软件定义网络 实验二

Exp1:

首先,使用 topo 图:

```
(1) dynamic_rules, py 👝 📋 (Z) dynamic_rules, py, py 🖎 📋 topo, py
       #!/usr/bin/env python
        from mininet.net import Mininet
        from mininet.node import Controller, RemoteController, OVSController
from mininet.node import CFULimitedHost, Host, Node
from mininet.node import OVSKernelSwitch, UserSwitch
        from mininet.node import IVSSwitch from mininet.cli import CLI
        from mininet.log import setLogLevel, info from mininet.link import TCLink, Intf
        from subprocess import call
    def myNetwork():
              net = Mininet ( topo=None,
                                 build=False,
ipBase='10.0.0.0/8')
              info( '** Adding controller\n')
              c0=net.addController(name='c0
                                          controller=RemoteController.
                                      ip='127.0.0.1',
protocol='tcp',
port=6633)
              info( '*** Add switches\n')
              info( '*** hdd switches)n')
sl = net.addSwitch('s1', cls=OVSKernelSwitch, dpid='000000000000000001')
s2 = net.addSwitch('s2', cls=OVSKernelSwitch, dpid='00000000000000002')
s2 = net.addSwitch('s2', cls=OVSKernelSwitch, dpid='000000000000000000')
s4 = net.addSwitch('s4', cls=OVSKernelSwitch, dpid='00000000000000000')
s5 = net.addSwitch('s5', cls=OVSKernelSwitch, dpid='0000000000000000')
              h1 = net.addHost('h1', cls=Host, ip='10.0.0.1', defaultRoute=None)
h2 = net.addHost('h2', cls=Host, ip='10.0.0.2', defaultRoute=None)
              info( '*** Add links\n')
              net.addLink(hl, sl)
net.addLink(sl, s4)
              net.addLink(s4, s5)
              net.addLink(s1, s2)
              net.addLink(s2, s3)
              net.addLink(s3, s5)
              net.addLink(s5, h2)
              info( '*** Starting network\n')
              net.build()
              info( '*** Starting controllers\n')
              for controller in net.controllers:
                    controller.start()
              info( '*** Starting switches\n')
              net.get('sl').start([c0])
              net.get('s2').start([c0])
net.get('s2').start([c0])
              net.get('s4').start([c0])
net.get('s5').start([c0])
              info( '*** Post configure switches and hosts\n')
              CLI (net)
              net.stop()
    Fif __name__ == '__main__':
setLogLevel('info')
        myNetwork()
```

使用 dynamic routes.py, 关键函数如下:

控制路径变化(每 3s 更换一次)

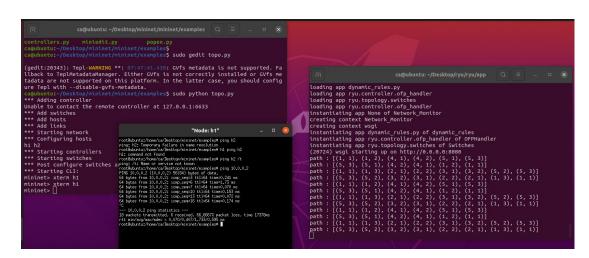
最短路径:

最长路径(将权值取反即可)

```
def long_path(self, src, dst, bw=0):
        return []
     result = defaultdict(lambda: defaultdict(lambda: None))
    distance = defaultdict(lambda: None)
    seen = [src]
    # the distance to src
    distance[src] = 0
     while len(seen) < len(self.src links):
          node = seen[-1]
          if node == dst:
          break
for (temp_src, temp_dst) in self.src_links[node]:
   if temp_dst not in seen:
        temp_src_port = self.src_links[node][(temp_src, temp_dst)][0]
        temp_dst_port = self.src_links[node][(temp_src, temp_dst)][1]
                    if (distance[temp_dst] is None) or (distance[temp_dst] < distance[temp_src] + w):
    distance[temp_dst] = distance[temp_src] + w
# result = ("dpid":(link_src, src_port, link_dst, dst_port))</pre>
                         result[temp_dst] = (temp_src, temp_src_port, temp_dst, temp_dst_port)
          min node = None
         break
          seen.append(min_node)
    if dst not in result:
         return None
     while (dst in result) and (result[dst] is not None):
        path = [result[dst][2:4]] + path
path = [result[dst][0:2]] + path
     dst = result[dst][0]

#self.logger.info("path : %s", str(path))
     return path
@set_ev_cls(ofp_event.EventOFPStateChange, [MAIN_DISPATCHER, DEAD_DISPATCHER])
```

得到结果如图所示:



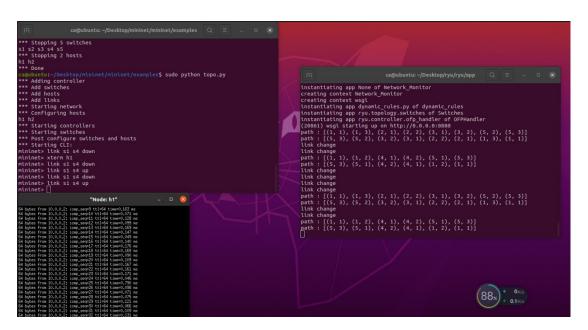
Exp1 成功!

Exp2:

增加了手动链路转换机制

函数 1 用于删除流表,函数二则是在 down 或 up 后进行相应的删除操作

实验结果:



Exp2 成功!!