How to Run C/C++ on HPC

Xueying Tang

Department of Statistics University of Florida

Septemper 19, 2016

Some Basics

C is compiled. (R is interpreted.) To run C code:

- Compilation: a compiler + source code ⇒ object code file (binary version of the source code, not directly executable)
- ► Linking: a linker + object code files (object code file of your source code and pre-compiled library files) ⇒ an executable file

Some Basics: An Example

```
ex1.cpp

#include <cstdio>
int main (void) {
    printf("Hello, World!\n");
    return 0;
}
```

To compile:

```
1 $ g++ -c ex1.cpp
```

To link:

```
1 $ g++ ex1.o -o ex1
```

Or to compile and link:

```
1 $ g++ ex1.cpp -o ex1
```

To execute:

```
1 $ ./ex1
2 Hello, World!
```

How to Use External Libraries

The GNU Scientific Library (GSL) is a numerical library for C and C++ programmers. It offers a very comprehensive collection of rigorously developed and tested functions for applied scientific computing under a widely-used and well-understood Open Source license.

How to Use External Libraries

To compile, link and execute:

- ► -I[directory1]: add directory1 to the list of directories to be searched for header files.
- ► -1[library1] -1[libary2]: Search the library named library1 and libary2 when linking.
- ► -L[directory2]: add directory2 to the list of directories to be searched for -I.

How to Run C/C++ on HPC

In a job submission file, after specifying the sources you requested, write

How to find the directories we need?

```
1 $ module spider gsl
```