

1. What straight line best fits the following data in least square sense?

$$x: 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4$$

$$y: 0 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 2$$

$$* y = ax + b \text{ straight line}$$

$$\Phi(a, b) = \sum (ax_k + b - y_k)^2$$

$$1^{st} \text{ eq: } (a) \sum (x_k^2) + (b) \sum (x_k) = \sum (y_k x_k)$$

$$2^{nd} \text{ eq: } (a) \sum (x_k) + (b) \sum (1) = \sum (y_k) \quad * \sum (1) = \# \text{ of data}$$

$$\sum (1) = 4, \quad \sum (x_k) = 10, \quad \sum (x_k^2) = 30, \quad \sum (y_k x_k) = 13$$

$\Downarrow$

$$\sum (y_k) = 4$$

$$1^{st} \text{ eq: } 30a + 10b = 13$$

$$2^{nd} \text{ eq: } (10a + 4b = 4) \times 3 \Rightarrow \begin{array}{r} 30a + 10b = 13 \\ -(30a + 12b = 12) \end{array}$$

$$-2b = 1 \Rightarrow b = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$30a + 10(-\frac{1}{2}) = 13$$

$$30a = 13 + 5$$

$$a = 18/30 = 3/5$$

$$y = \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)x - \frac{1}{2}$$

2. Find the equation of a parabola ( $y = ax^2 + b$ ) that best represents the following data. Use the method of least squares.

$$x: -1 \quad 0 \quad 1$$

$$y: 3.1 \quad 0.9 \quad 2.9$$

$$\Phi(a, b) = \sum (ax_k^2 + b - y_k)^2$$

$$\frac{d}{da} \sum (ax^2 + b - y)^2 = \sum 2(ax^2 + b - y)x^2$$

$$\frac{d}{db} \sum (ax^2 + b - y)^2 = \sum 2(ax^2 + b - y)$$

$$1^{st} \text{ eq: } (a) \sum (x_k^4) + (b) \sum (x_k^2) = \sum (y_k x_k^2)$$

$$2^{nd} \text{ eq: } (a) \sum (x_k^2) + (b) \sum (1) = \sum (y_k)$$

$$\sum (1) = 3, \quad \sum (x_k^2) = 2, \quad \sum (x_k^4) = 2, \quad \sum (y_k x_k^2) = 6$$

$$\sum (y_k) = 6.9$$

$$1^{st} \text{ eq: } 2a + 2b = 6$$

$$2^{nd} \text{ eq: } 2a + 3b = 6.9$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{array}{r} 2a + 2b = 6 \\ -(2a + 3b = 6.9) \\ \hline -b = -0.9 \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow b = 0.9$$

$$2a + 2(0.9) = 6$$

$$2a = 6 - 1.8$$

$$a = 4.2/2 = 2.1$$

$$y = (2.1)x^2 + (0.9)$$