

Echo-aware signal processing for audio scene analysis

Diego DI CARLO November 30, 2020

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Nancy BERTIN

Jury members: Laurent GIRIN (reviewer - president)

Simon Doclo (reviewer)
Fabio Antonacci (examiner)
Renaud Seguier (examiner)

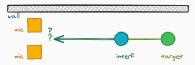
Université de Rennes 1, IRISA/INRIA, Panama research group



Echoes = same content, different time/direction

Image Source Model

Image Microphone Mode



Recent literature on echo-aware processing:

What? Echoes = repetitions

 Sound Source Separation
 [Leglaive et al., 2016]

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 Speech Enhancement [Flanagan et al., 1993, Dokmanić et al., 2015, ?]

Where?

 $\mathsf{Echoes} \leftarrow \mathsf{image}$

- Sound Source Localization [Ribeiro et al., 2010,
 Jensen et al., 2019]
- Microphone Calibration [Dokmanić et al., 2015, Salvati et al., 2016]
- Room Geometry
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- Blind Channel Estimation [Lin et al., 2007, Crocco et al., 2017]
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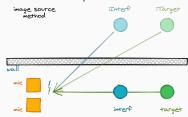


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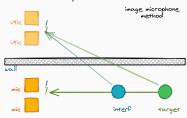


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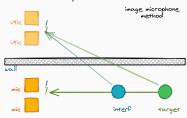


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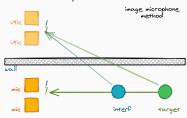


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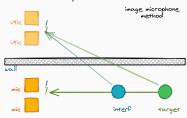


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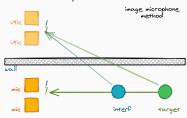


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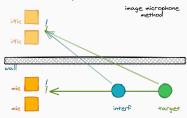


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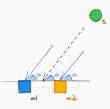
Sound Source Localization (SSL)

 $\textbf{SSL} \rightarrow 3D$ position of sound source

SSL with 2 microphones

- Only angle of arrival (AOA) ?
- can be approximated from TDOAusing e.g.GCC-PHAT [Knapp and Carter, 1976]

(known limitation, but good in practice)





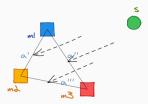
SSL with 2 microphones

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SSL with more microphones

- Only Directon of Arrival (DoA): azimuth (↔) and elevation (‡)
- AOA for each pair can be "fuse" together (e.g. angular spectra in SRP-PHAT [DiBiase et al., 2001]) (known limitation, but good in practice)

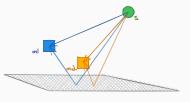






The Picnic Scenario:

- One source
- Two microphones
 - $\rightarrow \ \ \mathsf{passive} \ \mathsf{scenario}$
 - $\,\rightarrow\,$ generalizable to any array geometry

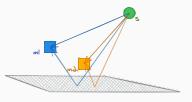




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The Picnic Scenario:

- One source
- Two microphones
 - \rightarrow passive scenario
 - $\,\rightarrow\,$ generalizable to any array geometry
- Close to a very reflective surface
 - $\rightarrow \ \mathsf{First} \ \mathsf{echo} = \mathsf{Strongest} \ \mathsf{echo}$
 - $\rightarrow \ \alpha_{\rm picnic} \ {\rm const.} \ \forall f$
 - $\rightarrow \ \, \mathsf{table\text{-}top} \,\, \mathsf{device}$





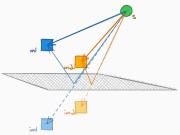
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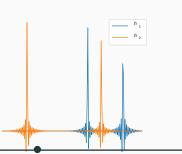
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Each pair is augmented with echoes

Mirage Array

(Microphone Array Augmetation with Echoes)







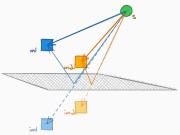
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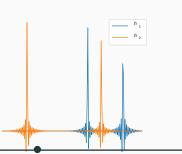
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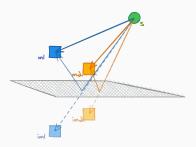
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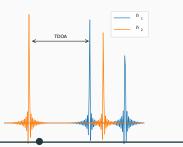
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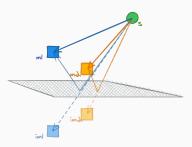
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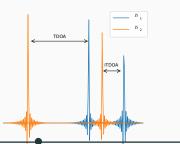
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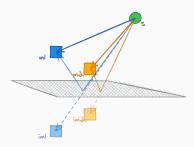
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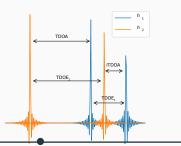
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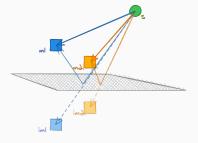




Idea: perform DoA estimate with this.

Recall: these TDOAs are the same of the

DNN-based method



Proposed Approach:

- use proposed DNN-based TDOA estimation
- fuse together the estimation ...
 - knowing the position of the microphones;
 - use the error on a validation set as measure of uncertainty.

Baseline: GCC-PHAT on true microphones

Experimental results

Proposed: MLP with Mirage (mod of SRP-PHAT1)

Baseline: GCC PHAT²

Data: virtually generated close dataset as for Lantern

Metric: Accuracy (<ang10, <20°) (♠ also error in the manuscript)

AOA estimation

✓ Similar when wn

X Huge drop when noise

X Huge drop when speech and noise

AOA 🚜		ACCURACY		
	Input	$\alpha < 10^{\circ}$	$\alpha <$ 20 $^{\circ}$	
MIRAGE	wn	77	97	
MIRAGE	wn+n	26	54	
GCC-PHAT	wn	81	97	
GCC-PHAT	wn+n	65	83	
MIRAGE	sp	63	82	
MIRAGE	sp+n	16	35	
GCC-PHAT	sp	82	97	
GCC-PHAT	sp+n	19	32	

2D SSL	estii	mation
(both Az.	and	El.)

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DoA∯		ACCURACY				
		< 1	.0°	< 20°		
	Input	θ↔	ϕ \updownarrow	θ↔	ϕ \updownarrow	
MIRAGE	wn	59	71	79	88	
MIRAGE	wn+n	18	26	35	66	
MIRAGE	sp	45	59	71	83	

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