

Section 1

Video: Using imagery in GIS

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Time	Caption
0:00	♪ [music] ♪
0:07	Hi, everyone.
0:09	Today we're going to talk about the use of imagery in GIS.
0:11	The integration of imagery has been an important part of the ArcGIS system
0:15	for years now, and there are many reasons for that.
0:18	Imagery and remotely sensed data are
0:20	a critical part of a complete GIS system.
0:22	Imagery can assist in making important business decisions because you have
0:25	an accurate and up-to-date idea of what's happening on the ground.
0:29	Using imagery in your GIS system can keep boots off the ground
0:32	and allow organizations to monitor assets remotely.
0:35	Imagery can tell a story to anyone, even someone without GIS knowledge,
0:39	through lifelike visuals that represent what the real world looks like.
0:43	Drone, aerial, satellite, elevation,
0:46	and other types of remotely sensed data can all be used
0:48	to assist your organization with making better decisions.
0:52	But how can imagery and remotely sensed data
0:54	be combined with traditional GIS workflows?
0:57	One way is through the use of basemaps.
0:59	Basemaps, typically already georeferenced, orthorectified,
1:03	and mosaicked to allow for accurate measurements
1:06	are optimized to be streamed quickly over the web.
1:09	They act as a visually appealing backdrop

1:11 and can add clear context and real-world visuals

1:14 to any map or vector dataset.

1:16 Another way of using imagery and remotely sensed data in GIS

1:19 is by running analysis on that data in the ArcGIS system.

1:23 You can identify and monitor changes, such as disturbed earth, construction,

1:27 new structures and roads, and removed features.

1:31 Apply deep learning and AI to imagery to automatically detect

1:34 roads, buildings, cars, land cover, human settlements, and more.

1:39 Or if you have imagery of your assets and infrastructure,

1:42 apply image processing and analysis to evaluate

1:45 the conditions of those assets.

1:47 You can also use imagery and remotely sensed data to examine

1:49 and extract information about vegetation coverage.

1:52 Use imagery and remotely sensed data to make sure your vector data

1:55 is accurate and up to date within your GIS system.

1:58 And, in the event of an emergency, quickly evaluate on-the-ground

2:02 conditions during hurricanes, tornadoes, earthquakes, fires,

2:06 flooding, explosions, and security events.

2:09 As you can see, using imagery and remotely sensed data is

2:12 an extremely important and beneficial addition to your GIS system.

2:16 It will allow you to be more efficient and make better decisions.