# XAI: Variational Inference for Cluster

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#### Abstract

The purpose of this report is to introduce the Cluster algorithm and experiment with it.

## 1 Introduction

The primary tasks of Machine Learning encompass a variety of fields, including classification, segmentation, and modern techniques such as generative models. One of the fundamental skills in machine learning is classification. Specifically, data can be categorized into labeled and unlabeled datasets. This encompasses numerous techniques from supervised and unsupervised learning. A key feature of unsupervised learning is clustering, which is an algorithm designed to group data into distinct clusters. Generally speaking, clustering is an unsupervised learning technique. The objective of clustering is to partition the data into different clusters based on inherent similarities. One of the most challege is poepole offen share same experience that it is hard to understand how model works analytically. It will cause unpredictable results like medical diagnosis, financial fraud detection, and autonomous driving after industrial adoption. It is important to understand the model and how it works. This is where the concept of explainable AI (XAI) comes in. XAI is a subfield of artificial intelligence (AI) that focuses on making AI models more transparent and understandable to humans.

In this paper, we explore some state of the art XAI techniques and how they can be interpret the features in images. We learn from foundation of machine learning and deep learning that the imporved predictive accuracy has often been increased model complexity. The obvious drawback is the  $E_{in}$  decrease error, however, it might increase the  $E_{out}$  error [1, 2, 3]. To better understand the model, we need to interfere the model's decision-making process. While we persuade the idea of XAI, we will introduce the Variational Inference Clustering algorithm and experiment with it. The Variational Inference Clustering algorithm is a popular XAI algorithm that can be used to interpret the features in images.

### 2 Related Work

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The GradCAM,[4], algorithm is a popular XAI algorithm.

# 3 Experiments

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# 4 Conclusion

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# References

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- [4] Ramprasaath R. Selvaraju, Michael Cogswell, Abhishek Das, Ramakrishna Vedantam, Devi Parikh, and Dhruv Batra. Grad-CAM: Visual Explanations from Deep Networks via Gradient-based Localization. *International Journal of Computer Vision*, 128(2):336–359, February 2020.