

W205, Information Storage and Retrieval, Week #: 1;
Lab #: 1; Lab Name: Creating Amazon EC2 Server using UCB AMI
Lab Duration: 20 to 40 minutes.

Intro

In this introductory lab we will familiarize ourselves with the environment that we will use for the upcoming labs and exercises in this course. Today, we will learn about the following:

- Amazon EC2 Environment and your Account
- What an AMI Is
- How to Find an AMI and Launch a Server
- How to Choose a Server
- How to Check for Already Installed Software on a Server

Let's go!

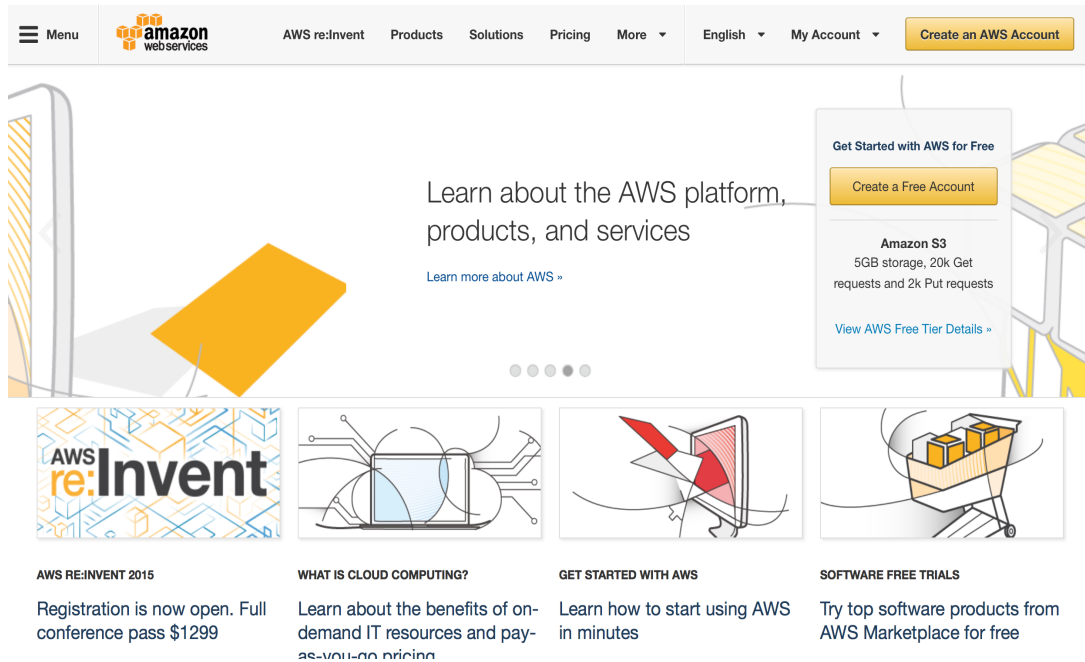
Step-1. Amazon EC2 Environment and your account

By now, you should have received an email about your Amazon EC2 Account information. Please find the amount of credit you got as well, so that you can use it during the labs and exercises of this course. Note that Amazon EC2 credits are used whenever your server is up and running. You can always keep an eye on the balance of your account in the Amazon EC2 Console.

For getting familiar with Amazon EC2, you should refer to the following links.

- a. http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Amazon_Elastic_Compute_Cloud
- b. http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Amazon_Web_Services

To login to your account, go to the following link, <http://aws.amazon.com>. Once you have



reached to the following screen, click on “My Account” to login with the credential provided.

Verify your account balance. If you have any questions or concerns, please contact the UCB admin.

Amazon provides various types of VMs/Servers according to your particular needs. You can get familiar with types of servers that Amazon EC2 provides in the following link,

<http://aws.amazon.com/ec2/instance-types/>.

Here are a few examples of Amazon EC2 M3 Servers.

Model	vCPU	Mem (GiB)	SSD Storage (GB)
m3.medium	1	3.75	1 x 4
m3.large	2	7.5	1 x 32
m3.xlarge	4	15	2 x 40
m3.2xlarge	8	30	2 x 80

Use Cases

Small and mid-size databases, data processing tasks that require additional memory, caching fleets, and for running backend servers for SAP, Microsoft SharePoint, and other enterprise applications.

Step-2.What an AMI Is

An Amazon Machine Image (AMI) is a static state of a server that doesn't use CPU or I/O. You can launch the servers you want using an AMI. In EC2, the launched servers would be mainly VMs in the cloud.

Note: it costs to run images; you will receive credits to use for this course from your instructors. If you are not using your image, shut it down. Also, remember to save your code in github or outside the server instance unless you set the instance up to use a persistent storage such as EBS.

The following link goes into great detail about AMIs:
<http://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSEC2/latest/UserGuide/AMIs.html>

Once an AMI is created, it needs to be registered. If you want others to access your AMI, you must grant permission to that user or make the AMI public. A public AMI is accessible for anyone to use and launch a server based on that AMI.





























Note: For the purpose of this class, there is a public AMI create. We will tell you more about that later in this document.

Step-3. How to Find an AMI and Launch a Server

You can use the following steps to find an AMI:

1. Open Amazon EC2 Console using the following link, <http://aws.amazon.com/ec2/>
2. Click on the “My Account” drop down menu
3. Click on AWS Management Console.
4. Log in with your credential.

Amazon Web Services

Compute  EC2 Virtual Servers in the Cloud  Lambda Run Code in Response to Events  EC2 Container Service Run and Manage Docker Containers	Administration & Security  Directory Service Managed Directories in the Cloud  Identity & Access Management Access Control and Key Management  Trusted Advisor AWS Cloud Optimization Expert  CloudTrail User Activity and Change Tracking  Config Resource Configurations and Inventory  CloudWatch Resource and Application Monitoring	Application Services  SQS Message Queue Service  SWF Workflow Service for Coordinating Application Components  AppStream Low Latency Application Streaming  Elastic Transcoder Easy-to-use Scalable Media Transcoding  SES Email Sending Service  CloudSearch Managed Search Service
Storage & Content Delivery  S3 Scalable Storage in the Cloud  Elastic File System PREVIEW Fully Managed File System for EC2  Storage Gateway Integrates On-Premises IT Environments with Cloud Storage  Glacier Archive Storage in the Cloud  CloudFront Global Content Delivery Network	Deployment & Management  Elastic Beanstalk AWS Application Container  OpsWorks DevOps Application Management Service  CloudFormation Templated AWS Resource Creation  CodeDeploy Automated Deployments	Mobile Services  Cognito User Identity and App Data Synchronization  Mobile Analytics Understand App Usage Data at Scale  SNS Push Notification Service
Database  RDS MySQL, Postgres, Oracle, SQL Server, and Amazon Aurora  DynamoDB Predictable and Scalable NoSQL Data Store  ElastiCache In-Memory Cache  Redshift Managed Petabyte-Scale Data Warehouse Service	Analytics  EMR Managed Hadoop Framework  Kinesis Real-time Processing of Streaming Big Data  Data Pipeline Orchestration for Data-Driven Workflows	Enterprise Applications  WorkSpaces Desktops in the Cloud  WorkDocs Secure Enterprise Storage and Sharing Service  WorkMail PREVIEW Secure Email and Calendaring Service

This is a great link for launching an Instance:

<http://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSEC2/latest/UserGuide/launching-instance.html>

Once you have logged on, click on “Instance” (or click “EC2” if you do not see “Instance”) in order to launch your instance. In this course, you will be using the AMI provided by UCB. Search for UCB AMI in the following screen.

Note: if you do not find it in “AWS Marketplace”, try “Community AMIs”

1. Choose AMI 2. Choose Instance Type 3. Configure Instance 4. Add Storage 5. Tag Instance 6. Configure Security Group 7. Review

Step 1: Choose an Amazon Machine Image (AMI) Cancel and Exit

An AMI is a template that contains the software configuration (operating system, application server, and applications) required to launch your instance. You can select an AMI provided by AWS, our user community, or the AWS Marketplace; or you can select one of your own AMIs.

Quick Start

My AMIs

AWS Marketplace

Community AMIs

< < No Products > >

AWS Marketplace is experiencing technical difficulties. Please try launching software from Marketplace later.

Next, you will have to choose the Instance Type. Here, you can choose an m3.medium. Please check the configuration for this.

Once you have started creating the server using the UCB AMI, you can check the progress of it in the same console.

The UCB AMI that you will be using for this course is: **UCB W205 Base** - ami-98848cf0.

Step-4. How to Chose a Type of Server

There are various types of servers available in the Amazon EC2 environment. However, you will need to choose one in which you can run Hadoop and several software packages that are necessary for all the labs and exercises.

Please refer to the link above for the types of servers available.

<http://aws.amazon.com/ec2/instance-types/> .

Step-5. How to Check for Already Installed Software on a Server

Once you have created your server/instance using the UCB AMI, you should find the following software with the respective versions.

Note: But before you can check you need to follow AWS instructions for how to connect to your instance.

- Python 2.7.3
- HDFS
- Postgres
- Hive
- Apache Spark
- Apache Sqoop
- Cloudera Express 5.4.1
- Apache Storm

You can check if these are installed and the location of the software by using Unix commands such as “which”.

You have completed this exercise when you have an instance, can access it, have verified that you can find different software packages and can answer the questions below.

Questions:

Q1: What is an AMI?

Q2: When would you consider a cloud infrastructure?

Q3: What are the types of servers readily available on EC2?

Q4: What are S3 and EBS?