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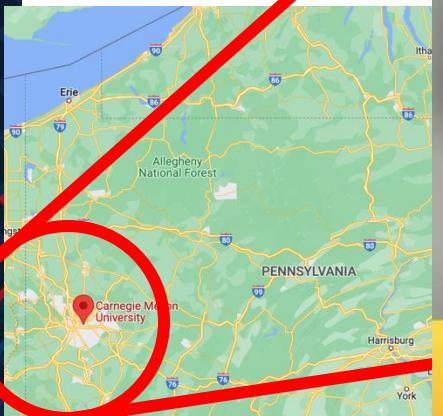
# Data-Driven Assisted Quantum Chemistry of Catalytic Materials

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MAY 11 2022

Richard Tran  
[rtran@andrew.cmu.edu](mailto:rtran@andrew.cmu.edu)





2

LOCAL NEWS >

# Earth 365: Is climate change causing more severe weather in Pittsburgh?

BY KRISTIN EMERY  
APRIL 18, 2022 / 5:41 PM / CBS PITTSBURGH

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NEW AT 5:00

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KDKA

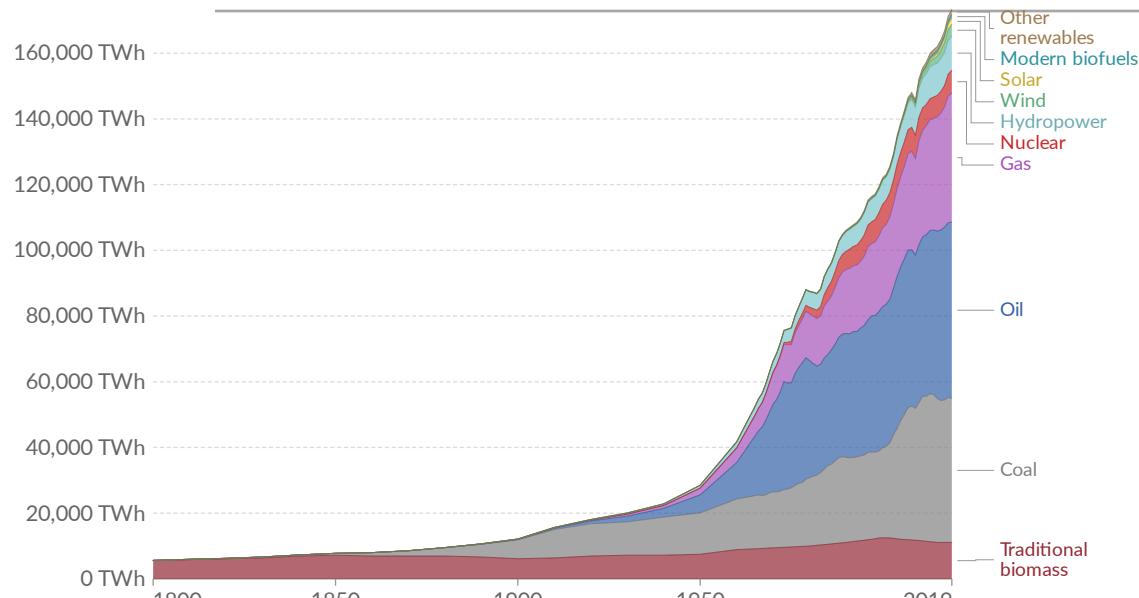
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## Global primary energy consumption by source

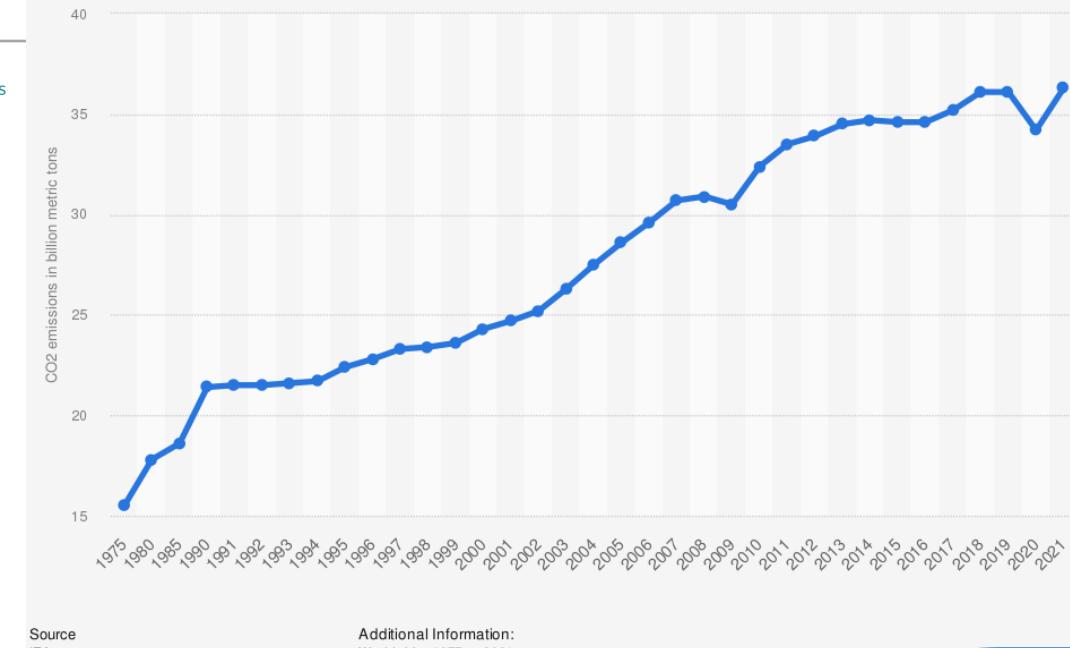
Primary energy is calculated based on the 'substitution method' which takes account of the inefficiencies in fossil fuel production by converting non-fossil energy into the energy inputs required if they had the same conversion losses as fossil fuels.



Source: Vaclav Smil (2017) & BP Statistical Review of World Energy

OurWorldInData.org/energy • CC BY

## Energy-related carbon dioxide emissions worldwide from 1975 to 2021 (in billion metric tons)

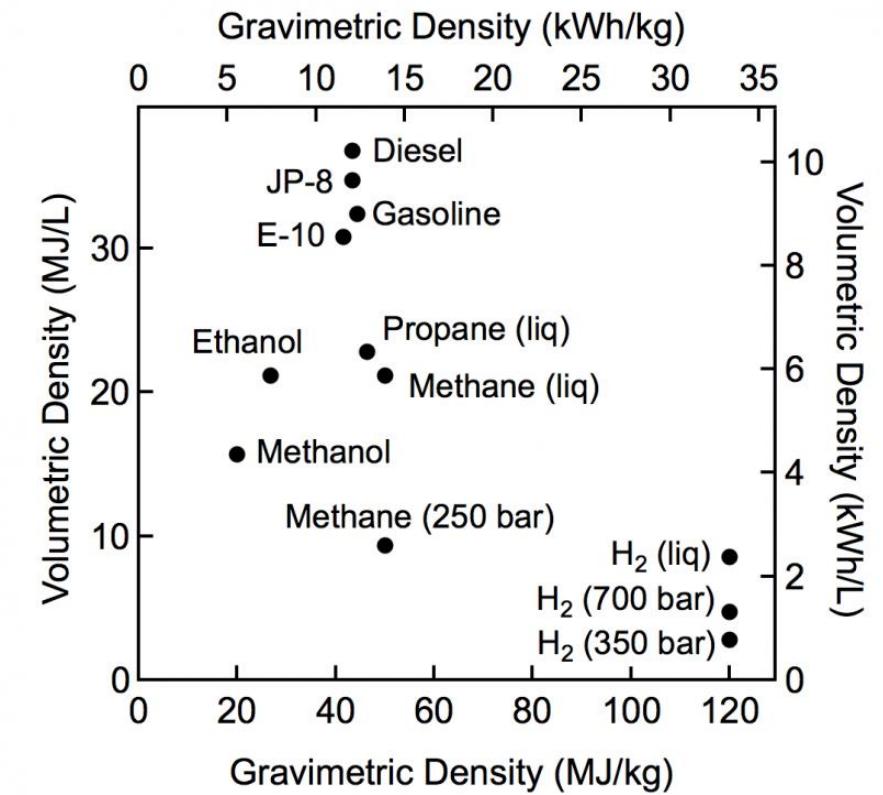
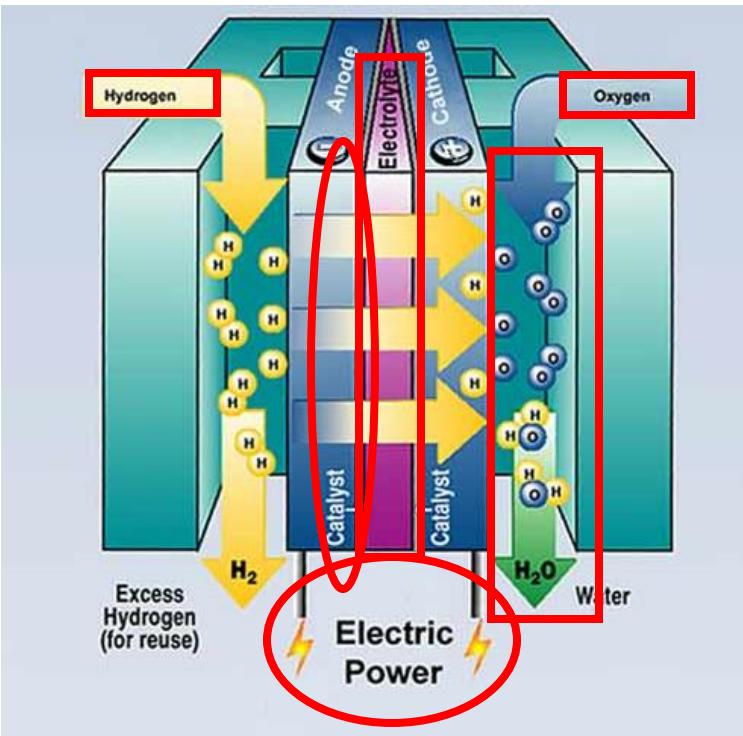


Source  
IEA  
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Additional Information:  
Worldwide; 1975 to 2021

statista

# Hydrogen fuel cell

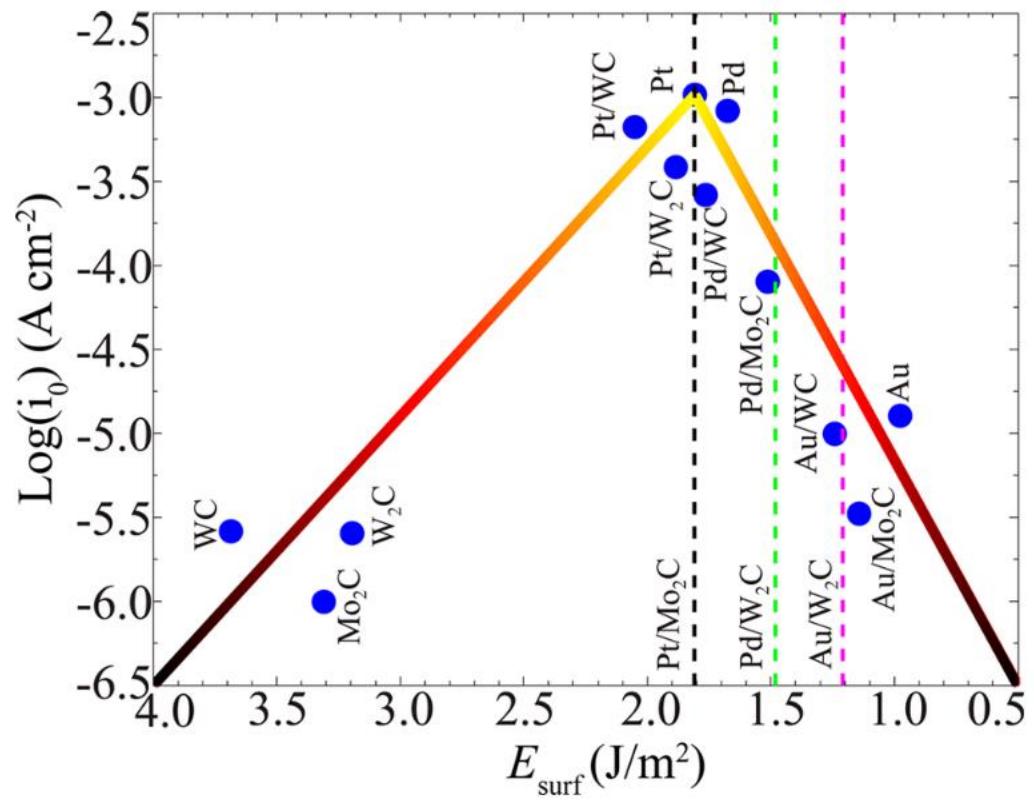
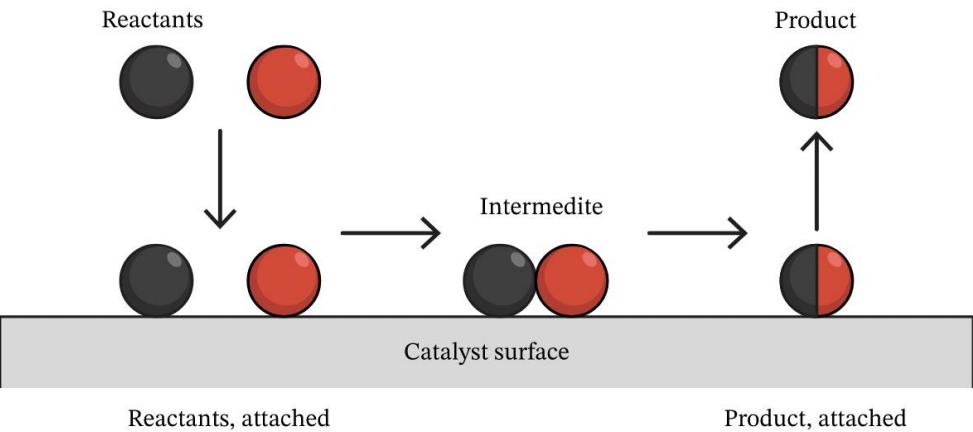




# Data driven surface science in recent years

# Surface energy

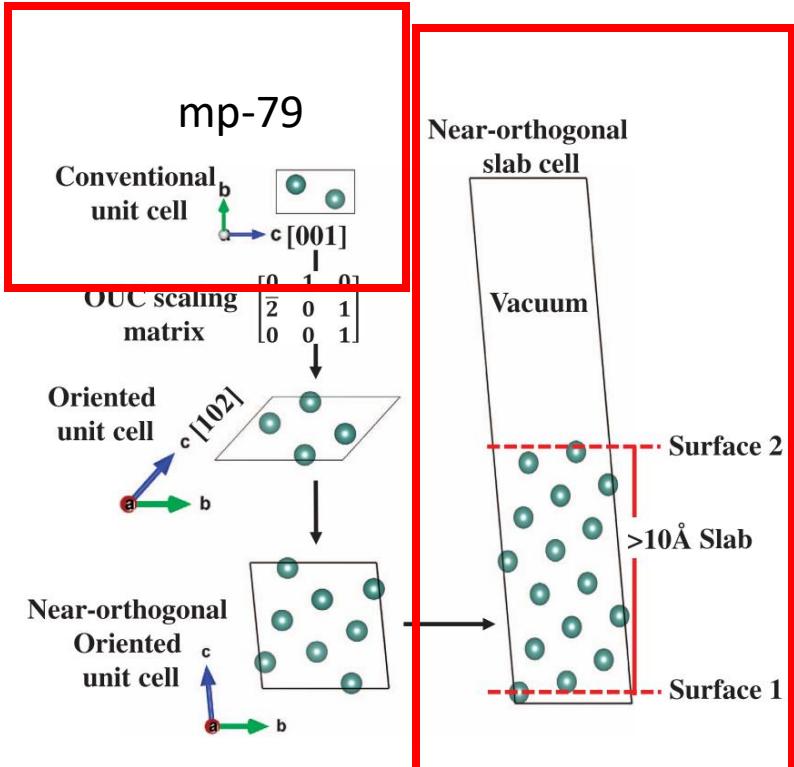
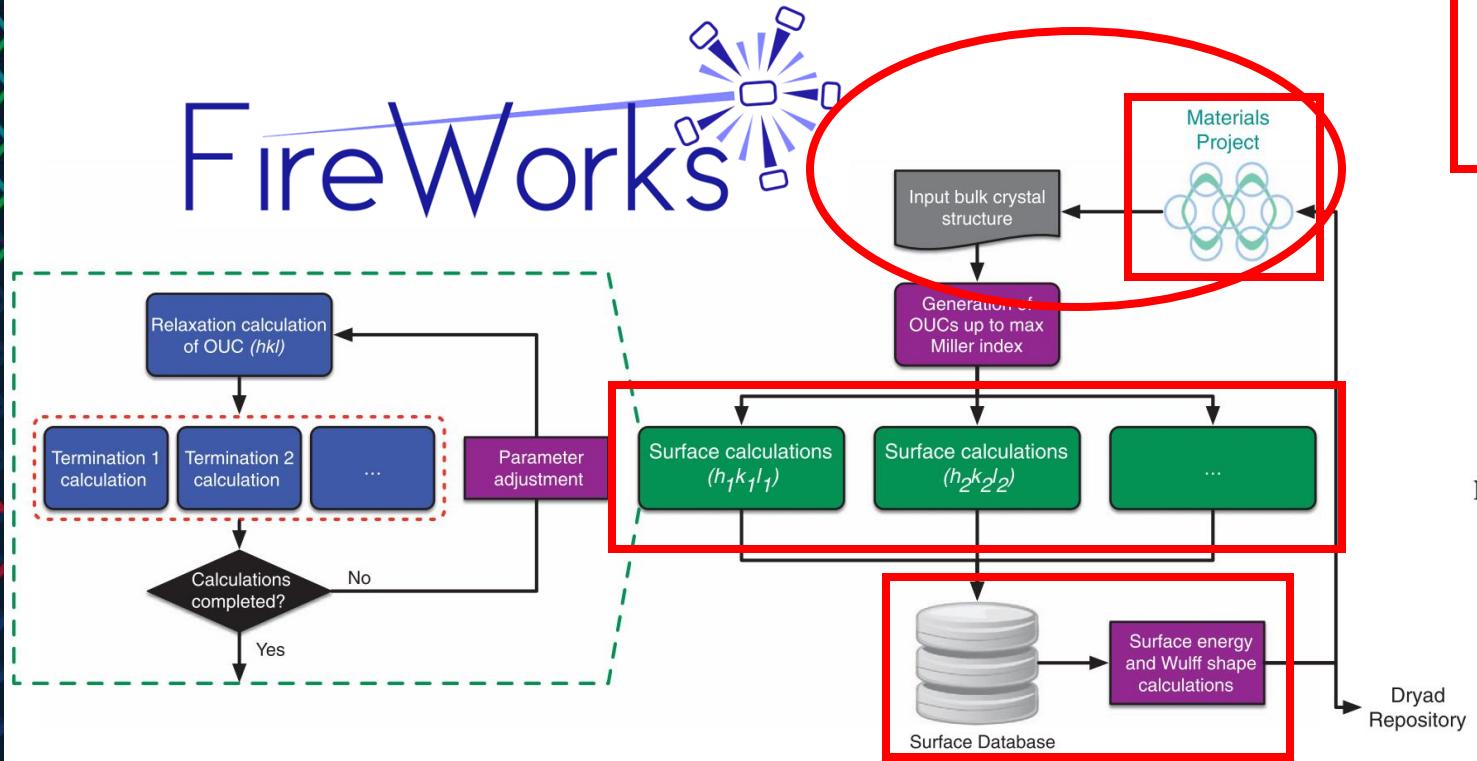
$$\gamma = \frac{E_{\text{slab}} - N E_{\text{bulk}}}{2A}$$



# High throughput efforts and databases

pymatgen

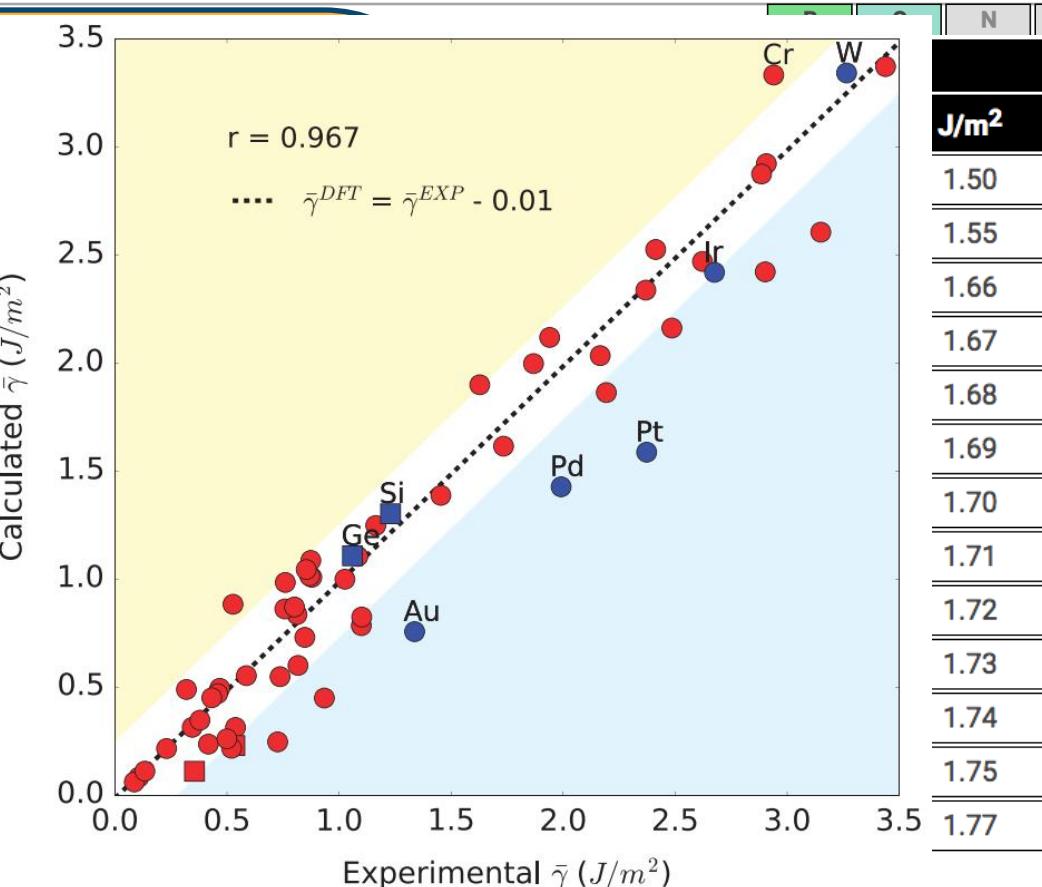
FireWorks



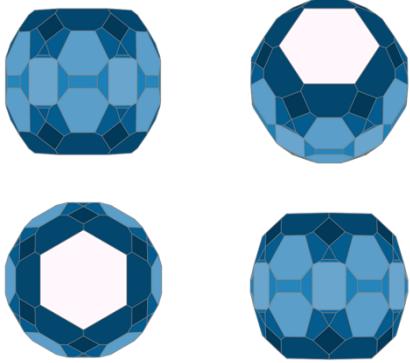
# High throughput efforts and databases

## Scope

- Contains the Wulff shape functions of crystalline surfaces
- 142 polymorphs of elements with metals
- Sampled face indices of 20 cubic and 14 hexagonal respectively
- Includes wet reconstruction



$P6_3/mmc$



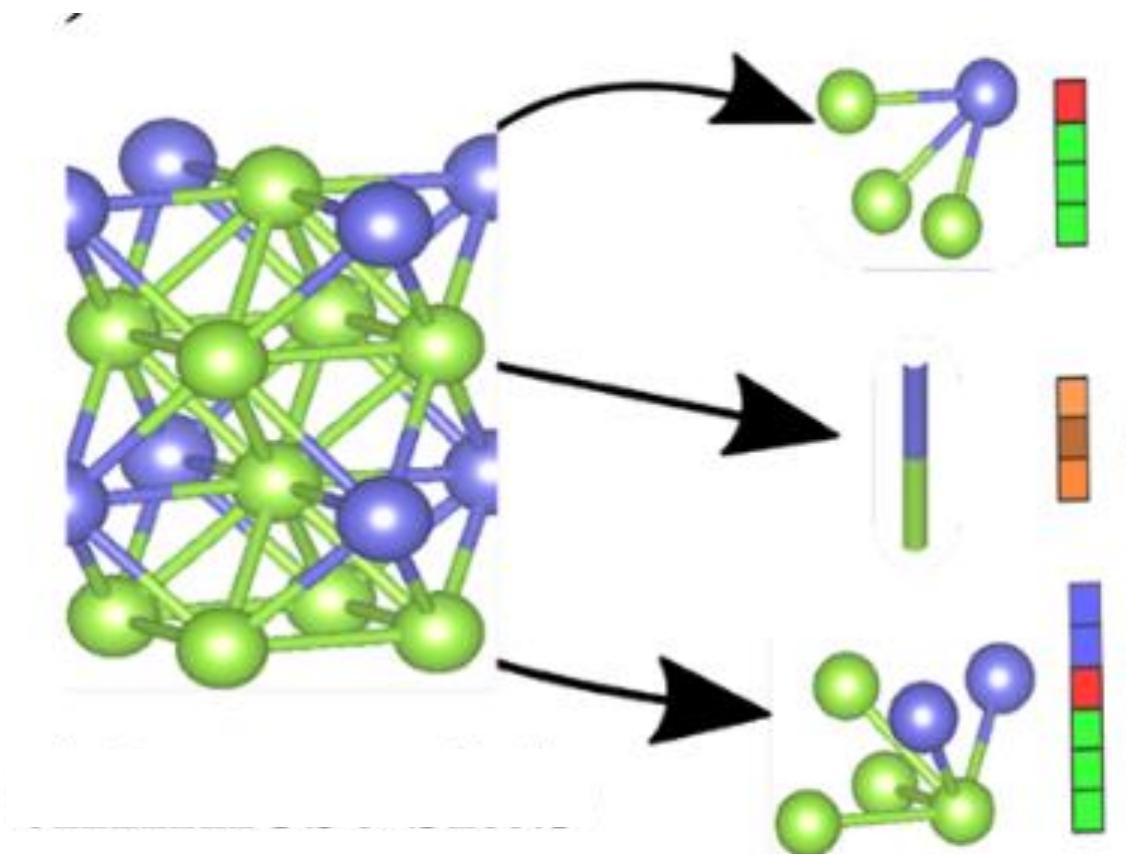
$$\bar{g} = 1.86 \text{ J/m}^2 \quad \eta = 5.10$$

$$\bar{\phi} = 3.51 \text{ eV} \quad \alpha_{\gamma} = 0.05$$

$$\gamma = \frac{1}{2A} (E_{slab} - NE_{bulk})$$

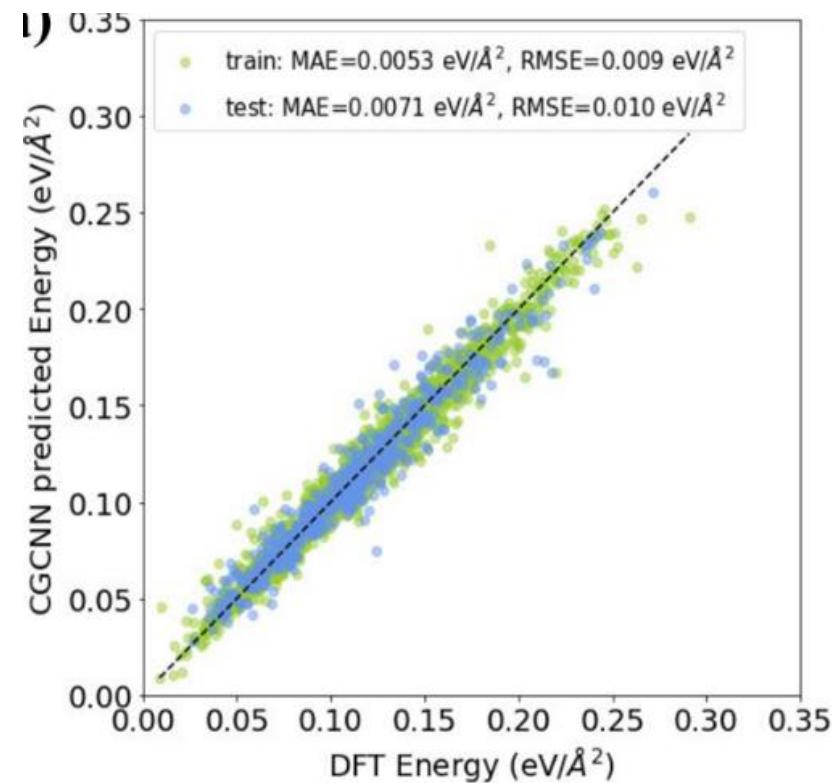
$$\phi = V_{vac} - E_F$$

# Machine learning



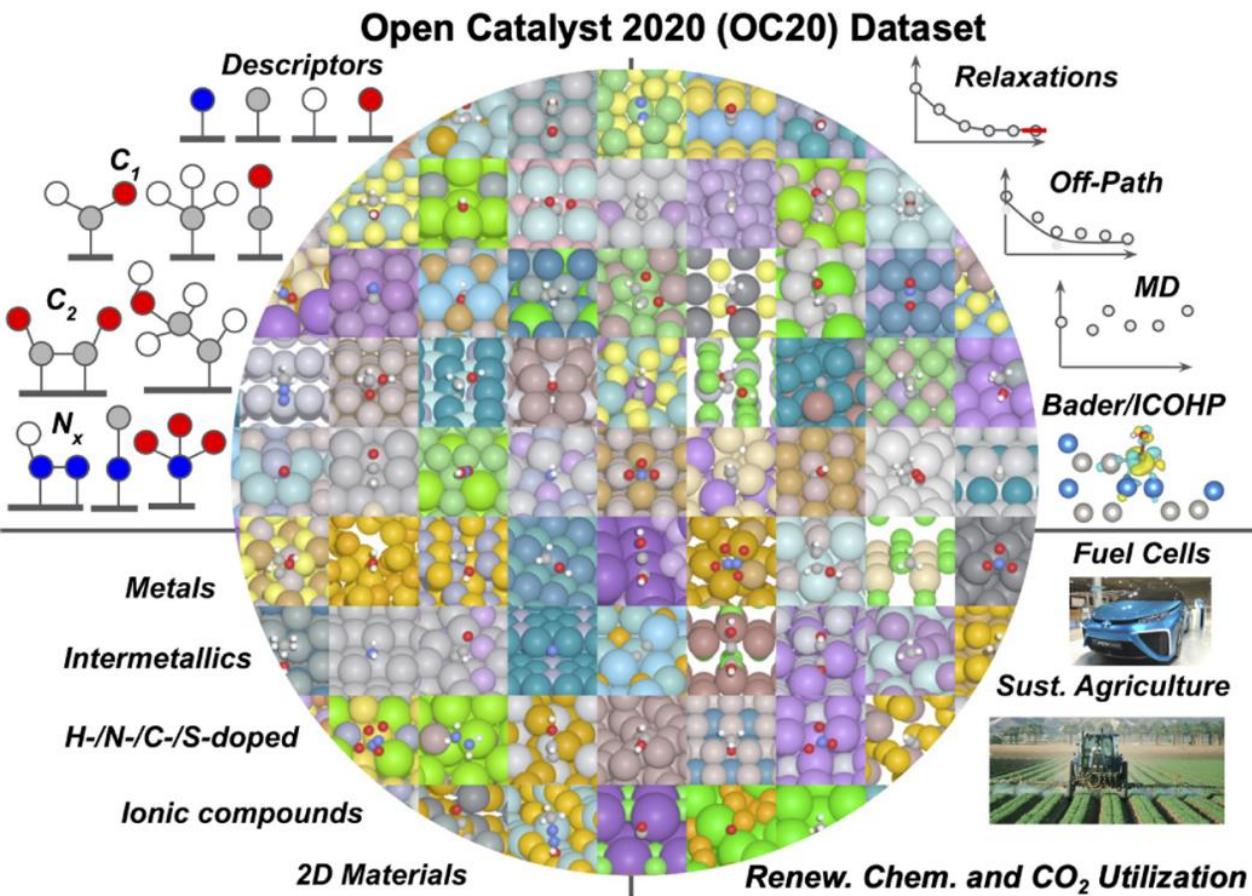
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Cleavage energy of 3,000 intermetallic surfaces



Carnegie Mellon University

# Open Catalyst Project



## Scope of data

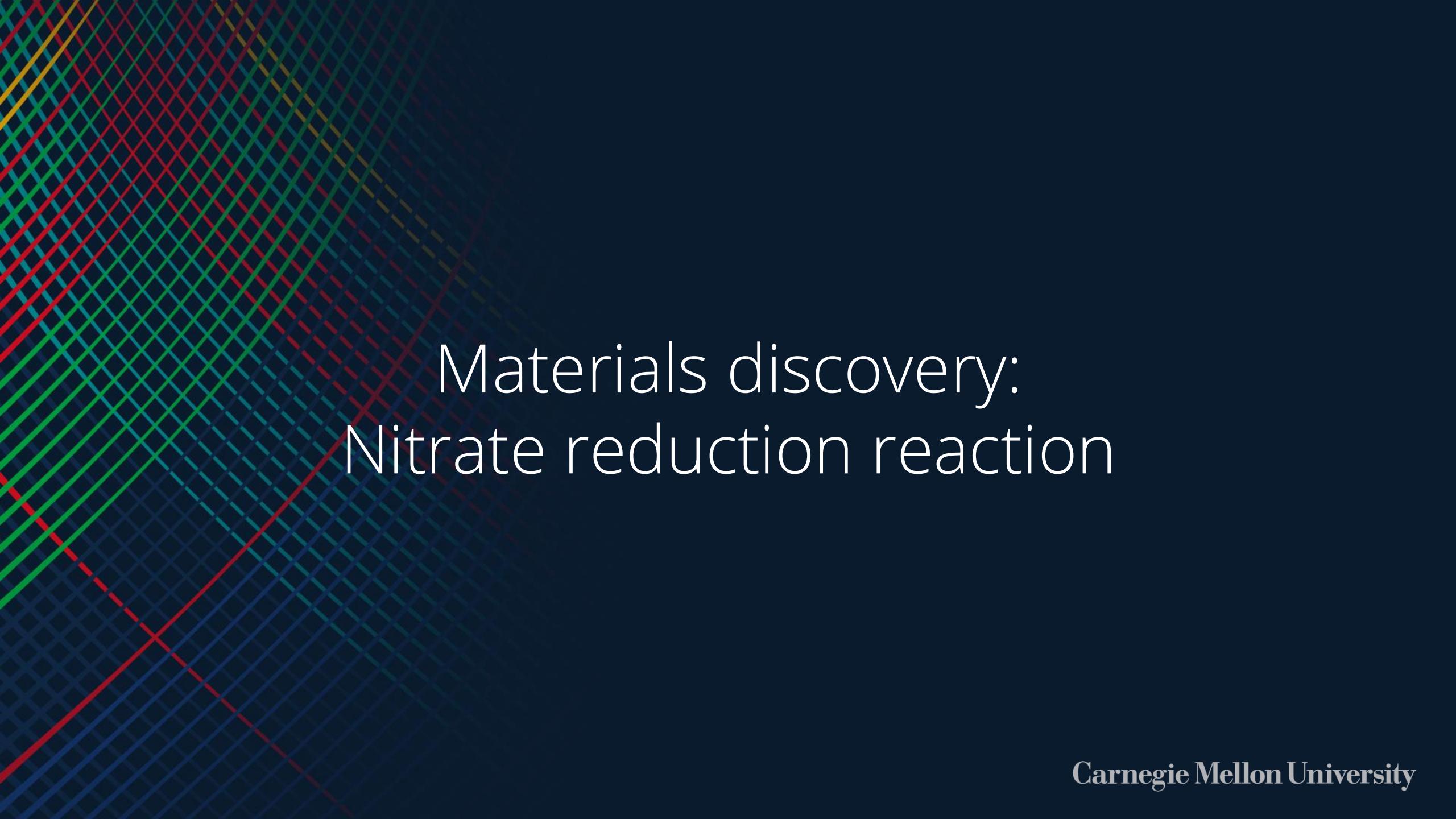
- GNN-based models for adsorption energy and adsorption induced relaxation
- 82 adsorbates
- 55 elements
- 11,451 materials (unary/binary/ternary)
- Miller index up to 2
- 872,000 ionic steps

# Models and metrics

Model	ID	S2EF test		
		OOD Ads	OOD Cat	OOD Both
<b>Energy MAE [eV] ↓</b>				
median baseline	2.0430	2.4203	1.9916	2.5770
CGCNN <sup>86</sup>	0.5272	0.6322	0.5372	0.7675
SchNet <sup>87</sup>	0.4426	0.4907	0.5288	0.7161
SchNet <sup>87</sup> —force-only	34.0316	33.769	35.2982	38.4652
SchNet <sup>87</sup> —energy-only	0.3948	0.4460	0.5510	0.7031
DimeNet++ <sup>88,89</sup>	0.4858	0.4702	0.5331	0.6482
DimeNet++ <sup>88,89</sup> —force-only	28.2134	28.9428	28.9069	34.9049
DimeNet++ <sup>88,89</sup> —energy-only	0.3586	0.4022	0.5060	0.6540
DimeNet++ <sup>88,89</sup> -large—force-only	29.3382	30.0365	30.0461	36.7537

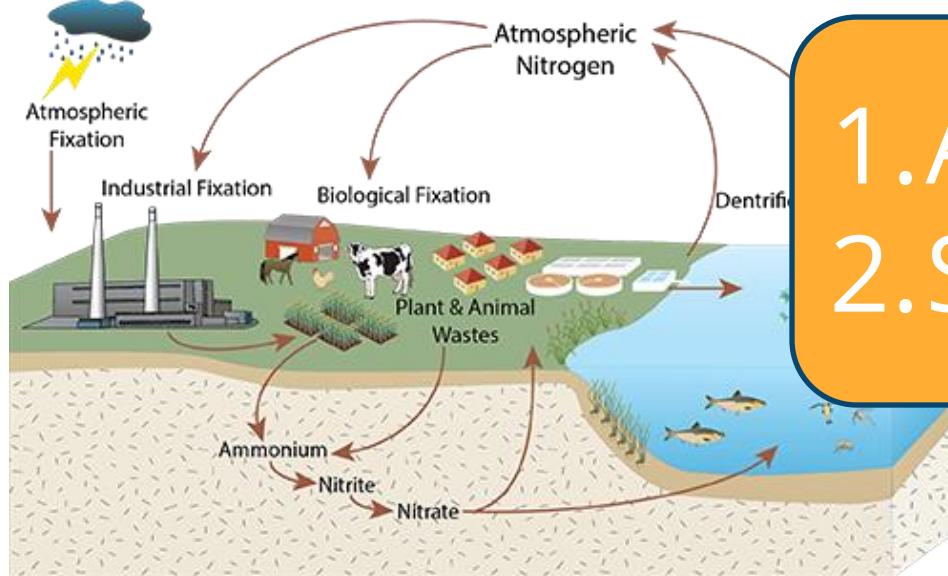
Model	Approach	ID	IS2RE est		
			Energy MAE [eV] ↓	OOD Ads	OOD Cat
<b>Median baseline</b>					
CGCNN (1)	Direct	0.6135	0.9155	0.6211	0.8506
SchNet (2)	Direct	0.6372	0.7342	0.6611	0.7035
DimeNet++ (3,4)	Direct	0.5605	0.7252	0.5750	0.6613
SchNet (2)	Relaxation	0.7088	0.7741	0.7665	0.8055
SchNet (2) force-only + energy-only	Relaxation	0.7066	0.7420	0.7966	0.7493
DimeNet++ (3,4)	Relaxation	0.6687	0.6864	0.6858	0.6835
DimeNet++ (3,4) force-only + energy-only	Relaxation	0.5112	0.5744	0.5922	0.6130
Dimenet++ (3,4) — large force-only + energy-only	Relaxation	0.5022	0.5430	0.5780	0.6117

IS2RE: Initial structure to relaxed adsorption energy  
 S2EF: Structure to adsorption energy and force



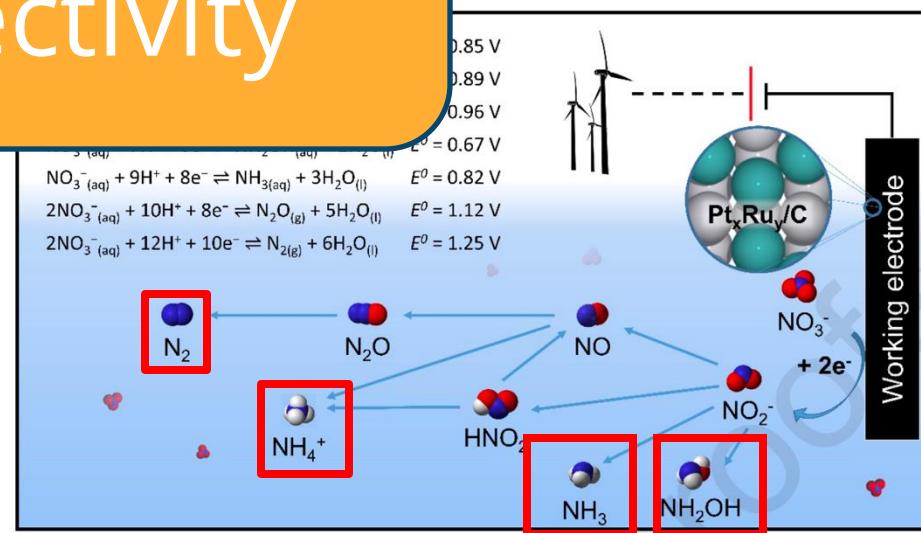
# Materials discovery: Nitrate reduction reaction

# Water purification



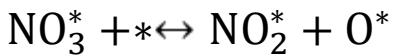
Process	Capital (\$/1000 gal)	Operating (\$/1000 gal)	Brine Disposal (\$/1000 gal)	Total Cost (\$/1000 gal)
Rev Osmosis	\$0.44-0.88	\$1.10-3.00	\$0.40-2.60	<b>\$1.54-6.48</b>
	0.46-0.64		<b>\$0.04-0.32</b>	\$0.70-1.24
	0.50-0.80		\$0.01-0.02	\$0.91-1.72
	1.12-1.57	n/a		\$ ?

1. Activity  
2. Selectivity



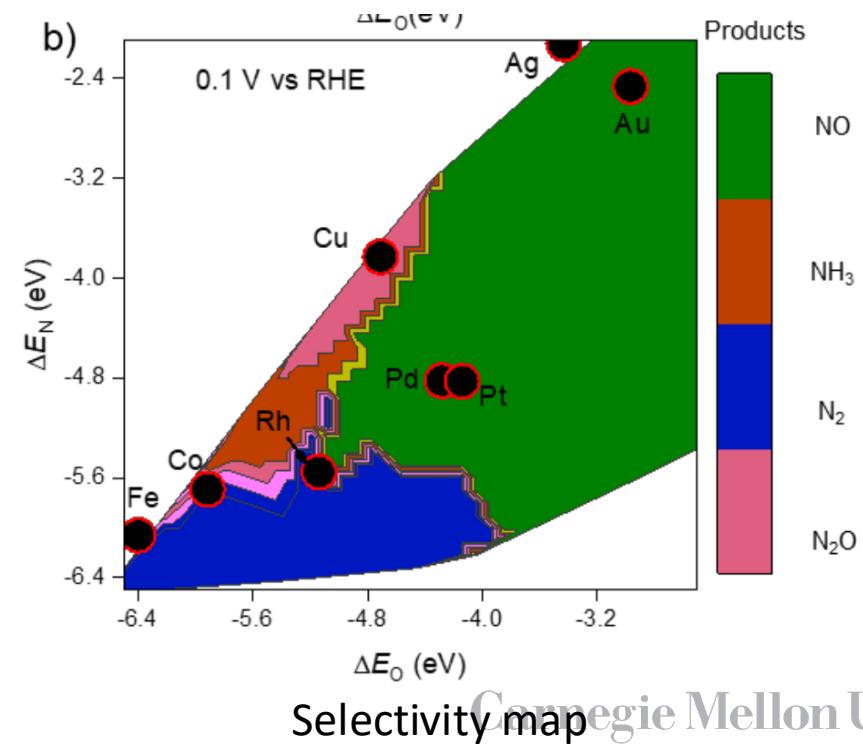
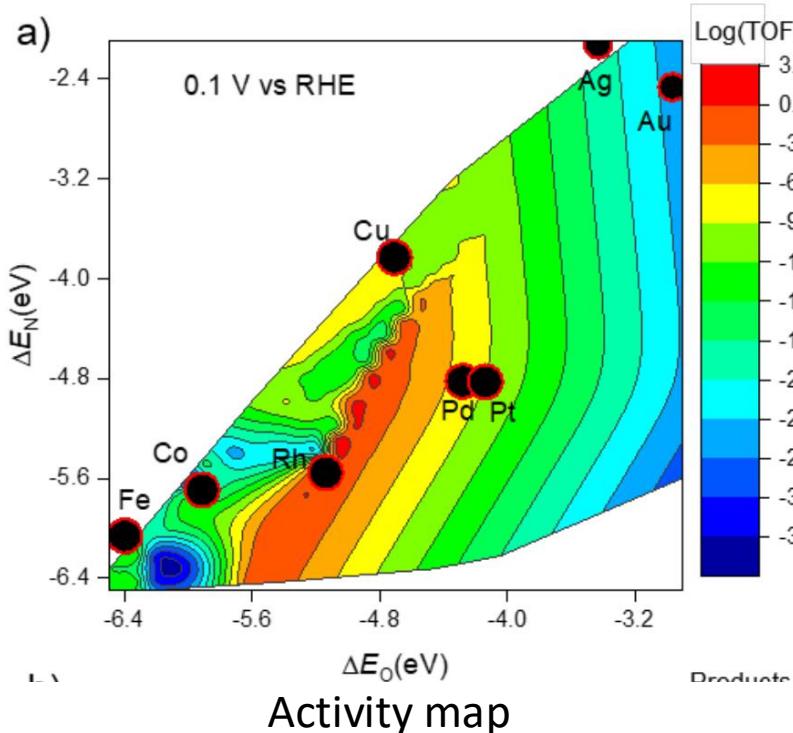
# Application to catalyst discovery

**Energy barriers and therefore  $k$  and activity is now a function of adsorption energy**

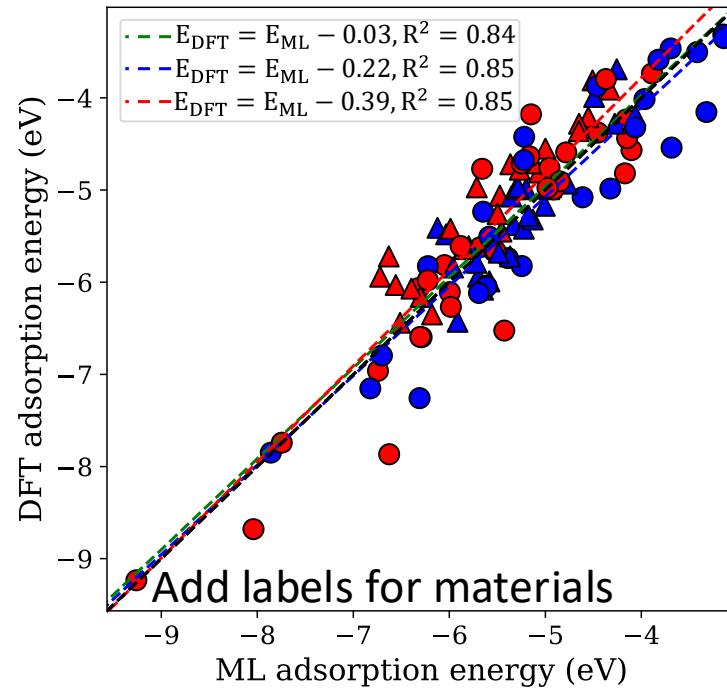


$$E_a = 0.234E_0 + 0.054E_N + 2.047$$

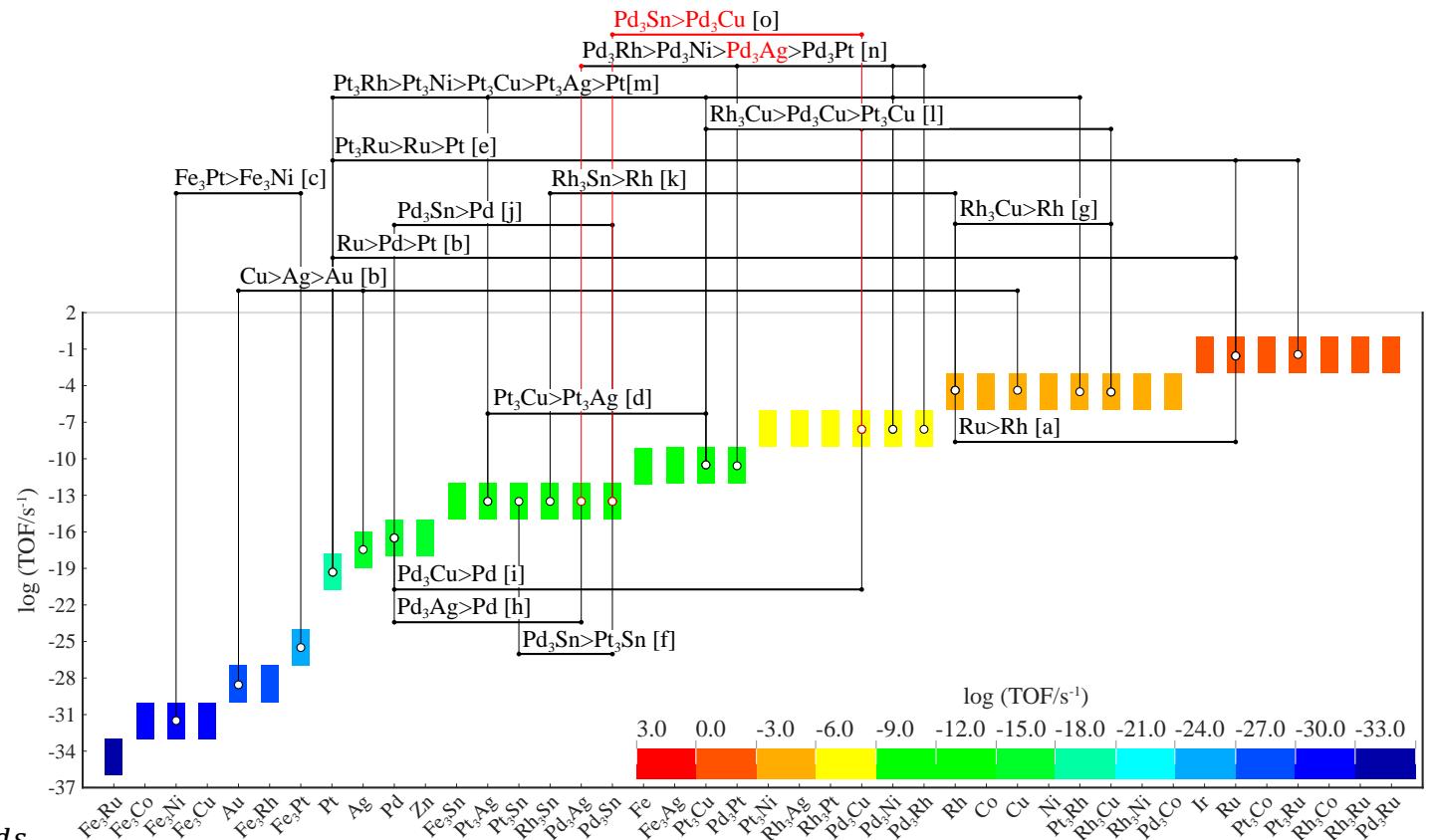
$$E_b = -0.593E_0 - 0.064E_N - 1.324$$



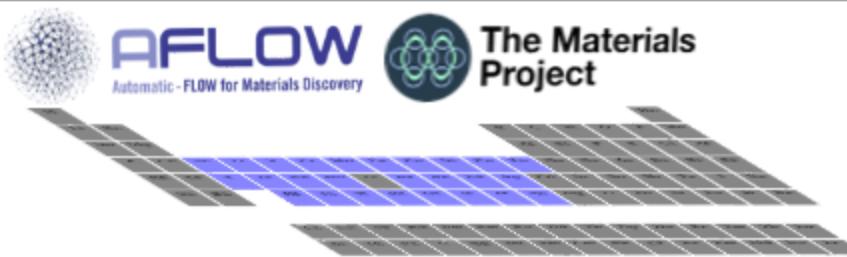
# DFT and ML verification



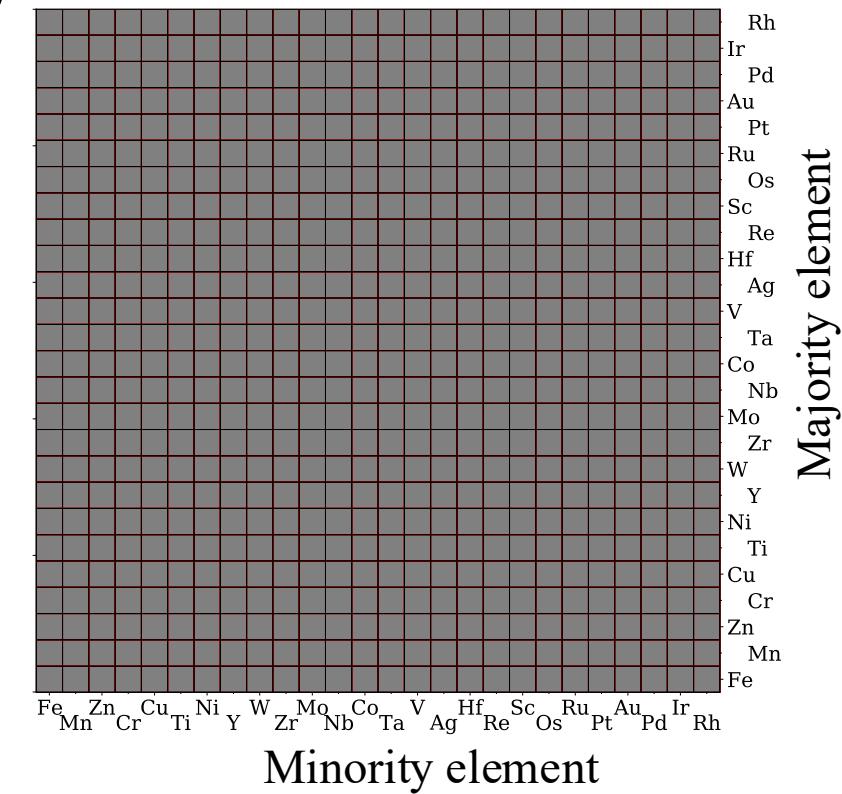
- GNN model: DimeNet++
- MAE =  $\sim 0.3$  eV
- Target: Initial structure (adsorbed slab)  $\rightarrow E_{ads}$
- Training data:  $\sim 100k$  (metals only)



# ML assisted screening

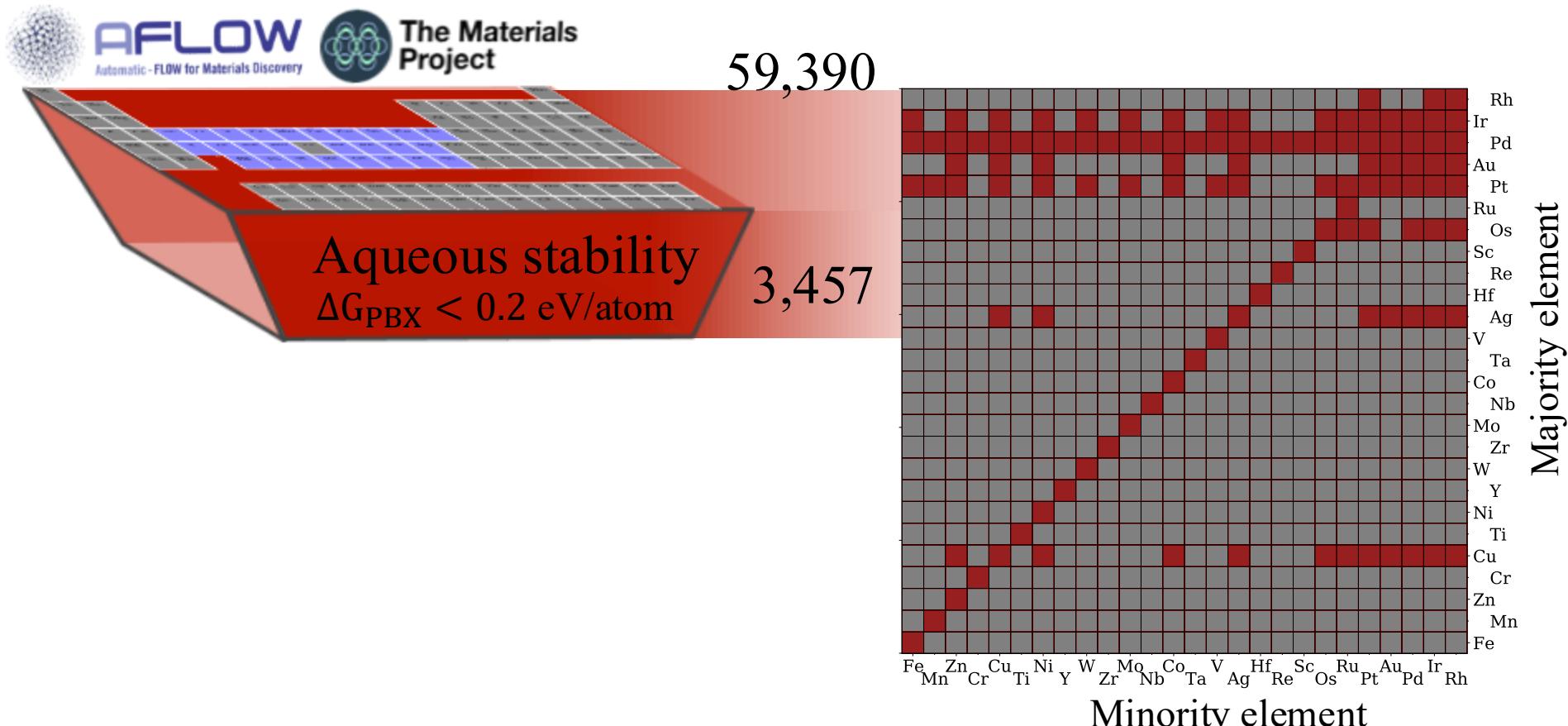


59,390

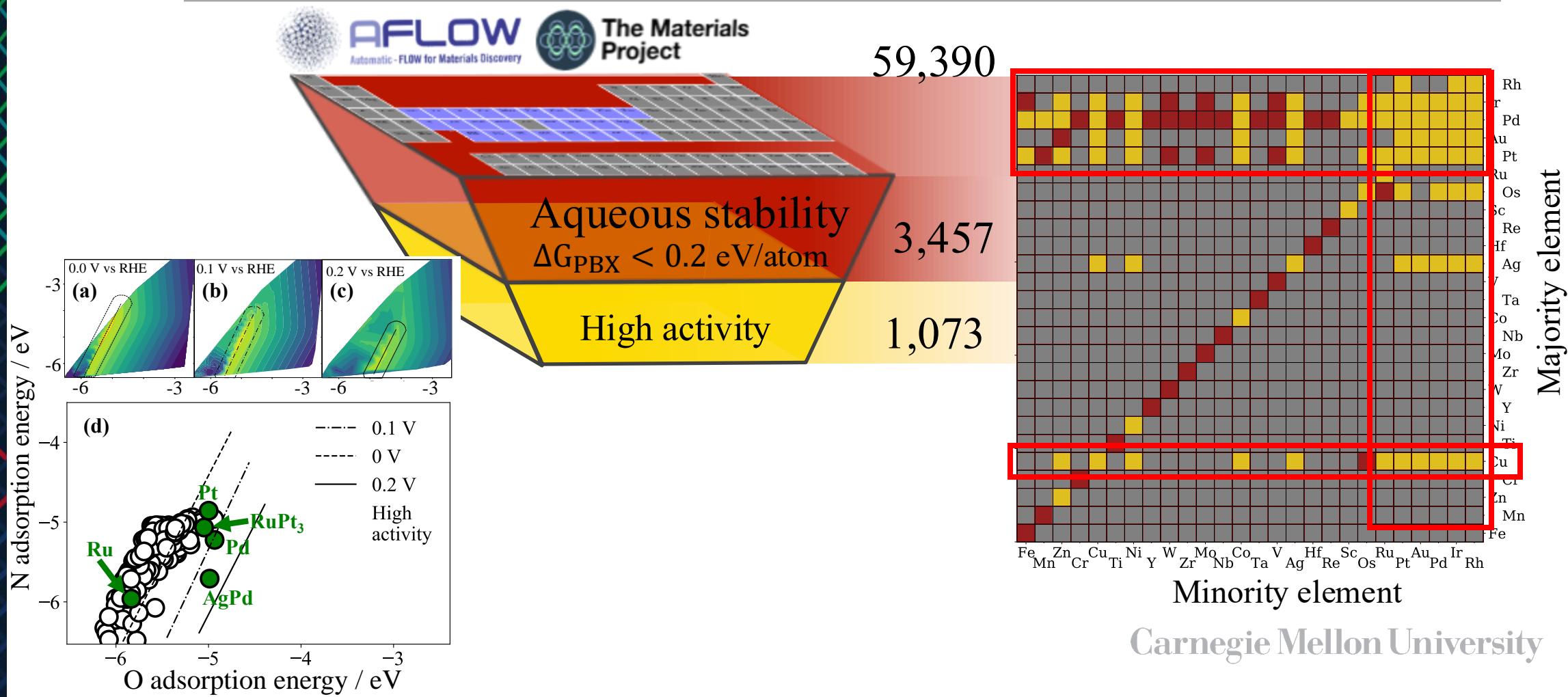


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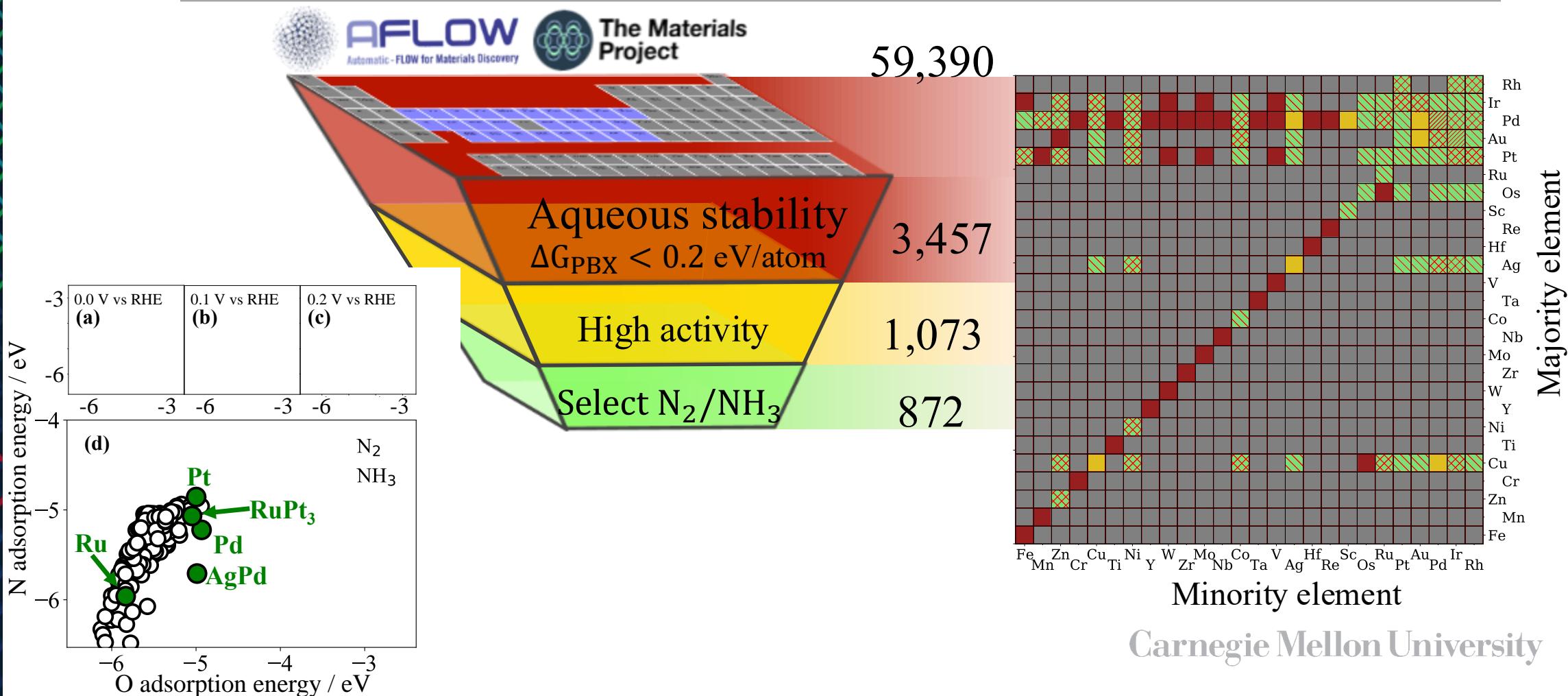
# ML assisted screening



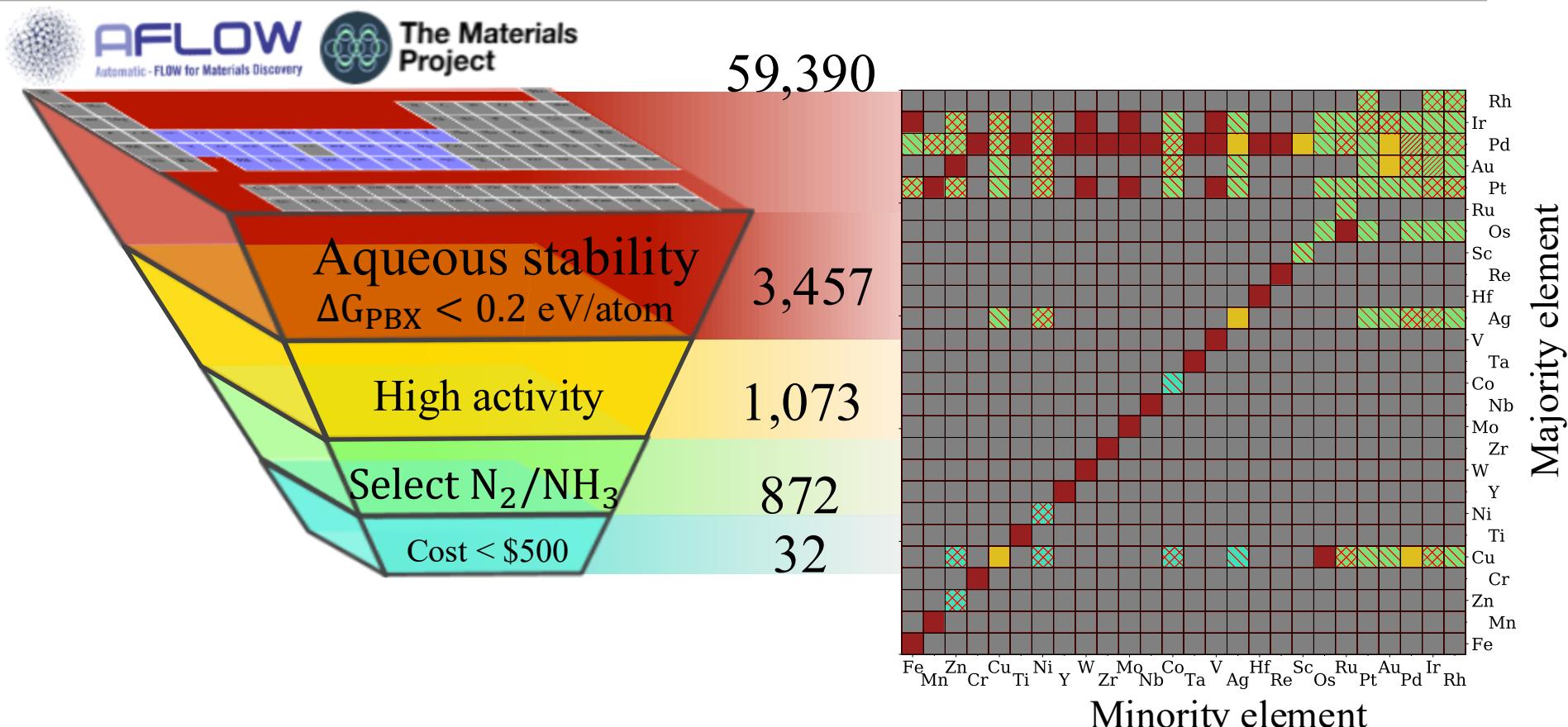
# ML assisted screening



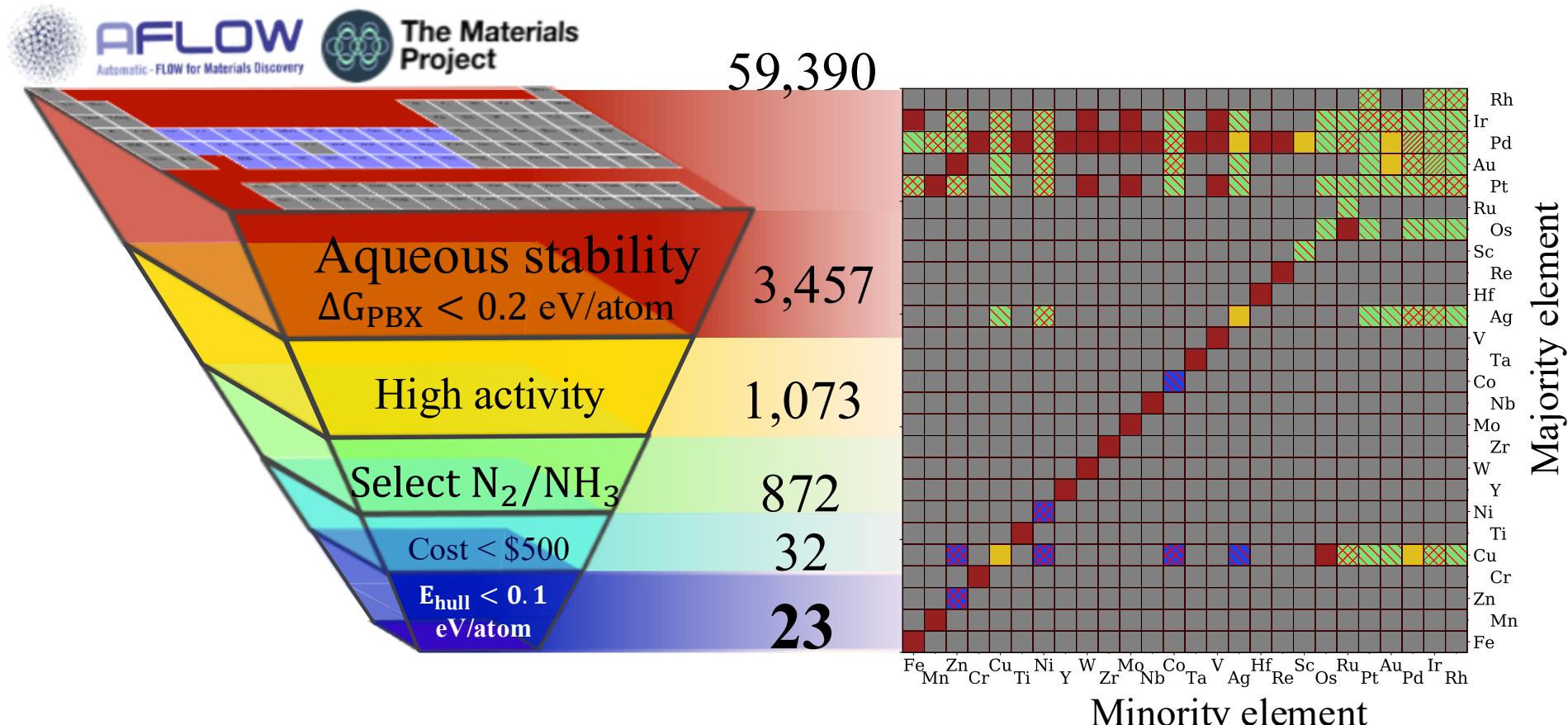
# ML assisted screening



# ML assisted screening

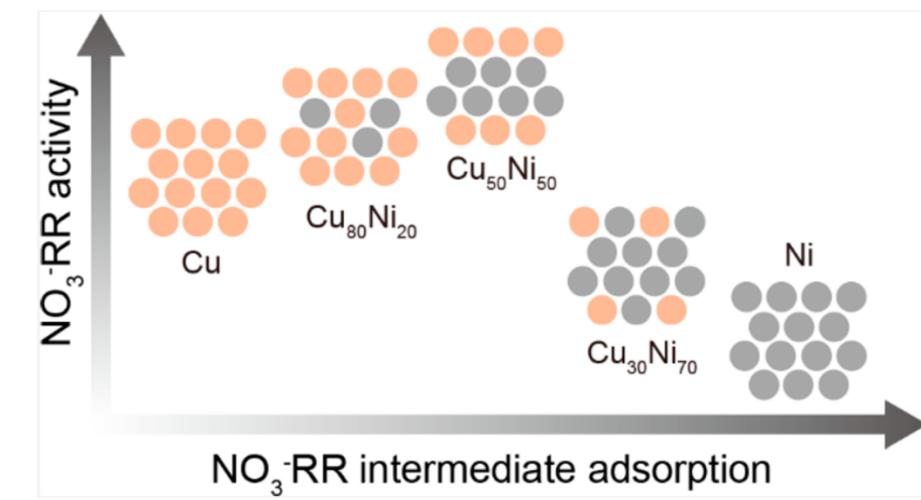


# ML assisted screening



# Final candidates

Formula	Space group	Cost (\$/kg mol <sup>-1</sup> )	$\Delta G_{aq}(0.0\text{ V})$ (eV/atom)	$\Delta G_{aq}(0.1\text{ V})$ (eV/atom)	Active at 0.1 V	N <sub>2</sub>	NH <sub>3</sub>
Zn	<i>P</i> 6 <sub>3</sub> / <i>mmc</i>	2.95	0.00	0.00	No	✓	✓
ZnCu <sub>8</sub>	<i>I</i> 4/ <i>mmm</i>	8.78	0.18	0.29	No	✓	✓
Cu <sub>5</sub> Ni	<i>Cm</i>	10.93	0.15	0.27	Yes	✓	✓
Cu <sub>5</sub> Ni	<i>Amm2</i>	10.93	0.15	0.27	Yes	✓	✓
Cu <sub>4</sub> Ni	<i>I</i> 4/ <i>m</i>	11.22	0.17	0.29	Yes	✓	✓
Cu <sub>3</sub> Ni	<i>R</i> ̄ <sub>3</sub> <i>m</i>	11.65	0.20	0.33	Yes	✓	✓
Cu <sub>3</sub> Ni	<i>I</i> 4/ <i>mmm</i>	11.65	0.21	0.33	Yes	✓	✓
Cu <sub>2</sub> Ni	<i>Cmmm</i>	11.65	0.21	0.33	Yes	✓	✓
CoCu <sub>7</sub>	<i>F</i> m̄ <sub>3</sub> <i>m</i>	14.52	0.19	0.30	No	✓	✓
Ni	<i>F</i> m̄ <sub>3</sub> <i>m</i>	18.54	0.00	0.00	Yes	✓	✓
Co	<i>P</i> 6 <sub>3</sub> / <i>mmc</i>	52.21	0.00	0.00	No	✓	
Cu <sub>4</sub> Ag	<i>I</i> 4/ <i>m</i>	261.58	0.08	0.16	No	✓	✓
Cu <sub>3</sub> Ag	<i>P</i> 4/ <i>mmm</i>	315.24	0.08	0.15	Yes	✓	✓
Cu <sub>3</sub> Ag	<i>Pmmm</i>	315.24	0.09	0.16	No	✓	✓
Cu <sub>3</sub> Ag	<i>Pmmn</i>	315.24	0.10	0.18	No	✓	✓
Cu <sub>3</sub> Ag	<i>C</i> 2/ <i>m</i>	315.24	0.10	0.18	Yes	✓	✓
Cu <sub>3</sub> Ag	<i>I</i> 4/ <i>mmm</i>	315.24	0.10	0.17	No	✓	✓
Cu <sub>3</sub> Ag	<i>Pmmn</i>	315.24	0.10	0.17	No	✓	✓
Cu <sub>2</sub> Ag	<i>P</i> 6 <sub>3</sub> / <i>mmc</i>	397.92	0.07	0.14	No	✓	✓
Cu <sub>2</sub> Ag	<i>C</i> 2/ <i>m</i>	397.92	0.09	0.15	No	✓	
Cu <sub>2</sub> Ag	<i>P</i> 6 <sub>3</sub> / <i>mmc</i>	397.92	0.07	0.14	No	✓	✓
Cu <sub>2</sub> Ag	<i>C</i> 2/ <i>m</i>	397.92	0.10	0.17	No	✓	✓
Cu <sub>5</sub> Ag <sub>4</sub>	<i>I</i> 4/ <i>mmm</i>	496.75	0.10	0.15	No	✓	✓

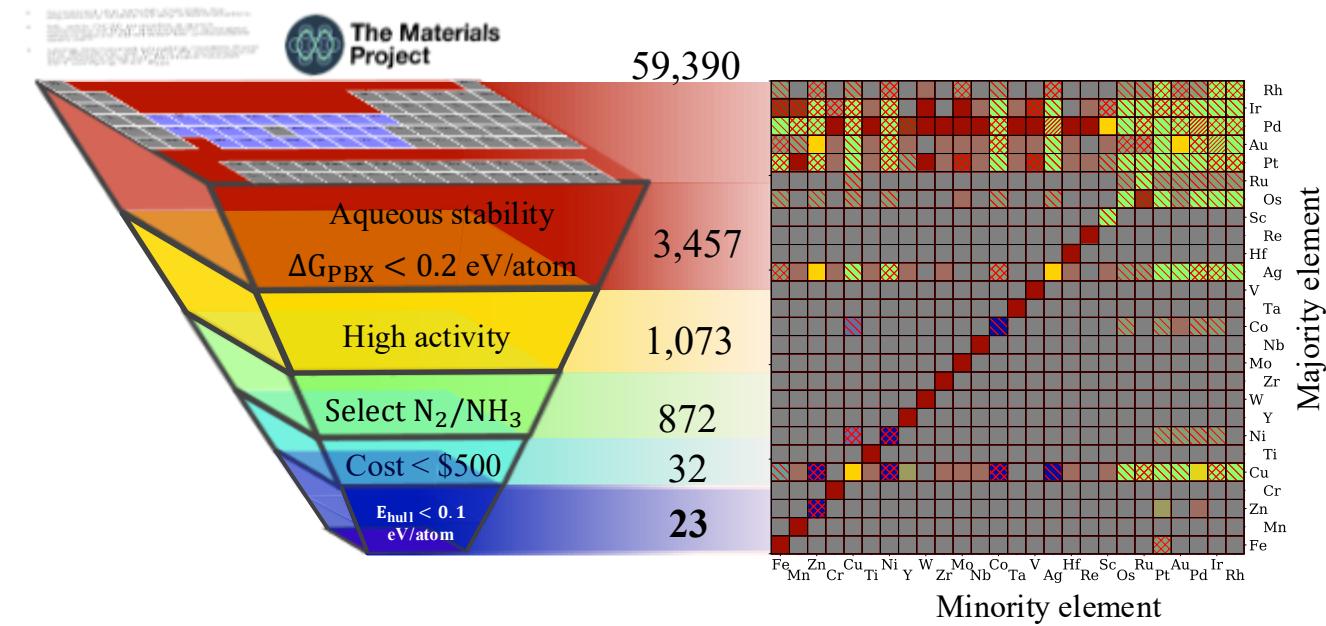


Wang, Y., Xu, A., Wang, Z., Huang, L., Li, J., Li, F., Wicks, J., Luo, M., Nam, D. H., Tan, C. S., Ding, Y., Wu, J., Lum, Y., Dinh, C. T., Sinton, D., Zheng, G., & Sargent, E. H. (2020). Enhanced Nitrate-to-Ammonia Activity on Copper-Nickel Alloys via Tuning of Intermediate Adsorption. *Journal of the American Chemical Society*, 142(12), 5702–5708.  
<https://doi.org/10.1021/jacs.9b13347>

# Recap

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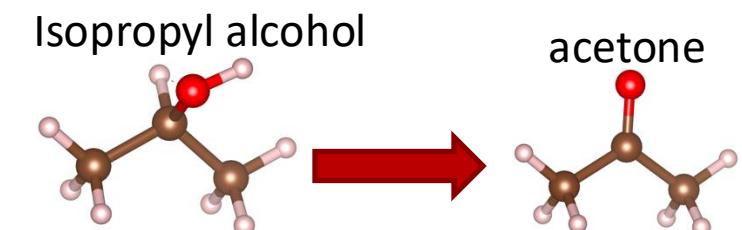
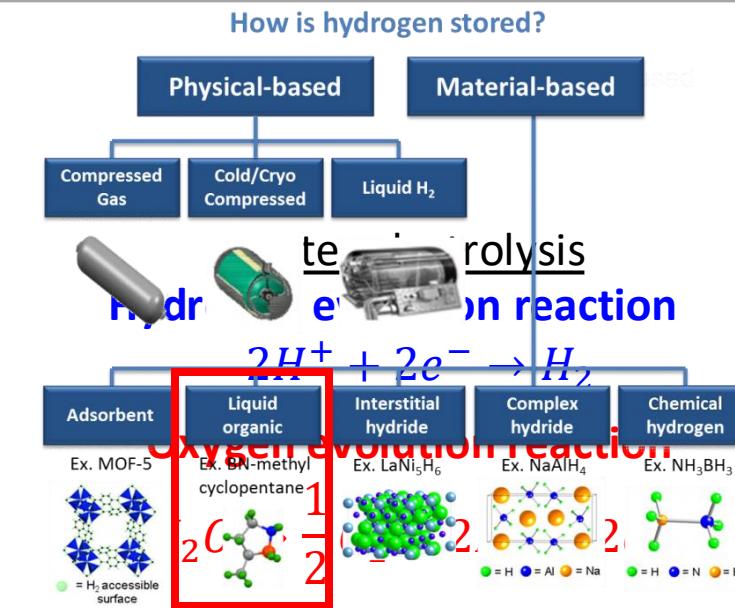
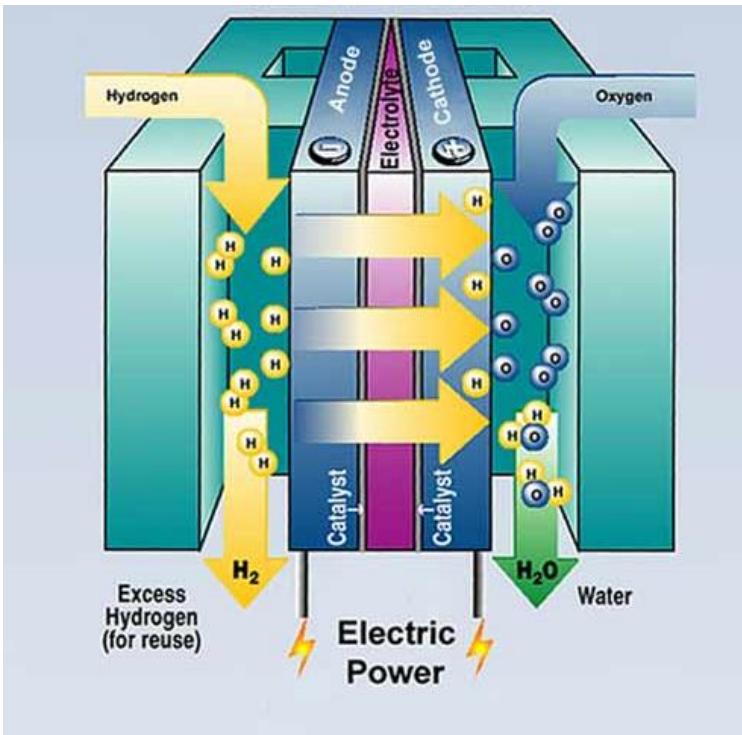
- Screened the MP/AFLOW DBs for aqueously stable binary intermetallics.
- ML with OC20 provides a quick estimate of their adsorption energies which would otherwise be unfeasable with DFT
- Using microkinetic/scaling models from the literature, we found 23 economical bimetallics that can facilitate  $\text{NO}_3\text{RR}$  DFT verifying their  $E_{ads}$





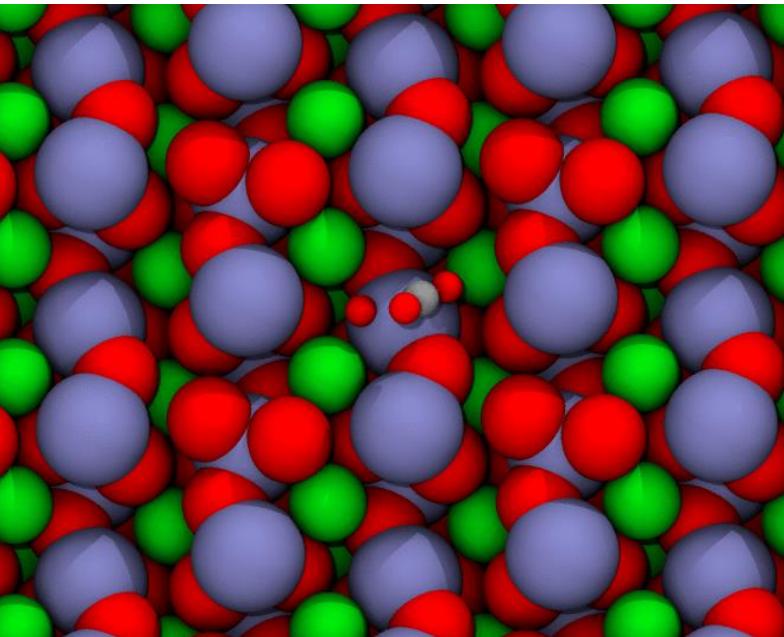
# Outlook and Future works

# Hydrogen fuel source

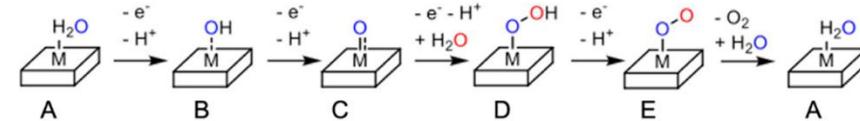


# Accelerating renewable energy with new data set for green hydrogen fuel

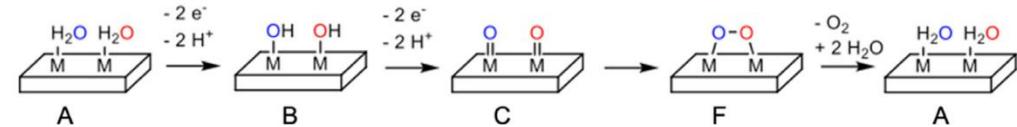
April 18, 2022



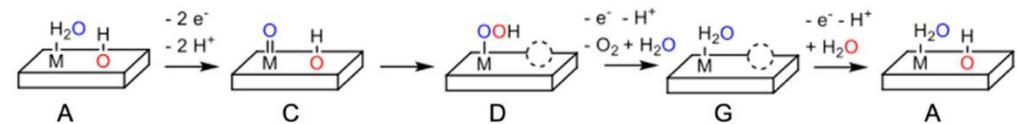
a) Water Nucleophilic Attack (WNA)



b) Oxo-Coupling Mechanism (I2M)



c) Lattice Oxygen Evolution Reaction (LOER)



# Acknowledgements

# Funding

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**Designing Materials to  
Revolutionize and Engineer our  
Future (DMREF)**

## Computing resources



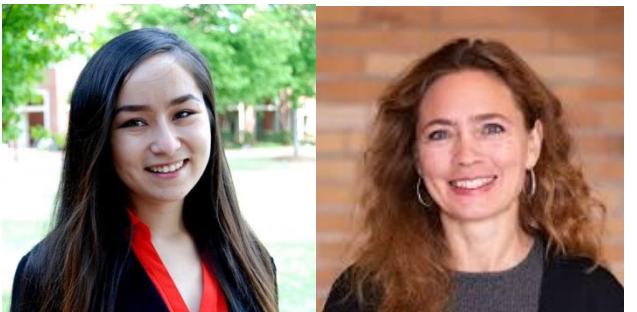


Zachary Ulissi

### Nitrate reduction reaction



Duo Wang Jain Anubhav Ryan Kingsbury



Aini Palizhati Kristin A. Persson

34

### Isopropyl alcohol dehydrogenation



Hilda Mera

Adeesh Kolluru

Muhammed  
Shuaibi

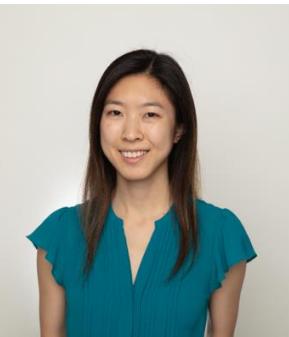


Javier Heras  
Domingo



Larry Zitnick

Brandon  
Wood  
Siddharth  
Goyal  
Carnegie Mellon



Janice Lan

**Open Catalyst 2022 (OER)**



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$\langle P | Q | I \rangle$

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# Questions