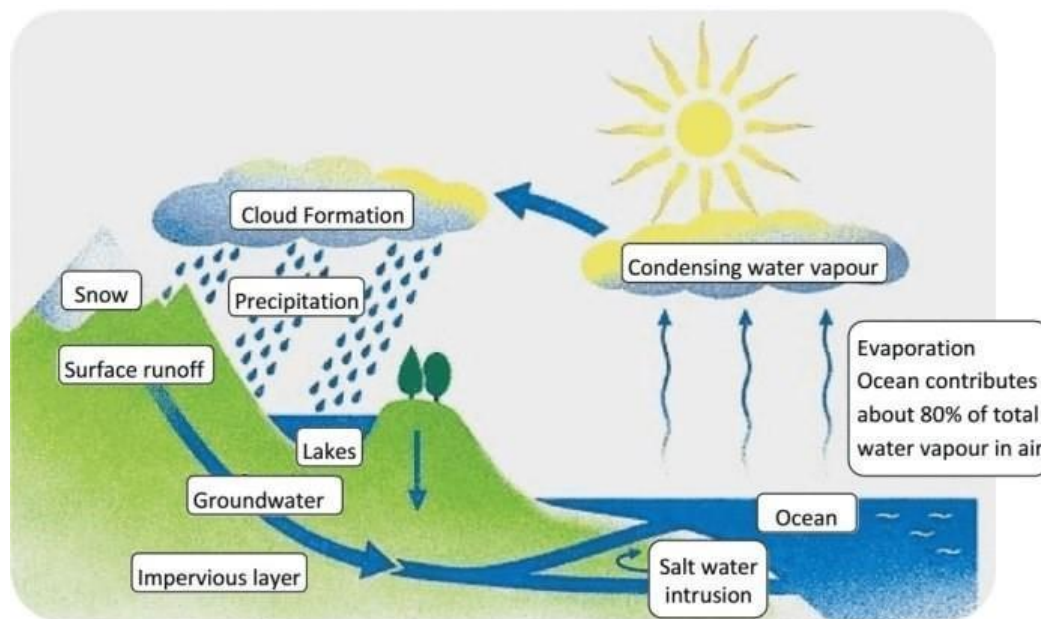


The diagram below shows the water cycle, which is the continuous movement of water on, above and below the surface of the Earth. Summarise the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.



The diagram depicts the natural cycle of water in three layers of Earth's surface.

Overall, this process repeats through 4 main stages, beginning with evaporation of water and finishing with rain water returning to the sea.

The initial stage takes place when 80% of marine water total evaporates into the air as a consequence of the heat of the sun. In the next step, water vapors condense into one water vapour, then it continues to merge with other layers, creating cloud formation for a long time.

In the subsequent stage, the heavy and dark cloud layers will release precipitation in the land, accumulate into lakes, snow (in the territory where temperature is under 0 degrees Celsius). Following this, a part of this water is absorbed into the ground, moving in different ways, without hovering impervious layers. Finally, the process finishes with the groundwater intruding into salt water, mixing up into the ocean, and it will be started again as same as the first step.