

Minilanguage specification

Alphabet:

- a. Upper(A-Z) and lower case letters(a-z) of the English alphabet
- b. Decimal digits(0-9)
- c. Symbols: `_ + - ! ? : . / * = & # < > = ; %`

1. Lexic:

- a. Special symbols, representing:

operators: `+ - * / < > <= >= != <- << >> % !`

separators `[] {} ;` space newline

reserved words: program main declarations statements integer string boolean
character array const and or in out if else then for while

- b. identifiers: a sequence of letters digits and underscores, such that the first character is a letter and the last character is not underscore; the rule is:

`identifier::=letter{letter|digit} | (letter{letter|digit|_}letter|digit)`

`letter::="A"|"B"|...|"Z"`

`digit::="0"|non_zero_digit`

`non_zero_digit::="1"|"2"|...|"9"`

- c. constants:

- 1. integer - rule:

`integer::="+"|"-"?non_zero_number|0`

`non_zero_number::=non_zero_digit{digit}`

- 2. character - rule:

`character::="""letter""|""digit""`

- 3. string - rule:

`string::="""{char}""`

char::=letter|digit|symbol

4. boolean - rule:

boolean="true"|"false"

2. Syntax:

The words - predefined tokens are specified between " and ", and they are case insensitive:

program::="program" "main" "->" "{" ("declarations" declarations_list ";")? ("statements" statements)? "}"

declarations_list::=declaration | declaration ";" declarations_list

declaration::=simple_declaration | array_declaration | const_declaration

simple_declaration::=simple_type ":" list_identifiers

simple_type::="character"|"integer"|"boolean"|"string"

list_identifiers::=(identifier|initialized_identifier) | (identifier|initialized_identifier) "," list_identifiers

initialized_identifier::=identifier "<-" constant

constant::=integer|character|boolean|string

const_declaration::=simple_type "const" ":" list_const_identifiers

list_const_identifiers::=initialized_const|initialized_const "," list_const_identifiers

initialized_const::=const_identifier "<-" constant

array_declaration::="array" "[" simple_type "]" ":" list_array_identifiers

list_array_identifiers::=array_identifier|array_identifier "," list_array_identifiers

array_identifier::=identifier "[" dimension "]"

dimension::=const_identifier|constant

statements::=statement|compound_statement

statement::=simple_statement|struct_statement

simple_statement::=assign_statement|read_statement|write_statement

assign_statement::=(identifier|array_element) "<-" expression

expression::=expression ("+"|" -") term | term

term::=term ("*" | "/") factor| factor

factor::="(" expression ")" | identifier | constant | const_identifier | array_element

read_statement::="in" ">>" list_identifiers | "in" "(" string ")" ">>" list_identifiers

list_identifiers::=identifier|array_element|identifier "," list_identifiers

write_statement::="out" "<<" list_outputs

list_outputs::=output | output "," list_outputs

output::=identifier | const_identifier | constant | expression | array_element

compound_statement::= "{" statement ";" { statement ";" } "}"

struct_stmt ::= if_statement | while_statement | for_statement

if_statement ::= "if" "(" condition ")" (simple_statement | compound_statement) "else"
(simple_statement | compound_statement)

while_statement ::= "while" "(" condition ")" "do" (simple_statement | compound_statement)

for_statement ::= "for" "(" assign_statement ";" condition ";" assign_statement ";" ")"

condition ::= expression relation expression

relation ::= ">" | "<" | "==" | "<=" | ">=" | "!=" | "and" | "or"

###array indexing: begins from 0

array_element ::= identifier "[" index "]"

index ::= identifier | positive_number | const_identifier

positive_number ::= non_zero_number | 0

###EXAMPLE OF PROGRAMS

p1: compute the min of 3 numbers

PROGRAM

```

MAIN -> {
    DECLARATIONS
        INTEGER: nr_1, nr_2, nr_3, min;
        STRING: output_message <- "The minimum of the 3 numbers is: ";
    STATEMENTS
    {
        in>>nr_1, nr_2, nr_3;
        if (nr_1 < nr_2)
            min <- nr_1;
        else
            min <- nr_2;
        if (nr_3 < min)
            min <- nr_3;
        out<<output_message, min;
    }
}

```

###

plerr: identifiers can not start with a number -> identifier 1_nr lexical error;
a string needs to be placed between "", output_message misses the closing "

###

PROGRAM

```

MAIN -> {
    DECLARATIONS
        INTEGER: 1_nr, nr_2, nr_3, min;
        STRING: output_message <- "The minimum of the 3 numbers is: ;

```

STATEMENTS

```
{  
    in>>nr_1, nr_2, nr_3;  
    if (nr_1 < nr_2)  
        min <- nr_1;  
    else  
        min <- nr_2;  
    if (nr_3 < min)  
        min <- nr_3;  
    out<<output_message, min;  
}  
}
```

p2: verify if a number is prime

PROGRAM

MAIN -> {

DECLARATIONS

INTEGER: input_number, i;

BOOLEAN: prime <- true;

STATEMENTS

```
{  
    in("Give a number: ")>>input_number;  
    for(i <- 2; i <= input_number / 2; i <- i+1)  
        if (input_number % i == 0)  
            prime <- false;  
    if (prime == true)
```

```

        out<<"The number ", input_number, " is prime";
    else
        out<<"The number ", input_number, " is not prime";
    }
}

```

p3: compute the average of the strictly positive integers from an array with n integers (n<=100);

PROGRAM

MAIN -> {

DECLARATIONS

INTEGER: n, i, nr, sum <- 0, positive_integers <- 0;

INTEGER CONST: MAX_ARRAY_SIZE <- 100;

ARRAY[INTEGER]: a[MAX_ARRAY_SIZE];

STATEMENTS

```

{
    in("Give the size of the array:")>>n;
    for (i <- 0; i < n; i <- i+1)
    {
        in>>nr;
        a[i] <- nr;
    }
    for (i <- 0; i < n; i <- i+1)
    {
        if(a[i] > 0)
        {
            sum <- sum + a[i];

```

```
        positive_integers <- positive_integers + 1;
    }
}

if (positive_integers == 0)
    out<<"There is no positive integer in the array";
else
    out<<"The average of the positive integers is: ",
sum/positive_integers;
}
}
```