Analysis of Covid-19 WHO data

```
opts = weboptions;
opts.ContentType = 'table';
by_date = webread("https://opendata.ecdc.europa.eu/covid19/casedistribution/csv",opts);
by_date.Properties.VariableNames = ["date", "day", "month", "year", "cases", "deaths", "location");
```

Group by country

```
[G,ID] = findgroups( by_date.location);
ID = categorical(ID);
by_country = table;
by_country.name = ID;
```

Calculate Advanced Statistics

- Total cases & deaths
- 3 day rolling average

```
for n = 1:numel(ID)
    ix = find(G == n);
    by_date{ix, 'total_deaths'} = cumsum( by_date{ix, 'deaths'}, 'reverse' );
    by_date{ix, 'total_cases'} = cumsum( by_date{ix, 'cases'}, 'reverse' );
    by_date{ix, 'mov_avg_deaths'} = movmean( by_date{ix, 'deaths'}, 3, 'Endpoints', 'fill' );
end

by_country.total_deaths = splitapply( @max, by_date.total_deaths, G );
by_country.total_cases = splitapply( @max, by_date.total_cases, G );
```

Display latest date

```
latestDate = max(by_date.date)
```

Find date of Nth death

```
N = 50;
by_country.date_deaths_N = splitapply(@(t,dt) findExeedanceDate(t,dt,N), by_date.date, by_date
```

Plot each country from date of Nth death

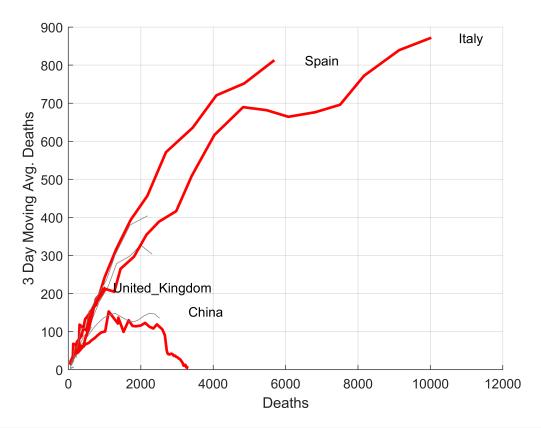
```
highlight = {'China' 'Italy' 'Spain' 'United_Kingdom'}
highlight = 1×4 cell
'China' 'Italy' 'Spain' 'United_Kingdom'

% Setup figure & axis
fig = figure;
ax1 = axes("NextPlot", "add", "YScale", "log");
grid on
xlabel(ax1, "Days since " + num2str(N) + "th death")
ylabel(ax1, 'Total deaths')
```

```
fig = figure;
ax2 = axes("NextPlot","add");
grid on
xlabel(ax2,"Days since " + num2str(N) + "th death")
ylabel(ax2,'3 Day Moving Avg. Deaths')
fig = figure;
ax3 = axes("NextPlot","add");
grid on
xlabel(ax3,"Deaths")
ylabel(ax3,'3 Day Moving Avg. Deaths')
for id = ID'
   % Get single country summary
    country = by_country(by_country.name == id,:);
   % Index relevant data from main table
    ix = by_date.location == id & by_date.date >= country.date_deaths_N;
   % Skip country if no relevant rows
    if ~any(ix); continue; end
   % Calculate relative dates
    dt = by_date.date(ix) - country.date_deaths_N;
   total_deaths = by_date.total_deaths(ix);
    mov_avg_deaths = by_date.mov_avg_deaths(ix);
   % Plot rate of deaths
    y = total_deaths;
    if any(id == highlight)
        semilogy(ax1, dt, y, 'Color', 'red', 'LineWidth', 2)
        text(ax1, max(dt), max(y), strrep(char(id), '_', '\_'))
    else
        semilogy(ax1, dt, y, 'Color', [0.5 0.5 0.5])
    end
   % Plot moving average
    y = mov_avg_deaths;
    if any(id == highlight)
        plot(ax2, dt, y,'Color', 'red', 'LineWidth', 2)
        text(ax2, max(dt), max(y), strrep(char(id), '_', '\_'))
    else
        plot(ax2, dt, y, 'Color', [0.5 0.5 0.5])
    end
   % Plot moving average vs deaths
    x = total_deaths;
    y = mov_avg_deaths;
    if any(id == highlight)
        plot(ax3, x, y, 'Color', 'red', 'LineWidth', 2)
        text(ax3, max(x), max(y), strrep(char(id), '_', '\_'))
        plot(ax3, x, y, 'Color', [0.5 0.5 0.5])
```

end

end



```
% Get time base
X = ax1.XTick;
xtickformat(ax1,'d')
xtickformat(ax2,'d')
```

```
ax1.YLimMode = 'manual';
c = 'blue';

% Apply 33% growth line
Y = 10*(1.33).^days(X) + N;
semilogy(ax1, X, Y,'--','Color',c)

% Apply 50% growth line
Y = 10*(1.50).^days(X) + N;
semilogy(ax1, X, Y,'--','Color',c)
```

```
function dt = findExeedanceDate( dates, value, threshold )
```

```
[dates,ix] = sort(dates, 'ascend');
value = value(ix);

ix = value >= threshold;
if any(ix)
    dt = dates( find(ix,1) );
else
    dt = NaT;
end
end
```