In JavaScript, a regular expression is simply a type of object that is used to match character combinations in strings

Two ways to create:

- use slashes: var regLiteral = /cat/
- constructor: regCon = new RegExp("cat");

```
^: caret
{}: curly braces
[]: square braces
(): Parentheses
```

We want to allow the username to contain letters, numbers, underscores and hyphens. We also want to limit the number of characters in username so it does not look ugly.

^: Matches the beginning of the string.

\$: Matches the end of string

https://regex101.com/r/o0Jx8x/1

```
[] : specify character sets. Use a hyphen inside a character set to specify th
e characters' range.
{} : how long
```

https://regex101.com/r/eNXrzV/1

^ use in [] means except

https://regex101.com/r/glbfvx/1

https://regex101.com/r/xC2VnS/1

Following meta characters +, * or ? are used to specify how many times a subpattern can occur.

```
*// Matches the preceding expression 0 or more times.
+//Matches the preceding expression 1 or more times.
*: star
+: plus
//
```

https://regex101.com/r/fE72vT/1

optional?: question mark

https://regex101.com/r/nUobs9/1

Flags:

There are five optional flags. They can be used separately or together and are placed after the closing slash. Example: /[A-Z]/g I'll only be introducing 2 here.

g-Global search

i-case insensitive search

https://regex101.com/r/dWBOUv/2

```
![](media/15477374616025.jpg)
```

Date (MM/DD/YYYY)/(MM-DD-YYYY)/(MM.DD.YYYY)/(MM DD YYYY)

/^(0?[1-9]|1[012])[- /.](0?[1-9]|[12][0-9]|3[01])[- /.](19|20)?[0-9]{2}\$/

Email Address

Password

The password must contain one lowercase letter, one uppercase letter, one number, one unique character such as !@#\$%^{&?} and be at least 6 characters long.

US Phone Numbers

cheat sheet:

https://www.debuggex.com/cheatsheet/regex/javascript