

McMASTER UNIVERSITY

SMARTSERVE

SOFTWARE & MECHATRONICS CAPSTONE

Requirements Document

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Date	Revision	Comments	Author(s)
10/06/2017	0	Made Template, added sections and comments	Christopher McDonald
10/13/2017	1	Added Overview and reviewed	Christopher McDonald & Sharon Platkin
10/13/2017	2	Reviewed and Corrected Project Drivers section	Nisarg Patel
10/20/2017	3	Functional Requirements	Christopher McDonald & Sharon Platkin

Figure 1: Revision History

1 Introduction

1.1 Project Overview

1.2 Naming Conventions and Terminology

The following terms and definitions will be used throughout this document:

- **System:** includes both the hardware and software aspects of the project
- **Team:** all team members of the core capstone project team, as noted in the list of Authors
- **User Side:** the side of the table where the user (player) is standing
- **System Side:** the side of the table where the electromechanical system is placed; it is the opposite side of the User Side
- **ACID:** a database transaction which is atomic, consistent, isolated and durable
- **FPS:** frames per second

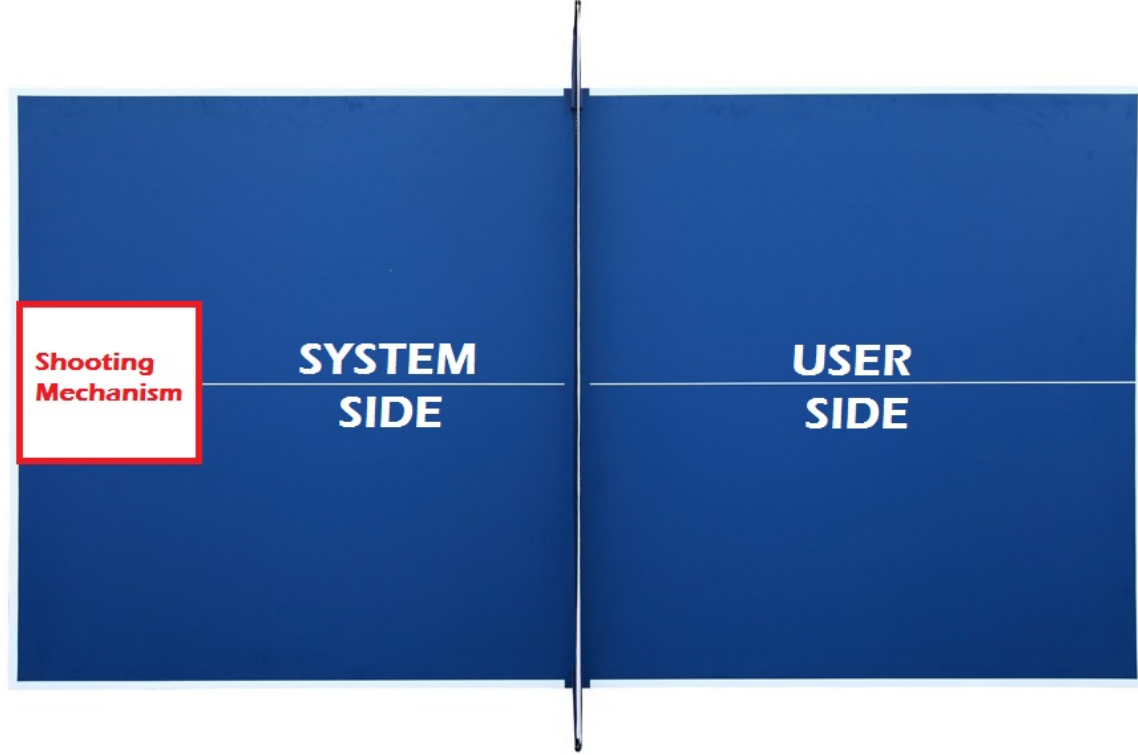


Figure 2: Top View of the Tennis Table

1.3 Relevant Facts & Assumptions

According to the International Table Tennis Federation (ITTF), the regulation table size is as follows: 2.74m long, 1.525m wide and 0.76m high off the ground. The table must be a uniformly dark colour with a 2cm-thick white line along the edge of the table, as well one running parallel to the 2.74m side in the middle of the table. The net in the middle of the table must be 15.25cm vertically high from the table. A 3D representation of the table setup is illustrate in Figure 3. The size of a regulated table tennis ball can be either 37mm or 40mm depending on the regulation body. For this project, the team will be using 40mm balls and recommends users to do the same for optimal performance.

During gameplay, a valid serve must hit the server's side first, and then bounce once on the other player's side before being returned. After that is done, a valid return would be when the ball is hit by a player, after bouncing exactly once on their side, and bounces at least one time on the opposing player's side. If a serve touches the net and lands on the opposing player's side, it is a *let*. No points are allocated and the turn must be re-served.

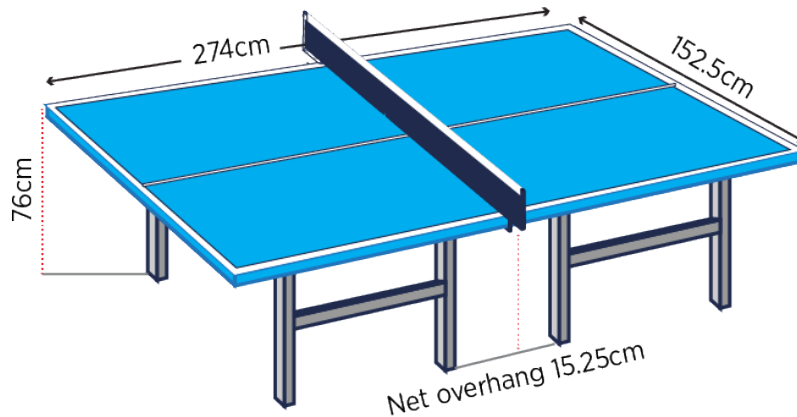


Figure 3: 3D Tennis Table with Dimensions

2 Project Drivers

2.1 Purpose

When a player wants to improve their table tennis game, a typical solution is to hire a coach. However, this does not come without its challenges. Some of these challenges include scheduling, focusing on particular shots and receiving in-depth statistical feedback. Our proposed solution will consist of a shooting mechanism, a way to identify successful returns and a system to recommend different shots. Throughout the training session, the system will provide the user with crucial feedback on the quality of their game. The system will consist of an electromechanical system to shoot the ball and a computer vision system to track the ball's location during flight. A server will also be added to store data, provide diagnostics and recommend shots given the user's past performance.

2.2 Key Stakeholders

2.2.1 Client

The client for this project comprises of the core development team as both the idea and the project execution will be undertaken by the team. It is also important to note that the project adviser, Dr. Alan Wassyng as well as his teaching assistants, will also be involved in the project execution in order to provide guidance and critical feedback to the project team.

2.2.2 Users

The primary users of this project are table tennis players. Our proposed system will adapt to various playing styles and levels, and hence segmenting those players down further is

not required at this stage. These users are more likely to play competitively, but could also play recreationally with friends or within a club focused around the sport.

The secondary users of this project are table tennis coaches. Although this system could replace a coach, a coach could find value in using this system to aid in training and assisting multiple players at one time. The system will provide analytics on players performance that can be very useful when training someone over a long period of time.

2.2.3 Faculty

The Department of Computing and Software is also a key stakeholder for this project. The development team are students of this department and would thus represent it through the work they perform. This project is also the amalgamation of the knowledge attained by the team over their undergraduate degrees. If the project is unsuccessful, the department loses the opportunity to showcase it for future students and donors.

3 Project Scope

3.1 The Scope of the Work and the Product

In order to make the project feasible within the time constraint imposed on the team, it will need to be scoped accordingly. One way we are scoping the project is by limiting the types of shots the system can take. A return by the system would first contact the table on the *User's side* where a serve would first contact the table on the *System's side*. We are limiting the system to only preform returns which excludes serves. The system will also make no attempt at returning any shots returned by the user.

After the user has returned a shot from the system, the system will not make any attempts to return a shot that is likely to be returned given the user's returns. This is to give the system the ability to focus on a particular type of shot the user is the least proficient at returning. The characteristics of the shot following any return will be determined by the system's mode and the proficiency of the player if required and available.

3.1.1 Individual Product Use Cases

The actors which will be interacting with the system are the **trainee**, the **coach** and the **system administrator**. It is not necessary for a coach to be present, but they will have the ability to use the system alongside the trainee. See Figure 4 for the use case diagram. The following list contains all primary use cases:

- A trainee enters their login information
- If the login information is correct, a trainee opens their training session on the system

- A trainee begins the training session
- A trainee selects a training mode
- A trainee pauses the training session
- When the system is paused, a trainee ends the training session
- A trainee inspects their performance

The following are secondary use cases:

- A coach inspects trainee's performance
- A coach adjusts training parameters during training session
- A system administrator calibrates the system for new tables of a non-regulation size

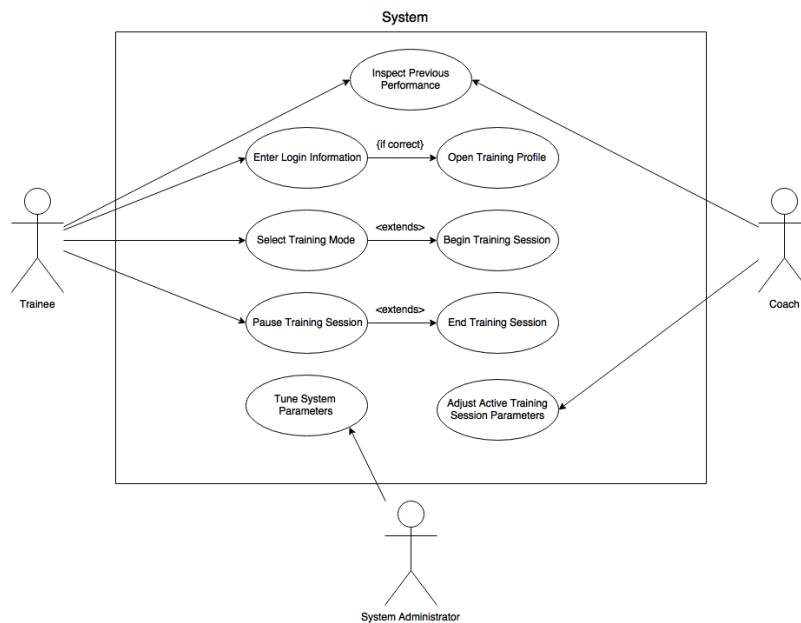


Figure 4: Use Case Diagram

3.2 Mandated Constraints

The first constraint placed on the project is time. The deliverable and presentation dates have been set, concluding with the presentations booked for April 28, 2018. Therefore, the team must successfully submit all of the deliverables and complete the project by April 28th, 2018. Additionally, a budget constraint of \$750 on the Bill of Materials (BOM) of the final product is also enforced.

3.3 Unexpected Behaviour

The shooting mechanism should not start, pause or end a session without the user triggering the event. The system must also refrain from shooting the ball outside the speed and angle ranges specified. Furthermore, the system is not expected to run out of balls to shoot in the middle of a shooting session.

3.4 Context Diagram

4 Functional Decomposition Diagram

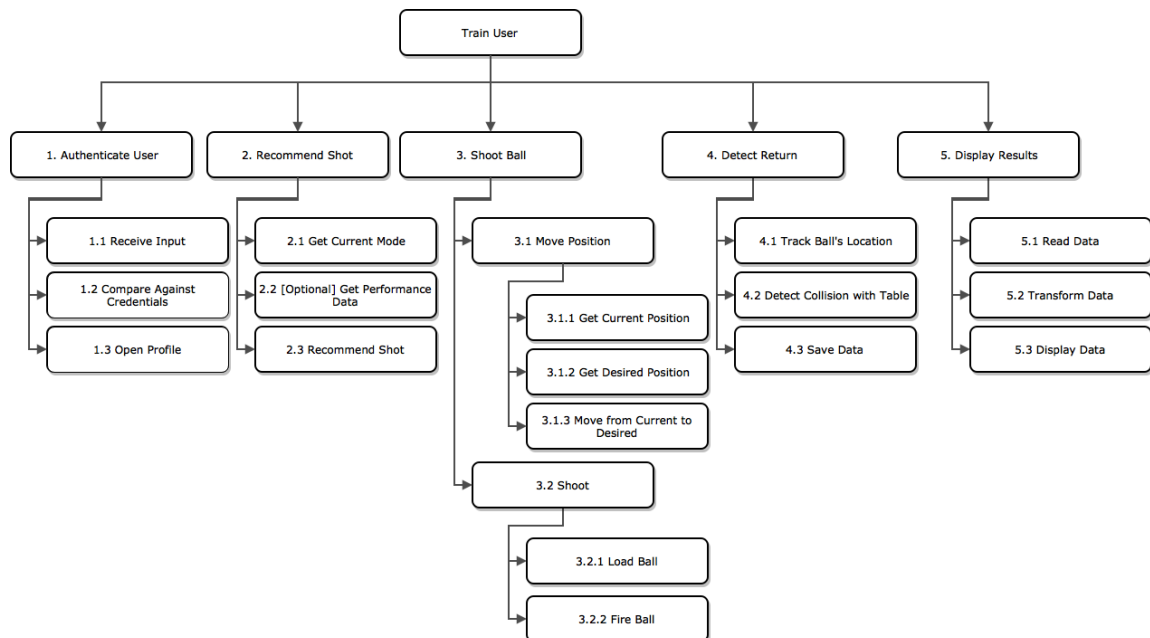


Figure 5: Functional Decomposition Diagram

5 Functional Requirements

Requirement ID: F1	Requirement Type: F
Description: The system shoots the table tennis ball towards the user's side	

of table at various locations

Rationale: Provides variability in the shots made towards the user

Fit Criterion: The system can hit a specified section of a 4x4 grid with an accuracy of 75%

Originator: Sharon Platkin

Priority: High

History: Created Oct. 20, 2017

Requirement ID: F2

Requirement Type: F

Description: The system shoots the table tennis ball towards the user's side of table at various speeds

Rationale: Provides variability in the shots made towards the user

Fit Criterion: The system can shoot at speeds ranging from 3 to 6 m/s at discrete increments of 0.25

Originator: Sharon Platkin

Priority: High

History: Created Oct. 20, 2017

Requirement ID: F3

Requirement Type: F

Description: The system shoots the table tennis ball towards the user's side of table at various angles

Rationale: Provides variability in the shots made towards the user

Fit Criterion: The system can shoot the ball at -45 and 45 degrees relative to the longest bisection of the table at discrete increments of 1 degree

Originator: Sharon Platkin

Priority: High

History: Created Oct. 20, 2017

Requirement ID: F4

Requirement Type: F

Description: The system shoots the table tennis ball towards the user's side of table at various degrees of pitch

Rationale: Provides variability in the shots made towards the user

Fit Criterion: The system can shoot the ball at 0 to 55 degrees relative to the table's surface at discrete increments of 1 degree

Originator: Sharon Platkin

Priority: High

History: Created Oct. 20, 2017

Requirement ID: F5

Requirement Type: F

Description: The system shoots the table tennis ball towards the user's side of the table with spin along 2 axes

Rationale: Provides variability in the shots made towards the user

Fit Criterion: The system can spin the ball at 0 to 360 degrees in discrete increments of 45 degrees on the longitudinal axis

Originator: Sharon Platkin

Priority: High

History: Created Oct. 20, 2017

Requirement ID: F6

Requirement Type: F

Description: The system can detect a successful return by the user

Rationale: Allows quantitative information to be collected on the user's performance

Fit Criterion: The system must detect 90% of all successful returns made by the user

Originator: Sharon Platkin

Priority: High

History: Created Oct. 20, 2017

Requirement ID: F7

Requirement Type: F

Description: The system saves the details for each shot taken by the shooting mechanism

Rationale: Serves the purpose of saving the state and resuming sessions over time

Fit Criterion: After each shot is returned, an ACID transaction takes place

Originator: Christopher McDonald

Priority: Medium

History: Created Oct. 20, 2017

Requirement ID: F8

Requirement Type: F

Description: The system can load a previously saved state

Rationale: This will allow the user to continue a training session at different times, even if the system is powered down

Fit Criterion:

Originator: Christopher McDonald

Priority: Medium

History: Created Oct. 20, 2017

Requirement ID: F9

Requirement Type: F

Description: The system allows the creation of a new user

Rationale: This allows many users to use one system

Fit Criterion: A user must be able to be created only if the user does not already exist in the system

Originator: Christopher McDonald

Priority: Medium

History: Created Oct. 20, 2017

Requirement ID: F10

Requirement Type: F

Description: The system must authenticate users

Rationale: This will ensure a user can access their profile and restrict other users from accessing their profile

Fit Criterion: No user can access another user's profile and will have access to their own 99% of the system's uptime

Originator: Christopher McDonald

Priority: High

History: Created Oct. 20, 2017

Requirement ID: F11

Requirement Type: F

Description: The system can pause the shooting mechanism

Rationale: A user may need to attend other matters during training or get real-time feedback from the system

Fit Criterion: After instantiating the pause process, the system shoots at most 1 more ball(s)

Originator: Christopher McDonald

Priority: High

History: Created Oct. 20, 2017

Requirement ID: F12

Requirement Type: F

Description: The system can end the training session

Rationale: This will be used when a user is done training

Fit Criterion:

Originator: Christopher McDonald

Priority: High

History: Created Oct. 20, 2017

Requirement ID: F13

Requirement Type: F

Description: The system can display the user's performance over a determined time range

Rationale: This will aid the user in diagnosing their ability to play table tennis

Fit Criterion: N/A

Originator: Christopher McDonald

Priority: High

History: Created Oct. 20, 2017

Requirement ID: F14

Requirement Type: F

Description: The system has a **training** mode

Rationale: This mode will focus on playing to the user's weaknesses more so than others

Fit Criterion: After 100 pseudo-randomly distributed shots, the system will begin to distribute the shots differently. By ordering each class of shot from the least to most returned, the first 15%, the next 35% and the last half will all receive an equal share of shots.

Originator: Christopher McDonald

Priority: High

History: Created Oct. 20, 2017

Requirement ID: F15

Requirement Type: F

Description: The system has a **one-shot** mode

Rationale: This mode will focus on playing to one particular class of shot, as described by the user

Fit Criterion: For all shots performed in this mode, 90% must be classified as the same as the one entered

Originator: Christopher McDonald

Priority: Medium
History: Created Oct. 20, 2017

Requirement ID: F16

Requirement Type: F

Description: The system allows a user to adjust training parameters during a session which is active or paused

Rationale: A coach may want to push a player to train in a particular area

Fit Criterion:

Originator: Christopher McDonald

Priority: Low

History: Created Oct. 20, 2017

Requirement ID: F17

Requirement Type: F

Description: The system can be calibrated for the size of the table

Rationale: As performed by a system administrator, it should be usable for all non-regulation table sizes

Fit Criterion: The system follows all documented requirements

Originator: Christopher McDonald

Priority: High

History: Created Oct. 20, 2017

Requirement ID: F18

Requirement Type: F

Description: The system will shoot a ball once the previous has been returned to the system's side or 1.5 seconds after the previous shot, whichever happens first

Rationale: This will ensure the system is reasonably fast and keeps the user engaged, as well as compensates for more experienced players.

Fit Criterion: N/A

Originator: Christopher McDonald

Priority: High
History: Created Oct. 20, 2017

6 Non-Functional Requirements

6.1 Look and Feel Requirements

Requirement ID: LF1

Requirement Type: LF

Description: The system will have a minimalist design that is easy to navigate through

Rationale: a minimilistic design will help with user discoverability of all the options and setup of the system

Fit Criterion: The user must be able to navigate to any option from the home page in at most two steps.

Originator: Sam Hamel

Priority: Medium

History: Created Oct. 27, 2017

6.2 Usability and Humanity Requirements

Requirement ID: UH1

Requirement Type: UH

Description: The system must be intuitive to use

Rationale: As the system is adding onto an existing process, it should not cause strain for the user to operate

Fit Criterion: The user must be able to create a user in less than 30 seconds. The user must be able to initiate *one-shot* mode in less than 2 minutes from opening their profile.

Originator: Christopher McDonald

Priority: High

History: Created Oct. 20, 2017

Requirement ID: UH2	Requirement Type: UH
Description: The system will operate using the English language	
Rationale: Development team only speaks English	
Fit Criterion: All outputs generated by the system will be in English	
Originator: Sharon Platkin	
Priority: High	
History: Created Oct. 27, 2017	

6.3 Performance Requirements

Requirement ID: P1	Requirement Type: P
Description: The response time of any input feedback in the gui must be at most 100ms	
Rationale: 100 ms is the approximate maximum amount of time for the user to percieve the system is reacting instantaneously. <i>Card et al. (1991), The information visualizer: An information workspace, Proc. ACH CHI'91 Conf. (New Orleans, LA, 28 April - 2 May), 181-188</i> Users should feel that all inputs have been registered by the system	
Fit Criterion: Any click inputs that generate feedback must do so in at most 100ms. Example: a button click must indent the button in at most 100ms from the time it was clicked	
Originator: Sam Hamel	
Priority: High	
History: Created Oct. 27, 2017	

Requirement ID: UH3	Requirement Type: UH
Description: The response time of results to any gui input must be at most one second	
Rationale: One second is the approximate limit for the user's flow of thought to stay uninterrupted <i>Card et al. (1991), The information visualizer: An information</i>	

workspace, Proc. ACH CHI'91 Conf. (New Orleans, LA, 28 April - 2 May), 181-188

Fit Criterion: Any click inputs by the user must generate the expected results in the gui in at most one second

Originator: Sam Hamel

Priority: High

History: Created Oct. 27, 2017

Requirement ID: UH1

Requirement Type: UH

Description: The display of user performance must keep up with the users actual gameplay

Rationale: Live Performance feedback will allow users to see valuable information during their play sessions

Fit Criterion: Any results by any return from the player must be displayed on the gui before the player the player returns their next shot

Originator: Sam Hamel

Priority: High

History: Created Oct. 27, 2017

Requirement ID: UH1

Requirement Type: UH

Description: The shot frequency of the system shall not vary above/below one second from the users set shot frequency

Rationale: If the shot frequency varies more than one second from what the user specified, they will be able to notice the difference

Fit Criterion: The shooter must shoot a ball within +/- one second of the set shot frequency by the user

Originator: Sam Hamel

Priority: High

History: Created Oct. 27, 2017

Requirement ID: UH1

Requirement Type: UH

Description:The system must be able to support a thousand users

Rationale:If the system is used by a company, they will have a large amount of users using the system

Fit Criterion: The system can store up to a thousand user profiles and their accompanying performance history data

Originator: Sam Hamel

Priority: Medium

History: Created Oct. 27, 2017

Requirement ID: UH1

Requirement Type: UH

Description:The system will be able to support only one user playing at a time

Rationale:The system will not be able to differentiate between player returns if they were more than one user playing at the same time

Fit Criterion: The system will work as expected for one player playing

Originator: Sam Hamel

Priority: High

History: Created Oct. 27, 2017

Requirement ID: UH1

Requirement Type: UH

Description:The system will be able to perform all functions until the system is turned off

Rationale:Users should be able to continue using the system for however long they want

Fit Criterion: The system will work as expected until it is turned off or for as long as the batteries in the system will last

Originator: Sam Hamel

Priority: High
History: Created Oct. 27, 2017

6.4 Operational and Environmental Requirements

Requirement ID: UH1 **Requirement Type:** UH

Description: The software for the system will be able to be run on Linux, Windows and MacOS

Originator: Sam Hamel

Priority: High
History: Created Oct. 27, 2017

Requirement ID: UH1 **Requirement Type:** UH

Description: The system will be able to be run in indoor settings with bright fluorescent lighting in the room

Originator: Sam Hamel

Priority: High
History: Created Oct. 27, 2017

6.5 Maintainability and Support Requirements

Requirement ID: UH1 **Requirement Type:** UH

Description: The system will be able to support adding different modes to the system

Rationale: New modes might be deemed necessary later in development, and should be easily added into the system

Fit Criterion: The system will be able to add new shooting modes into the system so long as no changes need to be made to the hardware

Originator: Sam Hamel

Priority: High
History: Created Oct. 27, 2017

Requirement ID: UH1

Requirement Type: UH

Description: The system should be able to support swapping of computers

Rationale: In case something happens to the computer the system is currently using, there should be the ability to swap in a new one

Fit Criterion: Any computer that has the required software and that meets the same computer specifications as the one used by the system can be swapped in to be used

Originator: Sam Hamel

Priority: High

History: Created Oct. 27, 2017

Requirement ID: UH1

Requirement Type: UH

Description: The system should be able to add new metrics to analyze performance

Rationale: More efficient and appropriate methods may be found in order to analyze player performance

Fit Criterion: The system will be able to add new performance metrics and analysis methods so long as no changes need to be made to the hardware

Originator: Sam Hamel

Priority: High

History: Created Oct. 27, 2017

6.6 Security Requirements

Requirement ID: S1

Requirement Type: S

Description: The system must hash all passwords for user profiles

Rationale: If the system is compromised, no person should be able to read user's

passwords in plain text.

Fit Criterion: The system uses a hashing algorithm currently supported by NIST, the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Originator: Christopher McDonald

Priority: High

History: Created Oct. 20, 2017

Requirement ID: S2

Requirement Type: S

Description: The system must encrypt all performance data for each user

Rationale: If the system is compromised, no person should be able to exploit an opponent's weaker aspects

Fit Criterion: The system uses an encrypting algorithm currently supported by NIST, the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Originator: Christopher McDonald

Priority: Low

History: Created Oct. 20, 2017

6.7 Political Requirements

Requirement ID: P1

Requirement Type: P

Description: The system must allow full read access for coaches

Rationale: If a coach purchases this system, they should be able to analyze all players information for training purposes

Fit Criterion:

Originator: Christopher McDonald

Priority: Medium

History: Created Oct. 20, 2017

6.8 Legal Requirements

Requirement ID: L1	Requirement Type: L
Description: The system must comply and operate for all ITTF rules and regulations	
Rationale: ITTF mandates the acceptance of all table tennis equipment and the system should work with these to be used by professional players	
Fit Criterion: The system must work for any 2 tables and nets which the ITTF has accepted	
Originator: Christopher McDonald	
Priority: High	
History: Created Oct. 20, 2017	

6.9 Health and Safety Requirements

Requirement ID: HS1	Requirement Type: HS
Description: The system will never shoot the ball without first hitting the table before hitting the table	
Rationale: This will give the user more time and context to react to the shot	
Fit Criterion: The system imposes limits for speed and pitch of the shot	
Originator: Christopher McDonald	
Priority: High	
History: Created Oct. 20, 2017	

Requirement ID: HS2
Description: The system will not shoot the ball faster than 9 m/s
Rationale: This is 75% of one of the world's fastest shots taken in table tennis and is unlikely to be of any practical use
Fit Criterion: The system will constrain the speed of its shooting mechanism
Originator: Christopher McDonald

Priority: High

History: Created Oct. 20, 2017

7 Project Issues

7.1 Open Issues

Due to the nature of the project, all aspects of it must operate proficiently in order for it to be successful. For example, one potential issue would arise if no spin must be applied to the ball. This would most likely include more than one motor, all operating at the same speed. This accuracy will be difficult to achieve given the budget constraints.

Some players may be able to hit the ball much faster than the solution we build to capture successful returns. For example, if some optical sensor is used it must be fast enough to capture the ball at the point of contact, or very close to it, in order to accurately determine if it did hit the table.

Between shots of the system, it must determine where the next shot will be, get into the necessary position and shoot the ball. For some cases, the shot determination could take longer than usual or the distance between initial and final state could be far. This could jeopardize the system's ability to meet requirement F18.

7.2 Off-the-Shelf Solutions

For the second issue noted in the above section, a high speed camera could be used but would exceed the budget constraint placed on this project. For example, a GoPro HERO5 camera can film at 120fps but costs \$490. Additionally, a camera which can film up to 500fps costs as much as \$999.99. These would far constrain our budget, but would solve the issue should it arise. An alternative could be mat embedded with sensors, omitting all optical sensor requirements. A mat which is roughly one-quarter the size of what we would need to cover one side of table costs \$119.99, which includes a wireless pager and any markup costs done by the manufacturer. A total estimate for our materials can be estimated to be \$150.00.

For the third issue, faster motors could be used to make the shooting mechanism move faster. However, these also must fit in the budget and will be adjusted accordingly to do so.

7.3 New Problems

As of October 28, 2017, no new problems exist.

7.4 Risks

The largest and only risk to note is potentially going over budget. This is mainly with respect to the proficiency of the sensors and motors used as it is typically positively correlated with price.

7.5 User Documentation & Training

8 Likely Changes

As noted in the Project Goals document, many of the anticipated changes include enhanced accuracy of some requirements. These include the following:

- F1 will be changed to a 8x8 grid and then a 16x16 grid
- Adding a **random** shooting mode
- Adding variable heights for the shooting mechanism
- Adding the ability to track the ball throughout its travel across the table