# DaiglePredictionofSocialSecurity.R

#### daigle chris

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Chris Daigle Prediction of Social Security Awards

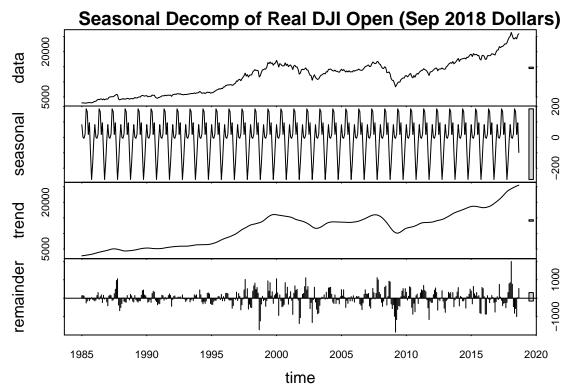
```
# Prepare workspace ####
rm(list = ls())
library(tseries)
library(quantmod)
## Loading required package: xts
## Loading required package: zoo
##
## Attaching package: 'zoo'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       as.Date, as.Date.numeric
## Loading required package: TTR
## Version 0.4-0 included new data defaults. See ?getSymbols.
library(data.table)
##
## Attaching package: 'data.table'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:xts':
##
##
       first, last
library(leaps)
setwd('~/Git/MachineLearningAndBigDataWithR/Data')
dataName <- 'assembled.csv'</pre>
df <- read.csv(dataName, stringsAsFactors = FALSE)</pre>
# Summarize and clean data ####
# head(df)
df \leftarrow df[-1]
# head(df)
# str(df)
# Variable Manipulation ####
# Set dates
df$date <- as.Date(df$date, "%Y-%m-%d")</pre>
# Functions to clean data #
spaceless <- function(x) {</pre>
 x <- gsub(" ", ".", x)
}
commaless <- function(x) {</pre>
```

```
x <- gsub(",", "", x)
  Х
}
dollarless <- function(x) {</pre>
 x <- gsub("\\$", "", x)
  Х
}
# Loops to apply functions #
for (i in 15:20) {
 df[, i] <- commaless(df[, i])</pre>
for (i in 15:20) {
  df[, i] <- dollarless(df[, i])</pre>
# Loop to transform variable types #
for (i in 15:20) {
 df[, i] <- as.numeric(df[, i])</pre>
# Names with Index ####
# 1 date
                            : Date
# 2 DJIopen
                            : num
# 3 DJIhiqh
                           : num
# 4 DJIlow
                           : num
# 5 DJIclose
                           : num
# 6 DJIadjClose
                            : num
# 7 DJIvolume
                           : num
# 8 SPopen
                           : num
# 9 SPhigh
                           : num
# 10 SPlow
# 11 SPclose
                            : num
# 12 SPadjClose
                           : num
# 13 SPvolume
                            : num
# 14 fedFundRate
                             : num
# 15 totalSSRetired
                            : num
# 16 averageSSRetiredPay
                            : num
# 17 totalMaleSSRetired
                             : num
# 18 averageMaleSSRetiredPay : num
# 19 totalFemaleSSRetired : num
# 20 averageFemaleSSRetiredPay: num
# 21 cpi
                             : num
#
# Order Change #
df <- df[, c(1, 15, 17, 19, 21, 14, 7, 13, 2:6, 8:12, 16, 18, 20)]
# 1 date
                            : Date
# 2 totalSSRetired
                           : num
# 3 totalMaleSSRetired
# 4 totalFemaleSSRetired : num
# 5 cpi
                            : num
# 6 fedFundRate
                           : num
# 7 DJIvolume
                            : num
```

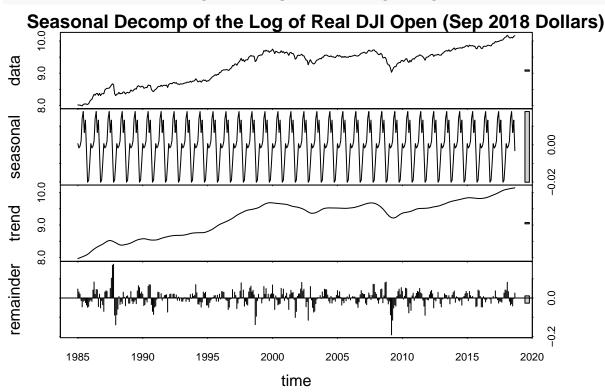
```
# 8 SPvolume
                               : num
# 9 DJIopen
                               : num
# 10 DJIhiqh
                               : num
# 11 DJIlow
                               : num
# 12 DJIclose
                               : num
# 13 DJIadjClose
                               : num
# 14 SPopen
                               : num
# 15 SPhigh
                              : num
# 16 SPlow
                               : num
# 17 SPclose
                               : num
# 18 SPadjClose
                              : num
# 19 averageSSRetiredPay : num
# 20 averageMaleSSRetiredPay : num
# 21 averageFemaleSSRetiredPay: num
# Variable Creation ####
# CPI Inflator
latestDate <- tail(df$date, n = 1)</pre>
baseCpi <- df$cpi[df$date == latestDate]</pre>
df$inflator <- baseCpi / df$cpi</pre>
df \leftarrow df[, c(1:6, 22, 7:21)]
realNames <-
  paste('real',
        colnames(df[, 10:22]),
        sep = "")
df[, realNames] <- df$inflator * df[10:22]</pre>
# Differences #
diffNames <-
  paste('diff',
        c(colnames(df[10:22]),
          paste('Real',
                 colnames(df[10:22]),
                 sep = ""),
        sep = "")
df[, diffNames] <- rep(NA, nrow(df))</pre>
for (i in 36:61) {
  df[, i][2:nrow(df)] <- diff(df[, i - 26], lag = 1)</pre>
diffTargetNames <-</pre>
  paste('diff',
        c(colnames(df[2:4])),
        sep = "")
df[, diffTargetNames] <- rep(NA, nrow(df))</pre>
for (i in 62:64) {
  df[, i][2:nrow(df)] <- diff(df[, i - 60], lag = 1)
# Positive Indicator #
```

```
posNames <-
  paste('pos',
        c(colnames(df[10:22]),
          paste('Real',
                 colnames(df[10:22]),
                 sep = "")),
        sep = "")
df[, posNames] <- rep(0, nrow(df))</pre>
for (i in 65:90) {
  df[, i][df[, i - 20] > 0] <- 1
posTargetNames <-</pre>
  paste('pos',
        c(colnames(df[2:4])),
        sep = "")
df[, posTargetNames] <- rep(0, nrow(df))</pre>
for (i in 91:93) {
  df[, i][df[, i - 29] > 0] <- 1
# Percent Changes #
percChangeNames <-
  paste('percChange',
        c(colnames(df[10:22]),
          paste('Real', colnames(df[10:22]), sep = "")),
        sep = "")
df[, percChangeNames] <- rep(NA, nrow(df))</pre>
for (i in 94:119) {
  df[, i] <- Delt(df[, i - 84])
for (i in 94:119) {
  df[, i] <- as.numeric(df[, i])</pre>
percChangeTargetNames <-</pre>
  paste('percChange',
        c(colnames(df[2:4])),
        sep = "")
df[, percChangeTargetNames] <- rep(NA, nrow(df))</pre>
for (i in 120:122) {
  df[, i] <- Delt(df[, i - 118])</pre>
for (i in 120:122) {
  df[, i] <- as.numeric(df[, i])</pre>
# Place all target variables - totalRetired* - together
df <- df[, c(1:4, 62:64, 91:93, 120:122, 5:61, 65:90, 94:119)]
df1 <- df[complete.cases(df), ]</pre>
# Timeseries Evaluation ####
realDJIOpen <-
```

```
ts(
    df$realDJIopen,
    start = c(1985, 1),
    end = c(2018, 9),
   frequency = 12
percRealDJIOpen <-
    df1$percChangeRealDJIopen,
    start = c(1985, 2),
    end = c(2018, 9),
   frequency = 12
  )
realSPOpen <-
 ts(
    df$realSPopen,
    start = c(1985, 1),
    end = c(2018, 9),
    frequency = 12
  )
percRealSPOpen <-
 ts(
    df1$percChangeRealSPopen,
    start = c(1985, 2),
    end = c(2018, 9),
   frequency = 12
fedFund <-
 ts(
    df$fedFundRate,
   start = c(1985, 1),
    end = c(2018, 9),
    frequency = 12
  )
plot(stl(realDJIOpen, s.window = "period"), lwd = 1)
title(main = 'Seasonal Decomp of Real DJI Open (Sep 2018 Dollars)')
```

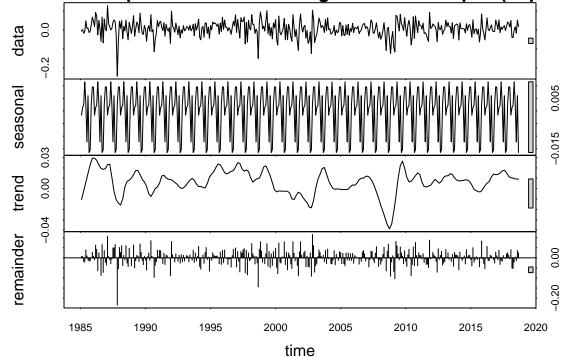


plot(stl(log(realDJIOpen), s.window = "period"), lwd = 1)
title(main = 'Seasonal Decomp of the Log of Real DJI Open (Sep 2018 Dollars)')

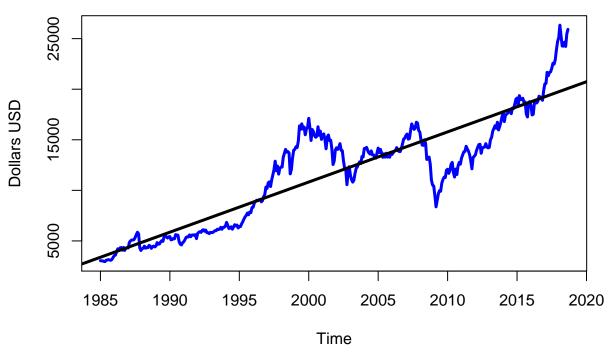


plot(stl(percRealDJIOpen, s.window = "period"), lwd = 1)
title(main = 'Seasonal Decomp of the Percent Change of Real DJI Open (Sep 2018 Dollars)')



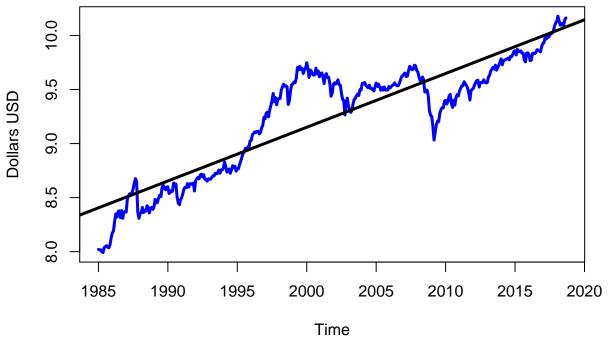


# Real DJI Open (Sep 2018 Dollars)

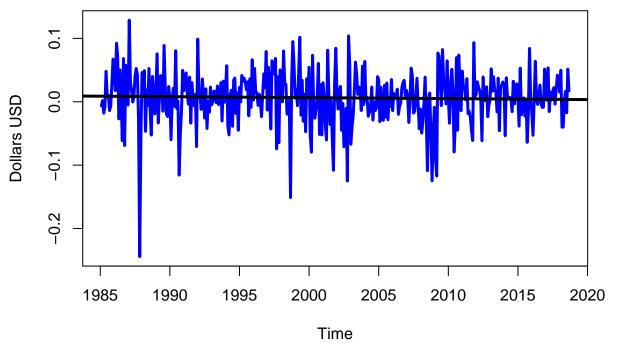


```
plot(log(realDJIOpen),
        col = 'blue',
        lwd = 3,
        ylab = 'Dollars USD')
abline(reg = lm(log(realDJIOpen) ~ time(log(realDJIOpen))), lwd = 3)
title(main = 'Log of Real DJI Open (Sep 2018 Dollars)')
```

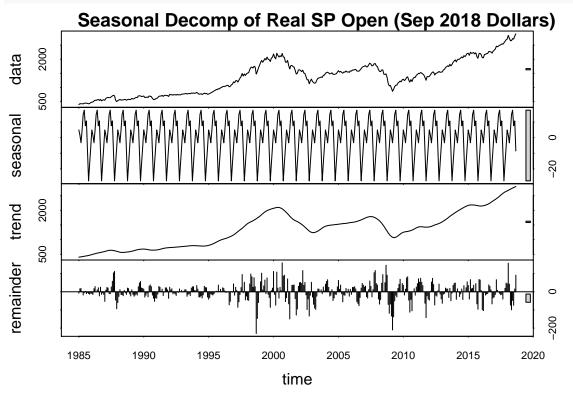
# Log of Real DJI Open (Sep 2018 Dollars)



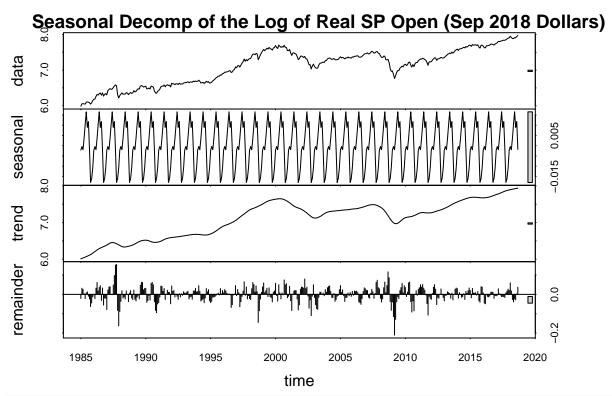
## Percent Change of Real DJI Open (Sep 2018 USD)



plot(stl(realSPOpen, s.window = "period"), lwd = 1)
title(main = 'Seasonal Decomp of Real SP Open (Sep 2018 Dollars)')

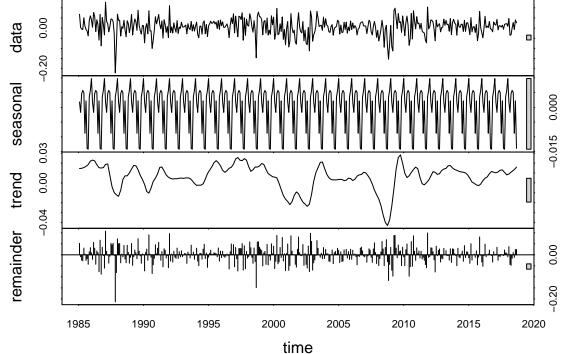


plot(stl(log(realSPOpen), s.window = "period"), lwd = 1)
title(main = 'Seasonal Decomp of the Log of Real SP Open (Sep 2018 Dollars)')



```
plot(stl(percRealSPOpen, s.window = "period"), lwd = 1)
title(main = 'Seasonal Decomp of the Percent Change of Real SP Open (Sep 2018 Dollars)')
```

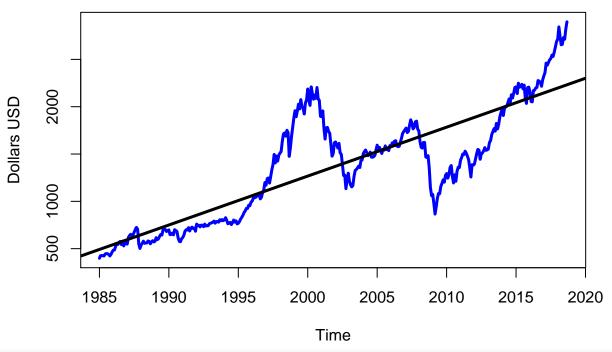




```
plot(realSPOpen,
     col = 'blue',
     lwd = 3,
```

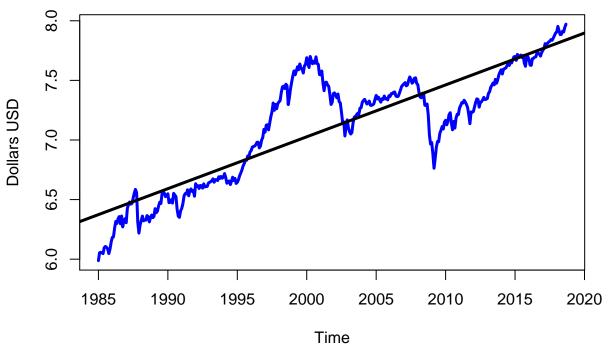
```
ylab = 'Dollars USD')
abline(reg = lm(realSPOpen ~ time(realSPOpen)), lwd = 3)
title(main = 'Real SP Open (Sep 2018 Dollars)')
```

## Real SP Open (Sep 2018 Dollars)

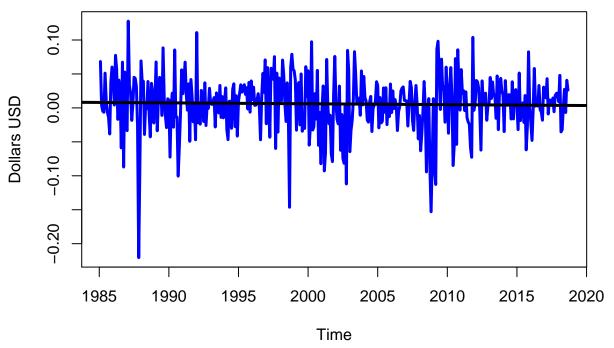


```
plot(log(realSPOpen),
        col = 'blue',
        lwd = 3,
        ylab = 'Dollars USD')
abline(reg = lm(log(realSPOpen) ~ time(log(realSPOpen))), lwd = 3)
title(main = 'Log of Real SP Open (Sep 2018 Dollars)')
```

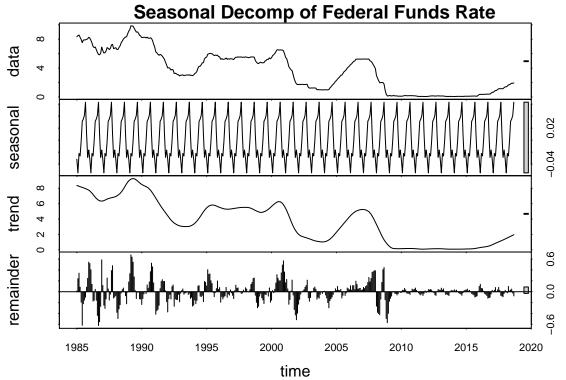
# Log of Real SP Open (Sep 2018 Dollars)



## Percent Change of Real SP Open (Sep 2018 USD)



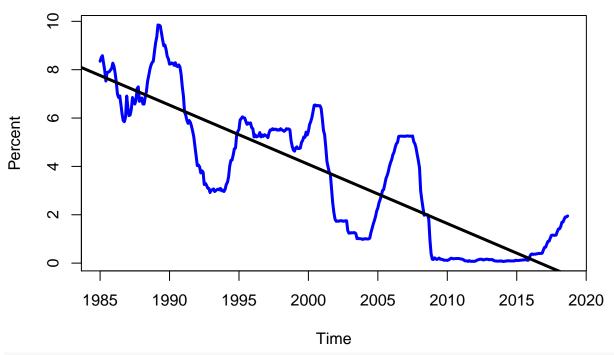
plot(stl(fedFund, s.window = "period"), lwd = 1)
title(main = 'Seasonal Decomp of Federal Funds Rate')



```
plot(fedFund,
    col = 'blue',
    lwd = 3,
```

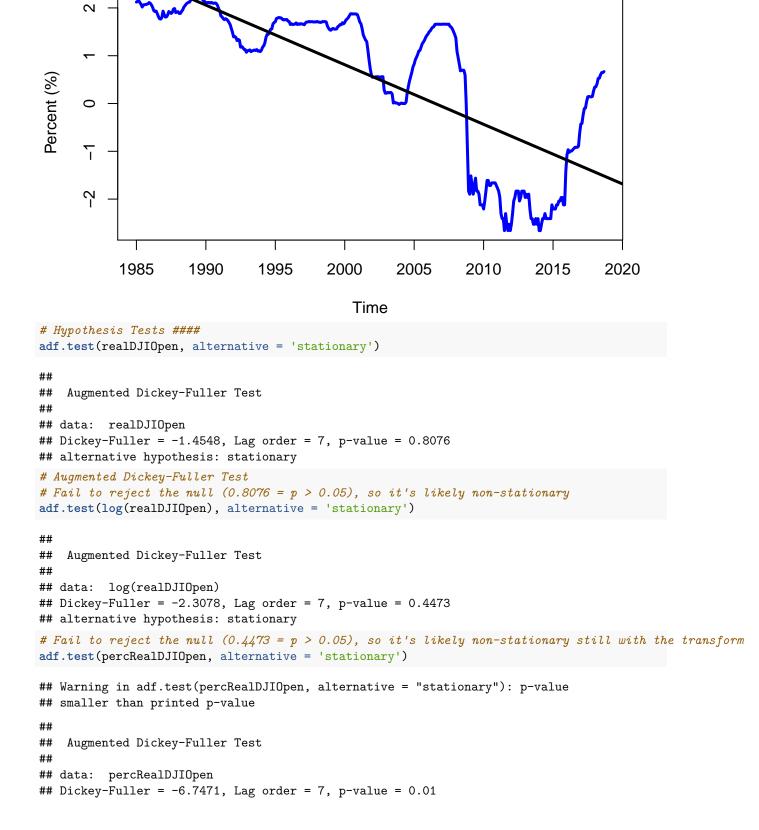
```
ylab = 'Percent')
abline(reg = lm(fedFund ~ time(fedFund)), lwd = 3)
title(main = 'Federal Funds Rate')
```

### **Federal Funds Rate**



```
plot(log(fedFund),
        col = 'blue',
        lwd = 3,
        ylab = 'Percent (%)')
abline(reg = lm(log(fedFund) ~ time(log(fedFund))), lwd = 3)
title(main = 'Log of Federal Funds Rate')
```

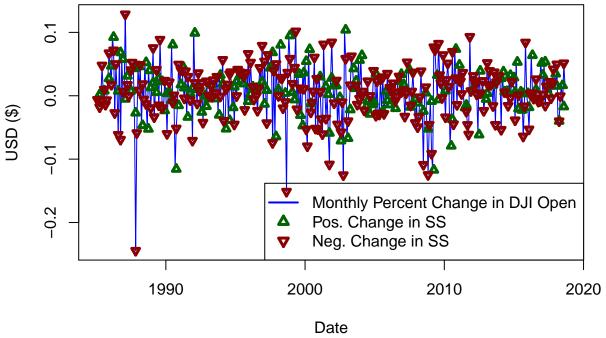
### Log of Federal Funds Rate



```
## alternative hypothesis: stationary
# Reject the null (0.01 = p < 0.05), so it's likely stationary still with the transform
Will use percRealDJIOpen as a predictor
adf.test(realSPOpen, alternative = 'stationary')
##
##
   Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test
##
## data: realSPOpen
## Dickey-Fuller = -1.5131, Lag order = 7, p-value = 0.783
## alternative hypothesis: stationary
# Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test
# Fail to reject the null (0.783 = p > 0.05), so it's likely non-stationary
adf.test(log(realSPOpen), alternative = 'stationary')
##
   Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test
##
##
## data: log(realSPOpen)
## Dickey-Fuller = -2.1276, Lag order = 7, p-value = 0.5234
## alternative hypothesis: stationary
# Fail to reject the null (0.5234 = p > 0.05), so it's likely non-stationary still with the transform
adf.test(percRealSPOpen, alternative = 'stationary')
## Warning in adf.test(percRealSPOpen, alternative = "stationary"): p-value
## smaller than printed p-value
##
   Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test
##
##
## data: percRealSPOpen
## Dickey-Fuller = -6.583, Lag order = 7, p-value = 0.01
## alternative hypothesis: stationary
\# Reject the null (0.01 = p < 0.05), so it's likely stationary still with the transform
Will use percRealSPOpen as a predictor
adf.test(fedFund, alternative = 'stationary')
##
##
   Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test
## data: fedFund
## Dickey-Fuller = -3.4096, Lag order = 7, p-value = 0.05242
## alternative hypothesis: stationary
# Fail to reject the null (0.05242 = p > 0.05), so it's on the cusp of being likely non-stationary
Will try model with fedFund as a predictor
adf.test(log(fedFund), alternative = 'stationary')
##
   Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test
```

```
##
## data: log(fedFund)
## Dickey-Fuller = -1.7739, Lag order = 7, p-value = 0.6728
## alternative hypothesis: stationary
# Fail to reject the null (0.6728 = p > 0.05), so it's likely non-stationary with the transform
# Remove nominal values aside indicators of positive change
df2 <- df1[, c(1, 8:10, 11:18, 32:44, 58:96, 110:122)]
# Visualizations ####
plot(
 x = df2\$date,
  y = df2$percChangeRealDJIopen,
  col = 'blue',
 lwd = 1,
 type = '1',
 ylab = 'USD ($)',
  xlab = 'Date'
points(
  x = df2$date[df$postotalSSRetired == 1],
 y = df2$percChangeRealDJIopen[df2$postotalSSRetired == 1],
 pch = 24,
 col = 'darkgreen',
  cex = 0.8,
 lwd = 3
points(
  x = df2$date[df2$postotalSSRetired == 0],
  y = df2$percChangeRealDJIopen[df2$postotalSSRetired == 0],
 pch = 25,
 col = 'darkred',
  cex = 0.8,
  lwd = 3
)
legend(
  'bottomright',
  legend = c(
    'Monthly Percent Change in DJI Open',
    c('Pos. Change in SS', 'Neg. Change in SS')
  ),
  lty = c(1, c(NA, NA)),
  pch = c(NA, c(24, 25)),
  col = c('blue', c('darkgreen', 'darkred')),
  bg = c(NA, c('darkgreen', 'darkred')),
  1wd = c(2, c(3, 3))
title(main = 'Monthly % Change in Real DJI Open (Sep 2018 USD)')
```

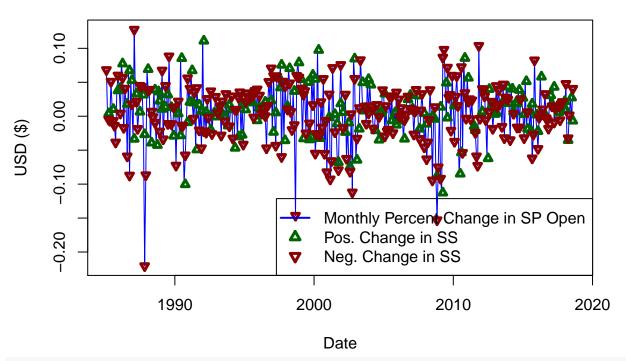
## Monthly % Change in Real DJI Open (Sep 2018 USD)



```
plot(
  x = df2\$date,
  y = df2$percChangeRealSPopen,
  col = 'blue',
  lwd = 1,
  type = '1',
  ylab = 'USD (\$)',
  xlab = 'Date'
points(
 x = df2$date[df$postotalSSRetired == 1],
  y = df2$percChangeRealSPopen[df2$postotalSSRetired == 1],
  pch = 24,
  col = 'darkgreen',
  cex = 0.8,
  lwd = 3
)
points(
  x = df2$date[df2$postotalSSRetired == 0],
  y = df2$percChangeRealSPopen[df2$postotalSSRetired == 0],
  pch = 25,
  col = 'darkred',
  cex = 0.8,
  lwd = 3
)
legend(
  'bottomright',
  legend = c(
    'Monthly Percent Change in SP Open',
  c('Pos. Change in SS', 'Neg. Change in SS')
```

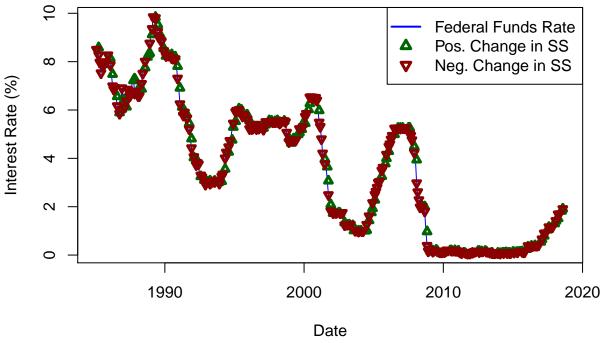
```
),
lty = c(1, c(NA, NA)),
pch = c(NA, c(24, 25)),
col = c('blue', c('darkgreen', 'darkred')),
bg = c(NA, c('darkgreen', 'darkred')),
lwd = c(2, c(3, 3))
)
title(main = 'Monthly % Change in Real S&P500 Open (Sep 2018 USD)')
```

### Monthly % Change in Real S&P500 Open (Sep 2018 USD)



```
plot(
  x = df2\$date,
  y = df2\fedFundRate,
  col = 'blue',
 lwd = 1,
  type = '1',
  ylab = 'Interest Rate (%)',
  xlab = 'Date'
)
points(
  x = df2$date[df$postotalSSRetired == 1],
 y = df2$fedFundRate[df2$postotalSSRetired == 1],
 pch = 24,
  col = 'darkgreen',
  cex = 0.8,
  lwd = 3
)
points(
 x = df2$date[df2$postotalSSRetired == 0],
 y = df2$fedFundRate[df2$postotalSSRetired == 0],
```

#### **Federal Funds Rate**



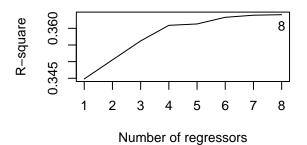
# rsq for the best model with given number of predictors.

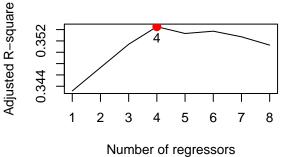
## [1] 0.3447995 0.3505265 0.3562218 0.3609035 0.3613143 0.3633166 0.3639426

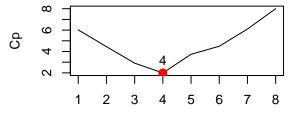
regSummary\$rsq

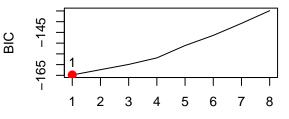
```
## [8] 0.3641037
regSummary$adjr2
## [1] 0.3431737 0.3472953 0.3514056 0.3545126 0.3533107 0.3537183 0.3527275
## [8] 0.3512573
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
aRSQ <- which.max(regSummary$rsq)</pre>
aARSQ <- which.max(regSummary$adjr2)</pre>
aCP <- which.min(regSummary$cp)</pre>
aBIC <- which.min(regSummary$bic)</pre>
aRSS <- which.min(regSummary$rss)</pre>
par(mfrow = c(2, 2))
plot(
 regSummary$rsq,
 xlab = "Number of regressors",
  ylab = "R-square",
  type = "1"
text(aRSQ,
     regSummary$rsq[aRSQ],
     labels = aRSQ,
     pos = 1)
plot(
 regSummary$adjr2,
 xlab = "Number of regressors",
 ylab = "Adjusted R-square",
 type = "1"
points(
  aARSQ,
  regSummary$adjr2[aARSQ],
 col = "red",
  cex = 2.
  pch = 20
text(aARSQ,
     regSummary$adjr2[aARSQ],
     labels = aARSQ,
     pos = 1)
plot(regSummary$cp,
     xlab = "Number of regressors",
     ylab = "Cp",
     type = "1")
points(
  aCP,
  regSummary$cp[aCP],
  col = "red",
  cex = 2,
  pch = 20
```

```
text(aCP,
     regSummary$cp[aCP],
     labels = aCP,
     pos = 3)
plot(
  regSummary$bic,
  xlab = "Number of regressors",
  ylab = "BIC",
  type = "1"
points(
  aBIC,
  regSummary$bic[aBIC],
  col = "red",
  cex = 2,
  pch = 20
)
text(aBIC,
     regSummary$bic[aBIC],
     labels = aBIC,
     pos = 3)
```







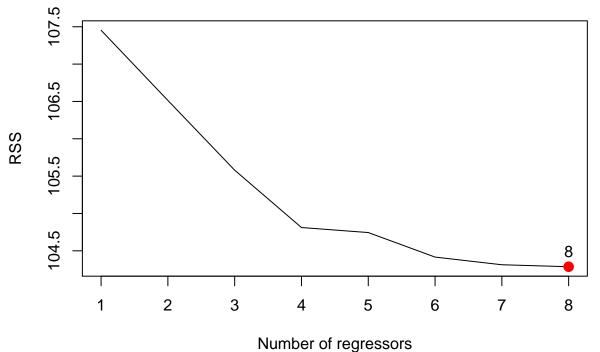


Number of regressors

Number of regressors

```
par(mfrow = c(1, 1))
plot(
  regSummary$rss,
  xlab = "Number of regressors",
  ylab = "RSS",
  type = "l"
```

```
points(
  aRSS,
  regSummary$rss[aRSS],
  col = "red",
  cex = 2,
  pch = 20
)
text(aRSS,
   regSummary$rss[aRSS],
  labels = aRSS,
  pos = 3)
```



```
# par(mfrow = c(2, 2))
# plot(regFitFull, scale = "r2")
# plot(regFitFull, scale = "adjr2")
# plot(regFitFull, scale = "Cp")
# plot(regFitFull, scale = "bic")

# Model ####
# Setting train/test split
set.seed(1)
trainSample <- sample(1:nrow(df2), round(nrow(df2)/2), replace = F)
trainData <- df2[trainSample,]
testData <- df2[-trainSample,]

trainX <- trainData[,c(1, 5:77)]
trainY <- trainData[,c(1:4)]
testX <- testData[,c(1, 5:77)]
trainY <- testData[,c(1, 5:77)]</pre>
```

```
# Basic logistic
glmFit <- glm(postotalSSRetired ~ realDJIopen + realDJIhigh + realDJIlow + realDJIclose + realSPopen, f</pre>
summary(glmFit)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = postotalSSRetired ~ realDJIopen + realDJIhigh +
      realDJIlow + realDJIclose + realSPopen, family = binomial,
##
      data = df2
##
## Deviance Residuals:
              1Q Median
      Min
                                 3Q
                                         Max
## -1.4705 -1.0154 -0.9387 1.3238
                                      1.5393
##
## Coefficients:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -0.4376422 0.2628795 -1.665 0.0960 .
## realDJIopen -0.0002092 0.0004390 -0.477
                                              0.6337
## realDJIhigh 0.0006851 0.0005705
                                     1.201 0.2298
## realDJIlow 0.0004898 0.0003681
                                     1.330 0.1834
## realDJIclose -0.0009853 0.0004751 -2.074 0.0381 *
## realSPopen 0.0001988 0.0011179 0.178 0.8588
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 545.68 on 403 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 540.50 on 398 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 552.5
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
```