Triangular Sides:

$$-1 \le y \le 1 \qquad 0 \le z \le 1 \qquad x = 0 \text{ and } 5$$

$$d\vec{A} = \pm \hat{i} \qquad \vec{F} = \rho(ae^{\kappa z^2}\hat{j} - b\hat{k})$$

$$\int_s \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{A} = 0$$

Rectangular Side 1:

$$0 \le x \le 5 \qquad -1 \le y \le 0 \qquad z = -y$$
$$d\vec{A} = -1\hat{j} - 1\hat{k} \qquad \vec{F} = \rho(ae^{\kappa(-y)^2}\hat{j} - b\hat{k})$$
$$\int_{s} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{A} = \int_{0}^{5} \int_{-1}^{0} \rho(b - ae^{\kappa(-y)^2}) dy dx$$

Rectangular Side 2:

$$0 \le x \le 5 \qquad 0 \le y \le 1 \qquad z = y$$
$$d\vec{A} = 1\hat{j} - 1\hat{k} \qquad \vec{F} = \rho(ae^{\kappa y^2}\hat{j} - b\hat{k})$$
$$\int_{\mathcal{S}} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{A} = \int_{0}^{5} \int_{0}^{1} \rho(ae^{\kappa y^2} + b) dy dx$$

Total Flux Surface Integral:

$$\Phi_{net} = \int_0^5 \int_{-1}^0 \rho(b - ae^{\kappa(-y)^2}) dy dx + \int_0^5 \int_0^1 \rho(ae^{\kappa y^2} + b) dy dx$$