ΤΑΥΤΟΧΡΟΝΟΣ ΠΡΟΓΡΑΜΜΑΤΙΣΜΟΣ ΣΕΙΡΑ ΑΣΚΗΣΕΩΝ 3

Ομάδα 8

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3.1 Υπολογισμός Fractals με Condition Variables

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
typedef struct parameters{
                                                                               create N threads
  ... (Parameters for the calculation)
                                                                               while (1) {
  pthread mutex t mtx1;
                                                                                 for (i=0; i<nofslices; i++) {
  pthread cond t cond1;
                                                                                   pthread mutex lock(&main results[i].mtx1);
  int done;
                                                                                   Assign values to the workers
  int flag;
                                                                                   main results[i].done = 1;
}worker;
                                                                                   main results[i].flag++;
                                                                                   if(main results[i].flag <= 0){
void *mandel foo(void * arg){
                                                                                     pthread cond signal(&main results[i].cond1);
  while(1){
    pthread mutex lock(&my parameters->mtx1);
                                                                                   pthread mutex unlock(&main results[i].mtx1);
    my parameters->flag--;
    if(my parameters->flag < 0){
                                                                                 for (k=0; k<nofslices; k++) {
      pthread cond wait(&my parameters->cond1, &my parameters->mtx1);
                                                                                   pthread_mutex_lock(&mtx2);
                                                                                   signal_counter--;
    pthread mutex unlock(&my parameters->mtx1);
                                                                                   if(signal_counter < 0){
                                                                                     pthread_cond_wait(&cond2, &mtx2);
    mandel_Calc();
    pthread mutex lock(&mtx2);
                                                                                   pthread mutex unlock(&mtx2);
    my parameters->done = 2;
                                                                                   for (i=0; i<nofslices; i++) {
    signal counter++;
                                                                                     if(main results[i].done == 2){
    if(signal counter <= 0){
                                                                                        Draw ith slice
      pthread cond signal(&cond2);
    pthread mutex unlock(&mtx2);
  return NULL;
```

3.2 Στενή Γέφυρα με Condition Variables

```
void enter the bridge(char colour){
  if(colour =='r'){
    pthread mutex lock(&mtx);
    if( (blue on bridge > 0) || (red on bridge > (N-1)) ||
      ((blue waiting > 0) && (total counter > ((2*N) - 1))))
      red waiting++;
      pthread cond wait(&rg, &mtx);
      if (red waiting > 0 && total counter < ((2*N) - 1) &&
         (red on bridge < N)) {
         red waiting--;
        red on bridge++;
        total counter++;
         pthread cond signal(&rq);
    else{
      red on bridge++;
      total counter++;
    pthread_mutex unlock(&mtx);
  else if(colour =='b'){
```

```
void exit the bridge(char colour){
  if(colour =='r'){
    pthread_mutex_lock(&mtx);
    red on bridge--;
    if( (red waiting > 0) && (red on bridge < N) &&
      ((total counter < (2*N))||(blue waiting == 0)) ) {
      red waiting--;
      red on bridge++;
      total counter++;
      pthread cond signal(&rq);
    else if ((red on bridge == 0) && (blue waiting > 0)) {
      blue waiting--;
      total counter = 0;
      blue on bridge++;
      total counter++;
      pthread cond signal(&bq);
    pthread mutex unlock(&mtx);
  else if(colour =='b'){
void *foo(void *arg){
  enter the bridge(colour);
  sleep(); // Κρίσιμο Τμήμα
  exit the bridge(colour);
```

3.3 Τρενάκι με Condition Variables

```
int enter the train(train info *passenger info){
  pthread mutex lock(&mtx);
  passenger_info->counter++;
  if( (passenger_info->counter % passenger_info->N) == 0) {
    passengers_ready++;
    if(train waiting to start ride == 1){
      pthread cond signal(&train cond);
  pthread cond wait(&passengers cond1, &mtx);
  pthread mutex unlock(&mtx);
  return 0;
```

```
void exit the train(train info *passenger info){
  pthread mutex lock(&mtx);
  passengers_ready_to_exit++;
  if(train_waiting_to_end == 1 &&
      passengers ready to exit == passenger info->N){
    pthread cond signal(&train cond);
  pthread_cond_wait(&passengers_cond2, &mtx);
  pthread mutex unlock(&mtx);
void *passenger foo(void *arg){
  enter the train(pas info);
  exit_the_train(pas_info);
 typedef struct information{
   int N:
   int counter;
   int nofrides;
 }train_info;
```

```
void *train foo(void *arg){
  while(1){
    pthread mutex lock(&mtx);
    if(passengers_ready == 0){
      train waiting to start ride = 1;
      pthread cond wait(&train cond, &mtx);
    train waiting to start ride = 0;
    passengers_ready--;
    for(i=0; i< ride info->N; i++){
      pthread_cond_signal(&passengers_cond1);
    pthread mutex unlock(&mtx);
    // Start of CS
    sleep(T);
    pthread mutex lock(&mtx);
    if(passengers_ready_to_exit < ride_info->N){
      train waiting to end = 1;
      pthread cond wait(&train cond, &mtx);
    passengers_ready_to_exit = 0;
    train_waiting_to_end = 0;
    for(i=0; i< ride info->N; i++){
      pthread cond signal(&passengers cond2);
    pthread mutex unlock(&mtx);
    sleep(2);
  return NULL;
                                      4
```

3.4 Conditional Critical Regions

```
typedef struct labels{
  int n1;
  int n2;
  pthread cond tq1;
  pthread cond tq2;
  pthread mutex t mtx;
}struct label;
#define CCR DECLARE(label) struct label label;
#define CCR INIT(label)
  int mtxtype = PTHREAD MUTEX NORMAL;
  pthread mutexattr tattr;
  pthread mutexattr init(&attr);
  pthread mutexattr settype(&attr, mtxtype);
  pthread mutex init(&label.mtx, &attr);
  pthread cond init(&label.g1, NULL);
  pthread cond init(&label.g2, NULL);
  label.n1 = 0;
  label.n2 = 0;
```

```
#define CCR EXEC(label, cond, body)
  pthread_mutex_lock(&label.mtx);
  while(!(cond)){
    label.n1++;
    if(label.n2>0){
      label.n2--;
      pthread cond signal(&label.q2);
    pthread cond wait(&label.q1, &label.mtx);
    label.n2++;
    if(label.n1>0){
      label.n1--;
      pthread cond signal(&label.q1);
      pthread cond wait(&label.q2, &label.mtx);
    else if(label.n2>1){
      label.n2--;
      pthread cond signal(&label.q2);
      pthread cond wait(&label.g2, &label.mtx);
  body
  if(label.n1>0){
    label.n1--;
    pthread_cond_signal(&label.q1);
  else if(label.n2>0){
    label.n2--:
    pthread cond signal(&label.q2);
  pthread mutex unlock(&label.mtx);
```

3.4.1 Υπολογισμός Fractals με CCR

```
typedef struct parameters{
  mandel Pars *pars;
  int maxIters;
  int *res;
   int done;
  CCR DECLARE(R1)
 }worker;
 CCR DECLARE(R2)
 int to_draw_counter = 0;
void *mandel foo(void * arg){
  while(1){
    CCR EXEC(my parameters->R1, my parameters->done == 1,
      mandel Calc();
    CCR EXEC(R2, 1,
      my parameters->done = 2;
      to draw counter++;
  return NULL;
```

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
  CCR INIT(main results[i].R1) for i=0,1,...,N
  CCR INIT(R2)
  create N threads
  while (1) {
    for (i=0; i<nofslices; i++) {
      CCR EXEC(main results[i].R1,1,
         Assign values to the workers
         main results[i].done = 1;
    for (k=0; k<nofslices; k++) {
      CCR EXEC(R2, to draw counter>0,
        to draw counter--;
     for (i=0; i<nofslices; i++) {
         if(main results[i].done == 2){
           Draw ith slice
```

3.4.2 Στενή Γέφυρα με CCR

```
void enter_the_bridge(char colour){
  if(colour =='r'){
    CCR_EXEC(R1,1,
      red_waiting++;
    CCR_EXEC(R1, (red_on_bridge < N) && ( (red_counter < (2*N)) || (blue_waiting == 0) ) &&
       (blue on bridge == 0) && !( (blue counter < (2*N)) && (blue counter > 0) && (blue waiting > 0) ),
      blue_counter = 0;
      red_on_bridge++;
      red counter++;
      red_waiting--;
else if(colour =='b'){
 void exit the bridge(char colour){
   if(colour =='r'){
     CCR EXEC(R1, 1,
        red on bridge--;
    else if(colour =='b'){
     CCR_EXEC(R1, 1,
        blue on bridge--;
```

3.4.3 Τρενάκι με CCR

```
void *train foo(void *arg){
int enter the train(train info *passenger info){
                                                                                                       while(1){
  CCR EXEC(R1, ((train waiting to start ride == 1) && (passenger info->counter < passenger info->N)),
                                                                                                         CCR EXEC(R1, 1,
    passenger info->counter++;
                                                                                                            train waiting to start ride = 1;
    if(passenger info->counter == passenger info->N) {
       passengers ready = 1;
      train waiting to start ride = 0;
                                                                                                         CCR EXEC(R1, (passengers ready == 1),
                                                                                                            passengers ready = 0;
  return 0;
                                                                                                         // Start of CS
                                                        void *passenger foo(void *arg){
                                                                                                         sleep(T);
                                                          enter_the_train(pas_info);
void exit the train(train info *passenger info){
                                                                                                         CCR EXEC(R1, 1,
  CCR EXEC(R1, (train waiting to end == 1),
                                                          exit_the_train(pas_info);
                                                                                                            train waiting to end = 1;
    passenger info->counter--;
    if(passenger info->counter == 0) {
                                                                                                         CCR_EXEC(R1, (passengers_ready_to_exit == 1),
       passengers ready to exit = 1;
                                                                                                            passengers_ready_to_exit = 0;
      train waiting to_end = 0;
                                                       typedef struct information{
                                                         int N;
                                                                                                         sleep(2);
                                                         int counter;
                                                         int nofrides;
                                                                                                       return NULL;
                                                       }train info;
```