## **ESE-3025 Embedded Real-Time Operating Systems**

### LAB 2

### **GROUP No. 2**

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# **LED Blinking on LPC 1769 Using FreeRTOS**

**Step 1:** Compiled and run freertos\_blinky.c from the default freertos\_blinky project folder

```
/* Sets up system hardware */
static void prvSetupHardware(void)
        SystemCoreClockUpdate();
        Board_Init();
        /* Initial LED0 state is off */
        Board_LED_Set(0, false);
/* LED1 toggle thread */
static void vLEDTask1(void *pvParameters) {
                Board_LED_Set(0, LedState);
                /* About a 3Hz on/off toggle rate */
                vTaskDelay(configTICK_RATE_HZ / 6);
/* LED2 toggle thread */
static void vLEDTask2(void *pvParameters) {
                Board_LED_Set(1, LedState);
                /* About a 7Hz on/off toggle rate */
                vTaskDelay(configTICK_RATE_HZ / 14);
/* UART (or output) thread */
                /* About a 1s delay here */
                vTaskDelay(configTICK_RATE_HZ);
 * Public functions
 * @brief
               main routine for FreeRTOS blinky example
```

Here we got the result as RED LED blinking.

**Step 2:** Create a new project folder like freertos\_blinky\_new, add the new source code called New Blinky\_LEDs.c to it.

```
➤ FreeRTOS_blinky_new

➤ Project References

➤ Project Settings

➤ Includes

➤ Example

➤ inc

➤ src

➤ Cr_startup_lpc175x_6x.c

➤ modified_board.c

➤ Mew Blinky_LEDs.c

➤ Sysinit.c

■ readme.txt

➤ Freertos

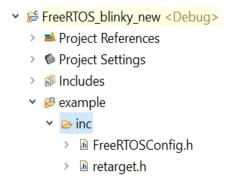
➤ Debug
```

```
* @brief NEW Blinky example
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* this code.
int red=0;
int green=1;
int blue=2;
static void prvSetupHardware(void)
       SystemCoreClockUpdate();
       Board_Init();
       /* Initial LED0 state is off */
       Board_LED_Set(0, false);
       Board_LED_Set(1, false);
       Board_LED_Set(2, false);
/* LED1 toggle thread */
       while (1)
```

```
Board_LED_Set(0, false);
              vTaskDelay(configTICK_RATE_HZ);
              Board_LED_Set(0, true);
              vTaskDelay(3 * configTICK_RATE_HZ + configTICK_RATE_HZ / 2);
static void vLEDTask2(void *pvParameters)
       vTaskDelay(configTICK_RATE_HZ + configTICK_RATE_HZ / 2);
              Board_LED_Set(1, 0);
              vTaskDelay(configTICK_RATE_HZ);
              Board_LED_Set(1, 1);
              vTaskDelay(3 * configTICK_RATE_HZ + configTICK_RATE_HZ / 2);
       vTaskDelay(3 * configTICK_RATE_HZ);
              Board_LED_Set(2, 0);
              vTaskDelay(configTICK_RATE_HZ);
              Board_LED_Set(2, 1);
              vTaskDelay(3 * configTICK_RATE_HZ + configTICK_RATE_HZ / 2);
 * Public functions
 * @brief
* @return
              Nothing, function should not exit
       prvSetupHardware();
       /* LED1 toggle thread */
       xTaskCreate(vLEDTask1, (signed char* ) "vTaskLed1",
                      configMINIMAL_STACK_SIZE,NULL, (tskIDLE_PRIORITY+3UL),
                      (xTaskHandle *) NULL);
       /* LED2 toggle thread */
```

## **Step 3:**

Add retarget.h to the new project folder.



**Step 4:** Clone the modified\_board.c to this.

```
➤ FreeRTOS_blinky_new <Debug>
→ Project References
→ Project Settings
→ Binaries
→ Includes
→ Example
→ inc
→ inc
→ or_startup_lpc175x_6x.c
→ omodified_board.c
→ omodified_board
```

**Step 5:** Compiled and run the result. Here we got blue and green as output, not red. When we compare the two outputs, we got only red led on the 1st step and two other LEDs blinked on the 5th step.

**Step 6:** Compare the freertos\_blinky.c with the New Blinky\_LED.c.

Code in the free\_blinky has only two states while the new code has three states. Freertos\_blinky.c

```
static void prvSetupHardware(void)
{
    SystemCoreClockUpdate();
    Board_Init();

    /* Initial LED0 state is off */
    Board_LED_Set(0, false);
}
```

## New Blinky\_LED.c

```
static void prvSetupHardware(void)
```

```
{
    SystemCoreClockUpdate();
    Board_Init();
    /* Initial LED0 state is off */
    Board_LED_Set(0, false);
    Board_LED_Set(1, false);
    Board_LED_Set(2, false);
}
```

Similarly, in the new blinky, we have three tasks as well, however, in freeRTOS blinky we have only one task.

**Step 7:** Compare the original board.c with the modified board.c. Board.c

```
@brief NXP LPC1769 LPCXpresso board file
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#include "board.h"
```

```
* Private types/enumerations/variables
* Public types/enumerations/variables
const uint32_t OscRateIn = 12000000;
const uint32_t RTCOscRateIn = 32768;
* Private functions
/* Initializes board LED(s) */
static void Board_LED_Init(void)
        /* Pin PIO0_22 is configured as GPIO pin during SystemInit */
        /* Set the PIO_22 as output */
        Chip_GPIO_WriteDirBit(LPC_GPIO, LED0_GPIO_PORT_NUM, LED0_GPIO_BIT_NUM, true);
* Public functions
void Board_UART_Init(LPC_USART_T *pUART)
        /* Pin Muxing has already been done during SystemInit */
/* Initialize debug output via UART for board */
void Board_Debug_Init(void)
        Board UART Init(DEBUG UART);
        Chip_UART_Init(DEBUG_UART);
        Chip UART SetBaud(DEBUG UART, 115200);
        Chip_UART_ConfigData(DEBUG_UART, UART_LCR_WLEN8 | UART_LCR_SBS_1BIT | UART_LCR_PARITY_DIS);
        /* Enable UART Transmit */
        Chip_UART_TXEnable(DEBUG_UART);
```

```
/* Sends a character on the UART */
void Board_UARTPutChar(char_ch)
        while ((Chip_UART_ReadLineStatus(DEBUG_UART) & UART_LSR_THRE) == 0) {}
        Chip_UART_SendByte(DEBUG_UART, (uint8_t) ch);
/* Gets a character from the UART, returns EOF if no character is ready */
int Board UARTGetChar(void)
        if (Chip_UART_ReadLineStatus(DEBUG_UART) & UART_LSR_RDR) {
                return (int) Chip_UART_ReadByte(DEBUG_UART);
/* Outputs a string on the debug UART */
void Board_UARTPutSTR(char *str)
        while (*str != '\0') {
                Board_UARTPutChar(*str++);
/* Sets the state of a board LED to on or off */
void Board_LED_Set(uint8_t LEDNumber, bool On)
        /* There is only one LED */
        if (LEDNumber == ∅) {
                Chip GPIO WritePortBit(LPC GPIO, LED0 GPIO PORT NUM, LED0 GPIO BIT NUM, On);
/* Returns the current state of a board LED */
bool Board_LED_Test(uint8_t LEDNumber)
                state = Chip_GPIO_ReadPortBit(LPC_GPIO, LED0_GPIO_PORT_NUM, LED0_GPIO_BIT_NUM);
void Board_LED_Toggle(uint8_t LEDNumber)
                Board_LED_Set(LEDNumber, !Board_LED_Test(LEDNumber));
```

```
/* Set up and initialize all required blocks and functions related to the
  board hardware */
void Board_Init(void)
        /* Sets up DEBUG UART */
        /* Initializes GPIO */
        Chip GPIO Init(LPC GPIO);
        Chip_IOCON_Init(LPC_IOCON);
        /* Initialize LEDs */
        Board_LED_Init();
/* Returns the MAC address assigned to this board */
void Board_ENET_GetMacADDR(uint8_t *mcaddr)
        const uint8_t boardmac[] = {0x00, 0x60, 0x37, 0x12, 0x34, 0x56};
        memcpy(mcaddr, boardmac, 6);
/* Initialize pin muxing for SSP interface */
void Board_SSP_Init(LPC_SSP_T *pSSP)
        if (pSSP == LPC_SSP1) {
                /* Set up clock and muxing for SSP1 interface */
                 * P0.8: MISO
                Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 7, IOCON_MODE_INACT, IOCON_FUNC2);
                Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 6, IOCON_MODE_INACT, IOCON_FUNC2);
                Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 8, IOCON_MODE_INACT, IOCON_FUNC2);
                Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 9, IOCON_MODE_INACT, IOCON_FUNC2);
                /* Set up clock and muxing for SSP0 interface */
                Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 15, IOCON_MODE_INACT, IOCON_FUNC2);
                Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 16, IOCON_MODE_INACT, IOCON_FUNC2);
                Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 17, IOCON_MODE_INACT, IOCON_FUNC2);
                Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 18, IOCON_MODE_INACT, IOCON_FUNC2);
/* Initialize pin muxing for SPI interface */
```

```
void Board_SPI_Init(bool isMaster)
        /* Set up clock and muxing for SSP0 interface */
        * Initialize SSP0 pins connect
        Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 15, IOCON_MODE_PULLDOWN, IOCON_FUNC3);
        if (isMaster) {
                Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 16, IOCON_MODE_PULLUP, IOCON_FUNC0);
                Chip_GPIO_WriteDirBit(LPC_GPIO, 0, 16, true);
                Board_SPI_DeassertSSEL();
                Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 16, IOCON_MODE_PULLUP, IOCON_FUNC3);
        Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 17, IOCON_MODE_INACT, IOCON_FUNC3);
        Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 18, IOCON_MODE_INACT, IOCON_FUNC3);
/* Assert SSEL pin */
void Board_SPI_AssertSSEL(void)
        Chip_GPIO_WritePortBit(LPC_GPIO, 0, 16, false);
/* De-Assert SSEL pin */
void Board_SPI_DeassertSSEL(void)
        Chip_GPIO_WritePortBit(LPC_GPIO, 0, 16, true);
void Board_Audio_Init(LPC_I2S_T *pI2S, int micIn)
        I2S AUDIO FORMAT T I2S Config;
        /* Chip_Clock_EnablePeripheralClock(SYSCTL_CLOCK_I2S); */
        I2S_Config.SampleRate = 48000;
        I2S_Config.ChannelNumber = 2;
        I2S_Config.WordWidth = 16;
        Chip_I2S_Init(pI2S);
        Chip_I2S_TxConfig(pI2S, &I2S_Config);
/* Sets up board specific I2C interface */
void Board_I2C_Init(I2C_ID_T id)
        case I2C0:
                Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 27, IOCON_MODE_INACT, IOCON_FUNC1);
                Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 28, IOCON_MODE_INACT, IOCON_FUNC1);
                Chip_IOCON_SetI2CPad(LPC_IOCON, I2CPADCFG_STD_MODE);
```

```
case I2C1:
                Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 19, IOCON_MODE_INACT, IOCON_FUNC2);
                Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 20, IOCON_MODE_INACT, IOCON_FUNC2);
                Chip_IOCON_EnableOD(LPC_IOCON, 0, 19);
                Chip_IOCON_EnableOD(LPC_IOCON, 0, 20);
        case I2C2:
                Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 10, IOCON_MODE_INACT, IOCON_FUNC2);
                Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 11, IOCON_MODE_INACT, IOCON_FUNC2);
                Chip_IOCON_EnableOD(LPC_IOCON, 0, 10);
                Chip_IOCON_EnableOD(LPC_IOCON, 0, 11);
void Board_Buttons_Init(void)
        Chip_GPIO_WriteDirBit(LPC_GPIO, BUTTONS_BUTTON1_GPIO_PORT_NUM, BUTTONS_BUTTON1_GPIO_BIT_NUM,
uint32_t Buttons_GetStatus(void)
        uint8_t ret = NO_BUTTON_PRESSED;
        if (Chip_GPIO_ReadPortBit(LPC_GPIO, BUTTONS_BUTTON1_GPIO_PORT_NUM, BUTTONS_BUTTON1_GPIO_BIT_NUM)
                ret |= BUTTONS_BUTTON1;
/* Baseboard joystick buttons */
static const uint8_t portButton[NUM_BUTTONS] = {
        JOYSTICK_UP_GPIO_PORT_NUM,
        JOYSTICK_DOWN_GPIO_PORT_NUM,
        JOYSTICK LEFT GPIO PORT NUM,
        JOYSTICK_RIGHT_GPIO_PORT_NUM,
        JOYSTICK PRESS GPIO PORT NUM
static const uint8_t pinButton[NUM_BUTTONS] = {
        JOYSTICK_UP_GPIO_BIT_NUM,
        JOYSTICK_DOWN_GPIO_BIT_NUM,
        JOYSTICK_LEFT_GPIO_BIT_NUM,
        JOYSTICK_RIGHT_GPIO_BIT_NUM,
        JOYSTICK_PRESS_GPIO_BIT_NUM
static const uint8_t stateButton[NUM_BUTTONS] = {
        JOY_UP,
        JOY DOWN,
        JOY LEFT,
        JOY RIGHT,
        JOY_PRESS
void Board_Joystick_Init(void)
```

```
int ix;
        /* IOCON states already selected in SystemInit(), GPIO setup only. Pullups
          are external, so IOCON with no states */
        for (ix = 0; ix < NUM_BUTTONS; ix++) {</pre>
                Chip_GPIO_SetPinDIRInput(LPC_GPIO, portButton[ix], pinButton[ix]);
uint8_t Joystick_GetStatus(void)
        uint8 t ix, ret = 0;
        for (ix = 0; ix < NUM_BUTTONS; ix++) {</pre>
                if ((Chip_GPIO_GetPinState(LPC_GPIO, portButton[ix], pinButton[ix])) == false) {
void Serial_CreateStream(void *Stream)
void Board_USBD_Init(uint32_t port)
        /* VBUS is not connected on the NXP LPCXpresso LPC1769, so leave the pin at default setting. */
        /*Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 1, 30, IOCON_MODE_INACT, IOCON_FUNC2);*/ /* USB VBUS */
        Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 29, IOCON_MODE_INACT, IOCON_FUNC1); /* P0.29 D1+, P0.30 D1-
        Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 30, IOCON_MODE_INACT, IOCON_FUNC1);
        LPC USB->USBClkCtrl = 0x12;
                                                   /* Dev, AHB clock enable */
        while ((LPC USB->USBClkSt & 0x12) != 0x12);
```

#### Modified board.c:

```
/*
    @brief NXP LPC1769 LPCXpresso board file
    *
    @note
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#include "retarget.h"
* Private types/enumerations/variables
#define BUTTONS BUTTON1 GPIO PORT NUM 2
#define JOYSTICK UP GPIO BIT NUM 3
#define JOYSTICK LEFT GPIO BIT NUM 4
#define JOYSTICK RIGHT GPIO PORT NUM 0
#define JOYSTICK PRESS GPIO PORT NUM 0
/* RED LED */
#define LED0 GPIO PORT NUM 0
#define LED1 GPIO BIT NUM 25
```

```
/* BLUE LED - (Added 11/7/2019) */
#define LED2 GPIO BIT NUM 26
* Public types/enumerations/variables
/* System oscillator rate and RTC oscillator rate */
const uint32_t OscRateIn = 120000000;
const uint32 t RTCOscRateIn = 32768;
* Private functions
/* Initializes board LED(s) */
static void Board LED Init(void)
/* Pin PIOO 22 is configured as GPIO pin during SystemInit */
/* Set the PIO_22 as output */
Chip_GPIO_WriteDirBit(LPC_GPIO, LED0_GPIO_PORT NUM,
LED0_GPIO_BIT_NUM, true);
/* Setting Pins for Blue and Green LED */
Chip_GPIO_WriteDirBit(LPC_GPIO, LED1_GPIO_PORT_NUM,
LED1_GPIO_BIT_NUM, true);
Chip_GPIO_WriteDirBit(LPC_GPIO, LED2_GPIO_PORT_NUM,
LED2 GPIO BIT NUM, true);
/* Pin Muxing has already been done during SystemInit */
/* Initialize debug output via UART for board */
void Board_Debug_Init(void)
Board_UART_Init(DEBUG_UART);
Chip UART Init(DEBUG UART);
Chip_UART_SetBaud(DEBUG_UART, 115200);
Chip_UART_ConfigData(DEBUG_UART, UART_LCR_WLEN8 | UART_LCR_SBS_1BIT |
UART LCR PARITY DIS);
Chip_UART_TXEnable(DEBUG UART);
```

```
/* Sends a character on the UART */
while ((Chip_UART_ReadLineStatus(DEBUG_UART) & UART_LSR_THRE) == 0)
Chip_UART_SendByte(DEBUG_UART, (uint8_t) ch);
/* Gets a character from the UART, returns EOF if no character is ready */
if (Chip_UART_ReadLineStatus(DEBUG_UART) & UART_LSR_RDR) {
return (int) Chip_UART_ReadByte(DEBUG_UART);
return EOF;
/* Outputs a string on the debug UART */
while (*str != '\0') {
Board_UARTPutChar(*str++);
/* Sets the state of a board LED to on or off */
bool LEDon;
LEDon=false;
/* There is only one LED -- Fixing for three LEDs*/
if (LEDNumber == ∅)
Chip_GPIO_WritePortBit(LPC_GPIO, LED0_GPIO_PORT_NUM,
LED0_GPIO_BIT_NUM, LEDon);
else if (LEDNumber == 1)
Chip_GPIO_WritePortBit(LPC_GPIO, LED1_GPIO_PORT_NUM,
LED1_GPIO_BIT_NUM, LEDon);
else if (LEDNumber == 2)
```

```
Chip_GPIO_WritePortBit(LPC_GPIO, LED2_GPIO_PORT_NUM,
LED2 GPIO BIT NUM, LEDon);
/* Returns the current state of a board LED */
bool state = false;
if (LEDNumber == ∅)
state = Chip_GPIO_ReadPortBit(LPC_GPIO, LED0_GPIO_PORT_NUM,
LEDØ GPIO BIT NUM);
else if (LEDNumber == 1)
state = Chip_GPIO_ReadPortBit(LPC_GPIO, LED1_GPIO_PORT_NUM,
LED1_GPIO_BIT_NUM);
else if (LEDNumber == 2)
state = Chip_GPIO_ReadPortBit(LPC_GPIO, LED2_GPIO_PORT_NUM,
LED2 GPIO BIT NUM);
return !state; // Returns the opposite state
if (LEDNumber == ∅)
Board_LED_Set(LEDNumber, !Board_LED_Test(LEDNumber));
else if (LEDNumber == 1)
Board_LED_Set(LEDNumber, !Board_LED_Test(LEDNumber));
else if (LEDNumber == 2)
Board_LED_Set(LEDNumber, !Board_LED_Test(LEDNumber));
/* Set up and initialize all required blocks and functions related to the
board hardware */
/* Sets up DEBUG UART */
DEBUGINIT();
/* Initializes GPIO */
Chip_GPIO_Init(LPC_GPIO);
Chip_IOCON_Init(LPC_IOCON);
Board_LED_Init();
```

```
/* Returns the MAC address assigned to this board */
void Board ENET GetMacADDR(uint8 t *mcaddr)
const uint8_t boardmac[] = \{0x00, 0x60, 0x37, 0x12, 0x34, 0x56\};
memcpy(mcaddr, boardmac, 6);
/* Initialize pin muxing for SSP interface */
if (pSSP == LPC_SSP1) {
/* Set up clock and muxing for SSP1 interface */
* Initialize SSP0 pins connect
* P0.7: SCK
* P0.6: SSEL
* P0.8: MISO
* P0.9: MOSI
Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 7, IOCON_MODE_INACT,
IOCON_FUNC2);
Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 6, IOCON_MODE_INACT,
IOCON FUNC2);
Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 8, IOCON_MODE_INACT,
IOCON_FUNC2);
Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 9, IOCON_MODE_INACT,
IOCON_FUNC2);
/* Set up clock and muxing for SSP0 interface */
* Initialize SSP0 pins connect
* P0.15: SCK
* P0.16: SSEL
* P0.17: MISO
* P0.18: MOSI
Chip IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 15, IOCON_MODE_INACT,
IOCON_FUNC2);
Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 16, IOCON_MODE_INACT,
IOCON_FUNC2);
Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 17, IOCON_MODE_INACT,
IOCON FUNC2);
Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 18, IOCON_MODE_INACT,
IOCON_FUNC2);
/* Initialize pin muxing for SPI interface */
/* Set up clock and muxing for SSPO interface */
```

```
* Initialize SSP0 pins connect
* P0.15: SCK
* P0.16: SSEL
* P0.17: MISO
* P0.18: MOSI
Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 15, IOCON_MODE_PULLDOWN,
IOCON FUNC3);
if (isMaster) {
Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 16, IOCON_MODE_PULLUP,
Chip_GPIO_WriteDirBit(LPC_GPIO, 0, 16, true);
Board SPI DeassertSSEL();
Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 16, IOCON_MODE_PULLUP,
IOCON_FUNC3);
Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 17, IOCON_MODE_INACT, IOCON_FUNC3);
Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 18, IOCON_MODE_INACT, IOCON_FUNC3);
/* Assert SSEL pin */
void Board SPI AssertSSEL(void)
Chip_GPIO_WritePortBit(LPC_GPIO, 0, 16, false);
void Board SPI DeassertSSEL(void)
Chip_GPIO_WritePortBit(LPC_GPIO, 0, 16, true);
I2S_AUDIO_FORMAT_T I2S_Config;
/* Chip_Clock_EnablePeripheralClock(SYSCTL_CLOCK_I2S); */
I2S_Config.SampleRate = 48000;
I2S_Config.ChannelNumber = 2; /* 1 is mono, 2 is stereo */
I2S Config.WordWidth = 16; /* 8, 16 or 32 bits */
Chip_I2S_Init(pI2S);
Chip_I2S_TxConfig(pI2S, &I2S_Config);
/* Sets up board specific I2C interface */
void Board I2C Init(I2C ID T id)
switch (i) {
case I2C0:
Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 27, IOCON_MODE_INACT,
IOCON FUNC1);
Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 28, IOCON_MODE_INACT,
IOCON FUNC1);
Chip_IOCON_SetI2CPad(LPC_IOCON, I2CPADCFG_STD_MODE);
break;
```

```
case I2C1:
Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 19, IOCON_MODE_INACT,
IOCON FUNC2);
Chip IOCON PinMux(LPC IOCON, 0, 20, IOCON MODE INACT,
IOCON_FUNC2);
Chip_IOCON_EnableOD(LPC_IOCON, 0, 19);
Chip_IOCON_EnableOD(LPC_IOCON, 0, 20);
break;
case I2C2:
Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 10, IOCON_MODE_INACT,
IOCON FUNC2);
Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 11, IOCON_MODE_INACT,
IOCON FUNC2);
Chip_IOCON_EnableOD(LPC_IOCON, 0, 10);
Chip_IOCON_EnableOD(LPC_IOCON, 0, 11);
break;
void Board_Buttons_Init(void)
Chip_GPIO_WriteDirBit(LPC_GPIO, BUTTONS_BUTTON1_GPIO_PORT_NUM,
BUTTONS_BUTTON1_GPIO_BIT_NUM, false);
uint32_t Buttons_GetStatus(void)
uint8_t ret = NO_BUTTON_PRESSED;
if (Chip_GPIO_ReadPortBit(LPC_GPIO, BUTTONS_BUTTON1_GPIO_PORT_NUM,
BUTTONS BUTTON1 GPIO BIT NUM) == 0 \times 00) {
ret |= BUTTONS_BUTTON1;
/* Baseboard joystick buttons */
static const uint8_t portButton[NUM_BUTTONS] = {
JOYSTICK_UP_GPIO_PORT_NUM,
JOYSTICK DOWN GPIO PORT NUM,
JOYSTICK LEFT GPIO PORT NUM,
JOYSTICK_RIGHT_GPIO_PORT_NUM,
JOYSTICK_PRESS_GPIO_PORT_NUM
static const uint8_t pinButton[NUM_BUTTONS] = {
JOYSTICK UP GPIO BIT NUM,
JOYSTICK_DOWN_GPIO_BIT_NUM,
JOYSTICK LEFT GPIO BIT NUM,
JOYSTICK_RIGHT_GPIO_BIT_NUM,
JOYSTICK_PRESS_GPIO_BIT_NUM
static const uint8_t stateButton[NUM_BUTTONS] = {
JOY_UP,
JOY_DOWN,
JOY LEFT,
```

```
JOY RIGHT,
JOY_PRESS
/* Initialize Joystick */
/* IOCON states already selected in SystemInit(), GPIO setup only.
Pullups
are external, so IOCON with no states */
for (ix = 0; ix < NUM_BUTTONS; ix++) {</pre>
Chip_GPIO_SetPinDIRInput(LPC_GPIO, portButton[ix],
pinButton[ix]);
uint8_t Joystick_GetStatus(void)
for (ix = 0; ix < NUM_BUTTONS; ix++) {
if ((Chip_GPIO_GetPinState(LPC_GPIO, portButton[ix],
pinButton[ix])) == false) {
ret |= stateButton[ix];
/* VBUS is not connected on the NXP LPCXpresso LPC1769, so leave the
pin at default setting. */
/*Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 1, 30, IOCON_MODE_INACT,
IOCON_FUNC2);*/ /* USB VBUS */
Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 29, IOCON_MODE_INACT, IOCON_FUNC1);
/* P0.29 D1+, P0.30 D1- */
Chip_IOCON_PinMux(LPC_IOCON, 0, 30, IOCON_MODE_INACT, IOCON_FUNC1);
LPC_USB->USBClkCtrl = 0x12; /* Dev, AHB clock enable
while ((LPC_USB->USBClkSt & 0x12) != 0x12);
```

Youtube video link:

https://youtu.be/hvf6I9RlQUU