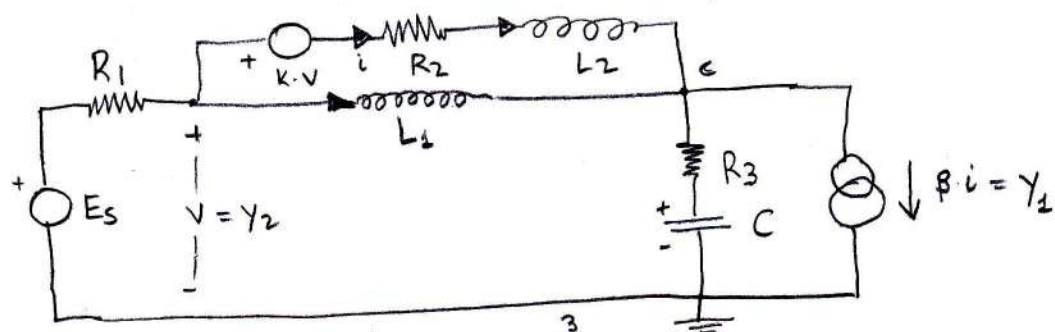
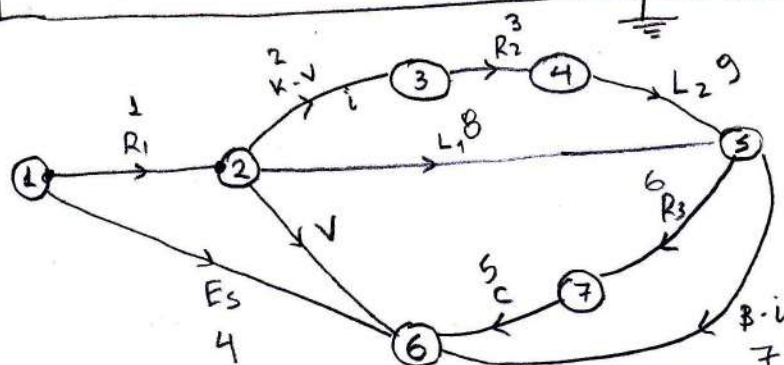


Θεωρία Δικτύων & Κυκλώσεων2η Σειρά ΑσκήσεωνΆσκηση 1

α)

β) NTK στον βρόχο  $L_1 - L_2$ :  $V_{R_1} + V_{L_1} + V_{R_3} + V_C = E_s \Rightarrow$ 

$$\Rightarrow V_{R_1} + L_1 \cdot \frac{di_{L_1}}{dt} + V_{R_3} + V_C = E_s \quad (1) \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{R_1} + k \cdot V + V_{R_2} + V_{L_2} + V_{R_3} + V_C = E_s \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{R_1} + k(E_s - V_{R_1}) + V_{R_2} + L_2 \cdot \frac{di_{L_2}}{dt} + V_{R_3} + V_C = E_s \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow (1-k)V_{R_1} + V_{R_2} + L_2 \cdot \frac{di_{L_2}}{dt} + V_{R_3} + V_C = (1-k)E_s \quad (2)$$

$$\bullet \text{ NPK στο } C: \beta \cdot i + i_C = i_{L_2} + i_{L_1} \Rightarrow \beta \cdot i_{L_2} + C \cdot \frac{dV_C}{dt} = i_{L_1} + i_{L_2} \quad (3)$$

$$\bullet \text{ NPK στο } ②: i_{R_1} = i_{L_1} + i_{L_2} \Rightarrow V_{R_1} = R_1(i_{L_1} + i_{L_2}) \quad (4)$$

$$\bullet \text{ NPK στο } ③: i_{R_2} = i_{L_2} \Rightarrow V_{R_2} = i_{R_2} \cdot R_2 = i_{L_2} \cdot R_2 \quad (5)$$

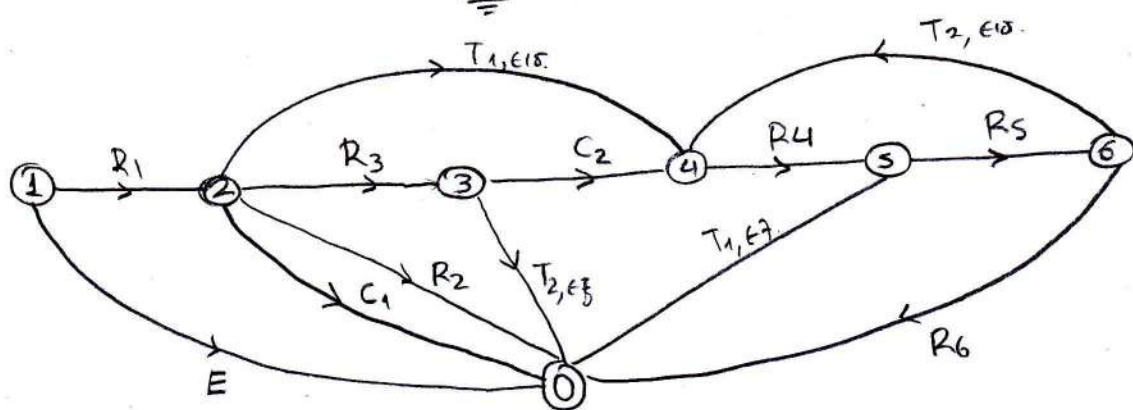
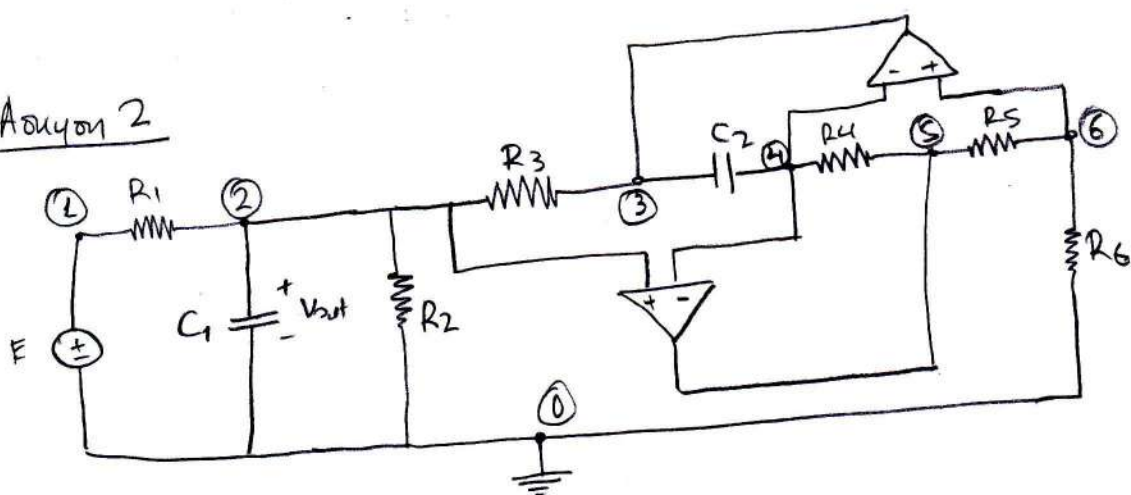
$$\bullet \text{ NPK στο } ⑤: i_{R_2} + i_{L_1} = i_{R_3} + \beta \cdot i_{L_2} \stackrel{(5)}{\Rightarrow} V_{R_3} = i_{L_1} \cdot R_3 + (1-\beta) \cdot i_{L_2} \cdot R_3 \quad (6)$$

Ans (1) - (6):

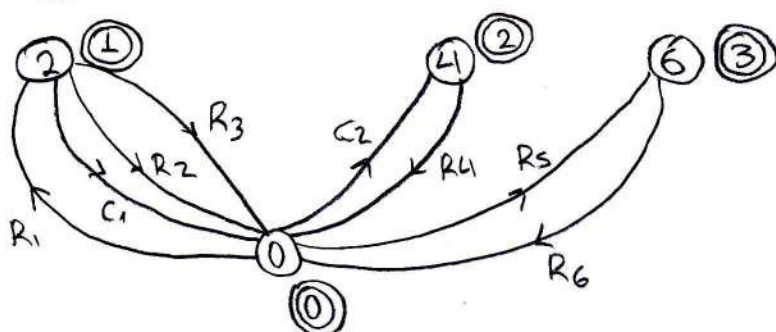
$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{dV_c}{dt} \\ \frac{di_{L1}}{dt} \\ \frac{di_{L2}}{dt} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{C} & \frac{1-\beta}{C} \\ -\frac{1}{L_1} & \frac{R_3-R_1}{L_1} & \frac{-(1-\beta)R_3-R_1}{L_1} \\ -\frac{1}{L_2} & \frac{-(1-\kappa)R_1+R_3}{L_2} & \frac{-(1-\kappa)R_1+R_2+(1+\beta)R_3}{L_2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V_c \\ i_{L1} \\ i_{L2} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{L_1} \\ \frac{1-\kappa}{L_2} \end{bmatrix} E_s$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} Y_1 \\ Y_2 \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & \beta \\ 0 & -R_1 & -R_1 \end{bmatrix}}_C \begin{bmatrix} V_c \\ i_{L1} \\ i_{L2} \end{bmatrix} + \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}}_D E_s$$

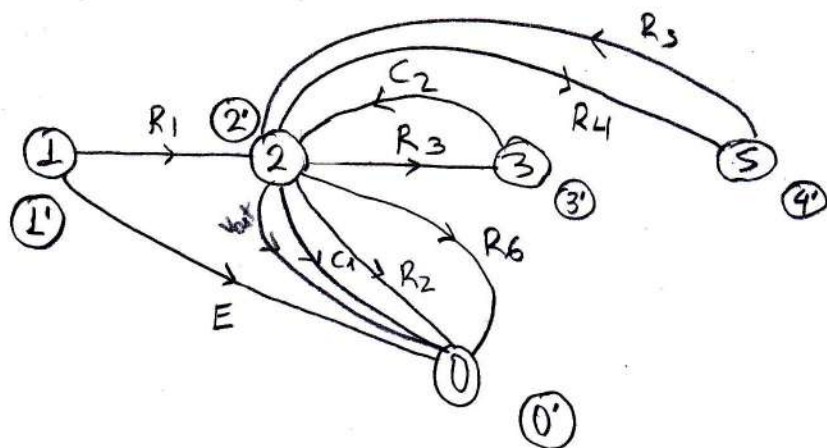
Asyoun 2



I-Γράφος:  $n=7$   $0 \equiv 1 \equiv 3 \equiv 5$

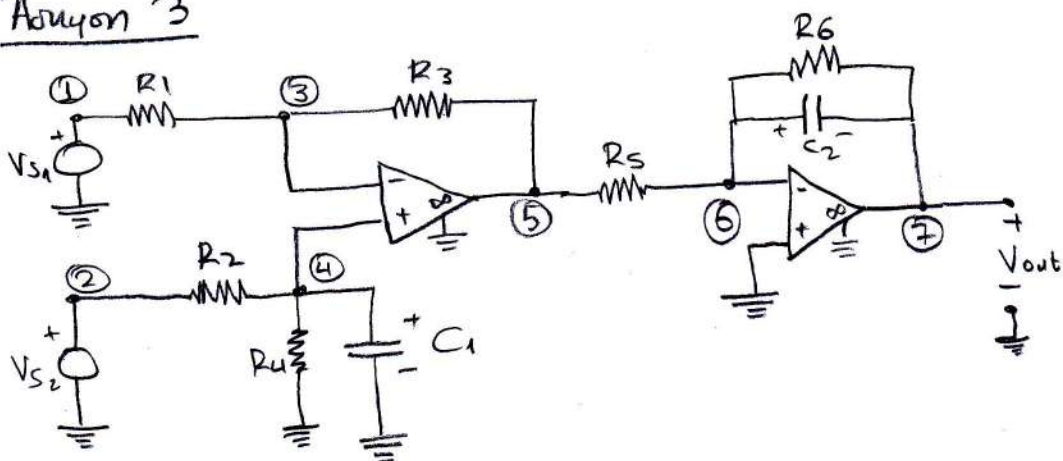


V-Γράφος :  $n \times n$   $(2 \equiv 4 \equiv 6)$

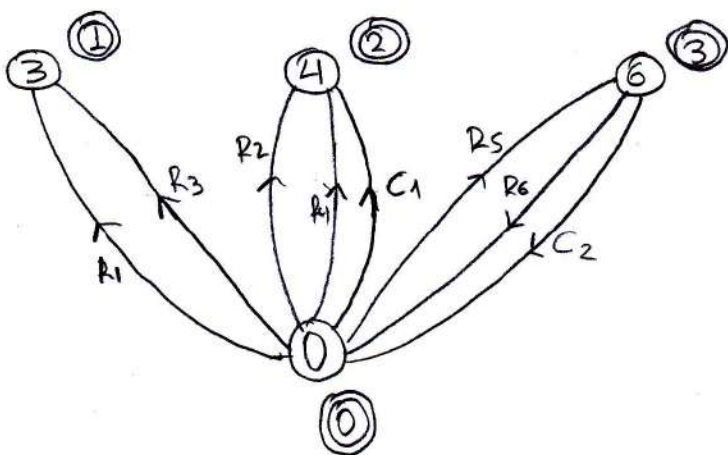


$$\begin{array}{c}
 \textcircled{1} \\
 \textcircled{2} \\
 \textcircled{3} \\
 E
 \end{array}
 \begin{bmatrix}
 -G_1 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 1
 \end{bmatrix}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \textcircled{2'} \\
 \textcircled{3} \\
 \textcircled{4'} \\
 0
 \end{array}
 \begin{bmatrix}
 sC_1 + G_2 + G_3 \\
 sC_2 + G_4 \\
 G_5 + G_6 \\
 0
 \end{bmatrix}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \textcircled{3} \\
 \textcircled{4'} \\
 0 \\
 0
 \end{array}
 \begin{bmatrix}
 -G_3 \\
 -sC_2 \\
 0 \\
 0
 \end{bmatrix}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \textcircled{4'} \\
 0 \\
 -G_4 \\
 -G_5 \\
 0
 \end{bmatrix}
 \begin{bmatrix}
 e_1' \\
 e_2' \\
 e_3' \\
 e_4'
 \end{bmatrix}
 =
 \begin{bmatrix}
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 E
 \end{bmatrix}$$

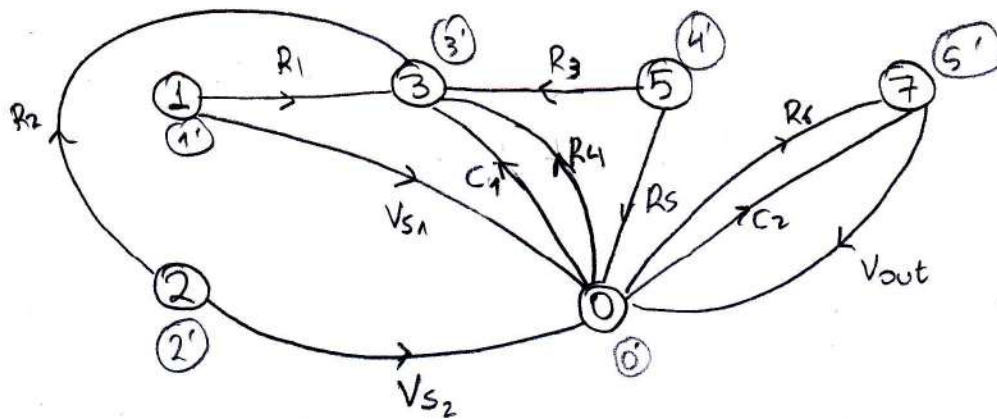
Άσκηση 3



a) I-Γράφος :  $n \times n$   $(0 \equiv 5 \equiv 7 \equiv 1 \equiv 2)$



V-Γράφος:  $n \in \mathbb{N}$   $(3) \equiv (4)$ ,  $(6) \equiv (0)$



$$\begin{matrix} \textcircled{1} \\ \textcircled{2} \\ \textcircled{3} \\ V_{S1} \\ V_{S2} \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} \textcircled{1'} & \textcircled{2'} & \textcircled{3'} & \textcircled{4'} & \textcircled{5'} \\ -G_1 & 0 & G_1 + G_3 & -G_3 & 0 \\ 0 & -G_2 & G_2 + G_4 + sC_1 & 0 & -G_5 - sC_2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} e_{1'} \\ e_{2'} \\ e_{3'} \\ e_{4'} \\ e_{5'} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ V_{S1} \\ V_{S2} \end{bmatrix}$$

β) Μεταφυσικές Κοινωνίες:

$$X_1 = V_{C1} = -e_3 \Rightarrow e_3 = -x_1$$

$$X_2 = V_{C2} = -e_5 \Rightarrow e_5 = -x_2$$

$$\begin{cases} -G_1 \cdot e_1 + (G_1 + G_3) e_3 - G_3 \cdot e_4 = 0 \\ -G_2 \cdot e_2 + (G_2 + G_4 + sC_1) \cdot e_3 = 0 \\ -G_5 \cdot e_4 - (sC_2 + G_6) \cdot e_5 = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} -G_1 \cdot V_{S2} - x_1 (G_1 + G_3) = G_3 \cdot e_4 \\ sC_1 \cdot e_3 = G_2 \cdot V_{S2} - (G_2 + G_4) \cdot e_3 \\ -sC_2 \cdot e_5 = G_3 \cdot e_4 + G_5 \cdot e_5 \end{cases} \Rightarrow$$



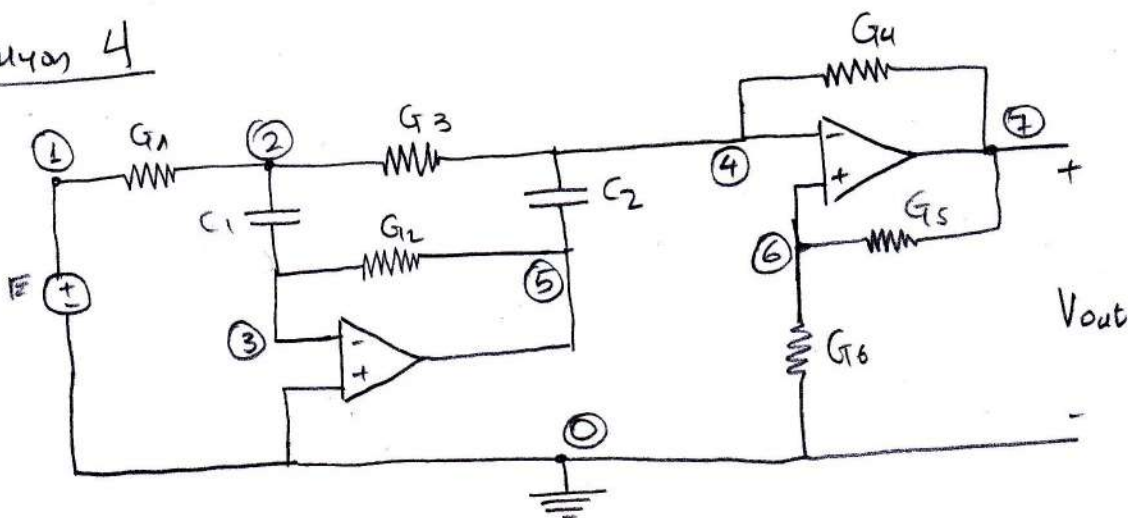
$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} -G_1 \cdot V_{S2} - X_1(G_1 + G_3) = G_3 \cdot e_4 \\ -sX_1 C_1 = G_2 \cdot V_{S2} + (G_2 + G_4) \cdot X_1 \\ sX_2 C_2 = -G_1 \cdot V_{S2} - X_1(G_1 + G_3) \end{cases} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} sX_1 = -\frac{G_2}{C_1} V_{S2} - \frac{(G_2 + G_4)}{C_1} X_1 \\ sX_2 = -\frac{G_1}{C_2} V_{S2} - \frac{G_1 + G_3}{C_2} X_1 \end{cases}$$

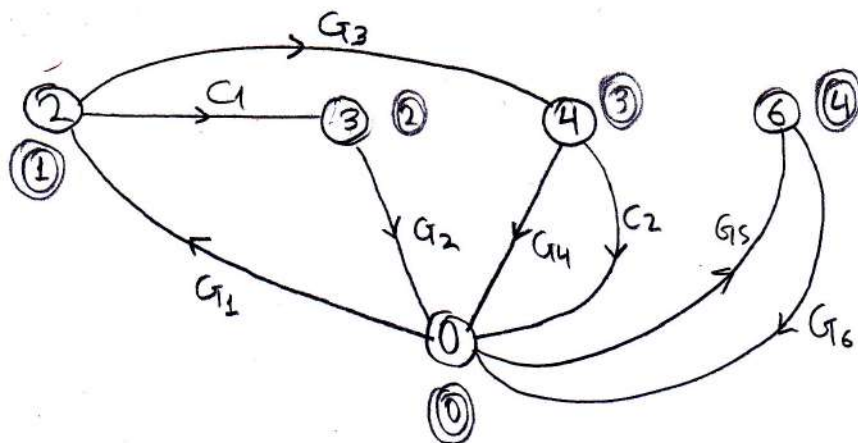
$$\begin{bmatrix} sX_1 \\ sX_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \overbrace{-\frac{(G_2 + G_4)}{C_1}}^A & 0 \\ 0 & \underbrace{-\frac{(G_1 + G_3)}{C_2}}_B \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \underbrace{-\frac{G_2}{C_1}}_B \\ 0 & \underbrace{-\frac{G_1}{C_2}}_B \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V_{S1} \\ V_{S2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{y} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}}_C \begin{bmatrix} U_{C1} \\ U_{C2} \end{bmatrix} + \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}}_D \begin{bmatrix} U_{S1} \\ U_{S2} \end{bmatrix}$$

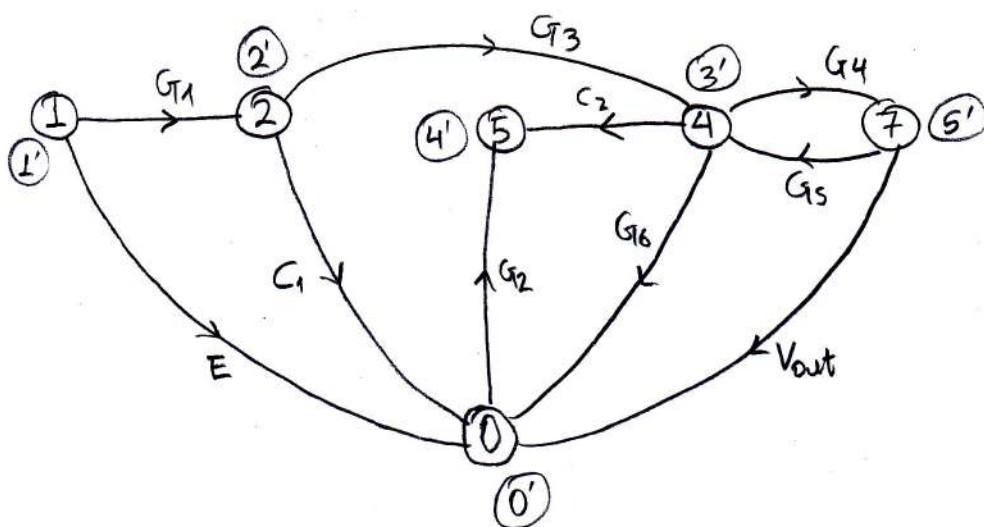
'Aufgabe 4



πρώτος :  $n_{\text{πέντη}} \quad 0 \equiv 1 \equiv 5 \equiv 7$



αφός :  $n_{\text{πέντη}} \quad 3 \equiv 0, \quad 4 \equiv 6$



$$\begin{bmatrix}
 \textcircled{1'} \\
 -G_1 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 1
 \end{bmatrix}
 \begin{bmatrix}
 \textcircled{2'} \\
 G_1 + G_3 + sC_1 \\
 -sC_1 \\
 G_3 \\
 0 \\
 0
 \end{bmatrix}
 \begin{bmatrix}
 \textcircled{3'} \\
 -G_3 \\
 0 \\
 G_3 + sC_2 + G_4 \\
 G_5 + G_6 \\
 0
 \end{bmatrix}
 \begin{bmatrix}
 \textcircled{4'} \\
 0 \\
 -G_2 \\
 -sC_2 \\
 0 \\
 0
 \end{bmatrix}
 \begin{bmatrix}
 \textcircled{5'} \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 -G_4 \\
 -G_5 \\
 0
 \end{bmatrix}
 \begin{bmatrix}
 e_1' \\
 e_2' \\
 e_3' \\
 e_4' \\
 e_5'
 \end{bmatrix}
 =
 \begin{bmatrix}
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 0 \\
 E
 \end{bmatrix}$$