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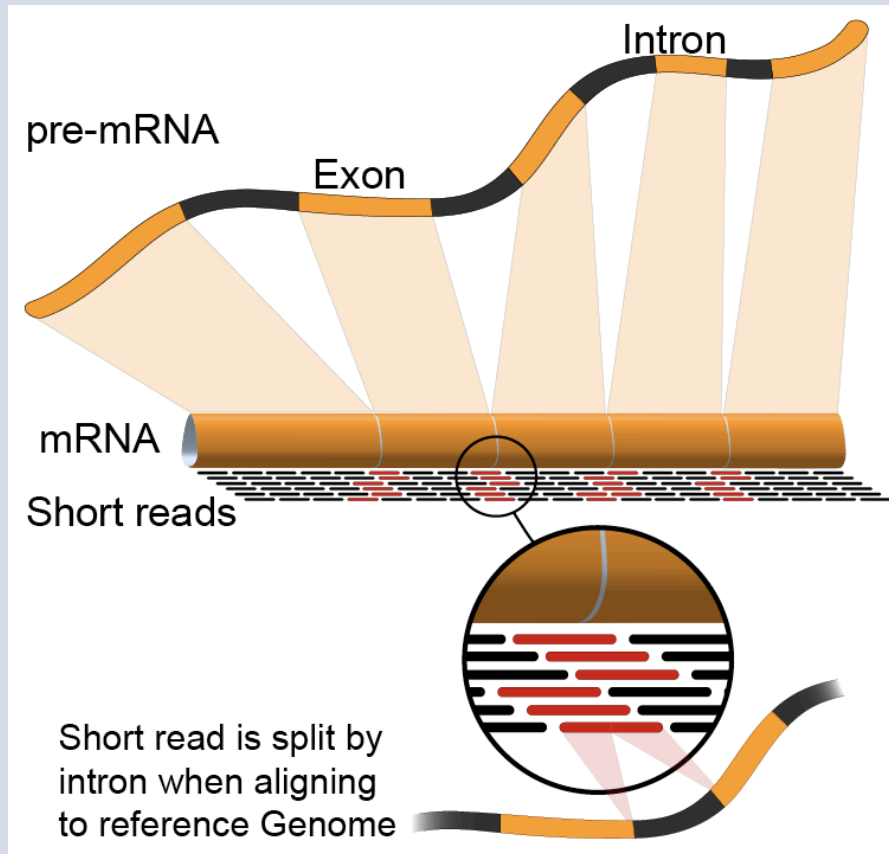
<http://meetings.cshl.edu/courses.html>



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RNA-Seq Module 3 Expression and Differential Expression (tutorial)

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Advanced Sequencing Technologies & Applications
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Learning Objectives of Tutorial

- Generate gene/transcript expression estimates with cufflinks
- Perform differential expression analysis with cuffmerge and cuffdiff
- Summarize and visualize results
 - cummeRbund
 - Old school R methods

4-i. Generate expression estimates

- The alignment SAM/BAM files generated in the previous step will now be used by cufflinks to calculate expression estimates
 - For all transcripts on the target chromosome
- For this step an option, confusingly also called ‘-G’ is used
 - Forces cufflinks to calculate expression values for known transcripts
 - To discover novel transcripts with Cufflinks you should:
 - **Not use the '-G' option. De novo transcript assembly and estimation will be performed. (we will try this in Module 4) OR ...**
 - Use the '-G' option along with the '-g' option. Known transcripts will be used as a ‘guide’, but novel transcripts will also be predicted
- This step will generate one isoform and one gene expression file for each library
 - Expression values are reported as ‘FPKM’, or ‘**F**ragments **P**er **K**ilobase of exon per million fragments **M**apped’
 - Where each ‘fragment’ corresponds to a read-pair mapped to the genome

4-i. Generate expression estimates (Optional Alternatives)

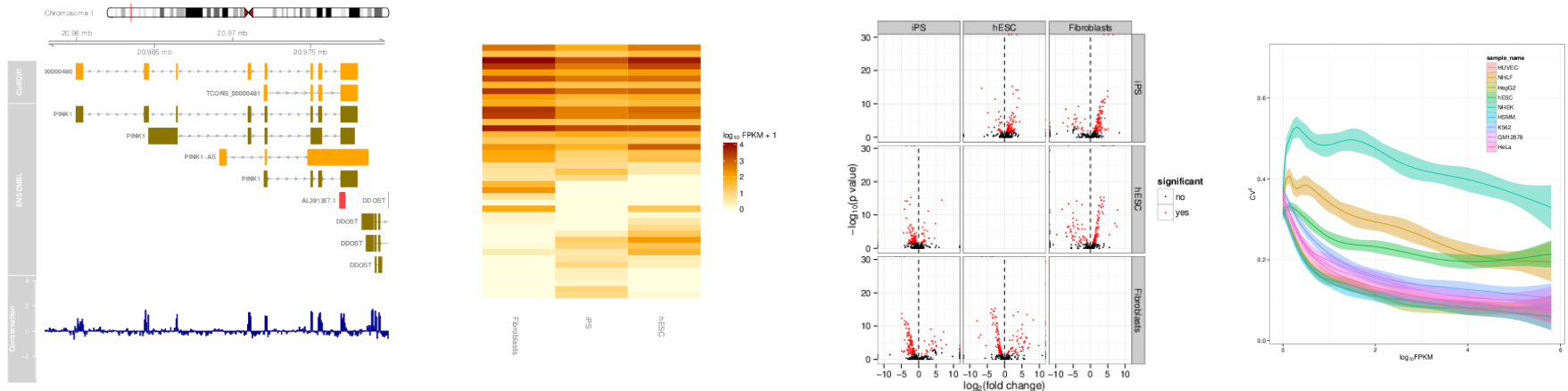
- The Alignment SAM/BAM files generated from STAR can also be used in cufflinks to generate expression estimates – exactly as above
- Another alternative we will explore is a count-based method
 - We will use a program called htseq-count
 - Requires name-sorted SAM file
 - We will count at the gene level (transcript-level is also possible)
- In the end we will have three expression estimates for each sample
 - Tophat/cufflinks
 - STAR/cufflinks
 - Tophat/Htseq-count

4-ii. Perform differential expression analysis

- In this step we will use cuffmerge and cuffdiff to:
 - Combine expression estimates from our 6 libraries into more convenient files
 - Combine expression estimates across replicates
 - Compare UHR vs. HBR and identify significantly differentially expressed genes and isoforms (transcripts)
- Note that these commands can get quite complicated when you have replicates
 - The positioning of spaces and commas, and grouping of libraries matters!
- Comparisons
 - Compare UHR vs. HBR using all replicates, for known (reference only mode) transcripts

4-iii. Summarize and visualize results

- In this step we will run the R package cummeRbund to visualize our expression and differential expression results from Cuffdiff.
 - See online tutorial for details
 - <http://compbio.mit.edu/cummeRbund/>
 - http://compbio.mit.edu/cummeRbund/manual_2_0.html



Post-process output files (optional)

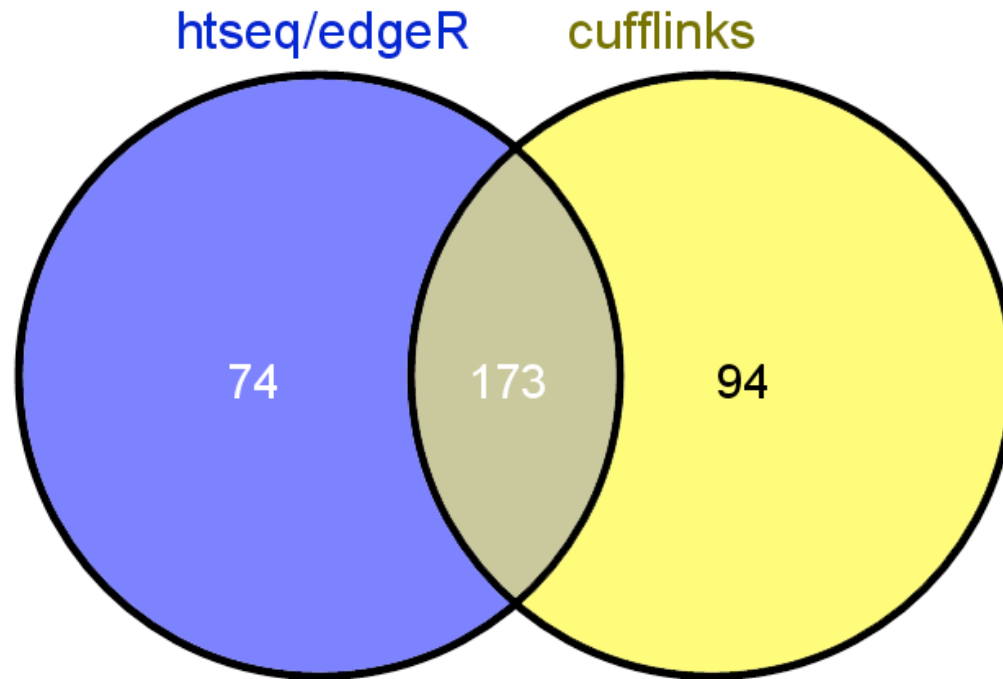
- Cufflinks and Cuffdiff output various file formats
 - .fpkm_tracking, transcripts.gtf, and .diff files
- In this step, we will explore the content of these files at the linux command line before importing them into R for more advanced summarization, plotting, etc.
 - If you are unfamiliar with R, this is an interactive statistical programming interface that can also be used for graphing and file data manipulation (i.e. an alternative to ‘excel’)
 - <http://cran.r-project.org/>

Summarize and visualize results (optional)

- In this step we will use R to summarize and visualize the results of the previous steps
- Explanation of the R commands is provided in the online wiki
- Examples of the tasks performed:
 - Examine the expression estimates
 - How reproducible are the technical replicates?
 - How well do the different library construction methods correlate?
 - Visualize the differences between/among replicates, library prep methods and tumor versus normal
 - Examine the differential expression estimates
 - Visualize the expression estimates and highlight those genes that appear to be differentially expressed according to cuffdiff
 - Generate a list of the top differentially expressed genes

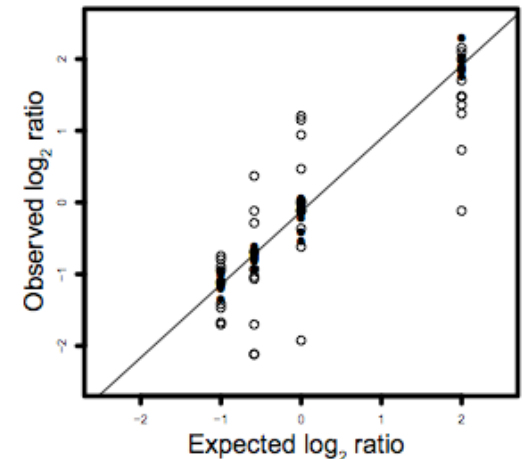
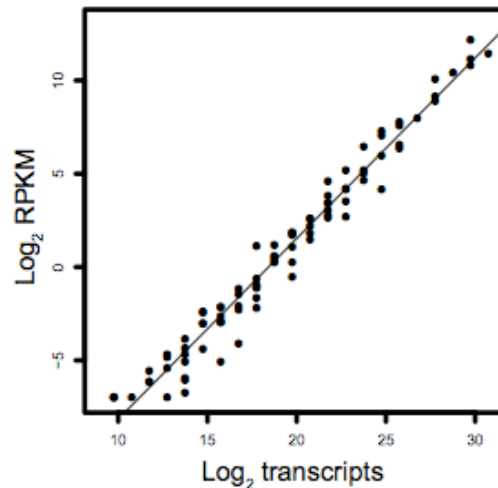
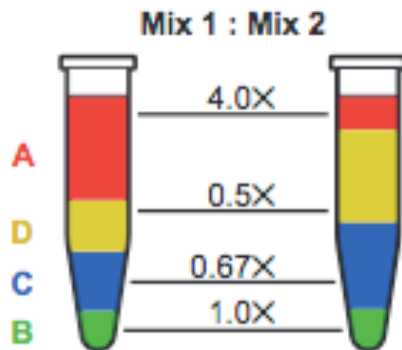
Perform differential expression analysis with edgeR using htseq output (optional)

- Make use of raw counts generated by htseq-count
- Load into R and process with edgeR package
- Compare significantly differentially expressed genes from two methods



Analysis of ERCC spike-in expression and differential expression (optional)

- https://tools.lifetechnologies.com/content/sfs/manuals/cms_086340.pdf
- Lower Limit of Detection
- Dynamic Range (dose response)
- Fold-change response (DE)



Break