# Intro to Web Scraping

February 13, 2019 GW Libraries

Slides: go.gwu.edu/scraping

Handout: go.gwu.edu/scrapinghandout

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Install the Scraper Chrome extension: <a href="https://bit.ly/chrome-scraper">bit.ly/chrome-scraper</a>
Download and install Tabula: <a href="mailto:tabula.technology">tabula.technology</a>

# **Objectives**

- What is web scraping and what is it good for?
- Technical and ethical considerations
- Using Scraper on a web page (hands-on)
- Using Tabula on PDF pages
- Discussion of using Python for web scraping

Install the Scraper Chrome extension: <a href="mailto:bit.ly/chrome-scraper">bit.ly/chrome-scraper</a>

# What is web scraping?

Extracting data from a web page, using cut-and-paste, code, or another tool that parses the HTML.

### **Examples of research**

#### [scraping campsite location data from reserveamerica.com]

Mann ML, Batllori E, Moritz MA, Waller EK, Berck P, Flint AL, et al. (2016) Incorporating Anthropogenic Influences into Fire Probability Models: Effects of Human Activity and Climate Change on Fire Activity in California. *PLoS ONE* 11(4): e0153589. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0153589">https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0153589</a>

#### [scraping supermarket websites for prices]

Powell B, Nason G, Elliott D, Mayhew M, Davies J, Winton J. (2018) Tracking and Modelling Prices Using Web-Scraped Price Microdata: Towards Automated Daily Consumer Price Index Forecasting. *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society: Series A (Statistics in Society)* 181(3):737-56. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1111/rssa.12314">https://doi.org/10.1111/rssa.12314</a>

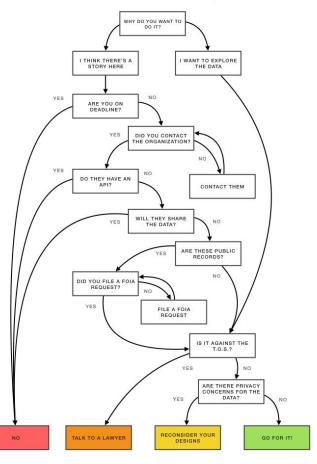
#### [scraping forum posts for bitcoin addresses]

Fleder M, Kester MS, Pillai S. (2015) Bitcoin Transaction Graph Analysis. *arXiv preprint arXiv*:1502.01657. https://arxiv.org/abs/1502.01657

#### [scraping Craigslist apartment listings]

Boeing G, Waddell P. (2017) New Insights into Rental Housing Markets across the United States: Web Scraping and Analyzing Craigslist Rental Listings. *Journal of Planning Education and Research* 37(4):457-76. https://doi.org/10.1177/0739456X16664789

#### Should You Build a Scraper?



### **Considerations**

- Is this data available some other way? (bulk download, API)
- Is the data well-structured on the website? Is it all on one page? Is the page dynamic/interactive?
- Are there terms of service concerning the website?
- Are there copyright concerns?
- What am I planning to do with this data? Be cautious about sharing data.

To scrape or not to scrape: technical and ethical challenges of collecting data off the web

# Structure of a web page: HTML + CSS + JavaScript

HTML provides the basic structure of a page. The HTML is enhanced and modified by CSS and JavaScript.

CSS is used to control styling: presentation, formatting, and layout.

JavaScript is used to control the behavior of different elements.

# Structure of a web page

```
<html>
  <head>
      <link href="css file.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" media="all">
  </head>
  <body>
      <div id="text-section1" class="box-around">
         href here is an <u>attribute</u> of the tag
             Here's some bold text and
             <a href="https://library.gwu.edu" id="library-link">a link to GW Libraries</a>
         a tag, or node
             Here's another paragraph, even bigger
         </div>
      Stuff inside a table cell
        </body>
</html>
```

.bold-paragraph {

color: red

font-weight: bold;

#### **XPath**

DOM = Document Object Model

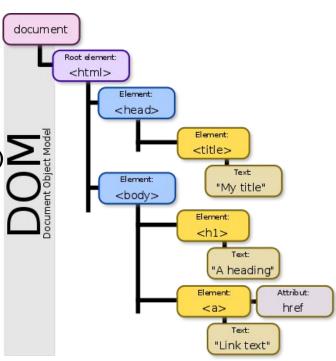
"A language for addressing parts of an XML document"

(a web page is an HTML document is an XML document)

#### Example:

```
//div[@id='text-section1']/p/text()
```

// - At any level down in the "tree"
div - any div tag, with an id attribute of 'text-section1'
/p - get back all child tags
/text() - and give me the text of each tag

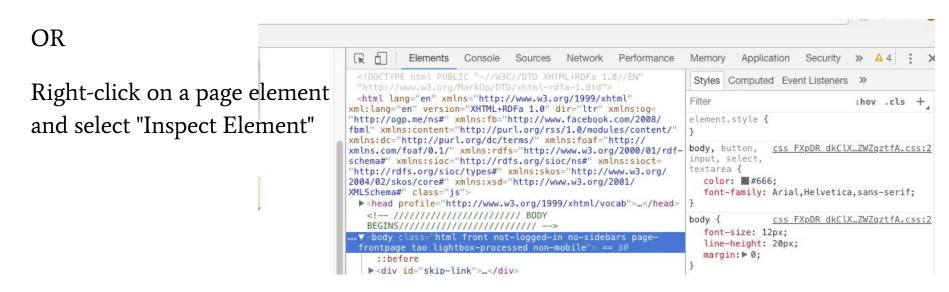


en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Document\_Object\_Model#/media/File:DOM-model.svg

# Working with a web page

In Chrome (other browsers have a similar tool):

 $View \rightarrow Developer \rightarrow Developer Tools$ 



### Web scraping with Scraper

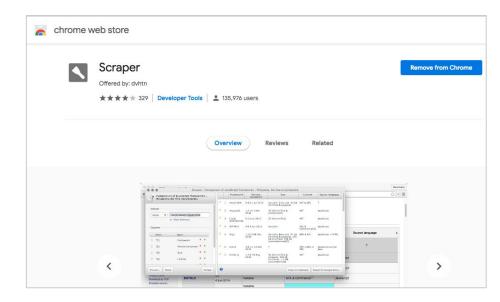
- Chrome extension for scraping web pages.
- Uses XPath to identify elements in HTML.
- Works best if data is on a single page and HTML is well-structured.
- Doesn't work with PDFs.

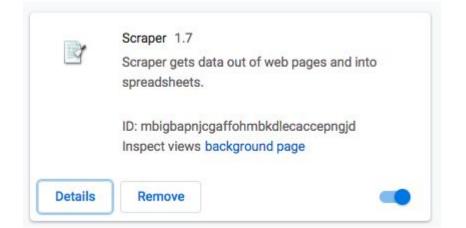
Install the Scraper Chrome extension: bit.ly/chrome-scraper

# **Installing Scraper**

In the Chrome Webstore: <a href="https://bit.ly/chrome-scraper">bit.ly/chrome-scraper</a>

Installation directions and tips: go.gwu.edu/scraper





### **Scraper steps**

- 1. Load your target web page.
- 2. **Highlight and right-click** on a part of the web page and click "Scrape similar...
- 3. Tweak the XPath to get the elements you need.
- 4. Export to Google Docs or copy into Excel.

GWU Schedule of Courses: <a href="https://my.gwu.edu/mod/pws/">https://my.gwu.edu/mod/pws/</a>

Spring 2019: Main Campus > pick a department





#### OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR

SCHEDULE OF CLASSES HOME

COURSE SEARCH

RENUMBERED COURSE KEY

COURSE SYLLABUS

OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR

#### Schedule of Classes

HOME » MAIN CAMPUS - SPRING 2019 » AMERICAN STUDIES

Result Page: 1 - 2

Next Page >>

#### Helpful Hints:

Subject: Click on the course number to view the Bulletin description

Bldg/Rm: Click on the building to view the street address

XList: Click to view the same course offered by another department

Linked: Click to view associated discussions, labs, etc.

PRINT ALL | PRINT THIS PAGE

STATUS	CRN	SUBJECT	SECT	COURSE	CREDIT	INSTR.	BLDG/RM	DAY/TIME	FROM/TO	
OPEN	47078	AMST 1000	10	Zombie Capitalism	3.00	Orenstein, D	PHIL 108	M 12:45PM - 03:15PM	01/14/19 - 04/29/19	
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Course Attrib		Jeanssemmars						4.		FING BOOKS

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*[3]	Course Code	<b>9</b> 0	-	9 46040	AMST 2071	80	Introduction to the Arts in America	3.00	Bjelajac, D	SMTH 114
<b>ii</b> *[4]	Section	9 0	1	10 44220	AMST 2120W	80	Freedom in American Thought and Popular Culture	3.00	Anker, E	PHIL B156
		9 0	8	11 47284	AMST 2210	10	The African American Experience	3.00	Musser, A	FNGR 222
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#### **Tabula for PDFs**

#### https://tabula.technology

- Free, open-source application for identifying and extracting data tables from PDFs.
- Useful when tables don't cleanly cut-and-paste into a spreadsheet, or are on many pages.
- Exports data as CSV, TSV, or JSON.
- Does not work with "image" PDFs. Must be OCR.
- Data may require further clean-up.

#### Tabula



Tabula is a tool for liberating data tables locked inside PDF files.

View the Project on GitHub tabulapdf/tabula



Current Version: 1.2.1

Other Versions: pre-releases & archives

Need help? Open an issue on Github.

**Donate:** Help support this project by backing us on OpenCollective.

We'd love to hear from you! Say hi on Twitter at @TabulaPDF

#### **Tabula for PDFs**

GW Daily Crime and Fire Log (https://safety.gwu.edu/daily-crime-and-fire-log)



# More tools for web scraping

- Python libraries:
  - o requests
  - bs4 / BeautifulSoup
  - o selenium / webdriver
- R packages:
  - rvest
- JavaScript
  - o puppeteer, cheerio
- Command-line tools (bash/Linux shell):
  - curl gets a URL (also: wget)
- OpenRefine
  - Has some html parsing functions
- Other browser plug-ins

### Web scraping with Python

Libraries you may need:

- import requests # to retrieve the web page
- from bs4 import BeautifulSoup # to parse the HTML
- from selenium import webdriver # to control a browser

Do you need to interact with the page?

- No: Try web scraping with requests + beautifulsoup
- Yes: You may need something like Selenium WebDriver

### Python example

From github.com/gwu-libraries/alma-notebooks/blob/master/release-notes-scraping.ipynb

```
import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
r = requests.get(url)
soup = BeautifulSoup(r.text)
headings = soup.find all('h3')
for heading in headings:
  print(heading['id'])
```

### R example

```
library(magrittr)
library(rvest)
alma url <-
'https://knowledge.exlibrisgroup.com/Alma/Release Notes/010 2018/001Alma 2018 R
elease Notes?mon=201812BASE'
page html <- read html(alma url)</pre>
page h3 text <- page_html %>%
                   html nodes('h3') %>%
                   html text()
df <- data.frame(page h3 text)</pre>
```

# Web scraping can be easy or hard

- Is the page static or dynamic? Do you have to interact with the page to get the content you want?
- A web page's structure can change without warning!
- Does the content you want require clicking through multiple pages?
- How well-written is the page's HTML? Do tags have 'id' attributes?

### Web scraping code of conduct

**Ask nicely.** If your project requires data from a particular organisation, for example, you can try asking them directly if they could provide you what you are looking for. With some luck, they will have the primary data that they used on their website in a structured format, saving you the trouble.

Don't download copies of documents that are clearly not public. For example, academic journal publishers often have very strict rules about what you can and what you cannot do with their databases. Mass downloading article PDFs is probably prohibited and can put you (or at the very least your friendly university librarian) in trouble. If your project requires local copies of documents (e.g. for text mining projects), special agreements can be reached with the publisher. The library is a good place to start investigating something like that.

From Library Carpentry: "Introduction to Web Scraping". November 2018. <a href="https://librarycarpentry.github.io/lc-webscraping/05-conclusion/index.html">https://librarycarpentry.github.io/lc-webscraping/05-conclusion/index.html</a>

<u>Check your local legislation.</u> For example, certain countries have laws protecting personal information such as email addresses and phone numbers. Scraping such information, even from publicly available web sites, can be illegal (e.g. in Australia).

**Don't share downloaded content illegally.** Scraping for personal purposes is usually OK, even if it is copyrighted information, as it could fall under the fair use provision of the intellectual property legislation. However, sharing data for which you don't hold the right to share is illegal.

<u>Share what you can.</u> If the data you scraped is in the public domain or you got permission to share it, then put it out there for other people to reuse it (e.g. on datahub.io). If you wrote a web scraper to access it, share its code (e.g. on GitHub) so that others can benefit from it.

<u>Don't break the Internet.</u> Not all web sites are designed to withstand thousands of requests per second. If you are writing a recursive scraper (i.e. that follows hyperlinks), test it on a smaller dataset first to make sure it does what it is supposed to do. Adjust the settings of your scraper to allow for a delay between requests. By default, Scrapy uses conservative settings that should minimize this risk.

<u>Publish your own data in a reusable way.</u> Don't force others to write their own scrapers to get at your data. Use open and software-agnostic formats (e.g. JSON, XML), provide metadata (data about your data: where it came from, what it represents, how to use it, etc.) and make sure it can be indexed by search engines so that people can find it.

#### Resources

- Tutorials
  - Programming Historian tutorials on web scraping
  - Lynda.com tutorials (<u>lynda.it.gwu.edu</u>): search on web scraping
  - <u>Library Carpentry tutorial on web scraping</u>
  - Automate The Boring Stuff w/Python Web Scraping (Chapter 11)
- Make an appointment for a coding consultation: calendly.com/gwul-coding
- Slides go.gwu.edu/scraping
- Handout go.gwu.edu/scrapinghandout

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