GMT examples:

Plotting tectonic/geological content (Fennoscandia)

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General information

Files containing the coordinates and contours of tectonic units, faults and shear zones (after Wylegalla et al., 1999; Gorbatchev, 2004; Korja & Heikkinen, 2005) used in this example are included in the download package (scan_tectonic scan_STZ and scan_shear_zones.dat, digitized with Didger ® Golden Software, LLC). If you make use of the content presented in this manual please give reference to my disseration in which a slightly modified version of the presented map is included:

Grund, M. (2019), Exploring geodynamics at different depths with shear wave splitting, Karlsruhe Institute of Technology (KIT), doi:10.5445/IR/1000091425.

1 Plotting the map

All content shown in the following is based on the bash-script Scan_plotcont.gmt that can be downloaded from https://github.com/michaelgrund/GMT-plotting. If GMT 5.2.1 (or higher, Wessel et al., 2013) is installed on your (Linux) system you can directly reproduce the whole content shown in this manual by running Scan_plotcont.gmt via command line. In the following the individual steps to get the final figure are lined out.

1.1 Basic settings and map parameters

```
#!/bin/bash

gmtset MAP_GRID_PEN_PRIMARY 0.3p, dimgrey
PROJ_LENGTH_UNIT c \
MAP_ANNOT_OBLIQUE 30 \
MAP_ANNOT_OFFSET 5p \
MAP_ANNOT_OFFSET_PRIMARY 5p
MAP_ANNOT_OFFSET_PRIMARY 5p
MAP_LABEL_OFFSET_SECONDARY 5p
MAP_LABEL_OFFSET_5.5p \
COLOR_MODEL rgb \
FONT_ANNOT_PRIMARY 10p, Helvetica
FONT_LABEL 8 \
MAP_FRAME_TYPE_plain \
MAP_FRAME_WIDTH_2p \
```

```
MAP_TICK_LENGTH_PRIMARY 5p \
      MAP_FRAME_PEN 3.1p
# GMT (5.2.1) script to plot geological/tectonic units and shear zones of Fennoscandia
# 2019, Michael Grund (KIT Karlsruhe, Geophysical Institute),
# Franz Lutz (KIT Karlsruhe, now at University of Auckland, School of Environment)
# Content was partly digitised using Didger (R) (Golden Software, LLC) based on the
# following references:
# Geological units are modified after Fig. 1 of:
     >> Hoegdahl et al., 2004, Geological Survey of Finland, Special Paper 37 <<
     >> The Transscandinavian Igneous Belt (TIB) in Sweden: a review of its
      character and evolution <<
# Tornquist zone is modified from paper:
     >> Wylegalla et al.,1999, Tectonophysics 314, <<
     >> Anisotropy across the Sorgenfrei-Tornquist Zone from shear wave splitting <<
# Major shear zones, faults and inferred paleo-subduction zones are modified after
     Figs. 1 & 2 of:
     >> Korja & Heikkinen, Precambrian Research 136 (2005) 241-268 <<
     >> The accretionary Svecofennian orogen-insight from the BABEL profiles <<
# If you use the content of this script or the accompanying files that include the digitised
# geological units etc. please acknowledge GMT, the references listed above as well as my
# PhD thesis (DOI: 10.5445/IR/1000091425) in which a modified version of the generated
# map is included.
###################################
## settings
# region
projR = 3.5/36.5/54/71.5
# projection
projJ=m1:24000000
# output file
ps=Scan_plotcont_MAP.ps
#####################################
```

1.2 Plot raw map

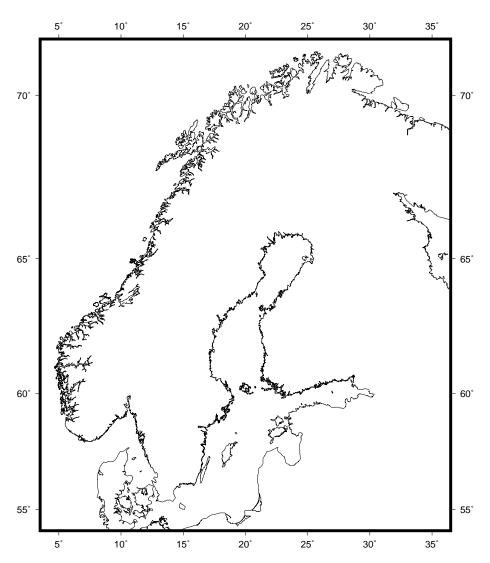


Figure 1: Plot a raw map of Fennoscandia.

1.3 Add digitized tectonic units

```
#########
# Fig. 2 # plot "raw" geological units
#########
# input file with digitised units
 infile = scan_tectonic.dat
# unit colors
col_sveco = 248/188/203
col_rapa=darkgray
col_paleo = 107/107/148
col_phanero = 115/195/128
col_sveconor = 238/106/80
col_arch = 241/99/106
col_cale = 249/190/75
col_TIB = 149/116/83
awk '{if (\$3 = "Phanerozoic2" | | \$2 == "") print \$0}' \$infile | psxy -J -R -O -K \setminus "Phanerozoic2" | | $1 -R -O -K \ | $2 -R -O -K \ | $1 
-G$col_phanero -P >> $ps awk '{if ($3 == "Svecofennian" || $2 == "") print $0}' $infile |psxy -J -R -O -K \
                          -G$col_sveco -P >> $ps
```

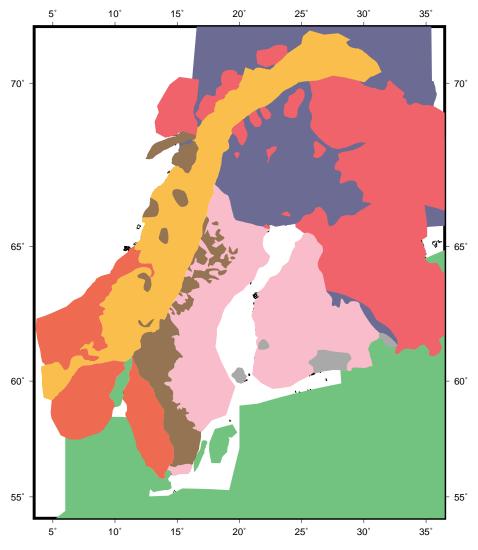


Figure 2: Add digitized tectonic units after Gorbatchev (2004).

1.4 Plot water areas and national boundaries

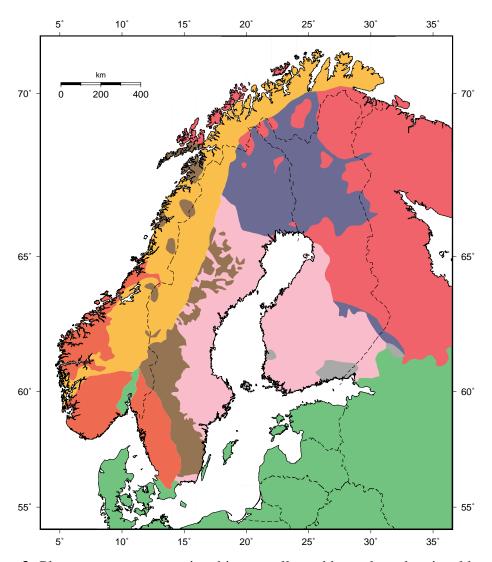


Figure 3: Plot water areas on top in white as well as add a scale and national borders.

1.5 Plot faults and shear zones

```
##########
# Fig. 4 # plot shear zones etc.
#########
infilefaults=scan_shear_zones.dat
awk 'NR > 4 {print $0}' $infilefaults | psxy -J -R -K -O -W1.1p, black >> $ps
### plot Tornquist zone
awk 'NR > 4 {print $0}' scan_STZ.dat | psxy -J -R -K -O -W1.1p, black >> $ps
### annotation Tornquist Zone (background transparent, -Gwhite@30)
pstext -R -J -F+f10p, red3 -Gwhite@30 -O -K << EOF >> $ps
7.9 57.4 STZ
14.5 54.3 TTZ
EOF
#==========
## plot paleo-subductions
awk 'NR > 4 {if ($3 == "subductionzone" && $4 == "1" ) print \{0\}' $infilefaults | psxy -J -R \
      -K -O -Sf0.2/0.15 + t + r - Wthinnest -Gblack >> $ps
awk 'NR > 4 {if (\$3 = \text{"subductionzone"} \&\& \$4 = \text{"2"}) print \$0}' \$infilefaults | psxy -J -R \
-K -O -Sf0.2/0.15+t+l -Wthinnest -Gblack>> $ps awk 'NR > 4 {if ($3 == "subductionzone" && $4 == "3") print $0}' $infilefaults | psxy -J -R \
      -K -O -Sf0.2/0.15+t+r -Wthinnest -Gblack >> $ps
awk 'NR > 4 {if ($3 == "subductionzone" && $4 == "4") print $0}' $infilefaults | psxy -J -R \
-K -O -Sf0.2/0.15+t+r -Wthinnest -Gblack >> $ps
awk 'NR > 4 {if ($3 == "subductionzone" && $4 == "5") print $0}' $infilefaults | psxy -J -R \
      -K -O -Sf0.2/0.15 + t + 1 - Wthinnest -Gblack >> $ps
#==========
#annotation countries
pstext -R -J -F + f14p -O -K -Gwhite@30 <<\!\!EOF>\!\!> \!\!ps
26.3 61.3 Finland
15.5 63.5 Sweden
5.8 60.7 Norway
8 55 Denmark
33 60 Russia
EOF
#=========
```

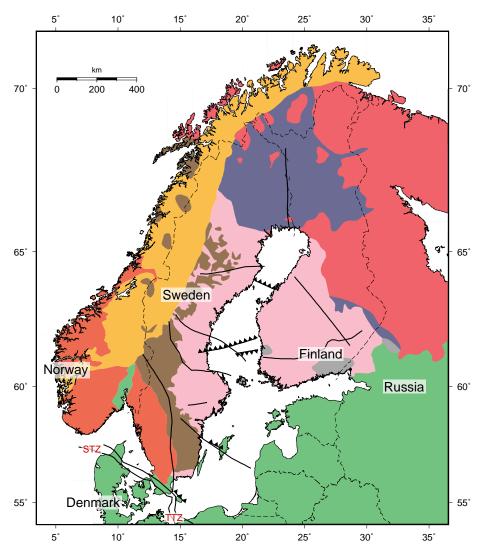


Figure 4: Add annotations, digitized faults and shear zones after Wylegalla et al. (1999) and Korja & Heikkinen (2005).

1.6 Plot legend

```
# Fig. 5 # plot legend in right lower corner
##########
pslegend -R -J -Dx8.5/0.2/6.58 c/2.4 c/BL -F+r+plinen+glinen+gwhite+pblack+pthin -O -K \
     << EOF >> $ps
G 0.1c
N 2
S 0.35c s 0.45c $col_sveco
                                                      0.75c Svecofennian
                                thinnest
S 0.55c s 0.45c $col_rapa
                                 thinnest
                                                      0.95c Rapaviki
G 0.1c
S 0.35c s 0.45c
                 $col_paleo
                                thinnest
                                                      0.75c Paleoproterozoic
S 0.55c s 0.45c $col_phanero
                                                       0.95c Phanerozoic
                                 thinnest
G 0.1c
                                                       0.75c Sveconorwegian
S 0.35c s 0.45c
                 $col_sveconor
                                   thinnest
S 0.55c s 0.45c
                                   thinnest
                                                       0.95c Archean
                 $col_arch
G 0.1c
S 0.35c s 0.45c
                $col_cale
                                   thinnest
                                                       0.75c Caledonides
                                                       0.95c TIB
S 0.55c s 0.45c $col_TIB
                                   thinnest\\
```

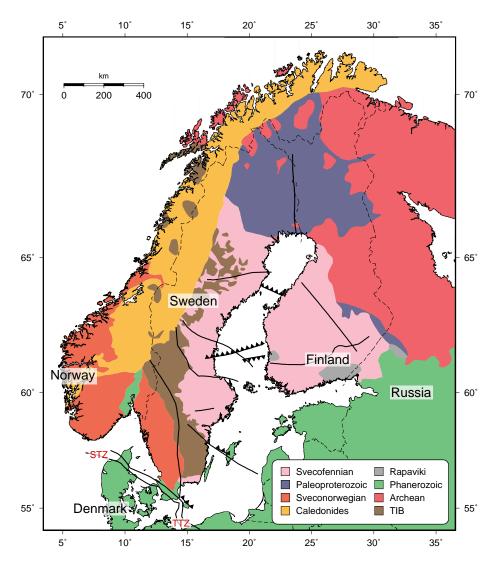


Figure 5: Add a legend in lower right corner.

References

Gorbatchev, R., 2004. The Transscandinavian Igneous Belt – introduction and background, in *The Transscandinavian Igneous Belt (TIB) in Sweden: a Review of Its Character and Evolution. Geological Survey of Finland, Special Paper*, vol. 37, pp. 9–15, eds Högdahl, K., Andersson, U., & Eklund, O., Geological Survey of Finland.

- Korja, A. & Heikkinen, P., 2005. The accretionary Svecofennian orogen-insight from the BABEL profiles, *Precambrian Res.*, **136**, 241–268.
- Wessel, P., Smith, W. H. F., Scharroo, R., Luis, J., & Wobbe, F., 2013. Generic Mapping Tools: Improved version released, *Eos Trans. AGU*, **94(45)**, 409–420.
- Wylegalla, K., Bock, G., Gossler, J., & Hanka, W., 1999. Anisotropy across the Sorgenfrei-Tornquist Zone from shear wave splitting, *Tectonophysics*, **314**, 335–350.