

Experiment-1

- i) WAP to implement array operation:-
i) Find avg. of 10 nos using our array
- 2) Display pattern:-
* # #
* * *
#

- 3) Find the 1st repeating element in an array.
- 4) find the largest and smallest number.
- 5) Squaring the odd position element.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int arr[10];
    int sum = 0;
    float avg;
    printf("Enter 10 array elements");
    for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        scanf("%f", &arr[i]);
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        sum = sum + arr[i];
    }
}
```

3

```

avg = avg / 10;
printf("The average of all elements is %.d\n",
      avg);
return 0;
}

```

2) #include < stdio.h >

```

int main()
{

```

```

    for (int i = 1; i <= 5; i++)
    {
        for (int j = 1; j <= i; j++)
        {

```

```

            if

```

```

                (i * j == 0)
            {

```

```

                printf("%d\n");
            }

```

```

            else
            {

```

```

                printf("%d\n");
            }

```

```

        }
    }
}
```

3) #include < stdio.h >

```

int main()
{
    int arr[5] = {10, 4, 56, 3, 89};

```

```

    int big = arr[0];

```

```

    int small = arr[0];

```

```

    for (i = 1; i < 5; i++)
    {

```

```

        if (arr[i] > big)
            big = arr[i];

```

```

        if (arr[i] < small)
            small = arr[i];

```

```

    }
}
```

```

    printf("Greatest no = %.d\n", big);

```

```

    printf("Smallest no = %.d\n", small);

```

```

    return 0;
}

```

4) #include <stdio.h>

```

int main()
{
    int arr[10];
    int largest = arr[0];
    int smallest = arr[0];
    printf ("Enter array elements:");
    for (int i=0; i<10; i++)
    {
        scanf ("%d", &arr[i]);
        for (int j=0; j<10; j++)
        {
            if (largest < arr[i])
                largest = arr[i];
            if (smallest > arr[i])
                smallest = arr[i];
        }
    }
    return 0;
}

```

5) #include <stdio.h>

```

int main()
{
    int a[10];
    printf ("Enter 10 elements of an array\n");
    for (int i=0; i<10; i++)
    {
        scanf ("%d", &a[i]);
        printf ("The array after squaring the odd
position elements are:\n");
        for (int i=0; i<10; i++)
        {
            if ((i+1)%2 == 0)
                printf ("%d\n", a[i]);
            else
                printf ("%d\n", (a[i])*(a[i]));
        }
    }
    return 0;
}

```

→ Program:-

b) Display the following figures

a) *

*** *

*** ***

*** *** *

*** *** ***

*** *** *** *

c) 1 2 3 4 5

2 3 4 5 5

3 3 4 5 5

4 4 4 5 5

5 5 5 5 5

d) *

* #

* # #

* # # #

~~b) *~~

* *

* * *

* * * *

a) #include <stdio.h>

int main()

{ int i,j;

for(i=1;i<=r;j++)

for(j=1;j<=i;j++)

printf("*");

}

printf("\n");

}

return 0;

b) #include <stdio.h>

int main()

{ int i,j,r=4;

for(i=1;i<=r;j++)

{ for(j=1;j<=i;j++)

printf("%d",j);

}

printf("\n");

}

```

    return 0;
}

c) #include <stdio.h>
int main ()
{
    int i,j,k=4;
    for (i=1;i<=4;j=i++)
    {
        for (j=1;j<=i;j++)
        {
            printf ("%d",j);
        }
        printf ("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}

d) #include <stdio.h>
int main ()
{
    int i,j;
    for (i=1;i<=4;j=i++)
    {
        for (j=1;j<=i;j++)
        {
            printf ("%d",j);
        }
        printf ("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}

e) #include <stdio.h>
int main ()
{
    int i,j;
    for (j=4;j>=1;j--)
    {
        for (i=1;i<=j;i++)
        {
            printf ("%d",i);
        }
        printf ("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}

```

```

    {
        printf("*");
    }

    printf("\n");
}

return 0;
}

e) #include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    char str[] = "*##?";

    int ij;
    for (i = 0; str[i] != '\0'; i++)
    {
        for (int j = 0; j <= ij; j++)
            printf("%c", str[j]);
        printf("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}

for (int ij = 1; ij <= i; ij++)
{
    for (int j = 0; j <= ij; j++)
        printf("%c", str[j]);
    printf("\n");
}
    }

f) #include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    for (int i = 1; i <= 5; i++)
    {
        for (int j = 1; j <= i; j++)
        {
            if ((j * 2 == 0))
                printf("%d", j);
            else
                printf("%d", j);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}

```

~~b) #include <stdio.h>~~

```

int main()
{
    int ijij;
    int rows = ijij;
    for (i = 1; i <= rows; i++)
    {
        for (j = 1; j <= ijij; j++)
            printf("*");
        printf("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}

```

Experiment-2

i) Search data using linear search -

Consider the following list to perform linear search. (56, 36, 89, 57, 01, 00, 67, 59)

ii) Search the item 01 from the above list & write the item is found or not with procedure.

iii) Search the item 65 from the above list & write the item is found or not with procedure.

2) Search data using binary search. (Example).

3)

Compare linear search & binary search.

4) State limitations of linear search in terms of time complexity.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int K,
        a[7] = {56, 36, 89, 57, 01, 00, 67, 59};
    printf("Enter the element to be found\n");
    scanf("%d", &K);
    int c=0;
    int size=(sizeof(a))/sizeof(a[0]);
    for(int i=0; i<size; i++)
    {
        if(K == a[i])
            {
                printf("Element found at position %d", i);
                break;
            }
    }
    if(c==0)
        printf("Element not found\n");
    return 0;
}
```

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int a[100], n, m, l, h, j;
    printf("Enter number of Array elements:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter key to be searched:");
    scanf("%d", &m);
    printf("Enter sorted Arrays elements:\n");
    for (l = 0, i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        scanf("%d", &a[i]);
    }
    while (n > 0)
    {
        if (m == a[l])
        {
            h = m;
            l++;
            break;
        }
        else
        {
            l++;
        }
    }
    if (h == m)
    {
        printf("Element found at index %d", l);
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Element not found");
    }
}

```

~~break;~~

Experiment - 9

Date : _____

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int i,j,n;
    int temp;
    int arr[n];
    printf("Enter number of array elements:");
    scanf ("%d",&n);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        printf("Enter element %d-%d:",i+1);
        scanf ("%d", &arr[i]);
    }
    for(j=0;j<n-1;j++)
    {
        if (arr[j] > arr[j+1])
        {
            temp = arr[j];
            arr[j] = arr[j+1];
            arr[j+1] = temp;
        }
    }
    printf("Array sorted in ascending order:\n");
    for (i=0; i<n;i++)
    {
        printf("%d\n",arr[i]);
    }
}
```

→ #include < stdio.h >

```
int main()
```

{

```
    int i,j,n,temp=0;
```

```
    printf ("Enter number of array elements:");
```

```
    scanf ("%d", &n);
```

```
    int arr[n];
```

```
    printf ("Enter array elements:\n");
```

```
    scanf ("%d", &arr[i]);
```

```
    for (i=0;i<n;i++)
```

```
        if (arr[i]<arr[i+1])
```

```
            if (arr[i]<arr[i])
```

```
                if (arr[i]<arr[i])
```

```
                    i = arr[i];
```

```
                    arr[i] = arr[i];
```

```
                    arr[i] = arr[i];
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

Experiment - 4

Date : _____

insertion sort

~~#include <stdio.h>~~

int main()

~~print t (" /n Array, after passing ' . d');~~

~~for (i=0, i<n; i++)~~

{ int a [100]; int j, k = 1;

printf (" Enter no. of elements: ");

scanf ("%d", &n);

print f (" /n Enter elements of

array: ");

for (i=0, i<n; i++)

scanf ("%d", &a[i]);

for (i=1, i<n; i++)

{ a[i] = a[i-1];

if (a[i] < a[i-1])

{

j = a[i];

for (i=k = 1, i<k; i++)

if (a[i] < a[i-1])

a[i] = a[i-1];

a[k+1] = a[i];

}

a[i] = j;

}

{ a[i] = k;

Element -5

Date : _____

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct di
{
    int d;
    struct node *n;
};

struct node
{
    int h = Null;
    struct node *l, *r;
};

void del (int x)
{
    struct node *p = h, *q = Null;
    while (p && x > p->d) q = p, p = p->r;
    if (p == NULL) return;
    if (p->l == NULL && p->r == NULL)
        h = h->r;
    else
        if (p->l == NULL)
            p = p->r;
        else
            if (p->r == NULL)
                p = p->l;
            else
                struct node *t = p->r;
                while (t->l != NULL)
                    t = t->l;
                p->d = t->h;
                p->r = t->r;
}

void print (char s[])
{
    if (s[0] == '\0')
        return;
    print (s + 1);
    printf ("%c", s[0]);
}
```

3

~~p = p -> n;~~

3

~~printf ("Not found");~~

3

~~void disp()~~

3

~~struct node * p = h;~~

3

~~while (p)~~

{

~~printf ("%d", p->d);~~

3

~~p = p-> n;~~

{

~~printf ("\n");~~

3

~~int main()~~

{

~~int l, r, j;~~

{

~~for (l, j)~~

{

~~scanf ("%d %d", &l, &j);~~

{

~~printf ("%d %d\n", l, r);~~

{

~~Search S, Display C, Edit In;~~~~scanf ("%c", &c);~~

{

~~if (c == 'S')~~

{

case 5:
dis();
break;

Experiment-#7

include <stdio.h>

include <stdlib.h>

define sizeS
void push (ch)

void pop();

void display();

int top=-1;

int main()

{

int ch;

printf("1.PUSH\n 2.POP\n 3.DISPLAY\n 4.EXIT");

scanf("%d", &ch);
switch(ch)

{

```
case 1:  
    push (1);  
    break;  
  
case 2:  
    pop ();  
    break;  
    else  
  
case 3:  
    display ();  
    break;  
  
case 4:  
    exit (0);  
    break;  
    else  
  
void pop ()  
{  
    if (top == -1)  
        printf ("stack is empty");  
    else  
    {  
        top--;  
        print ("Deleted element is stack\n");  
    }  
}
```

Experiment - 9

Date : _____

```

→ #include <stdio.h>
→ #define size 10
int q [size]
int l = 0, r = -1, i;
void insert()
{
    int v;
    if (l == size)
    {
        printf ("Underflow");
        return;
    }
    else
    {
        l++;
        q[l] = v;
    }
}
print f ("Overflow");
returns
{
    printf ("Enter value");
    scanf ("%d", &v);
    if (l == -1)
    {
        l = 0;
        r++;
        q[r] = v;
    }
    printf ("Entered %d", v);
}
void delete()
{
    if (l == -1)
    {
        printf ("Underflow");
        return;
    }
    else
    {
        l--;
        q[l] = 0;
    }
}

```

Experiment - 0

Date: _____

```

→ #include <stdio.h>
→ #define N5
→ #define t = -1, i = -1;
→ int q[N], f = -1, r = -1;
→ void :() {
    void dis(j) {
        if (f == -1) {
            printf("Empty");
            return;
        }
        if (f == j)
            printf("%d", q[f]);
        f++;
        if (f == -1)
            break;
    }
    else
        r = (r + 1) % N;
    q[r] = x;
    printf(" Inserted %d", x);
    dis(r);
}

void d() {
    if (f == -1)
        break;
    case 1: i();
        break;
    case 2: d();
        break;
    case 3: dis();
        break;
    case 4:
        if (f == r)
            printf("Underflow", q[f]);
        if (f == r - 1)
            f = r = -1;
        return 0;
}

```

Experiment-11

```

int main () {
    struct node * r = NULL;
    int ch;
    while (ch) {
        printf ("Enter value: ");
        scanf ("%d", &ch);
        case 1:
            print ("Preorder");
            scan ("r.d"), &r;
        case 2:
            print ("Inorder");
            scan ("r.l,r.r"), &r;
        case 3:
            print ("Postorder");
            scan ("l,r.r"), &r;
        default:
            r = ins (r, ch);
    }
    return 0;
}

if (r == NULL)
    return nomN (r);

case 1:
    print ("Preorder");
    pre (r);
    exit (0);
case 2:
    print ("Inorder");
    in (r);
    exit (0);
case 3:
    print ("Postorder");
    post (r);
    exit (0);
default:
    r = ins (r, ch);
}

```

3
3
~~3~~

Experiment - 8

Date : _____

```

char s[100];
int t=-1,i;
void p(char &x)
{
    if(x==' ')
        strcpy(s+t+1,&x);
    else
    {
        clear(t+1);
        return s[t--];
    }
}
int pr(char c)
{
    if(c=='+' || c=='-')
        return t;
    else if(c=='*' || c=='/')
        return 3;
    else if(c=='^')
        return 2;
    else if(c=='(')
        return 1;
    else if(c==')')
        return 0;
}

int op(char c)
{
    if(c=='+' || c=='-')
        return 1;
    else if(c=='*' || c=='/')
        return 2;
    else if(c=='^')
        return 3;
    else if(c=='(')
        return 0;
    else if(c==')')
        return 4;
}

void infix_to_postfix(char *in,char *post)
{
    char st[100];
    int top=-1,i,k=0;
    for(;i=0;in[i],i++)
    {
        if(st[k]==')')
            post[k]=in[i];
        else if(st[k]=='(')
            post[k]=in[i];
        else if(st[k]=='+')
            post[k]=in[i];
        else if(st[k]=='-')
            post[k]=in[i];
        else if(st[k]=='*' || st[k]=='/' || st[k]=='^')
        {
            if(pr(st[k])<pr(c))
                post[k]=in[i];
            else
                st[++k]=c;
        }
        else
            st[++k]=c;
    }
    post[k]='\0';
}

```

```

while (stop) = -1 & & st[stop] != -1
    (k++)
        [k+1] = st [top];
        push [k+1] = st [top];
        if (top) = -1
            top = k;
    }

    if (top(c)) != -1 & & pr (st[c]) == 0
        while top != -1 & & pr (st[c]) == 0
            c = -pr (c);
            post (c) = post (c+1) = st[c];
            c = -pr (c);

    while (top != -1)
        post (c+1) = st (stop--);
        post (c) = '0';
        post (c) = '0';

    void rec (char str[])
    {
        int i = strlen (str); i++;
        for (i>0; i<1/2; i++)
    }

```

```
char in [m], pol[m] isn't [m];  
print ("Enter infix:");  
scanf ("%s", in);
```

SERSANT (".) S."

~~Infir to part (in prf).~~

```
printf "Post fix : %s\n", p; m;
```

print

28

```

else if (top(c)) != -1 & & post(c) == st[c]
    top[c] = -1
    while top[c] != -1 & & post[c] == st[c]
        c = post[c]

```

```

while (stop != -1)
    post(k+1) = st(stop--);
post(k) = '10';

```

```
void rec (char *s)
```

```

int i = strlen(str); i--  

for (i > 0; i < 1 / 2 * i + 1)

```

$$\text{char temp} = \mathcal{R} C_{ij}$$

Experiment - 12

Date : _____

3

```

void display_graph()
{
    int i, j;
    printf("\n adjacency matrix\n");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        for (j = 0; j < n; j++)
            printf("%d ", adj[i][j]);
}

```

printf("Enter number of vertices: ");

scanf("%d", &n);

Case 1:

```

create_graph();
break;

```

Case 2:

display_by_graph();

break;

Case 3:

printf("Taking ... \n");

return 0;

```

printf("Invalid edge! \n");
else
    adj[origin][destination] = 1;
}

```

```

default:
printf("Invalid choice! Try again.");
}

# include <stdio.h>
#define MAX 10
int main()
{
    int graph [MAX][MAX];
    int i,j,edges;
    printf ("\nEnter the number of vertices");
    scanf ("%d",&vertices);
    printf ("Enter number of edges:");
    scanf ("%d",&edges);
    for (int i=0; i<vertices; i++)
        for (j=0; j<vertices; j++)
            graph[i][j]=0;
    for (int i=0; i<edges; i++)
    {
        int src,dst;
        printf ("Enter source vertex:");
        scanf ("%d",&src);
        printf ("Enter destination vertex:");
        scanf ("%d",&dst);
        graph[src][dst]=1;
    }
    printf ("Adjacency matrix:\n");
    for (i=0; i<vertices; i++)
    {
        for (j=0; j<vertices; j++)
            printf ("%d ",graph[i][j]);
        printf ("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}

```

3

3

3

3

3

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3

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3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

```

if (temp == NULL) {
    printf("Position out of range!\n");
}

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct Node {
    int data;
    struct Node* prev;
    struct Node* next;
};

struct Node* head = NULL;

struct Node* createNode(int data) {
    struct Node* newNode = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
    newNode->data = data;
    newNode->prev = NULL;
    newNode->next = NULL;
    return newNode;
}

void createList(int n) {
    int data, i;
    struct Node *newNode, *temp;

    if (head != NULL) {
        printf("List already created!\n");
        return;
    }

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("Enter data for node %d: ", i + 1);
        scanf("%d", &data);
        newNode = createNode(data);

        if (head == NULL) {
            head = newNode;
        } else {
            temp->next = newNode;
            newNode->prev = temp;
        }
        temp = newNode;
    }
}

void displayList() {
    struct Node* temp = head;

    if (head == NULL) {
        printf("List is empty!\n");
        return;
    }

    printf("Doubly Linked List: ");
    while (temp != NULL) {
        printf("%d <-> ", temp->data);
        temp = temp->next;
    }
    printf("NULL\n");
}

void insertNode(int data, int pos) {
    struct Node* newNode = createNode(data);
    struct Node* temp = head;
    int i;

    if (pos == 1) {
        newNode->next = head;
        if (head != NULL)
            head->prev = newNode;
        head = newNode;
        return;
    }

    for (i = 1; i < pos - 1 && temp != NULL; i++) {
        temp = temp->next;
    }
}

```

Exp - 6

```

if (temp == NULL) {
    printf("Position out of range!\n");
    free(newNode);
    return;
}

newNode->next = temp->next;
newNode->prev = temp;
if (temp->next != NULL)
    temp->next->prev = newNode;
temp->next = newNode;
}

void deleteNode(int pos) {
    struct Node* temp = head;
    int i;

    if (head == NULL) {
        printf("List is empty!\n");
        return;
    }

    if (pos == 1) {
        head = head->next;
        if (head != NULL)
            head->prev = NULL;
        free(temp);
        return;
    }

    for (i = 1; i < pos && temp != NULL; i++) {
        temp = temp->next;
    }

    if (temp == NULL) {
        printf("Position out of range!\n");
        return;
    }

    if (temp->next != NULL)
        temp->next->prev = temp->prev;
    if (temp->prev != NULL)
        temp->prev->next = temp->next;

    free(temp);
}

int main() {
    int choice, n, data, pos;

    while (1) {
        printf("\n--- Doubly Linked List Menu ---\n");
        printf("1. Create List\n");
        printf("2. Display List\n");
        printf("3. Insert Node\n");
        printf("4. Delete Node\n");
        printf("5. Exit\n");
        printf("Enter your choice: ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);

        switch (choice) {
        case 1:
            if (head == NULL) {
                printf("Enter number of nodes: ");
                scanf("%d", &n);
                createList(n);
            } else {
                printf("List already exists!\n");
            }
            break;

        case 2:
            displayList();
            break;

        case 3:
            printf("Enter data to insert: ");
            scanf("%d", &data);
            printf("Enter position: ");
            scanf("%d", &pos);
            insertNode(data, pos);
        }
    }
}

```

```

        found = 1;
        break;
    }
    temp = temp->next;
    pos++;
}

if (!found)
    printf("Node %d not found in the list.\n", key);
}

// Function to count number of nodes
void countNodes() {
    struct Node* temp = head;
    int count = 0;

    while (temp != NULL) {
        count++;
        temp = temp->next;
    }

    printf("Total number of nodes = %d\n", count);
}

// Function to reverse the doubly linked list
void reverseList() {
    struct Node *current = head, *temp = NULL;

    if (head == NULL) {
        printf("List is empty!\n");
        return;
    }

    // Swap prev and next pointers of each node
    while (current != NULL) {
        temp = current->prev;
        current->prev = current->next;
        current->next = temp;
        current = current->prev; // move to next node (previous in original list)
    }

    // Update head
    if (temp != NULL)
        head = temp->prev;

    printf("List reversed successfully!\n");
}

// Main menu
int main() {
    int choice, data, key;

    while (1) {
        printf("\n--- Doubly Linked List Menu ---\n");
        printf("1. Insert Node at End\n");
        printf("2. Display List\n");
        printf("3. Search Node\n");
        printf("4. Count Nodes\n");
        printf("5. Reverse List\n");
        printf("6. Exit\n");
        printf("Enter your choice: ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);

        switch (choice) {
            case 1:
                printf("Enter data to insert: ");
                scanf("%d", &data);
                insertEnd(data);
                break;

            case 2:
                displayList();
                break;

            case 3:
                printf("Enter data to search: ");
                scanf("%d", &key);
                searchNode(key);
                break;

            case 4:
                countNodes();
                break;
        }
    }
}

```

```
case 5:  
    reverseList();  
    break;  
  
case 6:  
    printf("Exiting...\n");  
    exit(0);  
  
default:  
    printf("Invalid choice!\n");  
}  
}  
return 0;  
}
```

Output :

**Chaitanya Autade**

@chaitanyaautade2

Complete your profile

Add your missing details →

This data will be helpful to auto-fill your job applications

0%

Personal Information

chaitanya.magic@gmail.com

Add your mobile number

India

My Badges

Problem Solving



C++

CPP



Python

My Resume[+ Add Resume](#)

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SQL (Basic)

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Pending Updates