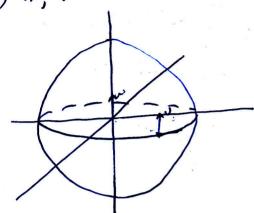
L' ZEIBA AZKHZEON

Aon 1

mr = mr - mw x (wxr) - 2mwxu a) m, V -mixxr'



$$= \frac{|\vec{\omega}|^2 \vec{r}' - 0|}{2|\vec{\omega}| \cdot |\vec{\omega}| \cdot |\vec{\omega}|} = \frac{|\vec{\omega}|^2 \vec{r}'}{2|\vec{\omega}| \cdot |\vec{\omega}| \cdot |\vec{\omega}|}$$

effortive nerver Biption KIVATON Nopilayas Apa, stor without a the section of the sections of the contractions of the sections of t opi) has.

B) Ayou to apportion netate of office of oxfor ن در المر المار المارية المرابع المرا

- n dydkengas sa rivar: Fyy = -mi x (vox R) anou R n artiva

- n Fcofiolis = -2 mwx V Exort 2=21 ן דסום

Frond = + MWX (WXZ) = WX (WXZ) = +2MWXV = 2WXV

 $= (\omega_{\widehat{z}}) \times \left[(\omega_{\widehat{z}})_{\widehat{x}} (R_{\widehat{x}'}) \right] = (\omega_{\widehat{z}})_{\widehat{x}} (\omega_{\widehat{x}})$ $= (\omega_{\widehat{z}})_{\widehat{x}} (\omega_{\widehat{x}})_{\widehat{x}} (\omega_{\widehat{x}})$ 2 (w2) x (V4)

 $\frac{\omega^{2}R^{2}}{2\omega^{2}} = \frac{\omega R}{2V}$

$$\frac{f_{qqr}}{F_{cor}} = \frac{f_{m} \left[\vec{\omega} \times (\vec{\omega} \times \vec{p}) \right]}{f_{m} \left(\vec{v} \times \vec{\omega} \right)} = \frac{(\omega \hat{z}) \times (\omega \hat{z}) \times (\omega \hat{z})}{2 (v_{m}) \times (\omega \hat{z})} = \frac{(\omega \hat{z}) \times (\omega \hat{y}')}{2 v_{m} \hat{y}'} = \frac{\omega^{2} \hat{x}'}{2 v_{m} \hat{y}'} = \frac{\omega^{2} \hat{x}'}{2 v_{m} \hat{y}'}$$

Coriolis america hers rue avarable.

 $\begin{cases}
F & \text{or} = -2m \vec{w} \times \vec{V} \\
F & \text{ema} \\
\vec{a} & \text{cor} = -2\vec{M} \times \vec{U}
\end{cases}$

Auti affeith Sister, to wife unskoute reporting on the set of them on the set of the set

a)
$$F = -G \frac{M \cdot m}{r^2} \cdot \hat{r}$$

H F now south to penperus nedi- or orifore formy to five kemplus orize
$$\int |\hat{x}(r)| dr = \int f(r) dr$$

$$U(r) - U(r) = \int f(r) dr$$

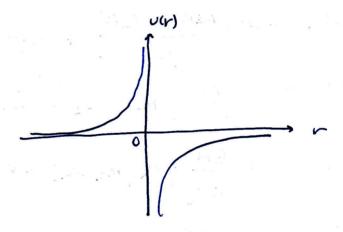
$$U(r) - U(r) = - \int_{ros}^{r} f(r) dr$$

$$U(r) = -\int_{+\infty}^{r} \frac{4r \, Mm}{r^2} \, dr = 0$$

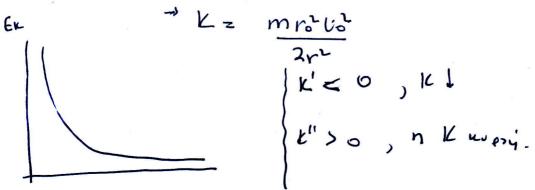
$$U(r) = 4r \, Mm \int_{+\infty}^{r} \frac{1}{r^2} \, dr = 0$$

in.
$$U = \frac{1}{2}(m, v) = -6 \frac{M \cdot m}{r}$$

r	739	0	
g" (r)	+		
8	0	1	



$$L_{0} = \frac{L_{0}^{1}}{2I_{0}}$$
, $L_{0} = \frac{L_{0}^{1}}{2I_{0}} = \frac{L_{0}^{1}}{2mv^{2}} = \frac{1_{0}^{1} \omega_{0}^{1}}{2mv^{2}} = \frac{m^{1} r_{0}^{4} \omega_{0}^{1}}{2m^{2}} = \frac{m^{1} r_{0}^{4} (\frac{\omega_{0}^{1}}{m^{2}})}{2m^{2}}$



$$= -G \frac{Mm_1}{r_1} + (-G \frac{Mm_2}{r_2}) = G \frac{Mm_1}{r_2}$$

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} f = \frac{r_{0}^{2} U_{0}^{2}}{2} \left(\frac{m_{1} r_{1}^{2} + m_{2} r_{1}^{2}}{r_{1}^{2} r_{2}^{2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3 \sqrt{4} - \frac{1}{2 r_1^2} + \frac{1}{2 r_2^2} + \frac{1}{2 r_2^2} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2 r_1^2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2 r_2^2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2 r_2^2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2 r_2^2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2 r_2^2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2 r_2^2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2 r_2^2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2 r_2^2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2$$

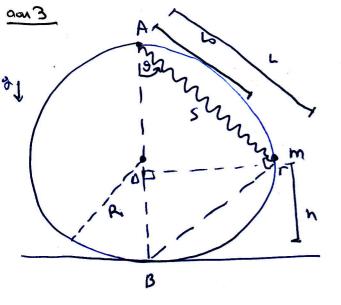
$$\frac{1}{2} \int t' = \frac{v_0^2 V_0^2}{2} \left(\frac{m_2 v_1^2 + m_1 v_1^2}{v_1^2 v_2^2} \right)$$

$$-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{m_1r_1^2+m_2r_1^2}{r_1^2r_2^2}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{m_2r_2^2+m_1r_1^2}{r_1^2r_2^2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{r_0^2 U_0^2}{m_1 r_2^2 + m_2 r_1^2 - m_1 r_2^2 - m_1 r_1^2}$$

$$= \frac{r_{2}^{2} U_{3}^{2}}{2 r_{1}^{2} r_{3}^{2}} \left(r_{1}^{2} \left(m_{1} - m_{2} \right) + r_{1}^{2} \left(m_{2} - n_{1} \right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{r_0^2 v_0^2}{2r_1^2 r_2^2} \left(r_1^2 - r_1^2 \right) \left(m_1 - m_2 \right) < 0$$



- (a) Naiprosept to m of fix tuxois juvily of insu to Edonipio the repopolytudes keric L-Lo. Tota inglas or ux fores:
 - · ABT: 0 PS, puro 6+ f= 90° => L=2R cos O
 - · h = 2R AD = 2R L cos = 2R (2kcor 3) (or 0) = 2R (1-cos 0) = 2R sin 20

Lumi, to own to taja-Maripo 40 sufficie evileting:

 $V(\theta) = U_{10}(\theta) + V_{pop}(\theta) = \frac{1}{2} S(L-L_0)^2 + m_0 n$ $\rightarrow V(\theta) = \frac{1}{2} S(2R(0) - L_0)^2 + m_0 2R sin^0$.

B) To ontria loopponies tou aunitores siver excitu pa es ansiste tratividas n auxipry on rus aunitores externos.

 $V(0) = \frac{1}{2} S \chi (2R\cos\theta - L_0) (-2R\sin\theta) + 2m_g R \cdot 2\sin\theta \cdot \cos\theta$ $= \sin\theta \left[-2RS \left(2R\cos\theta - L_0 \right) + 4m_g R\cos\theta \right]$ $= \sin\theta \left[(4m_g R - 4SR^2)\cos\theta + 2SRL_0 \right]$

 $V'(0)_{20}$ on sind z_0 in $z_0 = \frac{Z_S R L_0}{z_0}$ $\frac{Z_S R L_0}{z_0}$

oral of (-1 1)

$$512$$
 $2 Rs \left(1 - \frac{13}{3}\right) - 2 JR$

$$(050 = -\frac{1}{-2\frac{15}{3}}$$

Sumis, 70 wants isobbaun, are vien gearn.

Eninsion:

$$v'(0) = \sin\theta \left[\left(4RS \left(1 - \frac{13}{3} \right) R - 4SR^{2} \right) \cos\theta + 2SR^{2} \right]$$

$$= 2SR^{2} \sin\theta \left[\left(2 - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3} - 2 \right) \cos\theta + 1 \right]$$

$$= 2SR^{2} \sin\theta \left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3} \cos\theta \right)$$

$$V''(0) = 25R^{2} \left[(050 \left(1 - \frac{26}{3} (05) + 5 in0 \frac{26}{3} sin0 \right) \right]$$

$$= 25R^{2} \left((050 + \frac{26}{3} sin^{2}0 - \frac{26}{3} cos^{2}0 \right)$$

Livering:

$$\mathcal{V}''(0) = 25R^{2} \left(1+0-\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}\right) = 25R^{2} \frac{3-2\sqrt{3}}{3} < 0$$

$$\mathcal{V}''(\frac{1}{6}) = 25R^{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^{2}\right)$$

$$= 25R^{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$

$$= 25R^{2} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6} > 0$$

Luxenui, $\sigma = \theta = 0$ n $V(\theta)$ repostrâjn sonivi fijus

ken tyaft every inopponia, hui us $\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}$ us $\theta = -\frac{\pi}{6}$ (goft hunsty isopponia.

$$M_1 \times N_2 \qquad N_3 \times N_4 \times N_4$$

a) Energy in surfruir everyters on
$$xn y kor z aversions$$

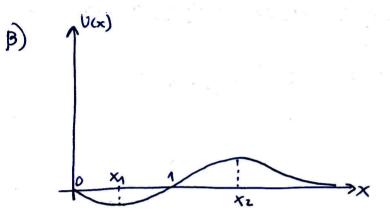
Indu $\frac{dv}{dy} = \frac{dv}{dz} = 0$. Apr:

$$\Delta = 9a^{2} - 4a^{2} = 5a^{2}$$
, $x_{12} = \frac{3a^{2}}{2a^{2}} = \frac{3 + \sqrt{5}a}{2a} = \frac{3 + \sqrt{5}a}{2a}$

$$\frac{2\omega m\omega}{\lambda_1}, \tau_2 \qquad \frac{3-\sqrt{5}}{2a}, \quad \chi_2 = \frac{3+\sqrt{5}}{2a}$$

And To nivere reposition Tell of (expragable of trupitars to reposite to the time the time the pipe of the time of

Evenus, on netris X1 Exate wasy coppenis tim as X2 Exate anothing coppenia.



F = nwn 144'

- 7 = > 0 - 7 = 20 < 0 = 7

- 1 = 1/2 = 30 \(\text{V(x) b - 8} \)

- X \(\text{Lo} \) \(\text{X1} \) \(\text{V(x2, +21)} \)

on withers tuxoveries exception that EMAX = 07.00.

Maparapoiff ou aparativou to m va coira un to reina va igna aparajo reina viata a traspista to Xe, some transmolara a interior viatas entrepriores de L(x=x2) >0.

Entisty Endoppetant for the oplous karainan, se norport to

Tellus:

EMHT (x=0) = EMHT (x=X)

=> K(x=0) + V(x=0) = K(x=x1) + U(x=x1)

2 K(x20) = U(x=x1) = AxL(ax,-1) e 7 0/20 X2= 3+15

$$=\hat{x}(2z-27)-\hat{y}(2x-2x)+\hat{z}(2y-2y)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} = -\vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$$

$$\mathcal{V}(x, y, z) = - \left((90, z) z - (x, y, z) \right) \left((x, y, z) - (x, y, z) \right) \left((x, y, z) - (x, y, z) \right) \left((x, y, z) - (x, y, z) \right) \left((x, y, z) - (x, y, z) \right) \left((x, y, z) - (x, y, z) \right) \left((x, y, z) - (x, y, z) \right) \left((x, y, z) - (x, y, z) \right) dx$$

The Va unespicate 700 kolt ope 700 Apriloners Enistpote film eri TU NI BEVES SISSPORES FIREDI (990) NON (XY,Z). GILIJY n sint and Sisreparing 30 doubt got view ortfibiles 147 girlbokis un mit Aantt. Edw milight in wolfethy vilyas eviftor on out his: (0,90) -1 (x,0,0) -1 (x,y,0) -> (x,y,2) . E101; $\int_{(9,9)}^{(x/y,\xi)} (y^{2}+2x\xi) dx = \int_{(9,9)}^{(x/y,\xi)} (x^{2}+2x\xi) dx + \int_{(x/y,0)}^{(x/y,\xi)} (y^{2}+2x\xi) dx + \int_{(x/y,0)}^{(x/y,\xi)} (y^{2}+2x\xi) dx + \int_{(x/y,0)}^{(x/y,\xi)} (x^{2}+2x\xi) dx + \int_{(x/y,\xi)}^{(x/y,\xi)} (x^{2}+2x\xi) dx + \int_{(x/y,\xi)}^{(x/y,\xi)$ $(9,0) \qquad (3,4) = (3,4$ (230) (X,412) (X,42) (X,43) (X,43) (X,42) (X,43) (X,42) (X,43) (X,43)

Testure, $V(x, y,z) = -(xy^2 + yz^2 + x^2z)$ es