Assignment #7: April 月考

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2024 spring, Complied by 赵策 数学科学学院

说明:

- 1)请把每个题目解题思路(可选),源码Python,或者C++(已经在Codeforces/Openjudge上AC),截图(包含Accepted),填写到下面作业模版中(推荐使用 typora https://typoraio.cn,或者用word)。AC或者没有AC,都请标上每个题目大致花费时间。
- 2) 提交时候先提交pdf文件,再把md或者doc文件上传到右侧"作业评论"。Canvas需要有同学清晰头像、提交文件有pdf、"作业评论"区有上传的md或者doc附件。
- 3) 如果不能在截止前提交作业,请写明原因。

编程环境

操作系统: Windows 11

Python编程环境: Visual Studio Code 1.86.2

1. 题目

27706: 逐词倒放

http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/27706/

思路:

代码

```
#
words=input().split()
words.reverse()
print(' '.join(words))
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

27706: 逐词倒放 Accepted

27951: 机器翻译

http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/27951/

思路:

代码

```
#
m,n=map(int,input().split())
words=input().split()
mem=[]
cnt=0
for i in words:
    if i not in mem:
        mem.append(i)
        cnt+=1
        if len(mem)>m:
        mem.pop(0)
print(cnt)
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

27951: 机器翻译

Accepted

27932: Less or Equal

http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/27932/

思路:

代码

```
#
n,k=map(int,input().split())
sequence=list(map(int,input().split()))
if k==0:
    if 1 in sequence:
        print(-1)
    else:
        print(1)
else:
    sequence.sort()
sgn=0
for i in sequence:
    if i==sequence[k-1]:
        sgn+=1
```

```
if sgn==1:
    print(sequence[k-1])
else:
    print(-1)
```

代码运行截图 (AC代码截图,至少包含有"Accepted")

27932: Less or Equal Accepted

27948: FBI树

http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/27948/

思路:

代码

```
def fbi(s):
   if set(list(S))=={'0'}:
        return 'B'
    elif set(list(S))=={'1'}:
        return 'I'
    else:
        return 'F'
def build_tree(S):
    if len(S)==1:
        return fbi(S)
    else:
        middle=len(S)//2
        left_substring=S[:middle]
        right_substring=S[middle:]
        root_type=fbi(S)
        T1=build_tree(left_substring)
        T2=build_tree(right_substring)
        return T1+T2+root_type
N=int(input())
binary_string=input()
fbi_tree_postorder=build_tree(binary_string)
print(fbi_tree_postorder)
```

代码运行截图 (AC代码截图,至少包含有"Accepted")

27948: FBI树

27925: 小组队列

http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/27925/

思路:

代码

```
def simulate_queue(groups,command):
    if command[0]=='ENQUEUE':
        person=command[1]
        l=len(queue)
        if 1 in [0,1]:
            queue.append(person)
        else:
            i=0
            while i<l-1:
                if group_map[person]==group_map[queue[i]] and
group_map[person]!=group_map[queue[i+1]]:
                    queue.insert(i+1,person)
                    break
                else:
                    i+=1
            if i==1-1:
                queue.append(person)
    else:
        print(queue.pop(0))
queue=[]
group_map={}
groups=[input().split() for _ in range(int(input()))]
for group_index,group in enumerate(groups):
    for person in group:
        group_map[person]=group_index
while True:
    command=input().split()
    if command[0]=='STOP':
        break
    else:
        simulate_queue(groups,command)
```

代码运行截图 (AC代码截图,至少包含有"Accepted")

27928: 遍历树

http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/27928/

思路:

代码

```
class TreeNode:
    def __init__(self,value):
        self.value=value
        self.children=[]
def sort_node(node):
    global res
    node.children.sort(key=lambda x:x.value)
    sgn=1
    for child in node.children:
        idx=res.index(node.value)
        if child.value<node.value:
            res.insert(idx,child.value)
        else:
            res.insert(idx+sgn,child.value)
            sgn+=1
    for child in node.children:
        sort_node(child)
    return res
nodes={}
for _ in range(int(input())):
   values=list(map(int,input().split()))
    node_val=values[0]
    children_vals=values[1:]
    if node_val not in nodes:
        nodes[node_val]=TreeNode(node_val)
    node=nodes[node_val]
    if children_vals:
        for child_val in children_vals:
            if child_val not in nodes:
                nodes[child_val]=TreeNode(child_val)
            child_node=nodes[child_val]
            node.children.append(child_node)
root=None
for node_val,node in nodes.items():
    is_root=True
    for _,other_node in nodes.items():
        if node_val in [child.value for child in other_node.children]:
            is_root=False
            break
    if is_root:
```

```
root=node
break

res=[root.value]
result=sort_node(root)
for val in result:
    print(val)
```

代码运行截图 (AC代码截图,至少包含有"Accepted")

27928: 遍历树 Accepted

2. 学习总结和收获

<mark>如果作业题目简单,有否额外练习题目,比如:OJ"2024spring每日选做"、CF、LeetCode、洛谷等网站</mark> 题目**。**

难度还行,耗时不太长。除了最后一题最开始犯了低级错误,自检发现了:

```
# 第一版
def sort_node(node):
    node.children.sort(key=lambda x:x.value)
    for child in node.children:
        idx=res.index(node.value)
        if child.value<node.value:</pre>
            res.insert(idx,child.value)
        else:
            res.insert(idx+1,child.value)
    for child in node.children:
        sort_node(child)
    return res
#大于的时候不能直接插到idx+1的位置。。
#修改后(不想大范围改动了。。)
def sort_node(node):
    node.children.sort(key=lambda x:x.value)
    sgn=1
    for child in node.children:
        idx=res.index(node.value)
        if child.value<node.value:</pre>
            res.insert(idx,child.value)
        else:
            res.insert(idx+sgn,child.value)
            sqn+=1
    for child in node.children:
        sort_node(child)
    return res
```