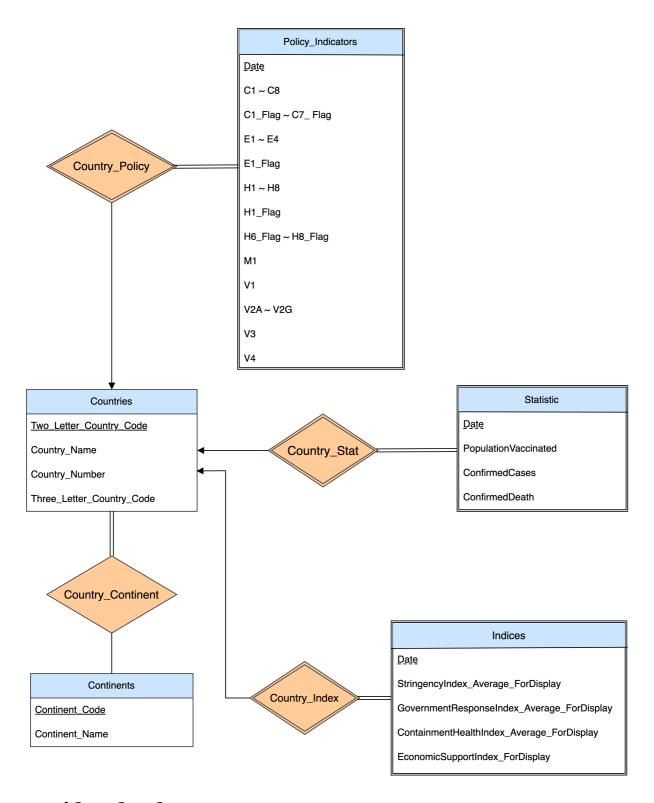


## **Database - HW2**

Part 1
ER Diagram
Avoid Redundancy
Add Constraints
Part 2
Part 3
Schema Diagram
SQL queries to create table
ScreenShot
Part 4
Countries
Continent
Country_Continent
Statistic
Indices
Policy_Indicators
Part 5
Countries
Continent
Country_Continent
Statistic
Indices
Policy_Indicators
Part 6
<u>SQL Query</u>
Output Results
Part 7
SQL Query
Output Results

### Part 1

### **ER Diagram**



### **Avoid Redundancy**

- Keep every relation in BCNF to avoid redundancy. This will explain later.
- Remove columns "RegionName", "RegionCode" and "Jurisdiction". Because all datas from the columns of "RegionName" and "RegionCode" are all NULL data. And all datas from the column of "Jurisdiction" are all "NAT\_TOTAL".

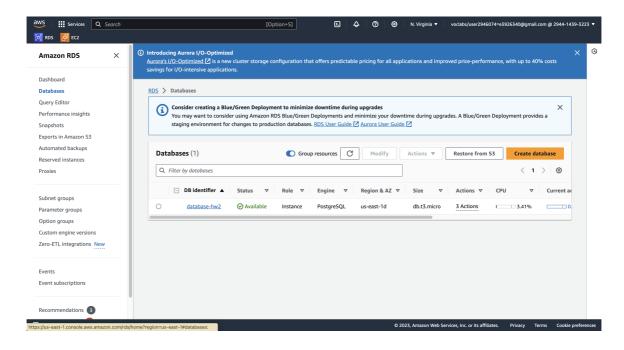
- Remove column "MajorityVaccinated" because it can be simply derived by "PopulationVaccinated".
- Remove columns "StringencyIndex\_Average", "GovernmentResponseIndex\_Average", "ContainmentHealthIndex\_Average", "EconomicSupportIndex". Because these datas are highly redundant with "ForDisplay" version. The only difference is that "ForDisplay" version have more datas than origin, so we can still have original version by deleting some rows if we want.

#### **Add Constraints**

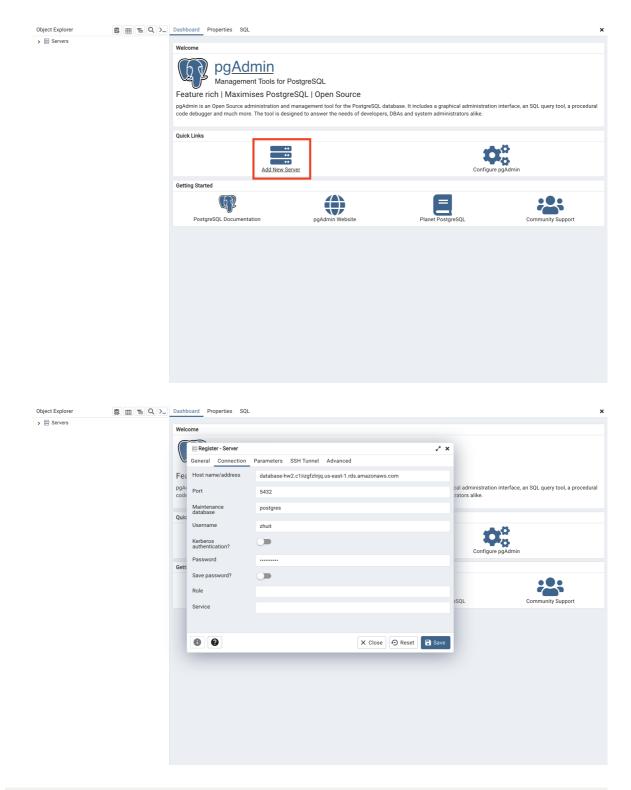
- Here we choose Many-to-Many cardinality constraint for "*Country\_Continent*" relationship set. Because there are some countries that cross two continents, such as Turkey.
- "Countries" entity set has total participation in the relationship of "Country\_Continent". Because there exists a continent correspond to every country in "Countries" entity set. However, "Continents" entity set has partial participation. Because there doesn't exist a country in the "Countries" entity set that is in Antarctica.

### Part 2

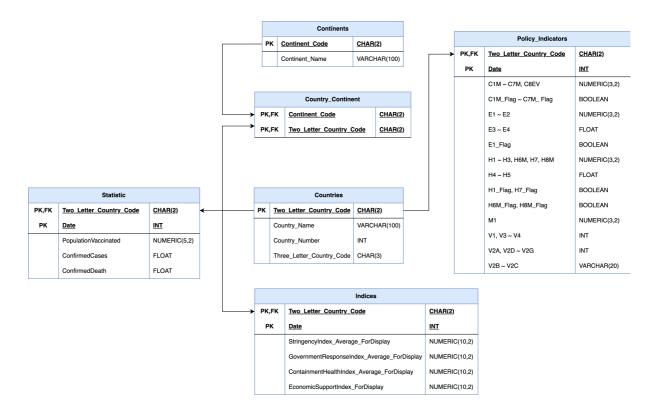
AWS RDS launch page



Connect to the AWS RDS



### Schema Diagram



### SQL queries to create table

▼ Create "Countries" Relation

▼ Create "Continents" Relation

▼ Create "Country\_Continent" Relation

```
CREATE TABLE public.Country_Continent
(

Two_Letter_Country_Code CHAR(2),
Continent_Code CHAR(2),
primary key (Two_Letter_Country_Code, Continent_Code),
foreign key (Two_Letter_Country_Code) references Countries(Two_Letter_Country_Code),
foreign key (Continent_Code) references Continents(Continent_Code)
)
```

#### ▼ Create "Policy\_Indicators" Relation

```
CREATE TABLE public.Policy_Indicators
    Two_Letter_Country_Code
                                 CHAR(2),
    Date
                                 INT,
    C1M
                        NUMERIC(3,2),
                        NUMERIC(3,2),
    C2M
    C3M
                        NUMERIC(3,2),
    C4M
                        NUMERIC(3,2),
    C5M
                        NUMERIC(3,2),
    C6M
                        NUMERIC(3,2),
    C7M
                        NUMERIC(3,2),
    C8EV
                        NUMERIC(3,2),
    C1M_Flag
                        BOOLEAN,
                        BOOLEAN,
    C2M_Flag
                       BOOLEAN,
    C3M_Flag
    C4M_Flag
                       BOOLEAN,
                        BOOLEAN,
    C5M_Flag
    C6M_Flag
                        BOOLEAN,
    C7M_Flag
                        BOOLEAN,
    E1
                        NUMERIC(3,2),
                        NUMERIC(3,2),
    E2
    E3
                        FLOAT,
    E4
                        FLOAT,
    E1_Flag
                        BOOLEAN,
                        NUMERIC(3,2),
    H2
                        NUMERIC(3,2),
    Н3
                        NUMERIC(3,2),
    Н4
                        FLOAT,
    Н5
                        FLOAT,
    H6M
                        NUMERIC(3,2),
    H7
                        NUMERIC(3,2),
                        NUMERIC(3,2),
    M8H
    H1 Flag
                        BOOLEAN,
    H6M_Flag
                        BOOLEAN,
    H7_Flag
                        BOOLEAN,
    H8M_Flag
                        BOOLEAN,
    Μ1
                        NUMERIC(3,2),
    ٧1
                        INT,
    V2A
                        ۷,
    V2B
                        VARCHAR(20),
    V2C
                        VARCHAR(20),
    V2D
                        INT,
    V2E
                        INT,
    V2F
                        INT,
```

```
V2G INT,
V3 INT,
V4 INT,
primary key (Two_Letter_Country_Code, Date),
foreign key (Two_Letter_Country_Code) references Countries(Two_Letter_Country_Code)
)
```

#### ▼ Create "Statistic" Relation

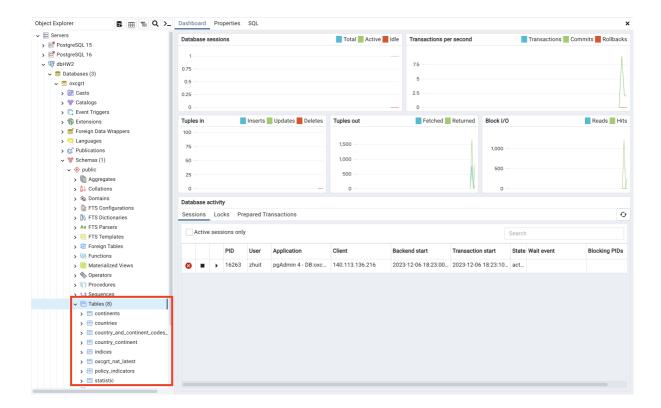
```
CREATE TABLE public.Statistic
(

Two_Letter_Country_Code CHAR(2),
Date INT,
PopulationVaccinated NUMERIC(5,2),
ConfirmedCases FLOAT,
ConfirmedDeath FLOAT,
primary key (Two_Letter_Country_Code, Date),
foreign key (Two_Letter_Country_Code) references Countries(Two_Letter_Country_Code)
)
```

#### ▼ Create "Indices" Relation

#### ScreenShot

• "oxcgrt\_nat\_latest" and "country\_and\_continent\_codes\_list" are tables of original csv files.



#### Test 1NF

 All datas from original csv file have no repeat group and all attributes are single value and atomic. So the original table are already 1NF.

In this part we need to test normal form of each tables, so we'll need to check functional dependency sets shown on the next part.

#### **Countries**

- Normal Form: BCNF
- Test Normal Form
  - Two\_Letter\_Country\_Code is a candidate key for R.
  - Three\_Letter\_Country\_Code is a candidate key for R.
  - Country\_Name is a candidate key for R.
  - Country\_Number is a candidate key for R.
  - So for all non-trivial functional dependencies lpha o eta in  $F^+$ , lpha are super key.
  - Thus it's BCNF.

#### **Continent**

- Normal Form: BCNF
- Test Normal Form
  - Continent\_Code is a candidate key for R.
  - Continent\_Name is a candidate key for R.
  - $\circ$  So for all non-trivial functional dependencies  $\alpha \to \beta$  in  $F^+$ ,  $\alpha$  are super key.
  - Thus it's BCNF.

### Country\_Continent

- Normal Form: BCNF
- Test Normal Form
  - {Continent\_Code, Two\_Letter\_Country\_Code} is a candidate key for R.
  - $\circ$  So for all non-trivial functional dependencies  $\alpha \to \beta$  in  $F^+$ ,  $\alpha$  are super key.
  - Thus it's BCNF.

#### Statistic

- Normal Form: BCNF
- Test Normal Form
  - {Continent\_Code, Two\_Letter\_Country\_Code} is a candidate key for R.
  - So for all non-trivial functional dependencies lpha o eta in  $F^+$ , lpha are super key.
  - Thus it's BCNF.

#### **Indices**

- Normal Form: BCNF
- Test Normal Form
  - {Continent\_Code, Two\_Letter\_Country\_Code} is a candidate key for R.
  - $\circ$  So for all non-trivial functional dependencies  $\alpha \to \beta$  in  $F^+$ ,  $\alpha$  are super key.
  - Thus it's BCNF.

### Policy\_Indicators

- Normal Form: **BCNF**
- Test Normal Form

- {Continent\_Code, Two\_Letter\_Country\_Code} is a candidate key for R.
- So for all non-trivial functional dependencies  $\alpha \to \beta$  in  $F^+$ ,  $\alpha$  are super key.
- Thus it's BCNF.

#### **Countries**

```
Two_Letter_Country_Code -> R
Three_Letter_Country_Code -> R
Country_Name -> R
Country_Number -> R
```

#### **Continent**

```
Continent_Code -> Continent_Name
Continent_Name -> Continent_Code
```

### Country\_Continent

```
{Continent_Code, Two_Letter_Country_Code} -> R
```

#### Statistic

```
{Two_Letter_Country_Code, Date} -> R
```

#### **Indices**

```
{Two_Letter_Country_Code, Date} -> R
```

### Policy\_Indicators

```
{Two_Letter_Country_Code, Date} -> R
```

### Part 6

### **▼** SQL Query

```
WITH StringencyIndex(Date, Continent_Code, Maximum, Minimum) AS(
 SELECT
    Date,
    Continent_Code,
    MAX(StringencyIndex_Average_ForDisplay),
   Min(StringencyIndex_Average_ForDisplay)
    Indices NATURAL JOIN Country_Continent
 WHERE
    Date = 20200401 OR Date = 20210401 OR Date = 20220401 OR Date = 20221201
  GROUP BY
    Date, Continent_Code
  CountryCode_Index AS(
  SELECT
   S.Date,
   S.Continent_Code,
    S.Maximum,
   MaxCountry_Continent.Two_Letter_Country_Code AS Max_CountryCode,
    S.Minimum,
    MinCountry_Continent.Two_Letter_Country_Code AS Min_CountryCode
    StringencyIndex AS S
    LEFT JOIN (Indices NATURAL JOIN Country_Continent) AS MaxCountry_Continent
      {\tt ON } \ ({\tt S.Maximum = MaxCountry\_Continent.StringencyIndex\_Average\_ForDisplay}
        AND S.Date = MaxCountry_Continent.Date
          AND S.Continent_Code = MaxCountry_Continent.Continent_Code)
    LEFT JOIN (Indices NATURAL JOIN Country_Continent) AS MinCountry_Continent
      ON (S.Minimum = MinCountry_Continent.StringencyIndex_Average_ForDisplay
        AND S.Date = MinCountry_Continent.Date
          AND S.Continent Code = MinCountry Continent.Continent Code)
  ORDER BY
    S.Date, S.Continent_Code
  ),
  Country_N_Continent AS(
  SELECT
    Countries.Two_Letter_Country_Code,
    Countries.Country_Name,
    Continents.Continent_Code,
    Continents.Continent_Name
  FROM
    Countries NATURAL JOIN Country_Continent NATURAL JOIN Continents
  )
SELECT
  S.Date,
 MaxCountryName.Continent_Name,
 S.Maximum AS Max_Stringency_Index,
 MaxCountryName.Country_Name AS Max_Country_Name,
 S.Minimum AS Min_Stringency_Index,
 MinCountryName.Country_Name AS Min_Country_Name
FROM
  CountryCode_Index AS S
  LEFT JOIN Country_N_Continent AS MaxCountryName
    ON (S.Max_CountryCode = MaxCountryName.Two_Letter_Country_Code
      AND S.Continent_Code = MaxCountryName.Continent_Code)
```

LEFT JOIN Country\_N\_Continent AS MinCountryName
 ON (S.Min\_CountryCode = MinCountryName.Two\_Letter\_Country\_Code
 AND S.Continent\_Code = MinCountryName.Continent\_Code)
ORDER BY
S.Date, MaxCountryName.Continent\_Name

# **Output Results ▼** 2020/04/01

	date integer	continent_name character varying (100)	max_stringency_index numeric	max_country_name character varying (100)	min_stringency_index numeric	min_country_name character varying (100)
1	20200401	Africa	97.22	Congo	13.89	Burundi
2	20200401	Asia	100.00	Philippines	19.44	Tajikistan
3	20200401	Asia	100.00	Sri Lanka	19.44	Tajikistan
4	20200401	Asia	100.00	Jordan	19.44	Tajikistan
5	20200401	Asia	100.00	India	19.44	Tajikistan
6	20200401	Asia	100.00	Georgia	19.44	Tajikistan
7	20200401	Europe	100.00	Serbia	12.04	Belarus
8	20200401	Europe	100.00	Georgia	12.04	Belarus
9	20200401	North America	100.00	Honduras	15.74	Nicaragua
10	20200401	Oceania	96.30	New Zealand	40.74	Kiribati
11	20200401	South America	100.00	Argentina	57.41	Guyana

### **▼** 2021/04/01

	date integer	continent_name character varying (100)	max_stringency_index numeric	max_country_name character varying (100)	min_stringency_index numeric	min_country_name character varying (100)
1	20210401	Africa	96.30	Mauritius	8.33	Tanzania
2	20210401	Asia	85.19	Timor-Leste	16.67	Laos
3	20210401	Europe	87.96	Greece	36.57	Russia
4	20210401	North America	82.41	Honduras	13.89	Nicaragua
5	20210401	Oceania	62.04	Papua New Guinea	22.22	Kiribati
6	20210401	Oceania	62.04	Papua New Guinea	22.22	New Zealand
7	20210401	Oceania	62.04	Papua New Guinea	22.22	Vanuatu
8	20210401	South America	87.96	Venezuela	25.00	Bolivia

### **▼** <u>2022/04/01</u>

	date integer	continent_name character varying (100)	max_stringency_index numeric	max_country_name character varying (100)	min_stringency_index numeric	min_country_name character varying (100)
1	20220401	Africa	56.48	Seychelles	11.11	Gabon
2	20220401	Asia	78.70	Myanmar	0.00	Mongolia
3	20220401	Europe	60.16	Ukraine	8.33	Andorra
4	20220401	North America	59.41	Dominica	8.33	Nicaragua
5	20220401	North America	59.41	Dominica	8.33	Dominican Republic
6	20220401	Oceania	85.19	Vanuatu	32.42	Fiji
7	20220401	South America	50.65	Suriname	14.82	Uruguay

### ▼ 2022/12/01

No data.

- Update all NULL value in ConfirmedCases to o.
- Replace the o moving average with 0.1.

### **▼** SQL Query

```
WITH Old_MovingAverage_Country AS(
    SELECT
      Date,
      Two_Letter_Country_Code,
      ConfirmedCases,
      (ConfirmedCases - LAG(ConfirmedCases, 7) OVER (
        PARTITION BY
                    Two_Letter_Country_Code
        ORDER BY
                    Date
      ) ) / 7 AS Moving_Average
    FR0M
            Statistic
   MovingAverage_Country AS(
        SELECT
            Date,
      Two_Letter_Country_Code,
      COALESCE(NULLIF(Moving_Average, 0), 0.1) AS Moving_Average
        FROM
            Old_MovingAverage_Country
    ),
 OverStringencyIndices AS(
    SELECT
      I.Date,
      I.Two_Letter_Country_Code,
            C.Continent_Code,
      I.StringencyIndex_Average_ForDisplay / M.Moving_Average AS OverStringencyIndex
      Indices AS I
      NATURAL JOIN MovingAverage_Country AS M
            NATURAL JOIN Country_Continent AS C
 MaxMin_OverStringencyIndices(Date, Continent_Code, Maximum, Minimum) AS(
 SELECT
    Date,
        Continent_Code,
   MAX(OverStringencyIndex),
   Min(OverStringencyIndex)
  FR0M
    OverStringencyIndices
    Date = 20220401 OR Date = 20210401 OR Date = 20200401 OR Date = 20221201
 GROUP BY
   Date, Continent_Code
 CountryCode_Index AS(
 SELECT
```

```
0.Date,
        0.Continent_Code,
    0.Maximum,
    O.Minimum,
    MaxCountryCode.Two_Letter_Country_Code AS Max_CountryCode,
    {\tt MinCountryCode.Two\_Letter\_Country\_Code} \  \, {\tt As Min\_CountryCode}
    MaxMin OverStringencyIndices AS 0
    LEFT JOIN OverStringencyIndices AS MaxCountryCode
      ON (0.Maximum = MaxCountryCode.OverStringencyIndex
                AND O.Continent Code = MaxCountryCode.Continent Code
                AND 0.Date = MaxCountryCode.Date)
    LEFT JOIN OverStringencyIndices AS MinCountryCode
      ON (0.Minimum = MinCountryCode.OverStringencyIndex
                AND O.Continent_Code = MinCountryCode.Continent_Code
                AND 0.Date = MinCountryCode.Date)
  Country_N_Continent AS(
  SELECT
    Countries. Two_Letter_Country_Code,
    Countries.Country_Name,
    Continents.Continent_Name
    Countries NATURAL JOIN Country_Continent NATURAL JOIN Continents
  )
SELECT
  S.Date,
  MaxCountryName.Continent_Name AS Continent,
  MaxCountryName.Country_Name AS Max_Country,
  S.Maximum AS Max_Over_Stringency_Index,
  MinCountryName.Country_Name AS Min_Country,
  S.Minimum AS Min_Over_Stringency_Index
FROM
  CountryCode_Index AS S
  LEFT JOIN Country_N_Continent AS MaxCountryName
    ON S.Max_CountryCode = MaxCountryName.Two_Letter_Country_Code
  LEFT JOIN Country_N_Continent AS MinCountryName
    ON S.Min_CountryCode = MinCountryName.Two_Letter_Country_Code
ORDER BY
  S.Continent_Code
```

### **Output Results**

#### **▼** 2020/04/01

	date integer	continent character varying (100)	max_country character varying (100)	max_over_stringency_index double precision	min_country character varying (100)	min_over_stringency_index double precision
1	20200401	Africa	Lesotho	907.399999999999	South Africa	0.9176154992548434
2	20200401	Asia	Timor-Leste	750	Iran	0.01953100699844479
3	20200401	Europe	Monaco	25.655	Spain	0.010921194806146181
4	20200401	North America	Belize	525	United States	0.003199142418831577
5	20200401	Oceania	Tonga	935.199999999999	Australia	0.19979983987189753
6	20200401	South America	Suriname	249.55	Brazil	0.12185427370387672

	date integer	continent character varying (100)	max_country character varying (100)	max_over_stringency_index double precision	min_country character varying (100)	min_over_stringency_index double precision
1	20210401	Africa	Congo	472.2	Cameroon	0.014737062518695783
2	20210401	Asia	Tajikistan	287	India	0.0008874230797035569
3	20210401	Europe	Faeroe Islands	481.49999999999994	France	0.001785796728049861
4	20210401	North America	Greenland	370.4	United States	0.000849797703331448
5	20210401	Oceania	Fiji	490.7	Papua New Guinea	0.2168147778332501
6	20210401	South America	Suriname	13.313243243243244	Brazil	0.0009635592281575945

### **▼** <u>2022/04/01</u>

	date integer	continent character varying (100)	max_country character varying (100)	max_over_stringency_index double precision	min_country character varying (100)	min_over_stringency_index double precision
1	20220401	Africa	Guinea	462.9999999999994	Botswana	0.002338608812776602
2	20220401	Asia	Macao	324.0999999999997	Mongolia	0
3	20220401	Europe	Faeroe Islands	111.1	France	0.00013628130182056675
4	20220401	North America	El Salvador	332.2	United States	0.0010650926731927328
5	20220401	Oceania	Kiribati	106.1375	Australia	0.000745880681107425
6	20220401	South America	Guyana	5.18	Brazil	0.0013755748352534015

### ▼ 2022/12/01

No data.