## **Question Answering**

with Subgraph Embeddings

Related Work

Task Definition

**Embedding Questions and Answers** 

## Task

Open-domain question answering

With the rise of large scale structured knowledge bases

## Montivation

Don't use hand-craft lexicons, grammars, and KB schema Provide a system for open QA able to be trained

## Contribution

A more sophisticated inference procedure that is both efficient and can consider longer paths

A richer representation of the answers which encodes the question-answer path and surrounding subgraph of the KB

## **Related Work**

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### Information retrieval based

Information retrieval systems first retrieve a broad set of candidate answers by querying the search API of KBs with a transformation of the question into a valid query and then use fine-grained detection heuristics to identify the exact answer

## Semantic parsing based

Semantic parsing methods focus on the correct interpretation of the meaning of a question by a semantic parsing system. A correct interpretation converts a question into the exact database query that returns the correct answer

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## Requirement

A training set of questions paired with answers A KB providing a structure among answers

#### Dataset

WebQuestions	– Train. ex.	2,778
	– Valid. ex.	1,000
	– Test. ex.	2,032
FREEBASE	– Train. ex.	14,790,259
CLUEWEB	– Train. ex.	2,169,033
WikiAnswers	- Train. quest.	2,423,185
	– Parap. clust.	349,957
Dictionary	- Words	1,526,768
	<ul> <li>Entities</li> </ul>	2,154,345
	<ul> <li>Rel. types</li> </ul>	7,210

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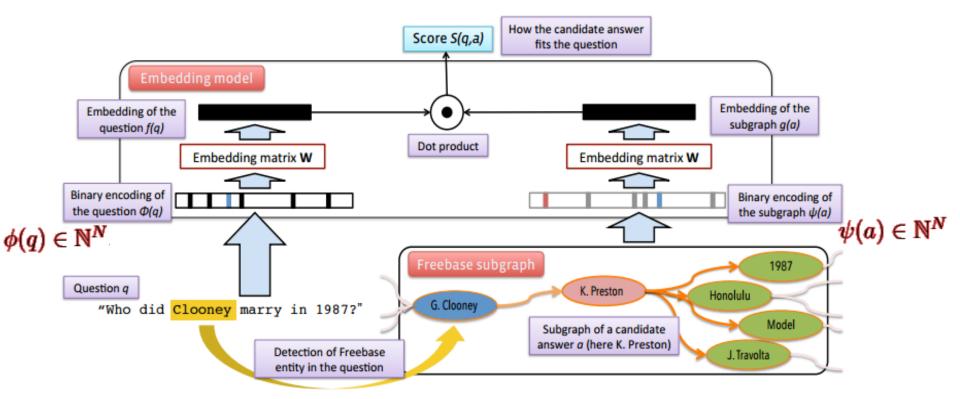
scoring function

$$S(q, a) = f(q)^{\top} g(a).$$

 $N = N_W + N_S$ 

 $N_W$  the total number of words

 $N_S$  the total number of entities and relation types



#### **Representing Candidate Answers**

#### **Single Entity**

1-of- $N_S$ 

#### **Path Representation**

1- or 2-hops paths

3-of- $N_S$  or 4-of- $N_S$ 

(barack obama, people.person.place of birth, honolulu)

(barack obama, people.person.place of birth, location. location.containedby, hawaii)

#### **Subgraph Representation**

C connected entities with D relation types

3 + C + D or 4 + C + D-of- $N_S$  depending on the path length

#### **Training and Loss Function**

#### Minimize loss function

$$\sum_{i=1}^{|\mathcal{D}|} \sum_{\bar{a} \in \bar{\mathcal{A}}(a_i)} \max\{0, m - S(q_i, a_i) + S(q_i, \bar{a})\}$$

with the constraint that the columns  $w_i$  of **W** remain within the unit-ball

i.e., 
$$\forall_i, ||w_i||_2 \leq 1$$
.

using stochastic gradient descent

#### Multitask

$$S_{prp}(q_1, q_2) = f(q_1)^{\top} f(q_2)$$

multi-task the training of our model with the task of paraphrase prediction

#### Inference

at test time  $\hat{a} = \operatorname{argmax}_{a' \in \mathcal{A}(q)} S(q, a')$ 

where  $\mathcal{A}(q)$  is the candidate answer set. This candidate set could be the whole KB but this has both speed and potentially precision issues. Instead, we create a candidate set  $\mathcal{A}(q)$  for each question.

 $C_1$ : Answers are directly connected to the questions

 $C_2$ : we can predict its elements in turn using a beam search, and only add 2-hops candidates to A(q) when these relations appear in their path. Scores of 1-hop triples are weighted by 1.5

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Method	P@1	F1	F1
	(%)	(Berant)	(Yao)
Baselines			
(Berant et al., 2013) [1]	-	31.4	_
(Bordes et al., 2014) [5]	31.3	29.7	31.8
(Yao and Van Durme, 2014) [14]	-	33.0	42.0
(Berant and Liang, 2014) [2]	_	39.9	43.0
Our approach			
Subgraph & $\mathcal{A}(q) = C_2$	40.4	39.2	43.2
Ensemble with (Berant & Liang, 14)	-	41.8	45.7
Variants			
Without multiple predictions	40.4	31.3	34.2
Subgraph & $A(q) = All 2$ -hops	38.0	37.1	41.4
Subgraph & $\mathcal{A}(q) = C_1$	34.0	32.6	35.1
Path & $\mathcal{A}(q) = C_2$	36.2	35.3	38.5
Single Entity & $A(q) = C_1$	25.8	16.0	17.8

F1(Yao):questions with no answers are dealt with

# Thank You