

CS 3650

Homework #1 (20 points)

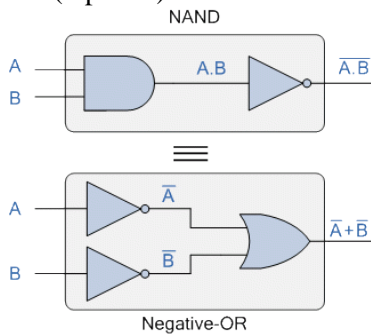
- (2 pts) A machine with 4.2 GHz clock rate, what is its clock cycle time, i.e. the time for one cycle? The result must be expressed (and rounded if needed) in a whole number in proper time unit. For example, 0.12 second is not proper and it should be 120 ms (milliseconds).

$$CCTime = 1 / (4.2 * 10^9) = 238 * 10^{-12} = 238 \text{ ps}$$

- (3 pts) Suppose you wish to run a program P with $12 * 10^{11}$ instructions on a 4 GHz machine with a CPI (average CPI) of 2. What is the expected CPU time (expressed in time unit seconds)?

$$12 * 10^{11} * 2 * 1 / (4 * 10^9) = 600 \text{ seconds}$$

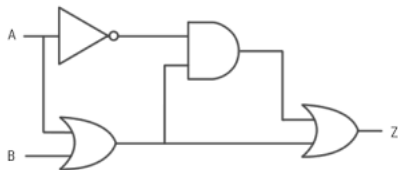
- (5 points) Use truth-table to prove that the following two circuits are equivalent.



A	B	AB	(AB)'	A'	B'	A'+B'
0	0	0	1	1	1	1
0	1	0	1	1	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	1	1
1	1	1	0	0	0	0

From the above truth table we found out two (red) columns have the same values, i.e. $(AB)'$ is equivalent to $A'+B'$ (note: the blue columns are intermediate results, could be omitted unless required to show.)

- (5 points) Given a logic circuit below,
 - write a logic equation for it.
 - when A is 1, B is 0, what is Z?



$$Z = A' (A+B) + (A+B) \text{ -- no simplification needed}$$

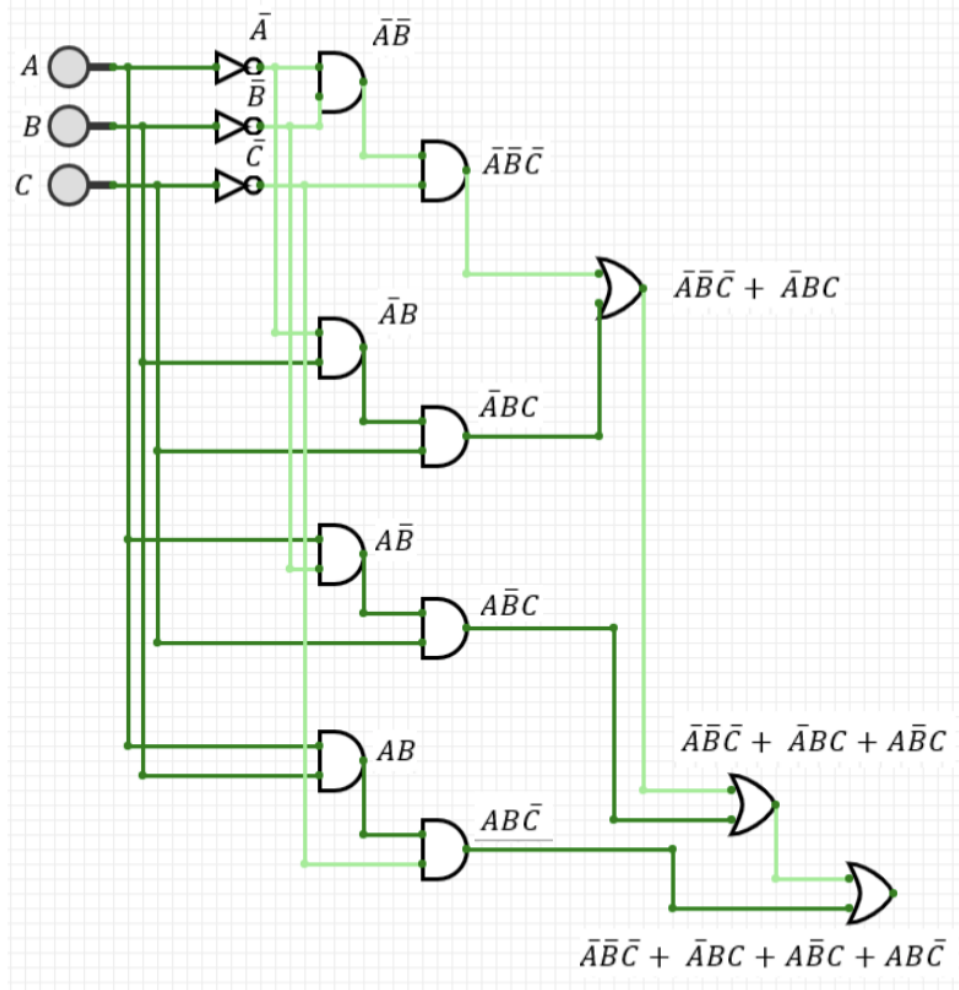
A is 1, B is 0, $Z = 1$

- (5 points) Use 2-input AND, 2-input OR and Inverter gates only to construct a circuit based on given truth table.

Inputs			Output
A	B	C	X
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	0

Answer may vary, note: $(AB)C = A(BC)$, $(A+B)+C = A + (B+C)$

$X = [(A'B')C' + (A'B)C] + (AB'C) + (ABC)'$ -- equation not a required part of the answer.



Circuit credit: D. Hwang (thanks!)