Vim Cheat Sheet

Vim Cheat Shee	et		
Global	Editing	Macros	Working with multiple files
:h[elp] keyword - open help for keyword	r - replace a single character.	qa - record macro a	:e[dit] file - edit a file in a new buffer
:sav[eas] file-save file as	R - replace more than one character, until ESC is pressed.	q - stop recording macro	:bn[ext] - go to the next buffer
		@a - run macro a 	:bp[revious] - go to the previous buffer
:clo[se] - close current pane	J - join line below to the current one with one space in	@@ - rerun last run macro	:bd[elete] - delete a buffer (close a file)
:ter[minal] - open a	between	Cut and paste	:b[uffer]#-go to a buffer by index #
terminal window K - open man page for word under the cursor	gJ - join line below to the current one without space in between	yy - yank (copy) a line	:b[uffer] file - go to a buffer by file
		2yy - yank (copy) 2 lines	:1s or :buffers - list all open buffers
Cursor movement	gwip - reflow paragraph	yw - yank (copy) the characters of the word from the cursor position to the start of the next word	:sp[lit] file - open a file in a new buffer and split window
h - move cursor left	g∼ - switch case up to motion		:vs[plit] file - open a file in a new buffer and
j - move cursor down	gu - change to lowercase up to motion	yiw - yank (copy) word under	vertically split window
k - move cursor up	gU - change to uppercase up	the cursor	:vert[ical] ba[11] - edit all buffers as vertical windows
1 - move cursor right	to motion	yaw - yank (copy) word under the cursor and the space after	:tab ba[11] - edit all buffers as tabs
gj - move cursor down	CC - change (replace) entire line	or before it	Ctrl + ws - split window
(multi-line text)	c\$ or C - change (replace) to	y\$ or Y - yank (copy) to end of line	Ctrl + wv - split window vertically
gk - move cursor up (multiline text)	the end of the line	p - put (paste) the clipboard	Ctrl + ww - switch windows
${f H}$ - move to top of screen	CIW - change (replace) entire word	after cursor	Ctrl + wq - quit a window
M - move to middle of screen	CW or Ce - change (replace) to	P - put (paste) before cursor	Ctrl + wx - exchange current window with next one
L - move to bottom of screen	the end of the word	gp - put (paste) the clipboard after cursor and leave cursor	Ctrl + w= - make all windows equal height & width
W - jump forwards to the start of a word	S - delete character and substitute text (same as cl)	gP - put (paste) before cursor	Ctrl + wh - move cursor to the left window (vertical
W - jump forwards to the start	S - delete line and substitute text (same as cc)	and leave cursor after the new text	split) Ctrl + wl - move cursor to the right window (vertical
of a word (words can contain punctuation)	xp - transpose two letters	dd - delete (cut) a line	split)
e - jump forwards to the end of a word	(delete and paste)	2dd - delete (cut) 2 lines	Ctrl + wj - move cursor to the window below (horizontal split)
	u - undo	dw - delete (cut) the characters of the word from	Ctrl + wk - move cursor to the window above
E - jump forwards to the end of a word (words can contain punctuation)	U - restore (undo) last changed line	the cursor position to the start of the next word	(horizontal split) Ctrl + wH - make current window full height at far left
b - jump backwards to the	Ctrl + r - redo	diw - delete (cut) word under	(leftmost vertical window)
start of a word B - jump backwards to the	• - repeat last command	daw - delete (cut) word under	Ctrl + wL - make current window full height at far right (rightmost vertical window)
start of a word (words can contain punctuation)	Marking text (visual mode) V - start visual mode, mark	the cursor and the space after or before it	Ctrl + wJ - make current window full width at the very bottom (bottommost horizontal window)
ge - jump backwards to the end of a word	lines, then do a command (like y-yank)	:3,5d - delete lines starting from 3 to 5	Ctrl + wK - make current window full width at the very
gE - jump backwards to the	V - start linewise visual mode		top (topmost horizontal window)
end of a word (words can contain punctuation)	O - move to other end of marked area	:g/{pattern}/d - delete all lines containing pattern	Diff zf - manually define a fold up to motion
% - move cursor to matching character (default supported pairs: '()', '(]', '[]' - use :h matchpairs in vim for more	Ctrl + v - start visual block mode	:g!/{pattern}/d - delete all lines not containing	zd - delete fold under the cursor
	0 - move to other corner of	pattern	za - toggle fold under the cursor
info)	block	d\$ or D - delete (cut) to the end of the line	20 - open fold under the cursor
0 - jump to the start of the line	aw - mark a word	x - delete (cut) character	zc - close fold under the cursor
^ - jump to the first non-	ab - a block with ()	Indent text	zr - reduce (open) all folds by one level
blank character of the line	aB - a block with {}	>> - indent (move right) line one shiftwidth	zm - fold more (close) all folds by one level
\$ - jump to the end of the line	at - a block with <> tags	<< - de-indent (move left) line	zi - toggle folding functionality
g_ - jump to the last non- blank character of the line	ib - inner block with ()	one shiftwidth]c - jump to start of next change
gg - go to the first line of the	iB - inner block with {}	>% - indent a block with () or {} (cursor on brace)	[c - jump to start of previous change
document G - go to the last line of the	it - inner block with <> tags	<% - de-indent a block with ()	<pre>do or :diffg[et] - obtain (get) difference (from other buffer)</pre>
document	Esc or Ctrl + c - exit visual mode	or {} (cursor on brace)	<pre>dp or :diffpu[t] - put difference (to other buffer)</pre>
5gg or 5G - go to line 5	Visual commands	>ib - indent inner block with ()	:diffthis - make current window part of diff

 ${\sf gd}$ - move to local declaration $\hspace{0.2cm}$ > - shift text right

gD - move to global declaration	< - shift text left	>at - indent a block with <> tags	
fx - jump to next occurrence	y - yank (copy) marked text	3== - re-indent 3 lines	
of character x tx - jump to before next	d - delete marked text	=% - re-indent a block with () or {} (cursor on brace)	
occurrence of character x	u - change marked text to	= iB - re-indent inner block	
$\mathbf{F}\mathbf{x}$ - jump to the previous occurrence of character \mathbf{x}	lowercase	with {}	
Tx - jump to after previous occurrence of character x	U - change marked text to uppercase	gg=G - re-indent entire buffe]p - paste and adjust indent	
; - repeat previous f, t, F or T movement	Registers :reg[isters] - show	to current line Exiting	
, - repeat previous f, t, F or T movement, backwards	registers content "XY - yank into register x	: w - write (save) the file, but don't exit	
} - jump to next paragraph	"xp - paste contents of register x	:w !sudo tee %-write out the current file using sudo	
(or function/block, when editing code)	"+y - yank into the system	: wq or : x or ZZ - write	
{ - jump to previous paragraph (or function/block, when editing code)	clipboard register "+p - paste from the system	(save) and quit : q - quit (fails if there are	
ZZ - center cursor on screen	clipboard register	unsaved changes)	
zt - position cursor on top of the screen	Marks and positions :marks - list of marks	:q! or ZQ - quit and throw away unsaved changes	
zb - position cursor on bottom of the screen	ma - set current position for mark A	: wqa - write (save) and quit on all tabs	
Ctrl + e - move screen	`a - jump to position of mark	Search and replace /pattern - search for	
down one line (without moving cursor)	y`a - yank text to position of	pattern	
Ctrl + y - move screen up one line (without moving	mark A	?pattern - search backward for pattern	
cursor) Ctrl + b - move screen up	0 - go to the position where Vim was previously exited	\vpattern - 'very magic' pattern: non-alphanumeric	
one page (cursor to last line) Ctrl + f - move screen	" - go to the position when last editing this file	n when characters are interpreted as special regex symbols (no escaping needed)	
down one page (cursor to first line)	• - go to the position of the last change in this file	n - repeat search in same direction	
Ctrl + d - move cursor and screen down 1/2 page	` - go to the position before the last jump	N - repeat search in opposite direction	
Ctrl + u - move cursor and	:ju[mps] - list of jumps	:%s/old/new/g - replace	
screen up 1/2 page nsert mode -	Ctrl + i - go to newer position in jump list	all old with new throughout file	
nserting/appending text i - insert before the cursor	Ctrl + o - go to older position in jump list	:%s/old/new/gc - replace all old with new throughout	
I - insert at the beginning of the line	:changes - list of changes	<pre>file with confirmations :noh[lsearch] - remove</pre>	
a - insert (append) after the	g , - go to newer position in change list	highlighting of search matches	
A - insert (append) at the end of the line	g; - go to older position in change list	Search in multiple files :vim[grep] /pattern/	
• append (open) a new line below the current line	Ctrl +] - jump to the tag under cursor	{`{file}`} - search for pattern in multiple files	
0 - append (open) a new line above the current line		:cn[ext] - jump to the nex	
ea - insert (append) at the end of the word		:cp[revious] - jump to the previous match	
Ctrl + h - delete the character before the cursor		:cope[n] - open a window containing the list of matches	
during insert mode		:ccl[ose] - close the	
Ctrl + w - delete word before the cursor during insert mode		quickfix window Tabs	
Ctrl + j - add a line break at the cursor position during insert mode		:tabnew or :tabnew {page.words.file} - open a file in a new tab	
Ctrl + t - indent (move right) line one shiftwidth		Ctrl + wT - move the current split window into its	

- $\verb|:dif[fupdate]| update differences|$
- $\textbf{:diffo[ff]} \text{-} switch off diff mode for current window}$

during insert mode	own tab	
Ctrl + d - de-indent (move left) line one shiftwidth during insert mode	gt or :tabn[ext] - move to the next tab	
Ctrl + n - insert (autocomplete) next match before	gT or :tabp[revious] - move to the previous tab	
the cursor during insert mode	#gt - move to tab number #	
Ctrl + p - insert (auto- complete) previous match before the cursor during insert mode	:tabm[ove] #-move current tab to the #th position (indexed from o)	
Ctrl + rx - insert the contents of register x	:tabc[lose] - close the current tab and all its windows	
Ctrl + ox - Temporarily enter normal mode to issue one normal-mode command	:tabo[nly] - close all tabs except for the current one	
X.	:tabdo command - run the	
Esc or Ctrl + c - exit insert mode	command on all tabs (e.g. :tabdo q - closes all opened tabs)	