ) " "      "*"      " "      "*"      " "      " "
## 5 ( 1 ) " "      "*"      "*"      "*"      " "      " "
## 6 ( 1 ) " "      "*"      "*"      "*"      " "      " "
## 7 ( 1 ) " "      "*"      "*"      "*"      "*"      " "
## 8 ( 1 ) "*"      "*"      "*"      "*"      " "      " "
##      P.Undergrad Outstate Room.Board Books Personal PhD Terminal
## 1 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "      " "      " "      " " " "
## 2 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "      " "      " "      " " " "
## 3 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "      " "      " "      " " " "
## 4 ( 1 ) " "      "*"      " "      " "      " "      " " " "
## 5 ( 1 ) " "      "*"      " "      " "      " "      " " " "
## 6 ( 1 ) " "      "*"      "*"      " "      " "      " " " "
## 7 ( 1 ) " "      "*"      "*"      " "      " "      " " " "
## 8 ( 1 ) " "      "*"      "*"      " "      " "      "*" " "
##      S.F.Ratio perc.alumni Expend Grad.Rate
## 1 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "      " "
## 2 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "      " "
## 3 ( 1 ) " "      " "      "*"      " "
## 4 ( 1 ) " "      " "      "*"      " "
## 5 ( 1 ) " "      " "      "*"      " "
## 6 ( 1 ) " "      " "      "*"      " "
## 7 ( 1 ) " "      " "      "*"      " "
## 8 ( 1 ) " "      " "      "*"      " "

regFitFull <- regsubsets(Apps ~ ., data = df, nvmax = 19)
regFitFullSummary <- summary(regFitFull)
names(regFitFullSummary)

## [1] "which" "rsq" "rss" "adjr2" "cp" "bic" "outmat" "obj"

regFitFullSummary$rsq

## [1] 0.8900990 0.9157839 0.9183356 0.9212640 0.9237599 0.9247464 0.9257649
## [8] 0.9268725 0.9276780 0.9283103 0.9288011 0.9289945 0.9291223 0.9291632
## [15] 0.9291878 0.9291885 0.9291887

regFitFullSummary$adjr2

## [1] 0.8899572 0.9155663 0.9180186 0.9208560 0.9232655 0.9241600 0.9250892
## [8] 0.9261108 0.9268294 0.9273744 0.9277773 0.9278792 0.9279147 0.9278617
## [15] 0.9277921 0.9276978 0.9276027

regFitFullSummary$rss

## [1] 1277410811 978867162 949208869 915171254 886160591 874694084
## [7] 862855633 849981358 840619277 833270183 827565469 825317242
## [13] 823831288 823356478 823069994 823062005 823059948

```

```

par(mfrow = c(2, 2))
plot(
  regFitFullSummary$rsq,
  xlab = "Number of regressors",
  ylab = "R-square",
  type = "l"
)
a <- which.max(regFitFullSummary$rsq)
points(
  a,
  regFitFullSummary$rsq[a],
  col = "red",
  cex = 2,
  pch = 20
)
text(a, regFitFullSummary$rsq[a], labels = a, pos = 1)

plot(
  regFitFullSummary$adjr2,
  xlab = "Number of regressors",
  ylab = "Adjusted R-square",
  type = "l"
)
a1 <- which.max(regFitFullSummary$adjr2)
points(
  a1,
  regFitFullSummary$adjr2[a1],
  col = "red",
  cex = 2,
  pch = 20
)
text(a1,
  regFitFullSummary$adjr2[a1],
  labels = a1,
  pos = 1)

plot(regFitFullSummary$cp,
  xlab = "Number of regressors",
  ylab = "Cp",
  type = "l")
a2 <- which.min(regFitFullSummary$cp)
points(
  a2,
  regFitFullSummary$cp[a2],
  col = "red",
  cex = 2,
  pch = 20
)
text(a2, regFitFullSummary$cp[a2], labels = a2, pos = 3)

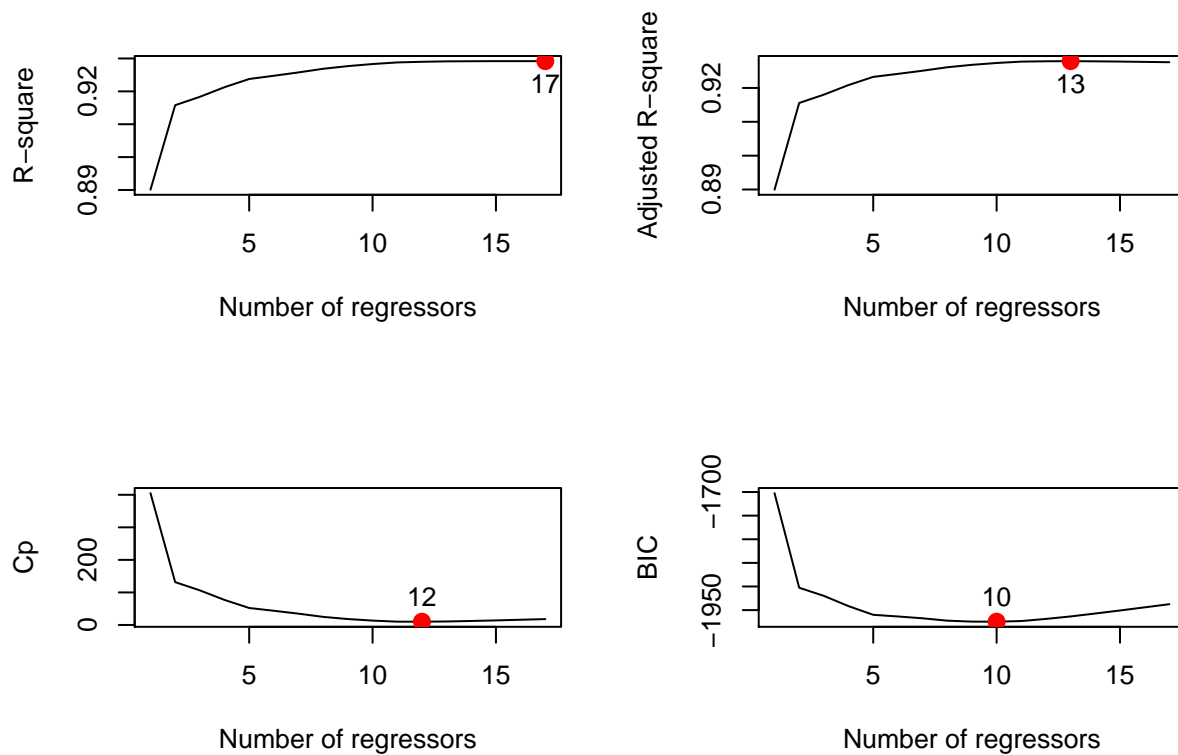
plot(
  regFitFullSummary$bic,
  xlab = "Number of regressors",

```

```

ylab = "BIC",
type = "l"
)
a3 <- which.min(regFitFullSummary$bic)
points(
  a3,
  regFitFullSummary$bic[a3],
  col = "red",
  cex = 2,
  pch = 20
)
text(a3, regFitFullSummary$bic[a3], labels = a3, pos = 3)

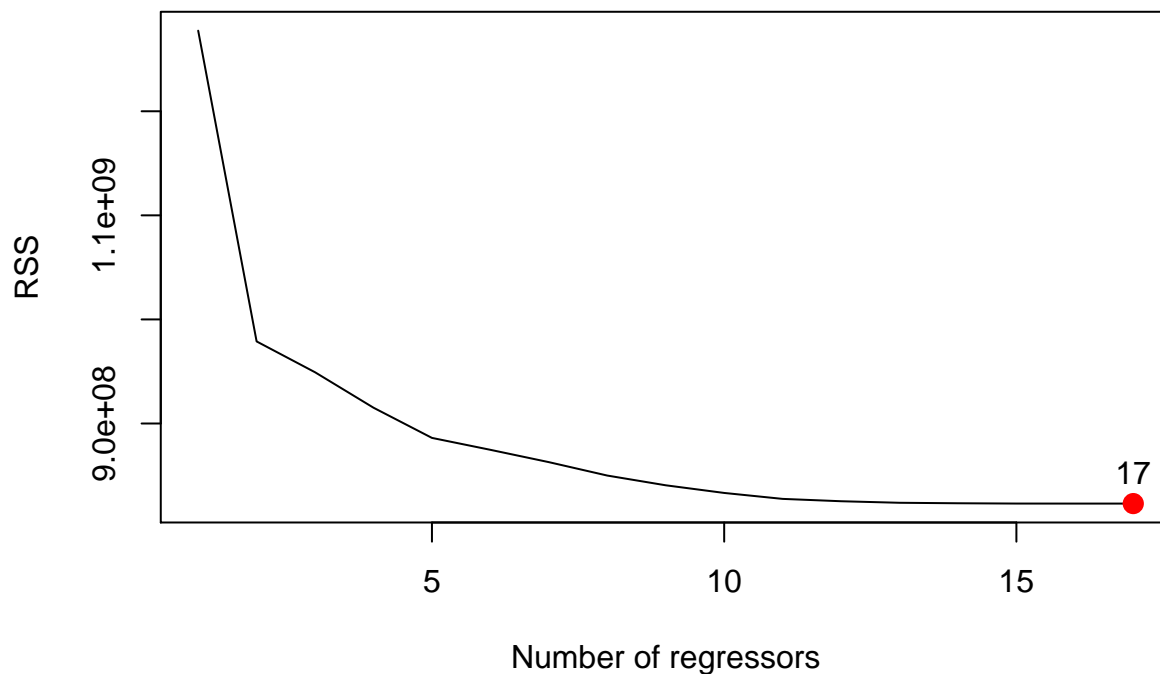
```



```

par(mfrow = c(1, 1))
plot(
  regFitFullSummary$rss,
  xlab = "Number of regressors",
  ylab = "RSS",
  type = "l"
)
a4 <- which.min(regFitFullSummary$rss)
points(
  a4,
  regFitFullSummary$rss[a4],
  col = "red",
  cex = 2,
  pch = 20
)
text(a4, regFitFullSummary$rss[a4], labels = a4, pos = 3)

```



```
par(mfrow = c(2, 2))
plot(regFitFull, scale = "r2")
plot(regFitFull, scale = "adjr2")
plot(regFitFull, scale = "Cp")
plot(regFitFull, scale = "bic")

coef(regFitFull, 12)

##      (Intercept)      PrivateYes          Accept          Enroll      Top10perc
## -157.28685883 -511.78760196    1.58691470   -0.88265385   50.41131660
##      Top25perc      F.Undergrad      P.Undergrad      Outstate      Room.Board
## -14.74735373    0.05945481    0.04593068   -0.09017643    0.14776586
##           PhD           Expend           Grad.Rate
## -10.70502848    0.07246655    8.63961002

#paste(names(coef(regFitFull, 12))[2:length(coef(regFitFull, 12))], collapse='+')

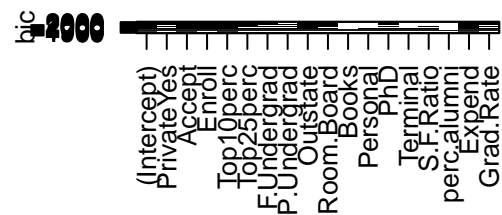
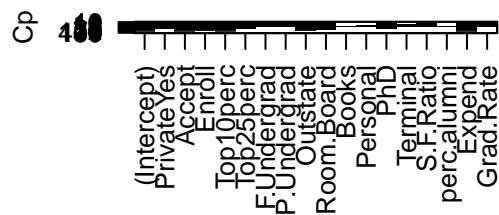
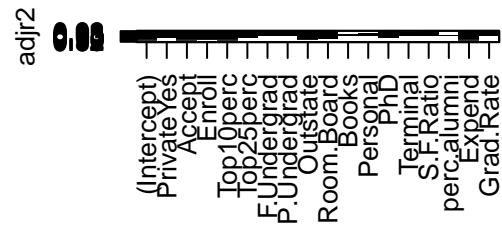
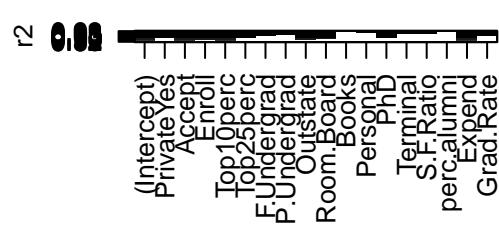
# Selecting the info from the 12th model
regFit <-
  lm(
    Apps ~ Private + Accept + Enroll + Top10perc + Top25perc + F.Undergrad +
      P.Undergrad + Outstate + Room.Board + PhD + Expend + Grad.Rate,
    data = dfTrain
  )
regPred <- predict(regFit, xTest)

subMSEP <- mean((regPred - yTest) ^ 2)

### Shrinkage Method: Ridge
library(glmnet)

## Loading required package: Matrix
## Loading required package: foreach
```

```
## Loaded glmnet 2.0-16
```



```
xTemp <- model.matrix(Apps ~ ., df)
```

```
head(xTemp)
```

```
##               (Intercept) PrivateYes Accept Enroll
## Abilene Christian University      1          1  1232   721
## Adelphi University                1          1  1924   512
## Adrian College                   1          1  1097   336
## Agnes Scott College               1          1   349   137
## Alaska Pacific University         1          1   146    55
## Albertson College                 1          1   479   158
##
##               Top10perc Top25perc F.Undergrad P.Undergrad
## Abilene Christian University      23          52  2885     537
## Adelphi University                16          29  2683     1227
## Adrian College                   22          50  1036      99
## Agnes Scott College               60          89   510      63
## Alaska Pacific University         16          44   249     869
## Albertson College                 38          62   678      41
##
##               Outstate Room.Board Books Personal Ph.D
## Abilene Christian University     7440      3300   450   2200   70
## Adelphi University               12280      6450   750   1500   29
## Adrian College                  11250      3750   400   1165   53
## Agnes Scott College              12960      5450   450    875   92
## Alaska Pacific University         7560      4120   800   1500   76
## Albertson College                13500      3335   500    675   67
##
##               Terminal S.F.Ratio perc.alumni Expend
## Abilene Christian University      78      18.1      12   7041
## Adelphi University                30      12.2      16  10527
## Adrian College                   66      12.9      30   8735
## Agnes Scott College               97       7.7      37  19016
## Alaska Pacific University         72      11.9       2  10922
## Albertson College                 73       9.4      11   9727
```

```

##                               Grad.Rate
## Abilene Christian University      60
## Adelphi University               56
## Adrian College                   54
## Agnes Scott College              59
## Alaska Pacific University        15
## Albertson College                55

x <- xTemp[, -2]
y <- df$Apps

grid <- 10 ^ seq(10,-2, length = 100)
ridgeMod <- glmnet(x, y, alpha = 0, lambda = grid)

dim(coef(ridgeMod))

## [1] 18 100
# Cross validation to choose lambda
train <- sample(1:nrow(x), round(nrow(x) / 2))
yTrain1 <- y[train]
xTrain1 <- x[train, ]
yTest1 <- y[-train]
xTest1 <- x[-train, ]

ridgeMod <-
  glmnet(xTrain1,
    yTrain1,
    alpha = 0,
    lambda = grid,
    thresh = 1e-12)
ridgePred <- predict(ridgeMod, s = 4, newx = xTest1)
ridgeMSEP <- mean((ridgePred - yTest) ^ 2)

ridgePred <-
  predict(
    ridgeMod,
    s = 0,
    newx = xTest1,
    exact = TRUE,
    x = xTrain1,
    y = yTrain1
  )
mean((ridgePred - yTest1) ^ 2)

## [1] 1733471

cvOut <- cv.glmnet(xTrain1, yTrain1, alpha = 0)
plot(cvOut)
bestLam <- cvOut$lambda.min
bestLam

## [1] 380.8738

ridgePred <- predict(ridgeMod, s = bestLam, newx = xTest1)
ridgeMSEP <- mean((ridgePred - yTest1) ^ 2)

```

### ### Dimensional Reduction

```
library(pls)
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'pls'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
```

```
##
```

```
## loadings
```

```
pcrFit <- pcr(Apps ~ .,
              data = df,
              scale = TRUE,
              validation = "CV")
```

```
summary(pcrFit)
```

```
## Data:      X dimension: 777 17
```

```
## Y dimension: 777 1
```

```
## Fit method: svdpc
```

```
## Number of components considered: 17
```

```
##
```

```
## VALIDATION: RMSEP
```

```
## Cross-validated using 10 random segments.
```

```
##      (Intercept)  1 comps  2 comps  3 comps  4 comps  5 comps  6 comps
## CV           3873    3840    2024    2036    1707    1583    1581
## adjCV        3873    3840    2022    2038    1623    1577    1578
##      7 comps  8 comps  9 comps 10 comps 11 comps 12 comps 13 comps
## CV           1569    1543    1496    1493    1496    1497    1503
## adjCV        1570    1539    1493    1490    1494    1494    1501
##      14 comps 15 comps 16 comps 17 comps
## CV           1504    1443    1159    1125
## adjCV        1501    1425    1153    1119
```

```
##
```

```
## TRAINING: % variance explained
```

```
##      1 comps  2 comps  3 comps  4 comps  5 comps  6 comps  7 comps
## X          31.670   57.30   64.30   69.90   75.39   80.38   83.99
## Apps       2.316   73.06   73.07   82.08   84.08   84.11   84.32
##      8 comps  9 comps 10 comps 11 comps 12 comps 13 comps 14 comps
## X          87.40   90.50   92.91   95.01   96.81   97.9    98.75
## Apps       85.18   85.88   86.06   86.06   86.10   86.1    86.13
##      15 comps 16 comps 17 comps
## X          99.36   99.84   100.00
## Apps       90.32   92.52   92.92
```

```
validationplot(pcrFit, val.type = "MSEP")
```

```
pcrFit <- pcr(Apps ~ .,
              data = dfTrain,
              scale = TRUE,
              ncomp = 5)
```

```
pcrPred <- predict(pcrFit, xTest, ncomps = 5)
```

```
pcrMSEP <- mean((pcrPred - yTest) ^ 2)
```

```
pcrFit <- pcr(Apps ~ ., data = df, scale = TRUE)
```

```
summary(pcrFit)
```

```
## Data:      X dimension: 777 17
```



```
## Y dimension: 777 1
## Fit method: svdpc
## Number of components considered: 17
## TRAINING: % variance explained
##      1 comps  2 comps  3 comps  4 comps  5 comps  6 comps  7 comps
## X      31.670   57.30   64.30   69.90   75.39   80.38   83.99
## Apps    2.316   73.06   73.07   82.08   84.08   84.11   84.32
##      8 comps  9 comps 10 comps 11 comps 12 comps 13 comps 14 comps
## X      87.40   90.50   92.91   95.01   96.81   97.9   98.75
## Apps    85.18   85.88   86.06   86.06   86.10   86.1   86.13
##     15 comps 16 comps 17 comps
## X      99.36   99.84  100.00
## Apps    90.32   92.52   92.92
```

```
plsFit <- plsr(Apps ~ .,
  data = df,
  scale = TRUE,
  validation = "CV")
summary(plsFit)
```

```
## Data:      X dimension: 777 17
## Y dimension: 777 1
## Fit method: kernelpls
## Number of components considered: 17
##
## VALIDATION: RMSEP
## Cross-validated using 10 random segments.
##      (Intercept)  1 comps  2 comps  3 comps  4 comps  5 comps  6 comps
## CV           3873   1838   1533   1421   1305   1154   1139
## adjCV         3873   1837   1531   1418   1295   1139   1132
##      7 comps  8 comps  9 comps 10 comps 11 comps 12 comps 13 comps
## CV           1133   1127   1127   1126   1126   1126   1125
## adjCV         1127   1122   1122   1121   1121   1121   1120
##     14 comps 15 comps 16 comps 17 comps
## CV           1125   1125   1125   1125
## adjCV         1119   1119   1119   1119
##
## TRAINING: % variance explained
##      1 comps  2 comps  3 comps  4 comps  5 comps  6 comps  7 comps
## X      25.76   40.33   62.59   64.97   66.87   71.33   75.39
## Apps    78.01   85.14   87.67   90.73   92.63   92.72   92.77
##      8 comps  9 comps 10 comps 11 comps 12 comps 13 comps 14 comps
## X      79.37   82.36   85.04   87.92   90.65   92.69   95.50
## Apps    92.82   92.87   92.89   92.90   92.91   92.92   92.92
##     15 comps 16 comps 17 comps
## X      96.87   98.65  100.00
## Apps    92.92   92.92   92.92
```

```
validationplot(plsFit, val.type = "MSEP")
```

```
plsFit <- plsr(Apps ~ .,
  data = dfTrain,
  scale = TRUE,
  ncomp = 5)
plsPred <- predict(plsFit, xTest, ncomp = 5)
```

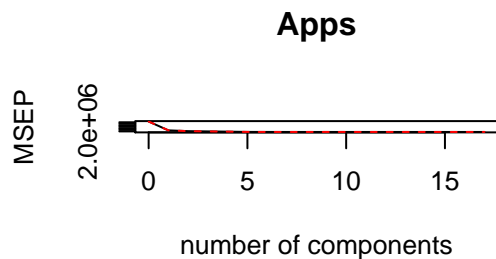
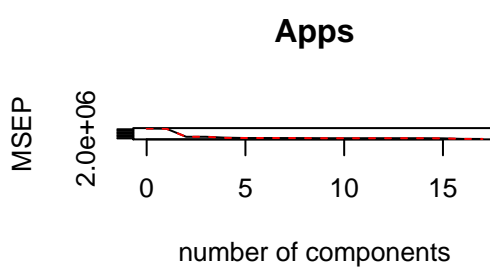
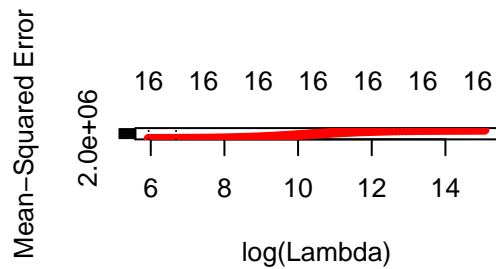
```
plsMSEP <- mean((plsPred - yTest) ^ 2)
```

```
plsFit <- plsr(Apps ~ .,
  data = df,
  scale = TRUE,
  ncomp = 5)
summary(plsFit)
```

```
## Data:      X dimension: 777 17
## Y dimension: 777 1
## Fit method: kernelpls
## Number of components considered: 5
## TRAINING: % variance explained
##      1 comps  2 comps  3 comps  4 comps  5 comps
## X      25.76   40.33   62.59   64.97   66.87
## Apps   78.01   85.14   87.67   90.73   92.63
```

```
msep <- list(subMSEP, ridgeMSEP, plsMSEP, pcrMSEP)
bestMethod <- which.min(msep)
bestMethod
```

```
## [1] 1
```



Partial Least Squares and Principal Component Regression, 3, corresponds to best subset selection method