HAEUTPOLIQUYUTIUG NETIG A

Xprioros Toxiqus

0x4 0=8.7.

6) Pa(High) - High) = EKO

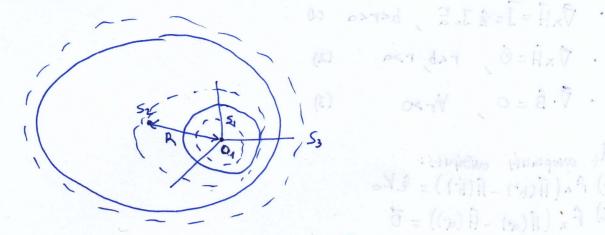
T= ((p) 1) - (b) 1) ; A

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40 E Fayinvo

11 6 21 Sopa Aorigora

'Aoxyon 3.7



Euro orparpirés ouvelves pe névipo to Ox

· Tra Ocrcb: Nojw outherplas Eq= E0=0 un efoption trans and top. (1)

Nopos Gauss orgu aparpiun eniparera Sa (pe reb):

$$\oint_{S} \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{S} = \frac{9}{E_{0}} \Rightarrow \int_{\theta=0}^{n} \int_{\varphi=0}^{2n} E_{r}(r) \cdot r^{2} \sin \theta \, d\theta d\varphi = \frac{9}{E_{0}} \Rightarrow E_{r}(r) = \frac{9}{4\pi r^{2} E_{0}}$$

· la b<ra>de Eiver jumoso ou re paprio 741 poprios operpos da ourompeutéi σιγυ επιφάνειά της μοδώς ναι σιγυ επιφάνεια βώρω από την μακλότητα, δηλοδή θη Amplosti ot sio pepn, QI, QZ quinaxa: Q=Q1+Q2

Notes Grouss view Sz (opoipa vinpor O1 ht bara-b):

$$\oint_{S} \vec{E} \, d\vec{S} = \underbrace{Q_{2} + q_{1}}_{E} \qquad \underbrace{E = 0}_{Aign} \qquad Q_{2} = -q_{1}$$

Apa Q1=Q+9

· To To Etwarpina entire The openes proport to oblitate overtrafferts not va éxaft aparplusi pe vénpo 20 kénpo sus ajolytus apaipos.

Oriset, pla 179: Ans Noto Grous of mpoips 4+ 170:

$$\oint_{S} \vec{E} d\vec{s} = \frac{Q+2}{\epsilon_{0}} \Rightarrow \int_{\phi=0}^{h} \frac{2n}{E_{r}(nr^{2}sin0d0d\phi = \frac{Q+2}{\epsilon_{0}})} \Rightarrow E_{r}(r) = \frac{Q+2}{4\pi r^{2}\epsilon_{0}}$$

Aonyon 3.9

a) ME onfesialis Efrañosis:

Enshirt to oring Dempions undinspires our ves , pa to H=H(r), B=B(r) (organis)

botton organization occupy the minings to Or

· lin bapaque Elvar private ou -

1+2 =10 A

- · \$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{
- · \$\frac{1}{2} \hat{H} = \tilde{0}, r < b, r > a (2)
- · \$.B=0, Yr>0 (3)

· Mt owoplauts owdyuts:

- ii) $\hat{\Gamma}_{x} \left(\hat{H}(at) \hat{H}(at) \right) = \vec{D}$
- iii) Br(a+)= Br(a-)
- is) Br(bt)=Br(b=) and eval material grant
- · = εμινώντος με τω (3): $\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{B} = \vec{6} \Rightarrow \vec{\frac{1}{3}} (rBr) = 0 \Rightarrow Br = \left(\frac{r}{r}\right), b< r<0$

And (ii) (ii) => (2=4=6

Ofws opiner Plm Br noneparties onise Co=0

• (ia rzb: (2) =) $\begin{cases} \frac{2Hz}{\partial r} = 0 \Rightarrow H_z(r) = \alpha_0 \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial r} = 0 \Rightarrow H_{\varphi}(r) = \alpha_0 \end{cases}$ of evolution $\begin{cases} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial}{\partial r} & \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial r} & \frac{\partial}{\partial r} & \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \end{cases}$ of evolution $\begin{cases} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial}{\partial r} & \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial r} & \frac{\partial}{\partial r} & \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \end{cases}$

To berea: (1)=) 2Hz = 0 = Hz(1)=91

1+10 = (v-7) = 9+10 = 9+10 " la r>a: (2) => /Hz(r) = 92 Hq(r) = b2

Opens neinn lim Hz(r)=0 orost on=0,

$$\frac{J_0}{3a}b^2 + \frac{b_1}{b} - \frac{1}{2nb} = K_0 \Rightarrow b_1 = K_0.b - \frac{J_0}{3a}.b^3 + \frac{1}{2n}$$

Hu
$$\frac{b^{2}}{a} - \frac{J_{0}}{3a} = \frac{1}{a^{2}} - \frac{b_{1}}{a} = 0$$
 $\Rightarrow b_{2} = b_{0} - b + \frac{1}{2\pi} - \frac{J_{0}}{3a} + \frac{J_{0}}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$

Teliuri,
$$\hat{H}(r) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2\pi r} \hat{\phi}, & r = b \\ \frac{1}{3\alpha} (r^3 - b^3) + \frac{1}{2\pi r} \hat{\phi}, & b < r < q \\ \frac{1}{3\alpha} (a^3 - b^3) + \frac{1}{2\pi r} \hat{\phi}, & r > q \end{cases}$$

DIE vindo sou eninébre 2=0 outives reb 1996 :
$$\oint_{\mathcal{U}} \vec{H} \cdot d\vec{l} = \vec{J} \Rightarrow \int_{\phi=0}^{2n} H_{\phi}(r) \cdot r d\phi = \vec{J} \Rightarrow H_{\phi}(r) = \frac{\vec{J}}{2\pi r}$$

$$\oint_{C_2} \hat{H} \cdot d\hat{P} = I(r) = 1 + 2\pi b \cdot K_5 + \int_{\varphi=0}^{2\pi} \int_{r=b}^{r} \frac{J_0}{a} r'^2 dr' d\varphi = I + 2\pi b \cdot K_0 + 2\pi \frac{J_0}{3a} (r^2 - b^3) \Rightarrow 2\pi$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{\varphi=0}^{\pi} H_{\varphi}(r) \cdot r d\varphi = 1 + 2nbK_0 + 2n\frac{J_0}{3a} (r^3 - b^3) \Rightarrow H_{\varphi}(r) = \frac{1}{2nr} + \frac{K_0b}{r} + \frac{J_0}{3ar} (r^3 - b^3)$$

The Ty Z-ovulouism Endligher we not notify a opposition posto frivous it, rapidly los

$$\oint_{C} \vec{H} d\vec{l} = \int_{0}^{r} H_{r}(r')dr' + \int_{0}^{r} H_{r}(r')dr' + \int_{z=-l}^{0} H_{z}(r)dz + \int_{z=-l}^{-l} H_{z}(0)dz = 0 \Rightarrow$$

3 l. Hz(r) = lHz(o) => Hz(r) = Hz(o), Yr

Opens, notines lim Hz(r)=0=> Hz(0)=0, 'Ap Hz(r)=0, tr

P) Mt mthours executers

•
$$I_{1q} - h \angle Z \angle O$$
: $\nabla_{X} \vec{h} = -\hat{X} J_{0} \vec{z}$ $\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{\partial H_{y}}{\partial z} = \frac{1}{h} \cdot \vec{z} \Rightarrow H_{y}(z) = \frac{J_{0}}{2h} \cdot \vec{z}^{2} + \vec{z}z \\ H_{X}(z) = \hat{X}_{2} \end{cases}$

· Fig Oczch:
$$\partial \times \hat{H} = \hat{\chi} \int_{0}^{\infty} J_{0} = \int_{0}^{\infty} J_{0} =$$

•
$$f_{1} = \frac{1}{2}b_{1}$$
: $f_{1} \neq \frac{1}{2}b_{2} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} f_{1}(z) = a_{1} \\ f_{2}(z) = b_{1} \end{cases}$

Juropianes Judikes:

$$\cdot Z = h : 2 \times (\vec{H}(h^{+}) - \vec{H}(h^{-})) = \vec{O} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} H_{y}(h^{+}) = H_{y}(h^{-}) =) & \alpha_{0} = -\frac{J_{0}h}{2}h + 31 \\ H_{x}(h^{+}) = H_{x}(h^{-}) \Rightarrow \chi_{1} = b_{0} \end{cases}$$

$$Z = -h! (-2) \times (\widehat{H}(-h^{-}) - \widehat{H}(-h^{+})) = -x^{1} K_{0} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} H_{X}(-h^{+}) = H_{X}(-h^{+}) \Rightarrow X_{2} = b_{1} \\ H_{Y}(-h^{-}) = H_{Y}(-h^{+}) = -K_{0} \Rightarrow \alpha_{1} = \frac{1}{2} h_{+} E_{2} - K_{0} \end{cases}$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{B} = 0 \Rightarrow 3B_{z} = 0 \Rightarrow B_{z}(z) = c \xrightarrow{\frac{2700}{2700}} 0 \Rightarrow H_{z}(z) = 0, \forall z$$

$$\vec{H}_{10} = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{J_{0}}{2}h - \frac{k_{0}}{2}\right)\vec{V}_{1} & z < -h \\ \left(\frac{J_{0}}{2h}z^{2} + \frac{k_{0}}{2}\right)\vec{V}_{1}, p_{k}z < 0 \\ \left(-\frac{J_{0}}{2h}z^{2} + \frac{k_{0}}{2}\right)\vec{V}_{1}, p_{k}z < h \\ \left(-\frac{J_{0}}{2h}z^{2} + \frac{k_{0}}{2}\right)\vec{V}_{1}, p_{k}z < h \end{cases}$$

ME dons, purius + fisous

D'Ecrus op Dywinois propos 700 Enintéros 47 "Lorons la , primor l' wort vo kara deficien وله والمراع ، عمد عدا المراع على المراع الله عمد عدد الم المراع عدد الم المراع عدد الم المراع المراع المراع الم

D'EOU OPOOJUNUOI PIPIXOS 700 FAIREOU YZ NOU UDDATH HIPY TUN AFUPO 200 NOZEKZH

$$\oint_{C_2} \vec{H} \cdot d\vec{l} = \int_{C_2}^{h} \int_{0}^{\infty} \vec{l}_1 dz' = \int_{2h}^{h} (N^2 - z^2) \Rightarrow$$

$$0$$
 Opoins, por $ppoxes$ or $z=k\,Z-h\,$ from $-h\,Z=2\,$ 0 0 1 y_10 h_1 : $H_1(z)=\frac{1}{2h}\,z^2+\frac{k_0}{2}$, $-h\,Z=0$

Aroman 3.13

· R = qKq+ 2Kz, | | E|=Ks, juvia zw E, q tiver w

· K. . = | E| . | Q| · cos (E, Q) = Ko cos w >

= (qkq+ ZKz) q= Kocosw = Kq=Kocosw

· | E| = Ko => V K&+K= = Ko = K= = Ko - Ko cos w = Kosin w =

3) |Kz = | Kasinwl => Kz = + Kasinw

in the 2-available:

7.8=0 = 3B

Me alexander Mulia etassass

of persons nests experience

endoxida oca satisti ang

of tomano

D. Operat de Bloke as

H joursy da nffinswon Kz = Kosinw ENIZOBET 0140

 $UUL'IV \delta pow: \vec{B} = \vec{B}(r), \vec{H} = \vec{H}(r)$ · None outtreis

 $\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{H} = \vec{0} \implies \begin{cases} \frac{\partial Hb}{\partial r} = 0 \implies Hz = \begin{cases} a_0 & \text{ocr} < \alpha \\ a_1 & \text{ocr} < \alpha \end{cases}$

1. 2 (rHφ) =0 => Hφ= { bq , ocrea
by , ext

· Oploury audiguy no r=a: fx(H(at)-H(at))= = = 4 Kp+2Kz >

>> - ((Hz(a+) - Hz(a-)) + 2 (Hp(a+)- Hp(a)) = () Kp+2K2 >

Hy(at) -Hz(a) = -Ko cosw = $\frac{a_1 - a_0}{a} = -K_0 \cos \omega$ Hy(at) -Hy(a) = Kosinw = $\frac{b_1 - b_0}{a} = Kosinw$

· Treiner Hy nenceparters no r=0, soit b=0, eps b1=ko.o.sinu

· Reinen limitales 20 2 0120 2 022 Kocosa N

· V.B=0 = + = (rBr)=0 = Br= (= 1) (

as faire too it is not nother the helps now although

· Preper 13, (at) = Br(a-) = (0=(1

HOL GO WORF VO FINN MEMBER + FUO 00 0.

APR BY (r)=0 => Hr(r)=0

Tellud: H(r) = (tocosw 2, ocrea