

# Collaborating Using GitHub



GW Libraries Workshop March 27, 2018

go.gwu.edu/ghw

## GitHub Agenda

- Why GitHub?
- A tour of a repository
- Hands-on:
  - Create your own new repository
  - Collaborate on a repository
  - Make a release of your code
  - Fork an existing repository

## Why GitHub?

- Version Control uses git
- Collaboration
- Open (or not)
- Pricing free for open, cheap for private, and free for students <u>education.github.com</u> (and <u>/pack</u>)
- Code with context

## Tour of a Repository: About your code

• **README.md** ← showcase your work, this is your home page

• **LICENSE** file ← Important! <u>choosealicense.com</u>

(Optional) Wiki pages

These use Markdown - lightweight formatting

## Tour of a Repository - The Code

#### Code

- history of commits on a branch
- o history of commits on a file

#### Branches

- Master branch vs. others
- $\circ$  Visually represented with the Insights  $\rightarrow$  Network graph

## Tour of a Repository - Code as a Project

- Issues tags, assignment, releases, comments
- Milestones and Releases
- Pull requests
- Comment threads on issues, commits, etc.
- Insights (graphs)

## Tour of a Repository - Connections

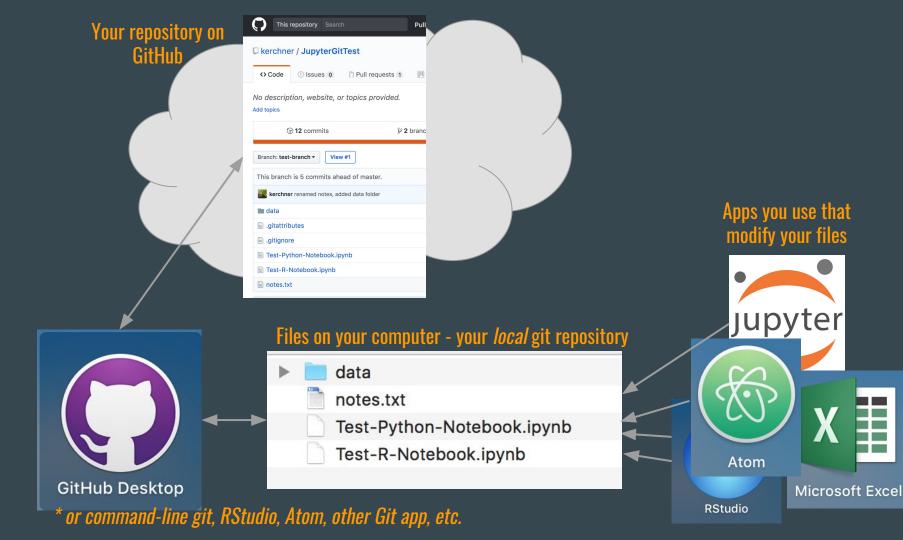
Between Github users/repositories

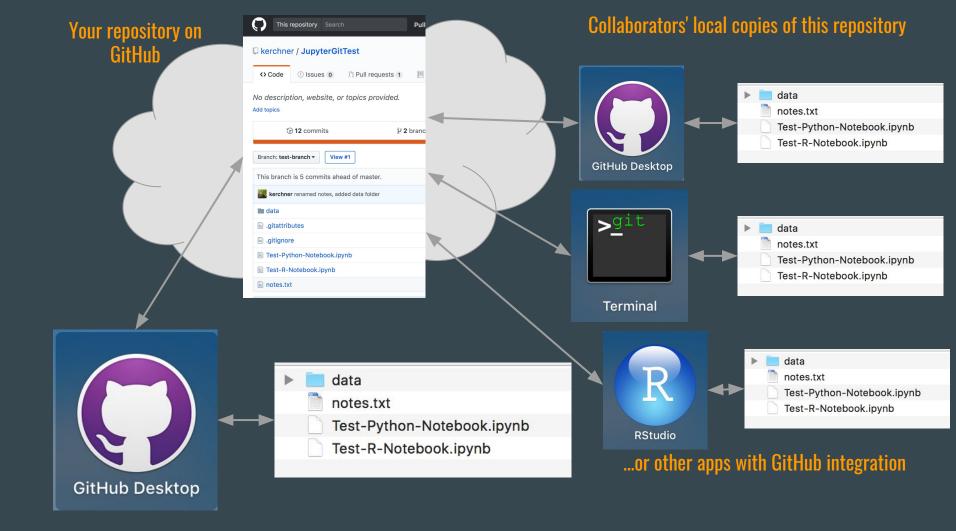
- Watch/Star/Follow
- Mentions

With other software development tools

Integrations & Webhooks (under repository Settings)

# Your Code, Git, and GitHub





## Basic Terminology

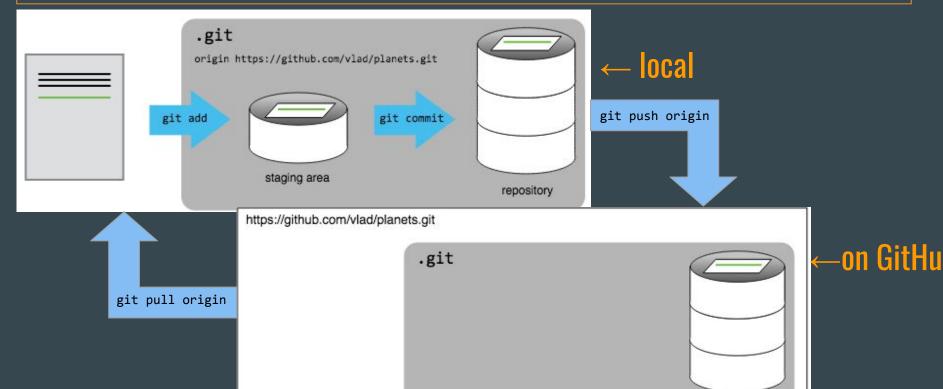
Add/remove - puts changes in a staging area

Commit - commits staged changes to the (local) repository

Push - pushes local repository changes to the remote repository

Pull - pulls remote repository changes to the local repository

## add ~ commit ~ push ~ pull



repository

## Ways to use Git



**RStudio** 





...and many IDEs

## Ways To Use Git (cont.)

- Git command line
- GitHub Desktop App (or: git-scm.com/downloads/guis)
- GitHub Mobile App
- Integrations w/Editors, <u>IDEs</u>, and other apps
  - o R Studio
  - Atom
  - ...many others

## Git repository anatomy

 Open the folder containing your local git repository. It contains a .git directory which contains all the metadata about the repository (that is, the local copy)

# Let's Try It!

# Create your own GitHub repository

## Prerequisites / Setup

Your Github account, plus **EITHER**:

- Install **GitHub Desktop app** via <u>desktop.github.com</u>
- Under *Preferences...* sign in to your GitHub account

#### <u>OR</u>:

- Install Git command line via git-scm.com/downloads
- git config --global user.email "you@youremail.com"
   git config --global user.name "Your Name"

# 1. Create a repository, make some changes

# 2. Collaborate on a repository

Form groups of 2+

## 3. Make a release of your code

# 4. Fork a Repository

## **About forking...**

Scenario: There is a Github repository on which you are <u>not</u> a collaborator, but you would like to:

- contribute a feature or fix to it, or
- use it, but with your own modifications

## Forking a repository

github.com/someone-else/app123.git

1. Fork

4.Pull Request

github.com/me/app123.git
(Forked from github.com/s...)

3. Clone

Your computer (make changes here)

## **Advanced Git Topics**

- .gitignore
- Merges that require manual merging
- Resetting
- Re-basing
- Squashing
- Reverting

#### Git - Command Line - some common commands

```
git config --global user.email
git config --global user.password
git init <name> # creates new repository in this folder
git clone <URL for repo>
qit status # -s qives a short version
git branch <branch-name> # creates a branch
git checkout <branch-name> # switches to a branch
git diff / git diff --staged
git add <file(s)> / git rm <file(s)> / git mv <file>
git commit -m 'Comment goes here'
git push origin <branch> # When working with forks, you might
git pull origin <branch> # use remotes other than "origin"
```

#### Git - Command Line - continued

```
git log
git merge <branch to merge from>
git rebase <branch to rebase off of>
git reset --hard # Warning! You'll lose your changes!
git stash
git fetch # like git pull, but without merging
```

## Other Uses for Github Repositories (besides code)

- Sharing data
- "Document" collaboration (e.g. legislation)
- Course sites (e.g. <u>DSCN 6279</u>; <u>ISTM 6212</u>)
- Github Sites (e.g. gwu-libraries.github.io/sfm-ui/)
- Publishing and Citing your code (you can use <u>Zenodo.org</u> to mint a DOI for a Github repository) - See <u>these</u> slides!
- and more

## Key takeaways

- Make your code presentable in GitHub:
  - \* README.md
  - \* LICENSE
  - \* Commit messages
  - \* Releases release notes should describe new features/ changes, upgrade instructions, known issues
  - \* Use issues helps explain WHY you changed code. Open issues communicate desired fixes/enhancements.

## More takeaways

 The GitHub Desktop app seems useful, but mainly for "basic" things. Ultimately, it's probably good to learn and use git shell commands. (Especially good on your resume!)

 For team projects, one person can create the repository on their git account and add others as collaborators.
 Or, you can create an "organization" account - go to your profile's Settings -> Organizations -> New Organization

## **Even more takeaways**

- When working together or even alone use branches.
   Merge a branch using a pull request.
- Insights  $\rightarrow$  Network is a good great way to visualize what's going on with the branches.
- When you're working on a branch for an extended period, consider periodically merging (or rebasing) from the master branch, so your branch doesn't diverge too far from the code on master. This will minimize merge conflicts

#### To learn more about Git/GitHub...

- Pro Git book, free online: git-scm.com
- Lynda.com: *Up and Running with Git and GitHub*
- github.com:
  - o <u>help.github.com</u>
  - o guides.github.com
  - o <u>try.github.io</u> (codeschool)
  - o <u>services.github.com/on-demand/</u>
  - o <u>resources.github.com/webcasts/</u>

## **Key take-home links**

Github Guide to Making Your Code Citable: guides.github.com/activities/citable-code/

Research Guide for Publishing a Scientific article: <a href="libguides.gwu.edu/c.php?g=737748&p=5273908">libguides.gwu.edu/c.php?g=737748&p=5273908</a>

#### Thanks!

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