

SQL-представления.

Использование представлений для скрывтия столбцов

```
sweet=# CREATE VIEW addressView AS
SELECT address AS address
FROM magazine
Order BY address;
CREATE VIEW
sweet=# SELECT * FROM addressView;
address
-----
Koltsova
Pobedi
Revolution
(3 строки)
```

Выведение таблицы только с определенными, заданными условиями

```
sweet=# CREATE VIEW BasicMagazineData AS
sweet=# SELECT id_product, address, deliver
sweet=# FROM Magazine;
CREATE VIEW
sweet=# SELECT * BasicMagazineData;
ОШИБКА: ошибка синтаксиса (примерное положение: "BasicMagazineData")
СТРОКА 1: SELECT * BasicMagazineData;
               ^

sweet=# SELECT * FROM BasicMagazineData;
 id_product | address | deliver
-----+-----+-----
          1 | Koltsova |          1
          2 | Revolution |          2
          1 | Pobedi |          3
(3 строки)
```

Использование сокрытия определенных строк в столбце с использование WHERE

```
sweet=# CREATE VIEW BasicMagazineData1 AS
sweet=# SELECT id_product, address
sweet=# FROM magazine
sweet=# WHERE id_product = '1';
CREATE VIEW
sweet=# SELECT * FROM BasicMagazineData1;
 id_product | address
-----+-----
          1 | Koltsova
          1 | Pobedi
(2 строки)
```

Использование представления для отображения вычисляемых столбцов

```
sweet=# CREATE VIEW ProductAddress AS
SELECT id_product,
('(' || id_product || ')') || address AS address
From Magazine;
CREATE VIEW
sweet=# SELECT *
sweet=# FROM ProductAddress;
 id_product |      address
-----+-----
          1 | (1)Koltsova
          2 | (2)Revolution
          1 | (1)Pobedi
(3 строки)
```

Использование представления для скрытия сложного синтаксиса

```
sweet=# CREATE VIEW magazineprovider AS
SELECT P.Name AS provider, M.address AS magazine
FROM provider P
JOIN journal JO
ON P.name = JO.id_provider
sweet=# JOIN magazine M
sweet=# ON JO.id_provider = M.address;
```

Хранимая процедура.

```
sweet=# create or replace function magaz(
newid_product in int,
newdate out date,
newaddress out char,
newdeliver out int
)
as $magaz$
declare new_record record;
begin
for new_record in select magazine.date, magazine.address, magazine.deliver from magazine join magazine on
magazine.date = journal.date join address on magazine.adress = magazine.address join name on Product.name
= magazine.id_product where magazine.id_product = newid_product
loop
newid_product := new_record.id_product;
newdate := new_record.date;
newaddress := new_record.address;
newdeliver := new_record.deliver;
raise notice '% id candy, % date of deliver, % address magazine, % number deliver', newid_product, newdate
, newaddress, newdeliver;
end loop;
end;
$magaz$ language plpgsql;
CREATE FUNCTION
```

Использование триггеров для проверки допустимости вводимых данных

```
sweet=# create or replace function new_magazine() returns trigger as $new_magazine$
sweet$# begin
sweet$# if exists (select * from magazine where id_product = new.id_product) then
sweet$# raise exception 'NULL information';
sweet$# end if;
sweet$# return new;
sweet$# end;
sweet$# $new_magazine$ language plpgsql;
CREATE FUNCTION
sweet=# create trigger new_magazine
sweet=# before insert on magazine
sweet=# for each row execute function new_magazine();
CREATE TRIGGER
sweet=# select * from magazine;
```

id	id_product	date	address	deliver
1	1	2023-04-21 08:00:00	Koltsova	1
2	2	2023-04-21 07:00:00	Revolution	2
3	1	2023-04-21 09:00:00	Pobedi	3

```
(3 строки)
```

```
sweet=# insert into magazine(id_product, date, address, deliver) values (1, '2023-04-21 08:00:00', 'Koltsova', 1);
ОШИБКА: NULL information
КОНТЕКСТ: функция PL/pgSQL new_magazine(), строка 4, оператор RAISE
sweet=#
```

Словарь метаданных.

Получим список ограничений

constraint_catalog		constraint_schema		constraint_name			table_catalog	table_schema
ema	table_name	constraint_type	is_deferrable	initially_deferred	enforced	nulls_distinct		
sweet	pg_catalog	pg_proc_oid_index					sweet	pg_catalog
g	pg_proc	PRIMARY KEY	NO		YES			
sweet	pg_catalog	pg_proc_proname_args_nsp_index					sweet	pg_catalog
g	pg_proc	UNIQUE	NO	NO	YES	YES		
sweet	pg_catalog	pg_type_oid_index					sweet	pg_catalog
g	pg_type	PRIMARY KEY	NO	NO	YES			
sweet	pg_catalog	pg_type_typname_nsp_index					sweet	pg_catalog
g	pg_type	UNIQUE	NO	NO	YES	YES		
sweet	pg_catalog	pg_attribute_relid_attnam_index					sweet	pg_catalog
g	pg_attribute	UNIQUE	NO	NO	YES	YES		
sweet	pg_catalog	pg_attribute_relid_attnum_index					sweet	pg_catalog
g	pg_attribute	PRIMARY KEY	NO	NO	YES			
sweet	pg_catalog	pg_class_oid_index					sweet	pg_catalog
g	pg_class	PRIMARY KEY	NO	NO	YES			
sweet	pg_catalog	pg_class_relname_nsp_index					sweet	pg_catalog
g	pg_class	UNIQUE	NO	NO	YES	YES		
sweet	pg_catalog	pg_attrdef_adrelid_adnum_index					sweet	pg_catalog
g	pg_attrdef	UNIQUE	NO	NO	YES	YES		
sweet	pg_catalog	pg_attrdef_oid_index					sweet	pg_catalog
g	pg_attrdef	PRIMARY KEY	NO	NO	YES			
sweet	pg_catalog	pg_constraint_conrelid_contypid_conname_index					sweet	pg_catalog
g	pg_constraint	UNIQUE	NO	NO	YES	YES		
sweet	pg_catalog	pg_constraint_oid_index					sweet	pg_catalog
g	pg_constraint	PRIMARY KEY	NO	NO	YES			

Получим список последовательностей.

```
sequence_catalog | sequence_schema | sequence_name | data_type | numeric_precision | numeric_precision_radix | nume  
ric_scale | start_value | minimum_value | maximum_value | increment | cycle_option
```

```
+ + + + + +
```

Получим список таблиц.

table_catalog	table_schema	table_name	table_type	self_referencing_column_name
name	reference_generation	user_defined_type_catalog	user_defined_type_schema	user_defined_type_name
table_into	is_typed	commit_action		
postgres	pg_catalog	pg_statistic	BASE TABLE	YES
postgres	pg_catalog	pg_type	BASE TABLE	YES
postgres	pg_catalog	pg_foreign_table	BASE TABLE	YES
postgres	pg_catalog	pg_authid	BASE TABLE	YES
postgres	pg_catalog	pg_shadow	VIEW	NO
postgres	pg_catalog	pg_roles	VIEW	NO
postgres	pg_catalog	pg_statistic_ext_data	BASE TABLE	YES
postgres	pg_catalog	pg_settings	VIEW	NO
postgres	pg_catalog	pg_file_settings	VIEW	NO
postgres	pg_catalog	pg_hba_file_rules	VIEW	NO
postgres	pg_catalog	pg_ident_file_mappings	VIEW	NO
postgres	pg_catalog	pg_config	VIEW	NO
postgres	pg_catalog	pg_shmem_allocations	VIEW	NO
postgres	pg_catalog	pg_backend_memory_contexts	VIEW	NO