

### **№18**

- 1) Зависимость от импорта газа и топлива.
- 2) Различные взгляды
- 3) Настойчивый звонок телефона
- 4) Настойчивая попытка
- 5) Значительный вклад в проект
- 6) Доминирующая прослойка общества
- 7) Географически удаленные зоны мира
- 8) Вакантное место
- 9) Высококонкурентноспособные цены
- 10) Высокопродуктивный производственный метод
- 11) Креативная личность
- 12) Привлекательное предложение
- 13) Защитная одежда

### **№19**

- 1) is the process of writing code that tells the computer how to perform a task.
- 2) Problem definition, Problem analysis, Algorithm design and representation, Coding and debugging
- 3) It is important to correctly identify the problem so as not to rewrite the code
- 4) Before a program can be designed to solve a particular problem, the problem must be well and clearly defined first in terms of it's input and output requirements.
- 5) The flowchart is used to visualize the logic of the program
- 6) They state the concept in English or mathematical notation.
- 7) Flowcharts typically do not display programming language commands.
- 8) Process , Input\Output, Flowline, Annotation, Decision, Terminal, Connector, Predefined process
- 9) Crossing between human and programming language.
- 10) By using the algorithms as basis.
- 11) The process of adding fixes to the program in case of error.
- 12) Compile-time error and run-time error
- 13) Compile-time error – The compiler will detect the error and the program will not even compile; Runtime error – logical errors that cannot be detected by compiler.
- 14) Detecting compile errors.

### **№25**

Computer programming is the process of writing an algorithm, which is a set of instructions that can transform input into output in a finite amount of time. Before writing code, you need to analyze the problem. Before a program can be designed to solve specific problems the problem should be well and clearly defined in terms of its inputs and outputs first. requirements. A flowchart is a design tool, a representation for graphical representation of the logic of a solution. The programmer must also determine under what input data the program does not work correctly and find ways to solve these problems. This process is called debugging.